



HUSKY Maternity Bundle Payment Program

December Provider Forum

Please see the meeting's ground rules below:

 This forum will be recorded and posted to the [DSS Youtube channel](#). Meeting materials will also be posted on the DSS [Maternity Bundle website](#).

 If you are not speaking, please mute yourself.

 Please limit use of the Chat for Zoom technical and audio issues only.

 Please use Q&A feature or raise your hand to ask questions.



Goals for Today

- **Review program goals**, overview, and stakeholder engagement to date
- **Review what practices can expect** for the program's January 1st launch
- **Answer your questions** regarding the Maternity Bundle program

Reminder of Program Goals & Overview

After several years of extensive stakeholder engagement and program design, DSS is excited to launch the HUSKY Maternity Bundle Payment Program on January 1st, 2025!

We appreciate the close engagement of the many stakeholders who helped inform and shape this program, and we plan to continue to work closely with HUSKY Health providers, members, and stakeholders to ensure the program rolls out as designed, to evaluate its performance, and to iterate on the program design accordingly.



Under this program, Medicaid obstetrics or licensed midwife practices will be responsible for both the quality and cost of care provided during the “maternity episode” or “maternity bundle.”

Program Start Date: January 1, 2025

Eligible Providers: Maternity practices who deliver 30 or more births per year

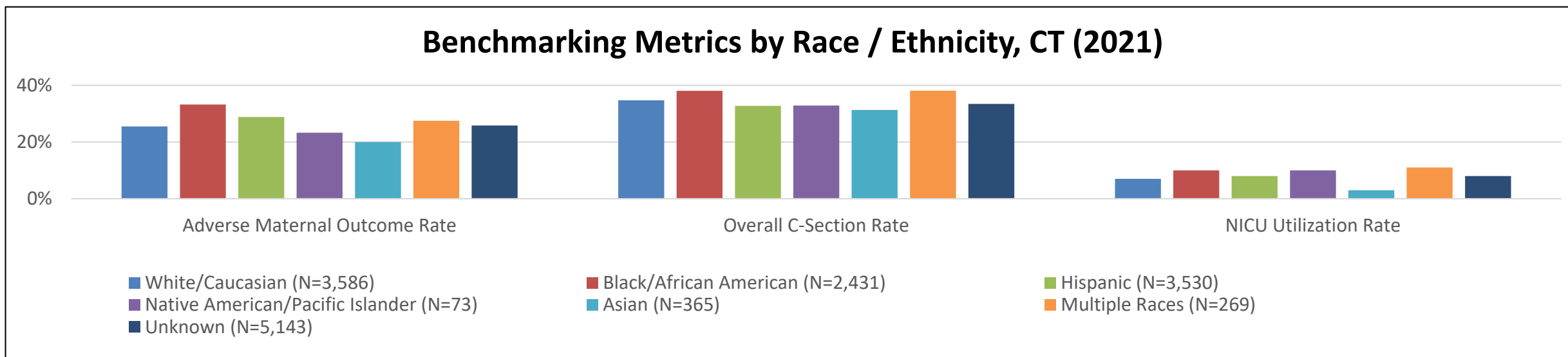
Maternity Episode: An episode of care describes the total amount of care provided to a patient during a set timeframe. In this program, the maternity episode covers care through the prenatal, labor & delivery, and postpartum periods.

Program Goals:

- **Strengthen maternal health** in CT Medicaid with enhanced flexibility to deliver person-centered care
- **Promote health equity** through program design and health disparity reduction targets
- **Improve health outcomes** and higher quality care through performance-linked quality measures
- **Increase patient satisfaction** with new coverage of community-based, peer resources
- **Reduce unnecessary costs** through greater efficiency and care coordination

Despite efforts to incentivize improved care and health outcomes under the current FFS model, DSS saw a **rise in adverse maternal outcomes, C-section utilization, and NICU utilization** among HUSKY Health members between 2017-2021.

- In 2020, Connecticut Medicaid's overall c-section rate (33.3%) was the highest in New England and 7th highest in the United States¹
- Connecticut has the 8th highest Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS) rate per 1,000 births in the country²
- Additionally, DSS observed substantial racial health disparities. For example, Black/African American members have the highest Adverse Maternal Outcomes rate and the highest Overall C-Section rate.



Sources: 1: [Health Care Cost Institute \(June 2022\)](#) 2: CT NAS Data Visualization (Sept 2020)

Data Source: CT DSS Data, provided by CHN

The launch of the Maternity Bundle Program supports the transition from a FFS payment model to an episode-based payment model for maternity care.



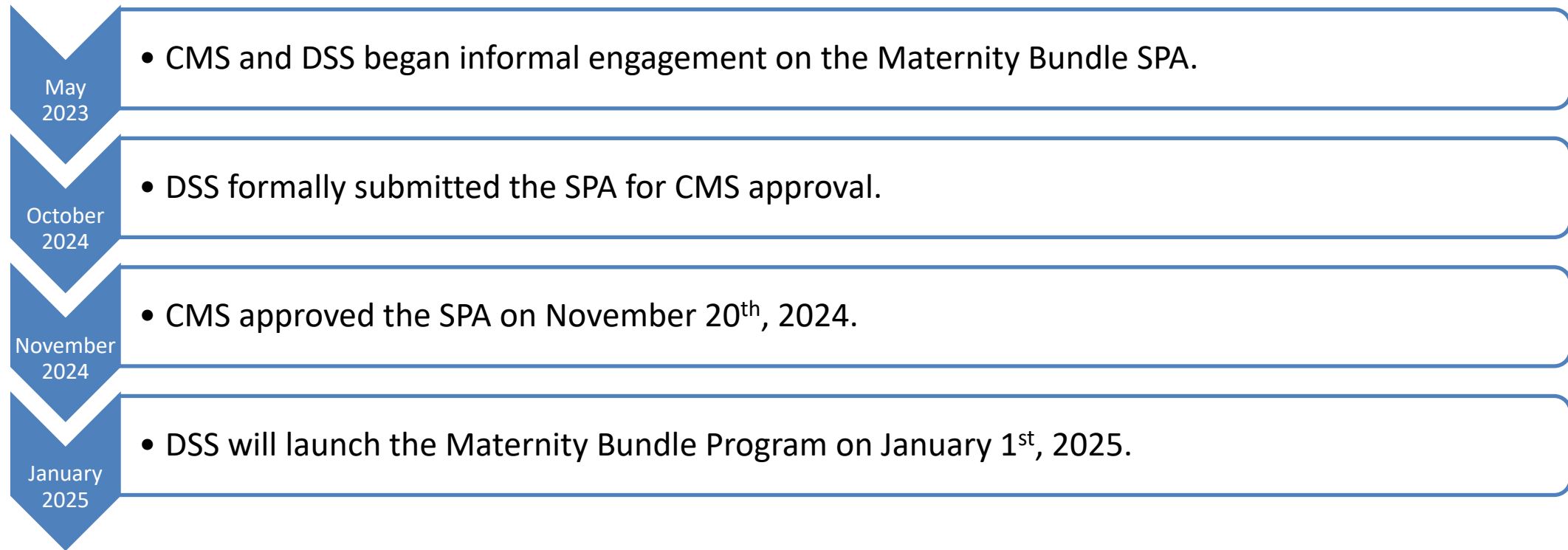
The current FFS system rewards providers for the **volume of services provided, regardless of quality or outcomes.**



The maternity bundle episode-based payment model **holds maternity care providers responsible for both the quality and cost of care** provided during the maternity episode.

Key Program Components	Value
Provider-specific “case rate” payments	Encourage flexibility in care delivery and incentivize early engagement with members, enabling practices to provide right care at the right time
“Incentive” payments (shared savings bonus payments)	Providers who meet quality performance standards and lower costs relative to a target benchmark are eligible to share in savings – creating an incentive to reduce unnecessary costs and improve efficiency
New coverage of doula and lactation support services	Enhance patient-centered care through access to high-value, peer-based services
Quality measures	Ensure high-quality care and improvements in care
Social and clinical risk adjustment	Rewards providers who care for Medicaid members with greater social and health needs

DSS is pleased to announce CMS' recent approval of the Maternity Bundle State Plan Amendment (SPA) on November 20th, 2024 with an effective date of January 1st, 2025.





What can providers expect when the program launches on Jan 1st?

On January 1st, practices will be eligible to initiate Case Rate payments for second trimester patients.

To qualify for Case Rate payment, providers must meet the following criteria:

- Perform 30 or more deliveries annually
- Submit a claim with a trigger diagnosis code (outlined in the Code List on the DSS website) and one of the following Evaluation & Management (E&M) codes 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215.
- Submit a claim with a qualifying place of service location: 11 (office), 19 (off-campus outpatient hospital), or 22 (on-campus – outpatient hospital)
- Bill as a qualifying maternity bundle specialty type, which includes Obstetrics and Gynecology (including the subspecialty MFM), Certified Nurse Midwife, Obstetric Nurse Practitioner, and Women's Health Nurse Practitioner.

Reminder: Effective 1/1/25 - 3/31/25, trigger events in the 2nd trimester only will initiate Case Rate payment.

- This means providers will not receive the Case Rate payment for patients who are in the 3rd trimester or postpartum period for the first three months of the program.
- Effective 4/1/25, trigger events in the 2nd trimester, 3rd trimester, and postpartum period will initiate Case Rate payment.

Once initiated, Case Rate payments will be identified and generated at the end of the month, and the expenditures will be included on the existing semi-monthly Remittance Advice (RA) and 835 in the first payment cycle of the month.

Supplemental Payment Report: DSS will also provide a supplemental payment report, which all providers under the Accountable TIN may access through their secure provider portal. This report will contain information to support the Accountable Provider's ability to attribute TIN level payments among its providers/practices.

Claims Payment Example:



1. The practice renders cares for their patient for their second trimester prenatal visit in January.



2. In February, the practice submits a trigger claim for the January date of service (DOS). Next, the January DOS trigger claim will \$0 pay, and Case Rate payments for the month of January and February will be generated at the end of February.



3. The practice will see the Case Rate payments for January and February in the first payment cycle in March.



4. Case Rate payment for March (if the provider is still the attributed provider) will be paid in the first payment cycle in April.

For more information about claim payment, please see the Program FAQ.

After program go live, DSS will continue to engage closely with HUSKY Health providers, members, and other stakeholders on an ongoing basis.

- **Stakeholder Meetings:** DSS and CHN will continue to host provider forums after the program launch to listen to provider experiences, solicit feedback and input, and answer your questions about the Maternity Bundle Program.
- **Data Reports:** Participating providers will also receive data reports to monitor performance on the program's quality measures:
 - Quarterly Data Reports (*see next slides for preview*)
 - Annual Incentive Payment Reports
- **CHN PES Support:** For any questions related to this program, please contact your CHNCT, Inc. Provider Engagement Services.



Performance Measure Rate Overview

Last Update: 07/30/2024

Measure Descriptions

Measures & Weights

Methodology

Fiscal Year

Measure

Measure Group

TIN

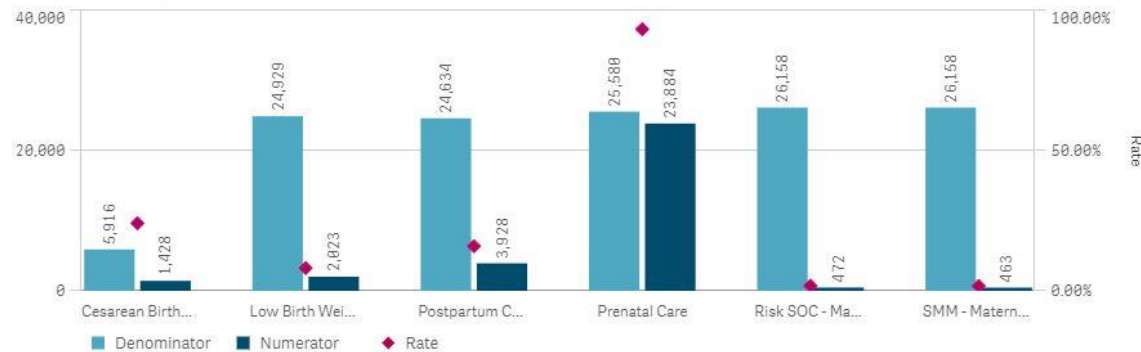
Provider Name

Included Providers

During quarterly data updates, low case numbers can affect the measures not meeting the thresholds. The exact quality scores will be produced annually during the reconciliation calculation.



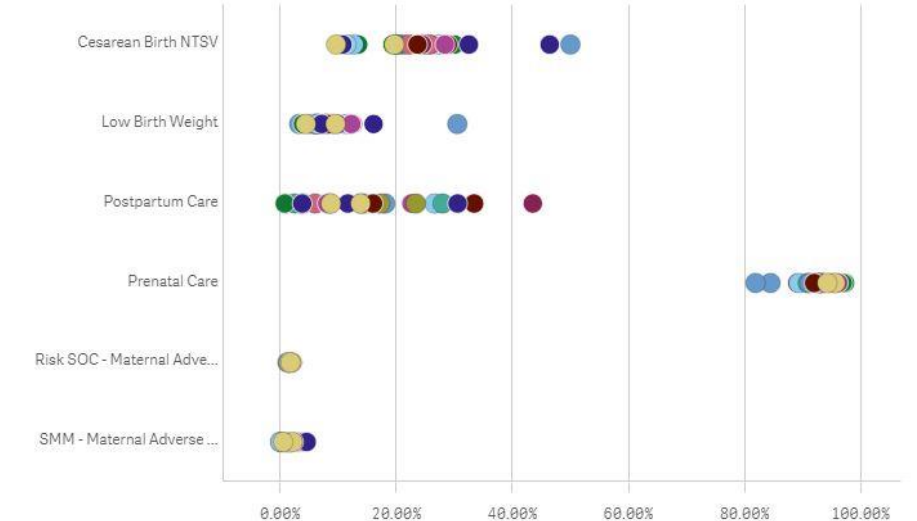
Measure Rate Detail



Rate Distribution by Measure & Fiscal Year



Provider Distribution By Rate & Performance Measures





Reporting Measure Rate Overview



Last Update: 07/30/2024

Measure Descriptions

Measures & Weights

Methodology

Fiscal Year

Measure

Measure Group

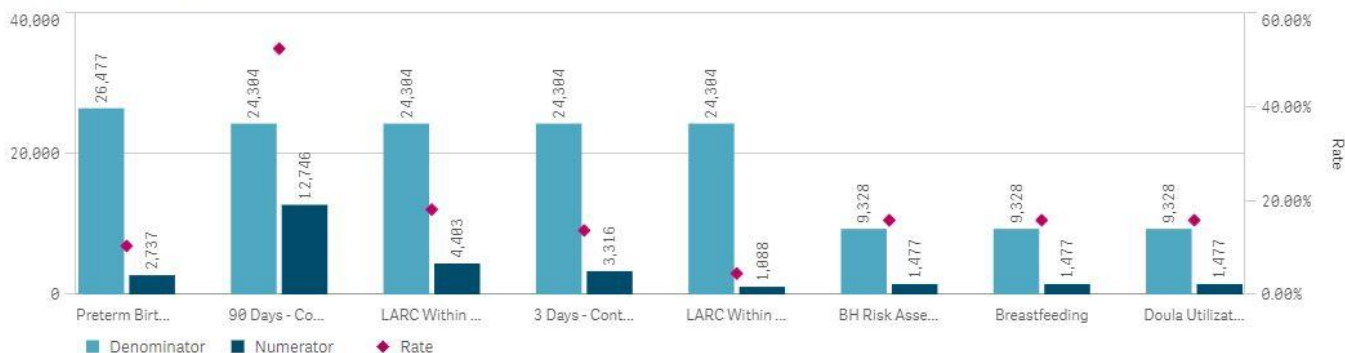
TIN

Provider Name

Included Providers



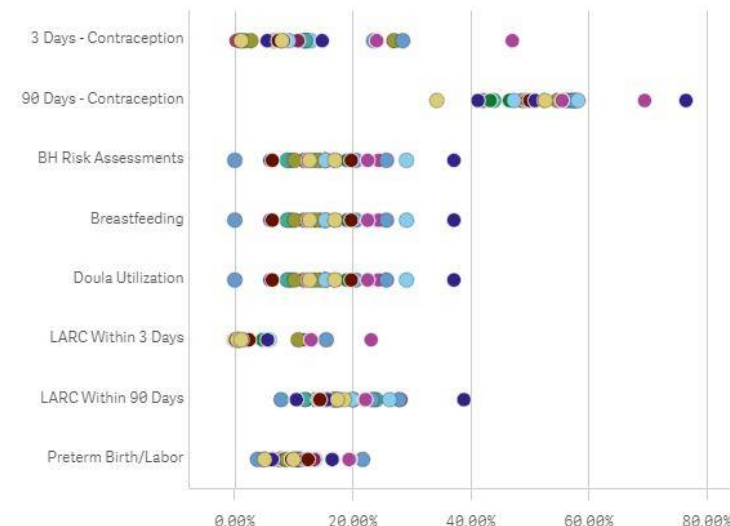
Measure Rate Detail



Rate Distribution by Measure & Fiscal Year



Provider Distribution By Rate & Reporting Measures



During quarterly data updates, low case numbers can affect the measures not meeting the thresholds. The exact quality scores will be produced annually during the reconciliation calculation.

*DSS will only require practices that receive the doula care add-on payment to report on the doula utilization measure. This measure will not appear on the dashboard for practices that have opted out.

¹ 100% Encounter Form submission threshold required for measure reporting/payment; ² 90% Encounter Form submission threshold required for measure reporting/payment.

For more information about this program, DSS has created the following resources, including additional guidance for providers:

Category	Program Resource
Program Overview	• Program Overview with a glossary of key terms • Program FAQ based on frequently asked questions raised during provider forums and office hours • Video Resource Guides about the MB Program, Case Rate payment, and incentive payment
Technical Details	• Program Specifications containing all technical details pertaining to the program • Code List containing the list diagnosis trigger codes, case rate codes, case rate termination codes, and reconciliation codes • Sample 835 File to preview a mock-up 835 file for case rate and incentive payments • Billing Example to show how claims will be processed (either pay FFS or zero pay) under the program
Quality & Reporting	• Sample Encounter Form for data submission on select Pay-for-Reporting measures • Quality Measures Reference Guide for general guidance on the program's quality measures and reporting requirements
Doula Integration	• Resources, form templates, and model policies that doulas and practices may use and customize when partnering together

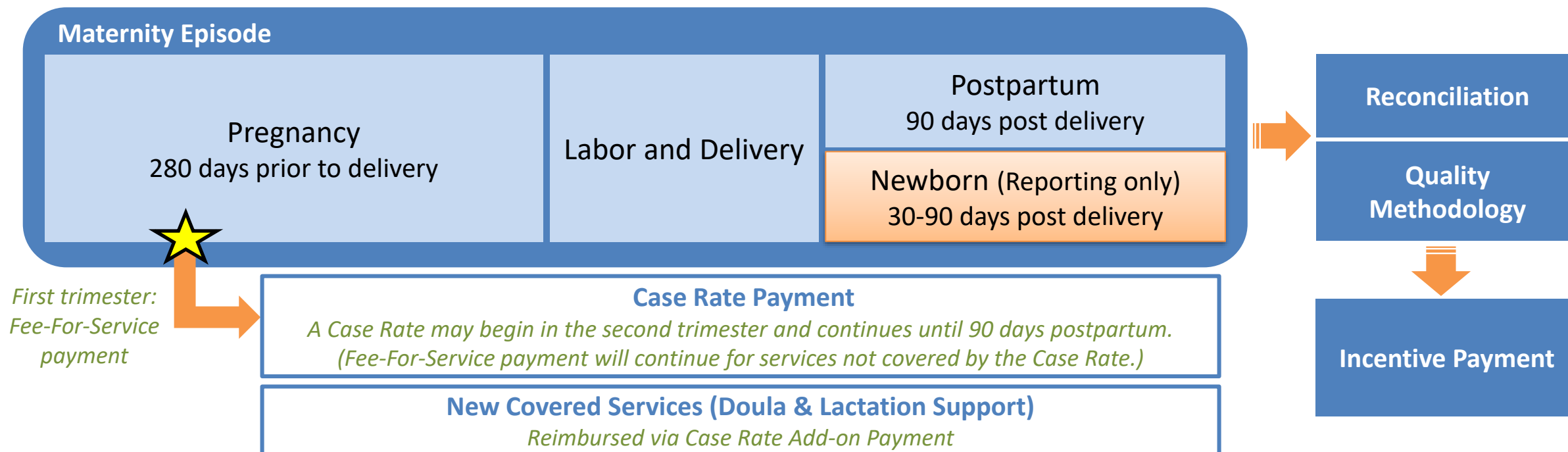
For additional information about this program, please visit the [DSS Maternity Bundle Website](#). Program specifications and other provider resources can be found in the [Details of Connecticut's Maternity Bundle](#) section, while doula-related resources can be found in the [Doula Integration](#) section.



Questions?

Appendix: Program Details

An episode of care describes the total amount of care provided to a patient during a set timeframe. In this program, the maternity episode includes services across all phases of the perinatal period, spanning 280 days before birth to 90 days postpartum.



Maternity Episode Services

See the full list on slide 23.

Pregnancy

- Monthly prenatal visits
- Routine ultrasound
- Blood testing
- Diabetes testing
- Genetic testing
- Doulas

- Care navigators
- Group education meetings
- Birth education classes
- Preventive screenings (chlamydia, cervical cancer, etc.)

Labor & Delivery

- Vaginal delivery
- C-section delivery

Postpartum

- Breastfeeding support
- Depression screening
- Contraception planning
- Ensure link from labor and birth to primary and pediatric care occurs for birthing person & baby

Ambulatory maternity providers who have the greatest role in delivering obstetric care will be designated as the episode's accountable provider.

Accountable Providers

- Ambulatory maternity providers (i.e., qualified licensed physicians, nurse practitioners, and nurse-midwives) who have **the greatest role in delivering obstetric care** will be designated as the episode's Accountable Provider.
- Accountable providers must meet a **minimum volume threshold of 30 or more deliveries annually** to participate.
- Accountable providers will be transitioned from the existing OB Pay for Performance (OBP4P) program to the Maternity Bundle Program.

Non-Participating Providers

- FQHCs and providers who perform fewer than 30 deliveries annually will be ineligible to participate in the program and will be paid according to their current payment methodology.
- Non-participating providers may still opt to participate in the OBP4P program.

DSS designed the maternity bundle's case rate payment to give providers greater flexibility in how they deliver care and increase investment in maternity care providers.

- **Case Rate Payment Overview:** DSS will make monthly “case rate” payments for a subset of services, which includes the majority of prenatal, labor and delivery, and postpartum care that a birthing person receives. Each practice's case rate is based on historical second trimester, third trimester, delivery, and postpartum professional claim expense for historically attributed episodes.
- **Rate Development:** DSS anticipates that the case rate payment will provide an **opportunity for providers to earn additional revenue**, adding an estimated \$6 million in expenditures annually. DSS rigorously developed the case rate payments based on each practice's historic utilization and FFS billing. DSS also tested case rate payment through the program's historic simulation and a separate fiscal impact analysis.
- **Program Monitoring:** DSS will monitor changes in member access, practice revenue, and billing patterns after program implementation to ensure that the roll-out of case rate payments occurs as designed and to preserve HUSKY Health members' access to care.
- **Rate Rebasing:** DSS will rebase the case rates no more than once annually to account for changes in risk mix or service delivery over time.

DSS plans to incorporate access to doula services and lactation supports as core features of the HUSKY Maternity Bundle Payment Program to bridge the equity gaps for historically marginalized birthing people.

DSS is utilizing a dual approach to provide and fund access to doula services in Medicaid:

1. Paying through the maternity bundle

Maternity bundle providers have the option to partner with doulas, who will receive payment through the bundle.

2. Paying fee-for-service

DSS anticipates implementing direct Medicaid reimbursement of certified doulas as a separate but parallel doula payment pathway.

In addition, DSS will also provide coverage of lactation support services through the maternity bundle.

- All maternity bundle providers will receive payment through the bundle.
- The new high-value services shall be provided under the supervision of the maternity bundle providers and within both the scope of the provider's overall services and the provider's plan of care for each beneficiary.

Services included in the maternity episode will be subject to a retrospective reconciliation to calculate the incentive payment amount.

Included Services

- OB/licensed midwife Professional Services
- **In-house** OB/licensed midwife Professional-related hospitalization costs (Inpatient, Outpatient, and ED) including professional delivery fees
- OB/licensed midwife Professional-related Behavioral Health Evals, including screening for depression and substance use
- Screenings (general pregnancy, chlamydia, cervical cancer, intimate partner violence, anxiety)
- **In-house** OB/licensed midwife imaging
- **In-house** labs and diagnostics
- Prenatal group visits
- Care coordination activities
- Any of the above services provided via telehealth
 - *If performed outside the participating Accountable Provider:* OB/licensed midwife imaging & labs
 - Birth Centers and hospital costs related to maternity care
 - Specialist/Professional Services related to maternity (e.g., anesthesia)
 - General Pharmacy related to maternity

Excluded Services

- Pediatric Professional Services
- Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU)
- Behavioral Health & Substance Use services
- Long-acting reversible contraception (LARC)
- Sterilizations
- DME (e.g., blood pressure monitors, breast pumps)
- High-cost medications (specifically, HIV drugs and brexanolone)
- Hospital costs unrelated to maternity (e.g., appendicitis)
- Other Care, including Nutrition, Respiratory Care, Home Care, etc.
- Maternal Oral Health services

Key: ➤ Services reimbursed and included in the Case Rate.

- Services reimbursed Fee-For-Service

Accountable providers can earn incentive payments when total cost of care is lower than the target price, if they also meet quality performance criteria and comply with under-service prevention requirements.

- If episode costs are below the “target price” (the target benchmark), providers will receive a retrospective (i.e., at the end of the bundle) “incentive payment” (shared savings) based on their quality performance.
- This program is upside only, which means providers can only earn incentive payments as a bonus for delivering high-quality, cost-efficient care; there are no penalties if the provider’s costs exceed the target price.



The provider-specific target price is the expected total cost of care for the maternity episode based on a blend of the statewide average cost for maternity care and the provider's historical cost.

Historical Price

- Calculate the average standardized* episode cost of all services by provider TIN.
- Winsorize outliers — set the total episode cost thresholds between the fifth and 99th percentile.
- Trending — utilize DSS' institutional knowledge regarding fee schedule changes, etc..

** Standardization includes applying standard fee schedule by diagnosis related group and severity level. This process will be used for inpatient hospitals and some other services, if applicable.*

Risk Adjustment Factor

The historical year's risk adjustment factor, integrated with the Area Deprivation Index (an area-level measure of socioeconomic factor) will be used to risk adjust the historical price.



State-wide Historical Price (50%)



Risk Adjusted Historical Price (50%)

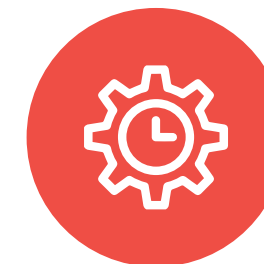
Risk-neutral historical price by provider TIN



Base Price by Provider



Base Price by Provider



Performance Year Risk Factor

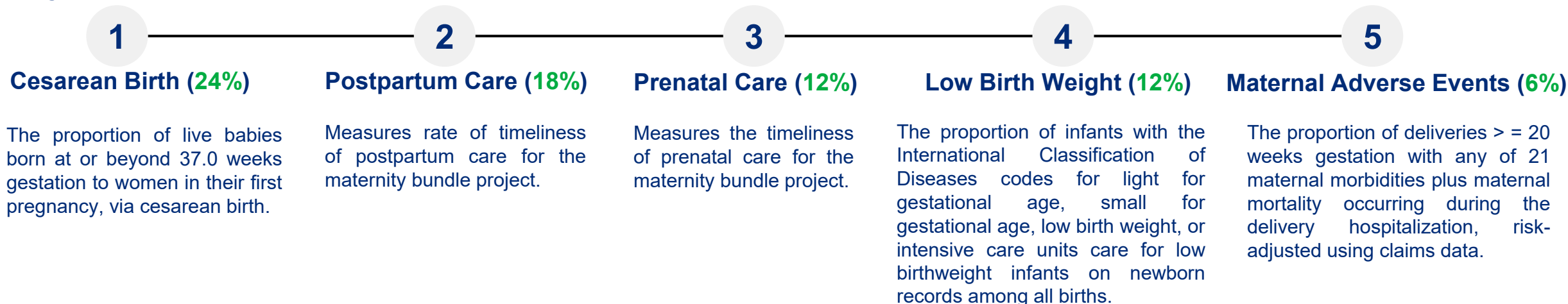
Risk adjustment factor of the performance year



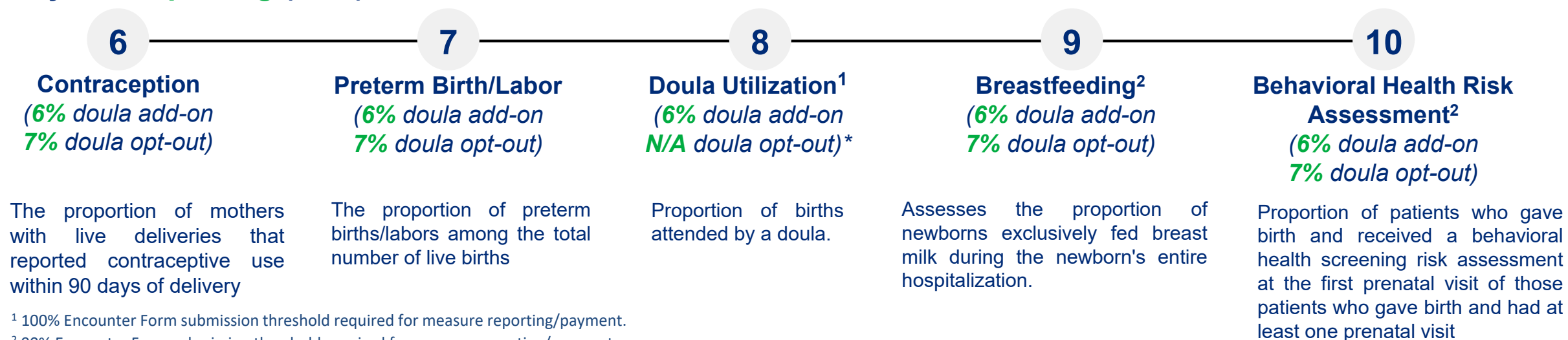
Target Price by Provider

This program has ten quality measures: five are pay-for-performance measures and five are pay-for-reporting measures.

Pay-for-Performance (71% Total)



Pay-for-Reporting (29%)



¹ 100% Encounter Form submission threshold required for measure reporting/payment.

² 90% Encounter Form submission threshold required for measure reporting/payment.

Performance Tier Score Calculation

There are four steps to calculating the Performance Tier Score:

- **Step 1:** Normalize each Pay-for-Performance Metric against the Historical year minimum and maximum values.
 - Pay-for-Reporting Metrics are assigned a value of 1 if data for the metric is present otherwise 0 if no data is present.
- **Step 2:** Invert the appropriate metrics such that a higher score is better.
- **Step 3:** Ensure that the metrics are within the boundaries of 0 and 1.
- **Step 4:** Utilize the metric weights to calculate a final composite, metric-weighted Performance Score.

Percentage of Shared Savings Earned

- The Performance Tier Score and Improvement Tier Score are each cross-walked to a Percentage of Shared Savings Earned. **The maximum Percentage of Shared Savings Earned between the two scores is selected as the final Percentage of Shared Earning Earned.**

Improvement Tier Score Calculation

There are three additional steps to calculate the Improvement Tier Score:

- **Step 1:** The improvement tier score is calculated with the same steps as the Performance Tier Score, but from the Pay for Performance Metrics only.
- **Step 2:** Take the difference in the Current (2022) Pay-for-Performance Score from the Historical (2021) Pay-for-Performance Score.
- **Step 3:** Divide the difference between the Current (2022) and Historical (2021) scores to get the Improvement Tier Score.

Performance Tier Score

Overall Performance	Performance Earnings Tier	Performance: % Shared Savings
< 55 th Percentile of peer group	F	50%
55–60 th Percentile of peer group	D	60%
60–70 th Percentile of peer group	C	70%
70–75 th Percentile of peer group	B	80%
75–80 th Percentile of peer group	A	90%
> 80 th Percentile of peer group	S	100%

Improvement Tier Score

Improvement	Improvement Earnings Tier	Improvement: % Shared Savings
<0%	F	50%
0–3%	D	60%
3–5%	C	70%
5–10%	B	80%
10%+	A	90%

The distribution of incentive payments will be adjusted based on the accountable provider's quality performance. The example below illustrates how DSS will produce the final quality score.

Performance Tier Calculation

Improvement Tier Calculation

Raw Data is normalized such that the scores can range between 0% (low performance relative to the historical year) and 100% (high performance relative to the historical year) for each of the 10 metrics

The Performance Tier Score is developed using **ALL** quality measures

The Improvement Tier Score is developed using **ONLY** pay for performance measures

Performance Score
of 90%

Improvement Score
of 80%

The Final Score is the MAX
of Performance Score and
Improvement Score
90%

- Accountable providers who fall into Tier F for both the Performance Earnings Tier and the Improvement Earnings Tier will be required to submit a quality improvement plan in order to earn incentive payments.
- In the subsequent year, if an accountable provider consecutively maintains quality performance in Tier F for both tiers, the provider will be ineligible for the incentive payment that year.

