



**STATE OF CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL
PROTECTION**

Robert Klee
Commissioner

Bureau of Natural Resources
Fisheries Division
Marine Fisheries Program
www.ct.gov/deep/fishing

**A STUDY OF MARINE RECREATIONAL
FISHERIES IN CONNECTICUT**



Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration
F17AF00222 (F-54-R-37)
Annual Performance Report
March 1, 2017 – February 28, 2018



Cover Photos feature Assistant Director (retired) Mark Alexander

On April 1, 2018, after **more than 33 years of dedicated service to the CT DEEP Marine Fisheries Program, Assistant Director Mark Alexander retired.** Mark came to CT after receiving his Master of Science degree from Stony Brook University in NY.

Those who knew Mark truly valued his technical expertise, attention to detail and master programming abilities. Mark appreciated the value of an elegantly formatted and error free SAS log and his nostalgia for the UNIX operating system was known far and wide. Mark was instrumental in many initiatives that became the foundation for the agency's recreational and commercial fisheries statistics and assessment monitoring projects and was the program's in-house IT expert. Mark's enthusiasm and skill enhanced the diving program for American lobster in Long Island Sound until the project ended in 1995. He was integral in making CT a standout among the states by developing comprehensive databases that contain long term datasets and meticulous metadata.

Among those is the database that houses CT's commercial fisheries effort and landings data as well as the databases for many of the projects within the Marine Fisheries Program. Most notably, Mark played a critical role in the development of the Standard Atlantic Fisheries Information System's Program Design and the implementation of the Electronic Dealer Reporting module in 2004. Mark also developed and performed the complex analyses required to determine commercial licensing and species endorsement eligibilities based on historical participation, CT's commercial lobster trap tag allocations as well as the eligibility of commercial fishermen for fisheries disaster relief funding. Mark was also incredibly influential in the redesign and implementation of CT's online licensing system to accommodate marine water and commercial fishing licenses in 2010. Additionally, Mark supervised staff involved with both the well-established, large scale recreational marine angler surveys (such as Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey and Marine Recreational Information Program) and the newer, smaller-scale surveys of marine anglers (such as the enhanced shore and boat catch card surveys). Mark also served the Department's representative on numerous New England Fisheries Management Council Committees for many years, and more recently on the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission Management Boards.

In short, Mark's dedication, professionalism, wealth of knowledge, and willingness to solve problems means his retirement leaves a large void at Marine Fisheries. He will definitely be missed and we sincerely wish him well in his retirement.

State of Connecticut
Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
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Hartford, CT 06106-5127
www.ct.gov/deep

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F17AF00222 (F-54-R-37)
Annual Performance Report

Project Title: *A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut*

Period Covered: March 1, 2017 - February 28, 2018

Job Title

Job 1: Marine Angler Survey
Job 2: Volunteer Angler Survey
Job 3: Enhanced Shore Fishing
Job 4: Tackle Shop Co-Op Survey
Job 5: Marine Finfish Survey

Job 6: Studies in Conservation Engineering

Job 7: Alosine Survey
Job 8: Estuarine Seine Survey
Job 9: Volunteer Estuarine Fisheries Database
Job 10: Cooperative Interagency Resource Monitoring

Job 11: Public Outreach
Job 12: Marine Fisheries GIS

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Date: Aug 27, 2018

JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY

MARINE ANGLER SURVEY

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JOB 1: MARINE ANGLER SURVEY

GOAL

To collect marine recreational angler fishing information in the boat mode through a voluntary catch card survey program.

OBJECTIVES

Provide estimates of:

- 1) Length-frequency distribution of harvested black sea bass, bluefish, scup, winter flounder, summer flounder, tautog, striped bass, and weakfish.
- 2) Length-frequency distribution of discarded black sea bass, bluefish, scup, winter flounder, summer flounder, tautog, striped bass, and weakfish.
- 3) Targeted catch/effort of black sea bass, bluefish, scup, winter flounder, summer flounder, tautog and striped bass.
- 4) Percent of targeted trips by species.

INTRODUCTION

CT DEEP has collected marine recreational fisheries information along the Connecticut coastline since 1979 under several state and federal programs. In 2013-2015, NMFS assumed full angler survey responsibility for the federal Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP) while DEEP continued to manage the site registry. Beginning in 2014, the Marine Angler Survey shifted focus to collection of length frequency of both harvested and released fish to supplement the MRIP survey. Length frequency data that includes released fish are difficult to obtain through traditional access point intercept surveys such as MRIP, and is particularly important for effective stock assessments. In addition, this program is designed to better characterize the private boat mode which lands a substantial proportion of fish caught in Connecticut waters (85% in 2012).

METHODS

Marine recreational fishing information was collected through a voluntary catch card program. Post-marked daily catch cards (Figure 1.1) were distributed to anglers departing and returning from selected private boat sites, previously identified as areas of high activity, to maximize catch card distribution. Bayberry Lane (East) was not sampled after 06/09/2017 due to user conflicts. Boat-based anglers at these selected fishing sites were recruited by DEEP staff to voluntarily report their fishing trip effort information and collect length measurements on fish caught, including both kept and released fish (discards). Each participating boat angler or angler group was given a waterproof daily catch card, pencil, and measuring tape in addition to verbal instructions. Anglers were encouraged to mail the post-marked catch cards upon trip completion. Each card issued bears a unique identification number and all cards handed out to anglers were accounted for using the unique card ID number. As an incentive to maximize participation, anglers entering their Conservation ID/Fishing License Number are eligible to win a raffle prize at the end of the year.

Boat-based anglers were also interviewed when their fishing trips were completed to aid in data collection.

Anglers are asked to provide the following information:

- Date of Trip (mm/dd)/Trip Start Time (check box AM/PM)
- Conservation ID/Fishing License Number
- Primary Fish Targeted
- Secondary Fish Targeted
- Total Hours Fished (lines wet)
- Areas Fished (see map)
- Number of Anglers that Caught Fish
- Number of Anglers in Fishing Party
- Boat's Total Catch for Trip
 - Total Number of Fish Caught and Disposition (Kept/Released)
- If No Fish Caught -Check Box
- Length of First 8 Fish Caught
 - Common Fish Name, Length, Disposition (Kept/Released)

Anglers are instructed to measure each fish to the nearest ½ inch (rounded down) and record its disposition by circling either Y (yes) or N (no) in the Kept column. Fishing boat vessel registration is also requested. All data are entered and stored in an electronic database.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

CT DEEP staff completed 186 interviews and distributed 207 catch cards to boat based anglers at eight launch sites along CT's coastline in Connecticut. Four launch sites in the east and west were chosen along with a group of Fairfield County boat anglers (FCBA) and New London county boat anglers. A total of 388 catch cards were distributed to Fairfield county boat anglers, 78 distributed (provided) at western boat launches, 88 distributed at eastern launches and another 50 to eastern boat anglers. Eighteen cards were returned from western anglers (FCBA & western launches) and 23 cards were returned from eastern anglers (New London county boat anglers & eastern launches) in 2017. A total of 41 cards were returned (5%) with 182 anglers reporting their fishing trip activities in 2017. Of the 182 anglers, 155 (85%) caught at least one fish. There was a total of 675 (22%) fish kept and 2363 (78%) fish released, including 14 finfish species or species groups.

The catch data from eastern and western sites are examined separately to address concerns regarding differences in angler catches in the eastern versus western Long Island Sound which were not clear when coast-wide catches were grouped (Table 1.1). Catch of black sea bass, bluefish, scup, striped bass, and summer flounder were more prevalent in the east; tautog were more common in the west (Table 1.3).

Volunteer anglers measured a total of 355 fish in 2017 (Table 1.2). Targeted species (black sea bass, bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, and tautog) accounted for 93% of the measured catch in 2017.

MODIFICATIONS

None.

Figure 1.1. Connecticut Volunteer Marine Angler Catch Card for the Private Boat Mode.

Connecticut Volunteer Marine Angler Catch Card Survey for the Private Boat Mode
If you need assistance completing this form, please contact the DEEP Marine Fisheries Division (860.434.6043)

00001

Date of Trip _____
 AM
 PM

Trip Start Time _____

Conservation ID/Fishing Lic. # _____
(Enter # in order to qualify for Raffle Prize)

Primary Fish Targeted _____

Secondary Fish Targeted _____

Total fishing hours (to nearest 1/2 hr - lines wet) _____

Number of Anglers in Fishing Party _____

Number of Anglers that Caught Fish _____

Area(s) Fished-See map below

Please Mail Card after trip completion-Thank you!

Length of first 8 fish caught
(Rounded down to the nearest half inch)

Common Fish Name	Length	Kept? <small>(Circle one)</small>
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N
		Y / N

Boat's Total Catch For Trip

Common Fish Name	# Kept	# Releas

Check Box, if NO fish were caught

Figure 1.2. Connecticut Volunteer Marine Angler.



Table 1.1. 2017 reported angler catch by species and disposition.
Species listed in bold type are targeted by this program

Fish Species	Number Released	% Released	Number Kept	% Kept	Total
Atlantic menhaden	0	0.0	1	100.0	1
Black sea bass	20	50.0	20	50.0	40
Bluefish	5	13.9	31	86.1	36
Scup	21	29.2	51	70.8	72
Sea Robin	13	61.9	8	38.1	21
Smooth dogfish	1	100.0	0	0.0	1
Striped bass	19	59.4	13	40.6	32
Summer flounder	30	47.6	33	52.4	63
Tautog	44	49.4	45	50.6	89
Total	153	43.1	202	56.9	355

Table 1.2. Total number of fish measured by species.
Species listed in bold type are targeted by this program

Fish Species	Number Measured	Percent of Total
Atlantic menhaden	1	0.28%
Black sea bass	40	11.27%
Bluefish	36	10.14%
Scup	72	20.28%
Sea Robin	21	5.92%
Smooth dogfish	1	0.28%
Striped bass	32	9.01%
Summer flounder	63	17.75%
Tautog	89	25.07%
Total	355	100.00%

Figure 1.3. Length frequency of black sea bass (overall) and tautog (east vs west) measured by volunteer anglers in Long Island Sound. Frequencies include kept and released fish.

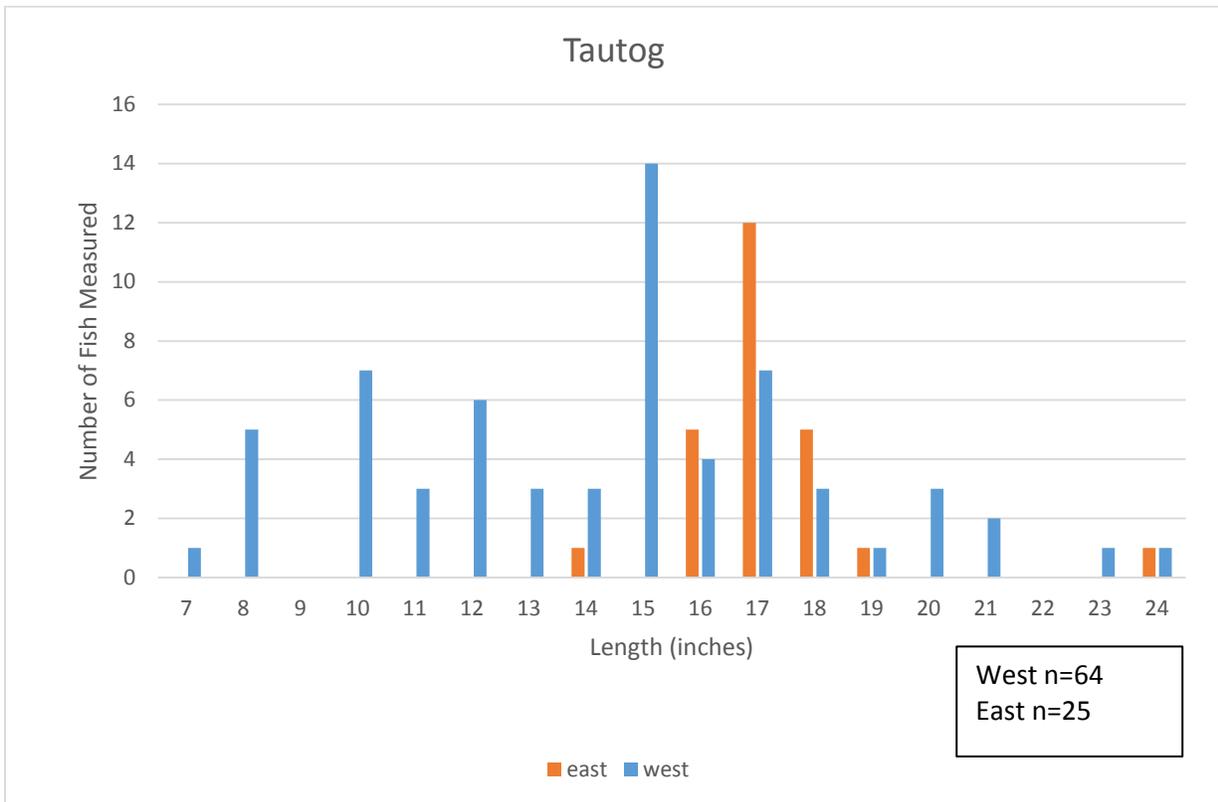
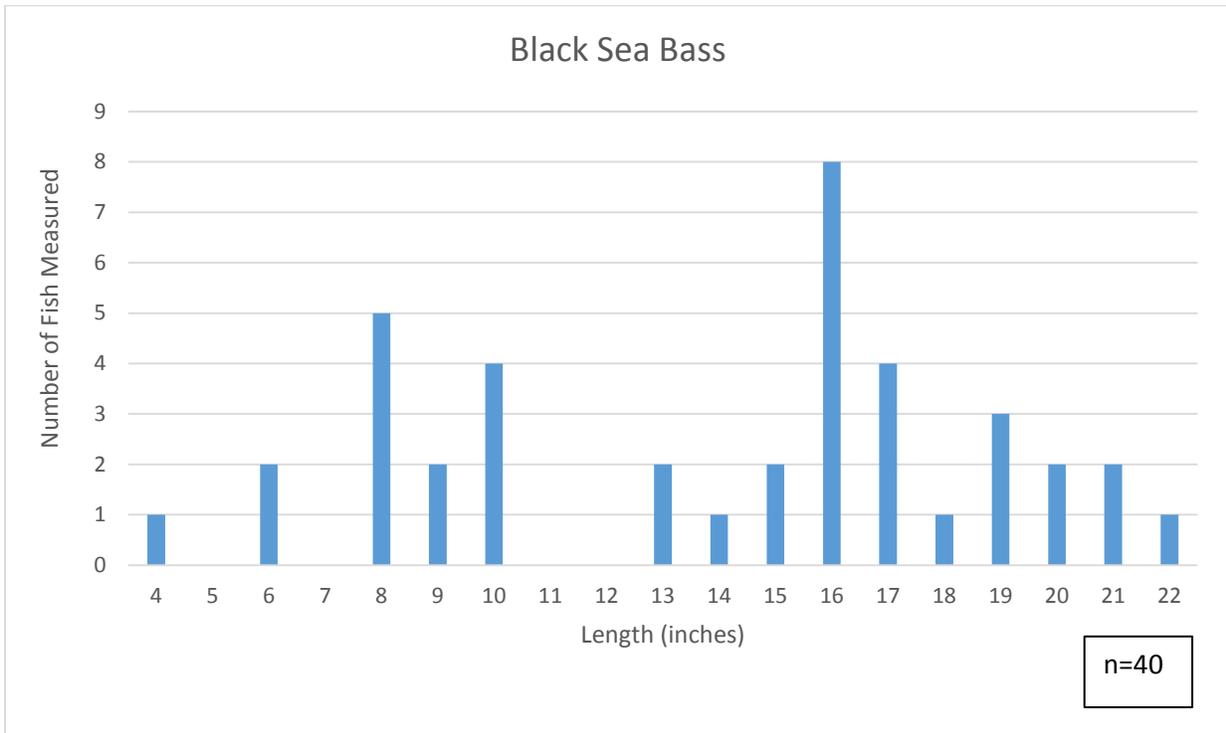


Figure 1.4. Length frequency of scup and summer flounder measured by volunteer anglers in Long Island Sound. Frequencies include kept and released fish.

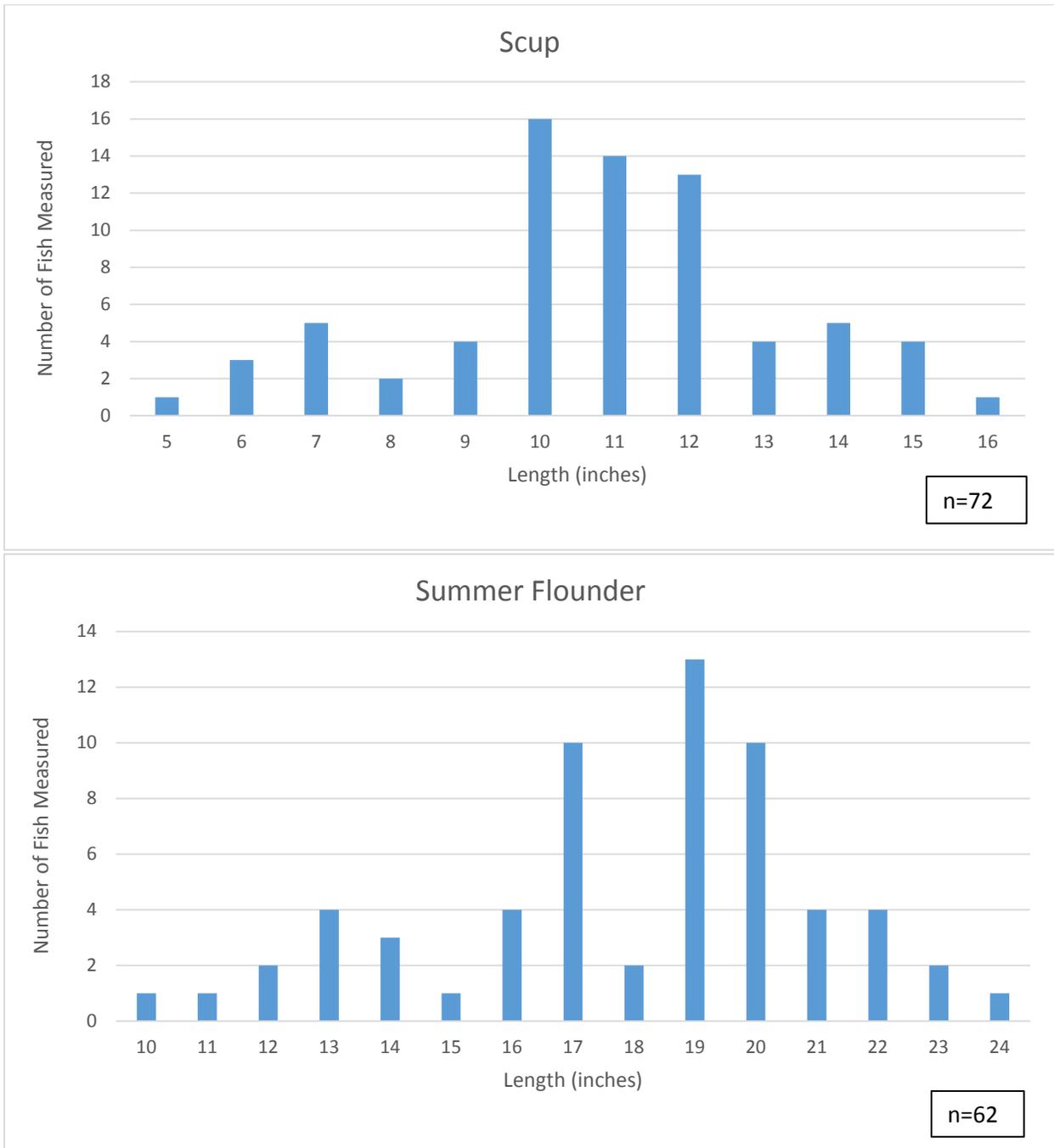


Figure 1.5. Length frequency of striped bass and bluefish measured by volunteer anglers in Long Island Sound. Frequencies include kept and released fish.

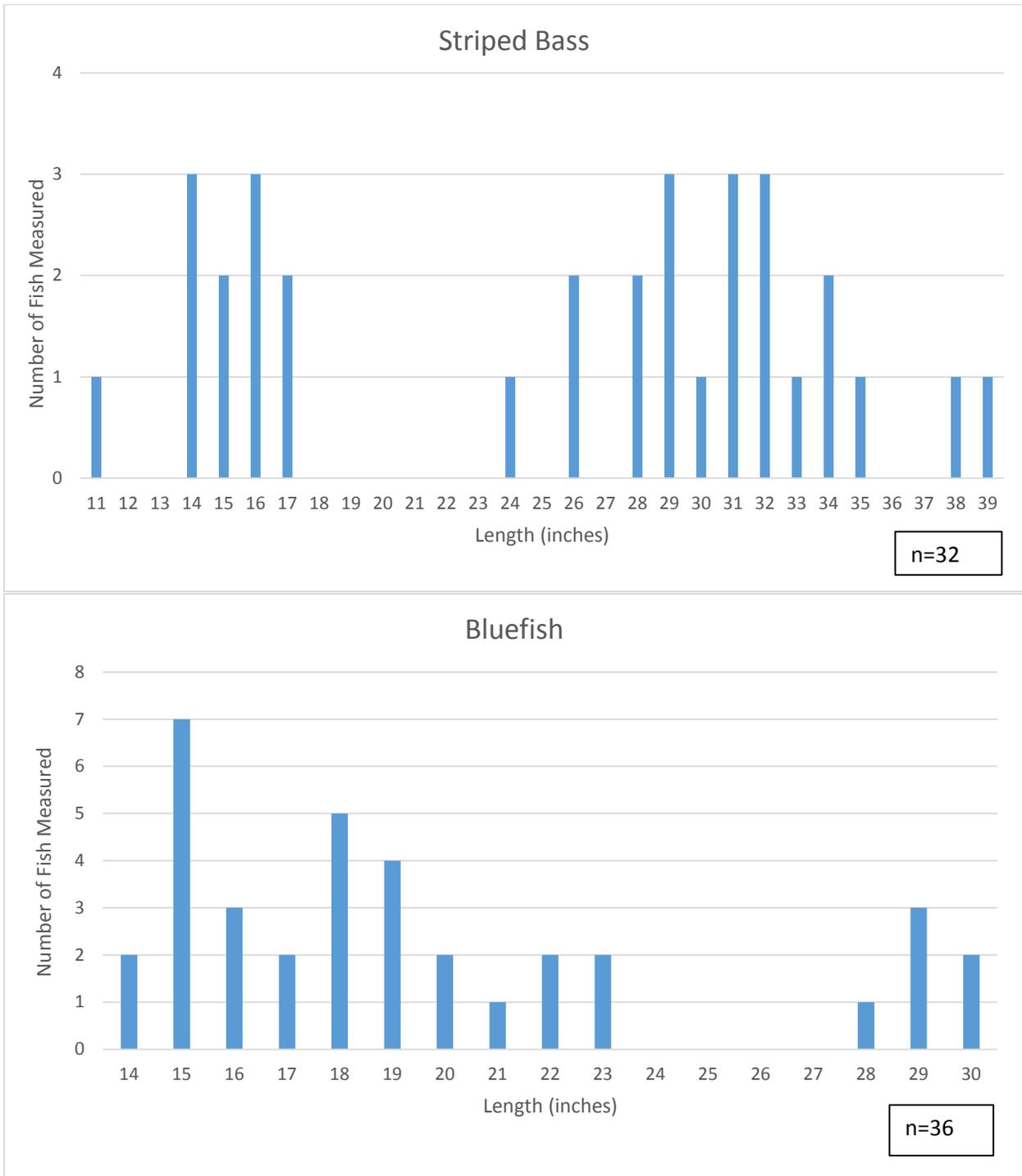
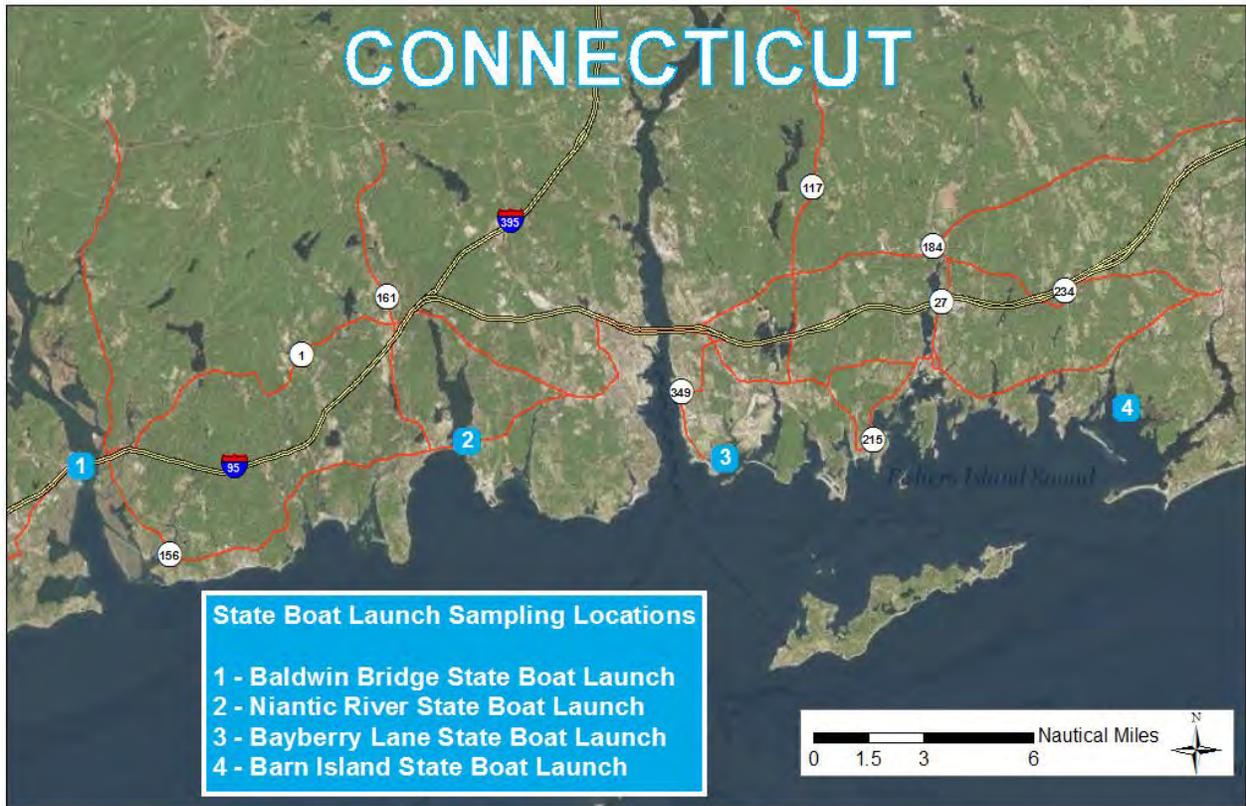


Table 1.3. Reported angler catch by region, species and disposition in 2017.
Species listed in bold type are targeted by this program.

Eastern Catch						
Species	RELEASED	%	KEPT	%	Total	% Statewide Catch
Atlantic menhaden	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Black sea bass	7	29	17	71	24	6.6
Bluefish	3	9	31	91	34	9.3
Scup	10	22	36	78	46	12.6
Sea Robin	11	85	2	15	13	3.6
Smooth dogfish	1	100	0	0	1	0.3
Striped bass	18	60	12	40	30	8.2
Summer flounder	27	47	30	53	57	15.6
Tautog	1	4	24	96	25	6.8
Total	78	34	152	66	230	63.0

Western Catch						
Species	RELEASED	%	KEPT	%	Total	% Statewide Catch
Atlantic menhaden	0	0	1	100	1	0.3
Black sea bass	13	81	3	19	16	4.4
Bluefish	2	100	0	0	2	0.5
Scup	11	42	15	58	26	7.1
Sea Robin	2	25	6	75	8	2.2
Smooth dogfish	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Striped bass	1	50	1	50	2	0.5
Summer flounder	3	50	3	50	6	1.6
Tautog	43	67	21	33	64	17.5
Total	75	60	50	40	125	34.2

Appendix 1.1. Recreational Boat Angler Sampling Locations in the East and West.



JOB 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY

VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY

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JOB 2: VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY

GOAL

To enhance the fisheries management process by providing supplemental catch, effort and size composition data for several important recreational finfish species through a voluntary logbook program.

OBJECTIVES

Provide estimates of:

- 1) Size composition for both kept and released bluefish, striped bass and other common species.*
- 2) Length frequency by trip for both kept and discarded fish.*

INTRODUCTION

The Connecticut Volunteer Angler Survey (VAS) began in 1979 with the primary purpose of supplementing the National Marine Fisheries Service, Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey/Marine Recreational Information Program by providing additional length measurement data. The survey emphasizes measurements of fish that are released, which are under-reported in the federal surveys. The survey's initial objective was to collect marine recreational fishing information concerning finfish species with special emphasis on striped bass. In 1994, the collection of bluefish length measurements was added to the survey and in 1997, length data for other marine finfish were added.

METHODS

The VAS is designed to collect trip and catch information from marine recreational (hook and line) anglers who volunteer to record their fishing activities in a logbook (Appendix 2.1). The logbook contains fields in which to record fishing effort, target species, fishing mode (boat and shore), area fished (subdivisions of Long Island Sound and adjacent waters), catch information concerning finfish kept (harvested) and released, and length measurements. Instructions for volunteers are provided on the inside cover of the postage paid logbook. Each participating angler is assigned a unique numeric code for confidentiality purposes. After the logbook data are entered into the survey database, logbooks are returned to each volunteer for their personal records. Furthermore, to improve communications with recreational anglers and to encourage more public participation, volunteers are notified of upcoming public hearings, including proposed and final changes in recreational fishing regulations.

In 2013, the VAS program was incorporated into the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program (ACCSP) Standard Atlantic Fisheries Information System (SAFIS) eLogbook application. Under the ACCSP eLogbook application, the VAS database was upgraded from the previous outdated software. The VAS logbook format was slightly modified so that the information collected would be compatible with ACCSP minimum data element standards (Appendix 2.1). Initially, one of the primary purposes of incorporating the VAS database into ACCSP SAFIS was to enable anglers to enter their own fishing information and compile their own

statistics using eLogbook. However, because of the unique geographic location of Connecticut's shoreline, marine anglers often fish over multiple areas crossing interstate and federal boundaries during a single trip. The eLogbook software did not allow entry of data from fishing areas outside of Connecticut's marine waters. Therefore, as in previous years, paper logbooks were distributed to survey volunteers and Marine Fisheries staff completed VAS data entry. The problem was resolved in 2014, but only a portion of the volunteers entered their own data in 2014 and 2015, with the remainder submitting paper logbooks.

Since the Survey began in 1977, the number of participants has ranged from 18 anglers participating in 1979 to 115 anglers in 1997. Advertising the VAS program through the annually published *Connecticut Angler's Guide* and on the agency web site (www.ct.gov/deep/fishing) has helped increase volunteer participation. The guide is distributed to all anglers who purchase a Connecticut fishing license and is also circulated by bait and tackle shops and other entities.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In 2017, a total of 28 anglers participated in the program, recording 619 trips for an average of 23 trips each. Fewer VAS anglers 6% (5) entered their own data through the eLogbook application on the ACCSP website (www.accsp.org) in 2017 than 2016 (9 anglers), which was the third year of the eLogbook program. Most of the anglers that entered their own data expressed favorable comments toward the SAFIS eLogbook.

The private boat mode comprised the most trips (65%) recorded, followed by shore based trips (35%), see Job 3 for description of regular and enhanced shore sites. Of the total, 92% of the recorded trips were successful in catching fish. VAS anglers recorded catching 22 species including near shore species to open ocean pelagic species. This included eight principal recreational species (currently under fisheries management plans) which comprised 84% of the total catch. With the exception of several bait species and a few pelagic species, the release rate for nearly all species was 78% or greater.

VAS participants measured over 99% of their total catch (10,623 fish) and over 99% of the seven principal species they caught (8,855 total). These data show a wide range in the release rate of the principal species. For example, 78% of scup caught were released while 83% of summer flounder caught were released. For bluefish, which has no minimum legal size, the release rate was 66%. See Figure 3.1 through Figure 3.7 for length frequency information on the 2017 VAS harvest and catch & release data.

CONCLUSIONS

VAS anglers provide valuable recreational fisheries catch data at a relatively low cost. In addition, the length data on released fish provided by this program is difficult or unattainable through conventional access point angler intercept surveys and is essential for effective assessment of the recreational fishery coastwide and in Connecticut. Any anglers interested in participating in the program can contact David Molnar at 860-434-6043, or e-mail address: david.molnar@ct.gov or writing to State of Connecticut, DEEP, Marine Fisheries Program, P.O. Box 719, Old Lyme CT 06371.

MODIFICATIONS

None.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We very grateful to all of the anglers who have participated in this survey. Without their cooperation and assistance, the VAS program would be not possible.

Table 2.1. Distribution of fishing trips by VAS anglers.

MODE	TRIPS	PERCENT
Private Boat	400	64.6%
Shore (Regular)	172	27.8%
Shore (Enhanced)	42	6.8%
Charter	2	0.3%
Party	3	0.5%
All Modes	619	

Table 2.2. Total angler catch by species and disposition. Eight principal recreational species are shown in bold type.

Species	Harvested		Released		Total
	Number	%	Number	%	Number
Atlantic Cod	13	65%	7	35%	20
Atlantic Menhaden	515	100%	0		515
Black Sea Bass	328	14%	1,991	86%	2,319
Blue Shark	1	2%	47	98%	48
Bluefin Tuna	3	100%	0		3
Bluefish	166	34%	321	66%	487
Cunner	0		3	100%	3
Dogfish	0		195	100%	195
Hickory Shad	16	13%	107	87%	123
Little Tunny	2	67%	1	33%	3
Mako Shark	2	67%	1	33%	3
Oyster Toadfish	0		1	100%	1
Scup	566	22%	1985	78%	2,551
Sea Robins	34	5%	705	95%	739
Skates	7	5%	139	95%	146
Skipjack Tuna	0		4	100%	4
Spot	0		1	100%	1
Striped Bass	62	3%	2,093	97%	2,155
Summer Flounder	141	17%	677	83%	818
Tautog	72	13%	476	87%	548
Weakfish	1		2	67%	3
Winter Flounder	0		31	100%	31
Total	1,929	18.0%	8,787	82.0%	10,716

Table 2.3. Measured catch and disposition for eight principal recreational species.

Species	Harvested		Released		Total
	Number	%	Number	%	Number
Black Sea Bass	328	14%	1,991	86%	2,319
Bluefish	166	34%	321	66%	487
Hickory Shad	16	13%	107	87%	123
Scup	566	22%	1,985	78%	2,551
Striped Bass	62	3%	2,093	97%	2,155
Summer Flounder	141	17%	677	83%	818
Tautog	72	13%	476	87%	548
Winter Flounder	0		31	100%	31
Total	1,351	15.0%	7,681	85.0%	9,032

Figure 3.1. Length frequency of Summer Flounder caught by disposition.

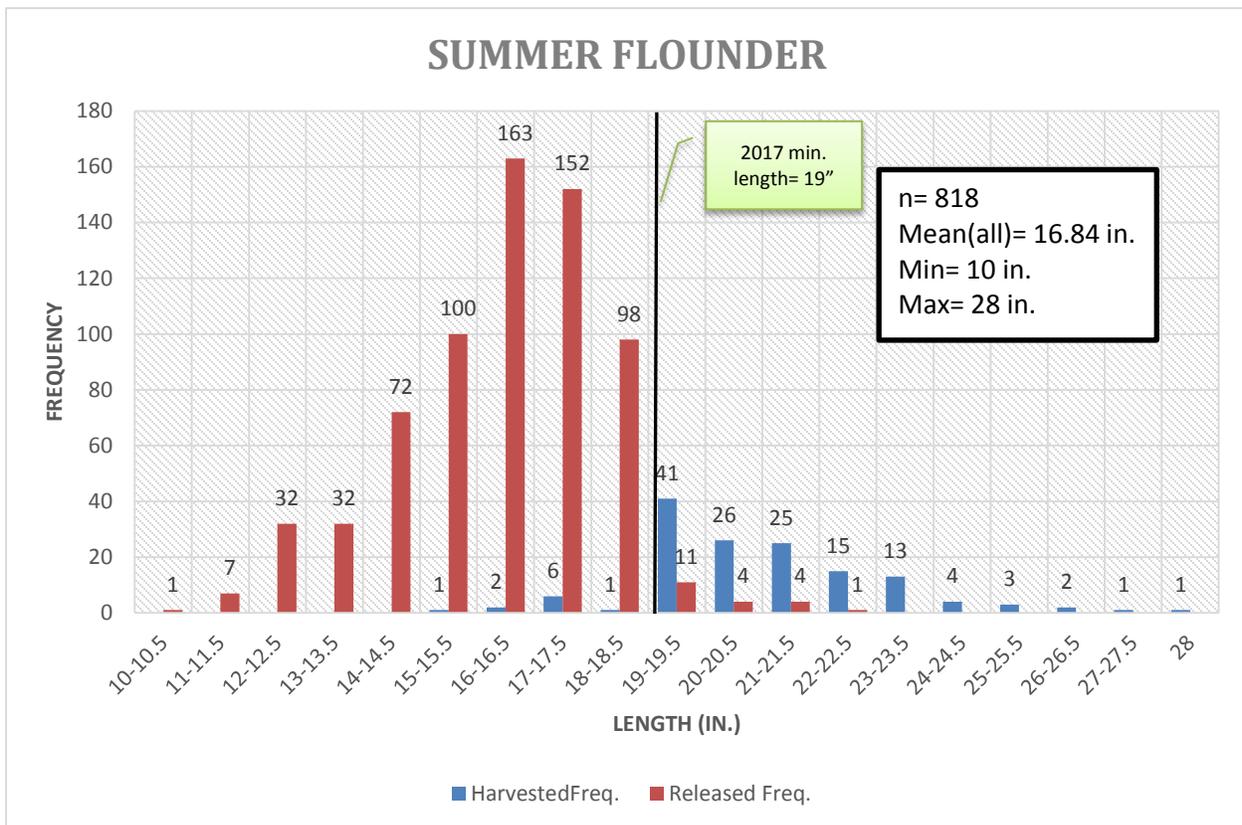


Figure 3.2. Length frequency of Striped Bass caught by disposition.

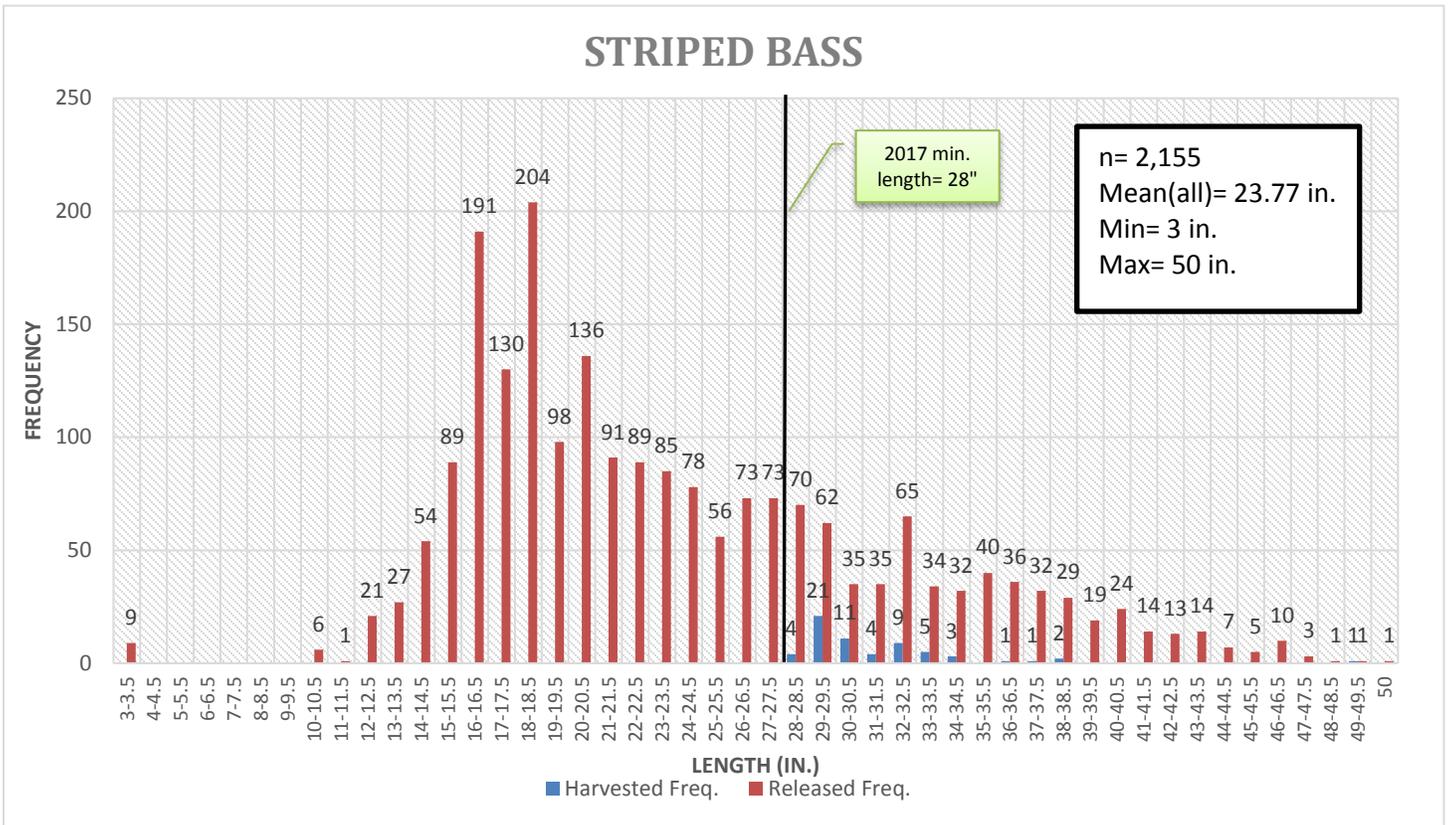


Figure 3.3 Length Frequency of Bluefish caught by disposition.

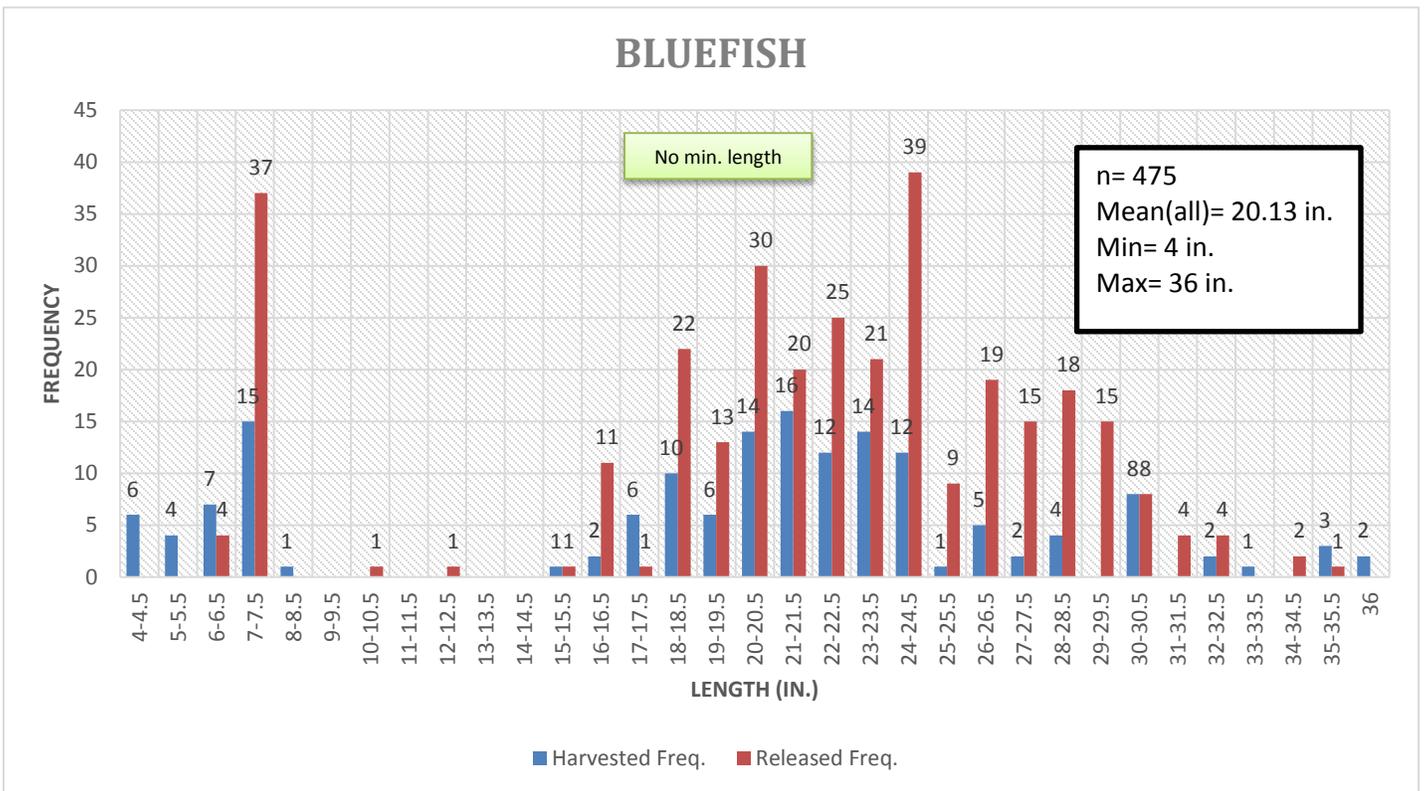


Figure 3.4 Length Frequency of Black Sea Bass caught by disposition.

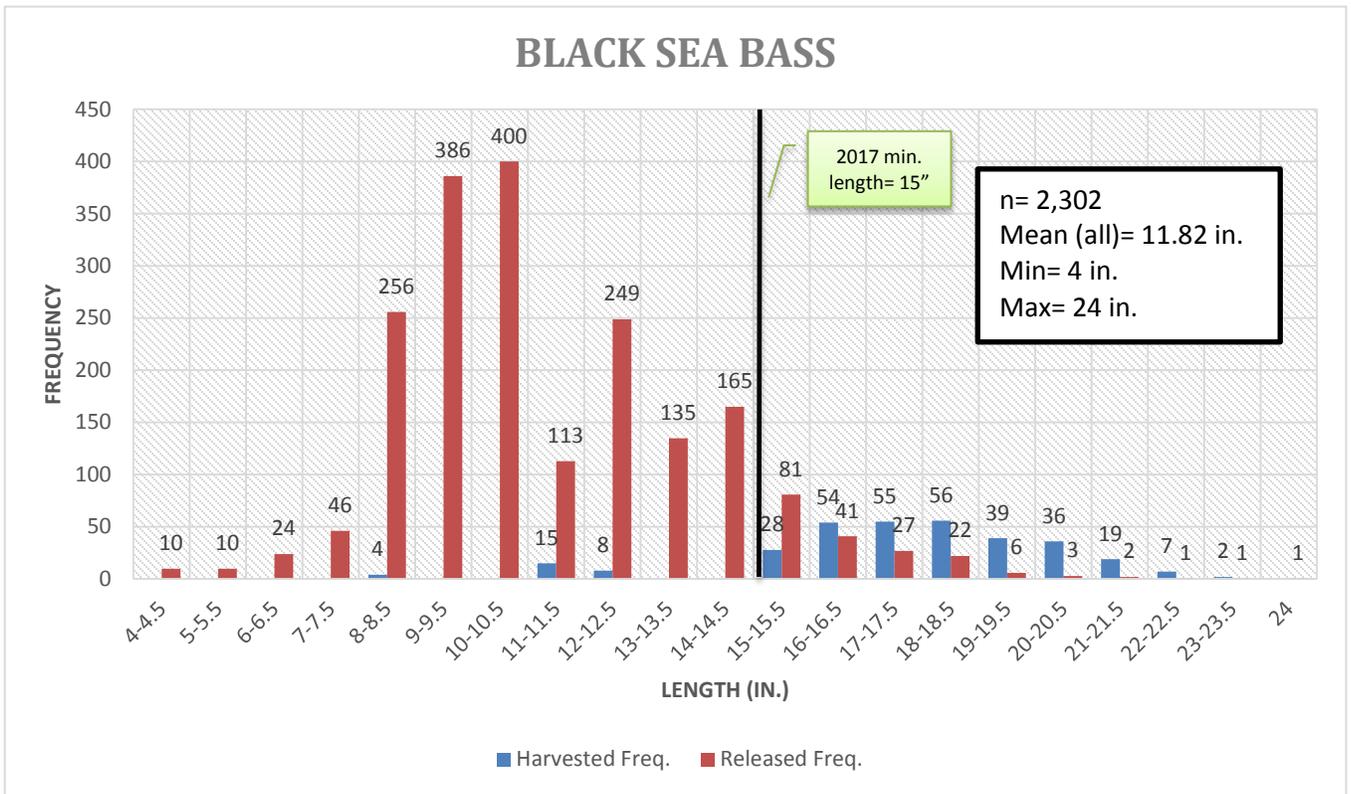


Figure 3.5 Length Frequency of Scup caught by disposition.

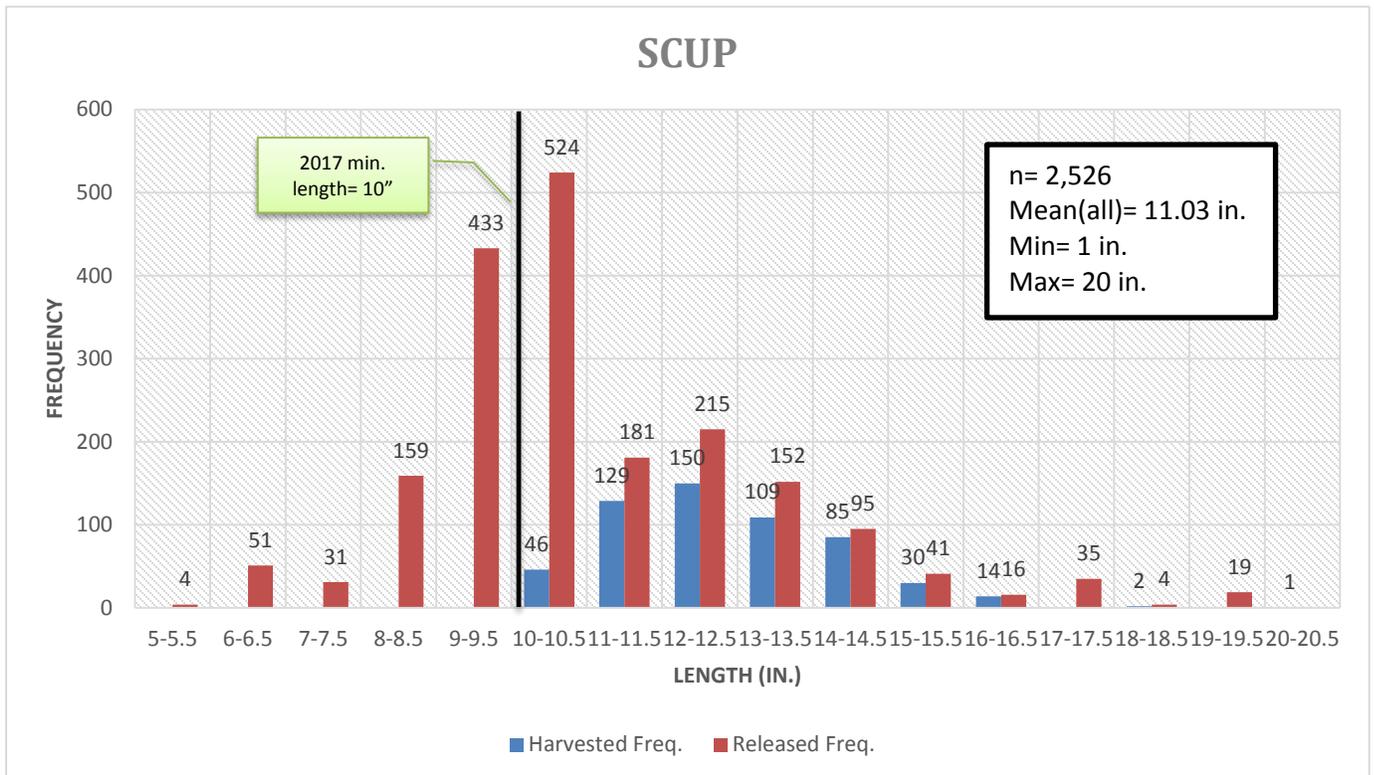


Figure 3.6 Length Frequency of Tautog caught by disposition.

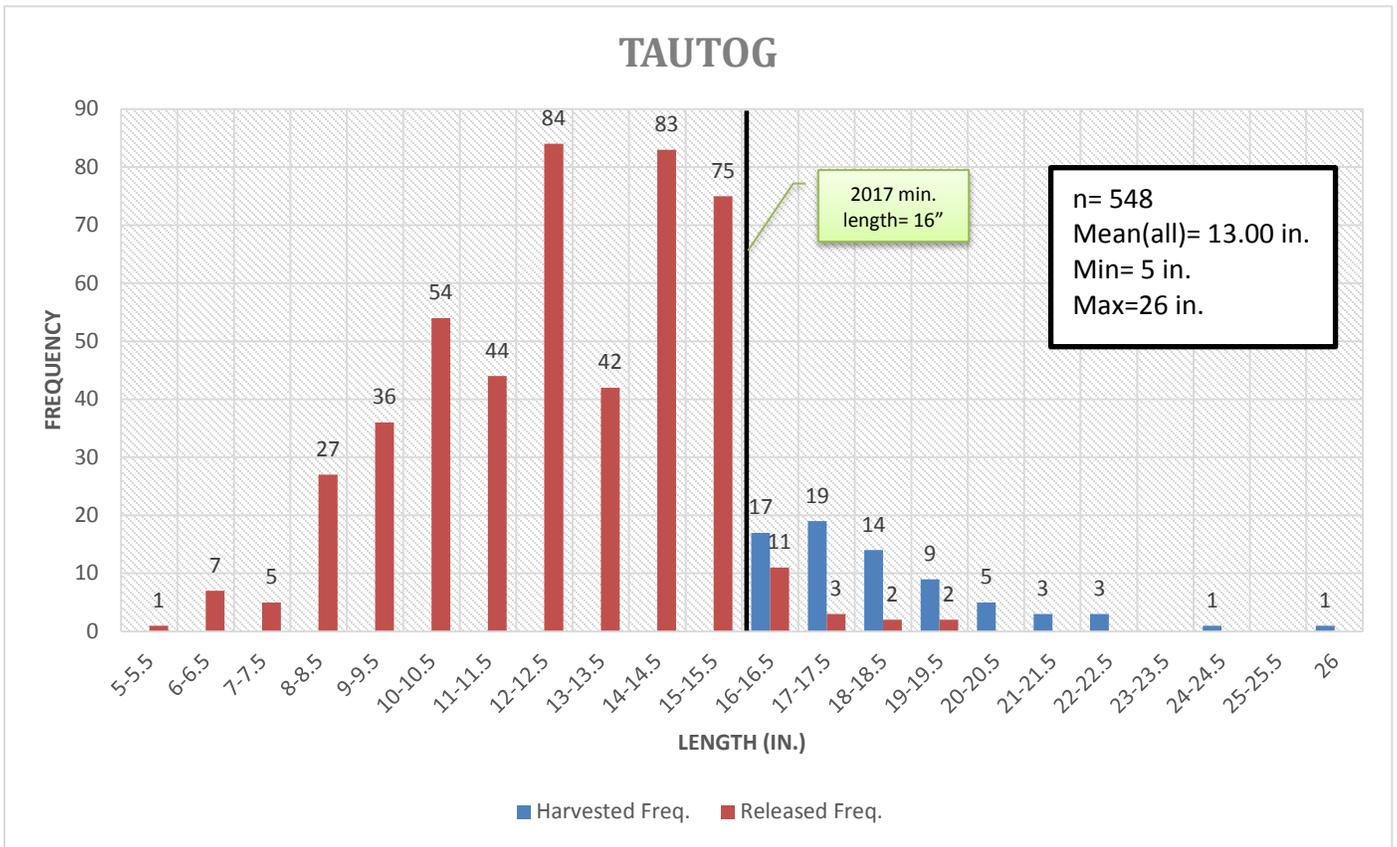


Figure 3.7 Length Frequency of Winter Flounder by disposition.

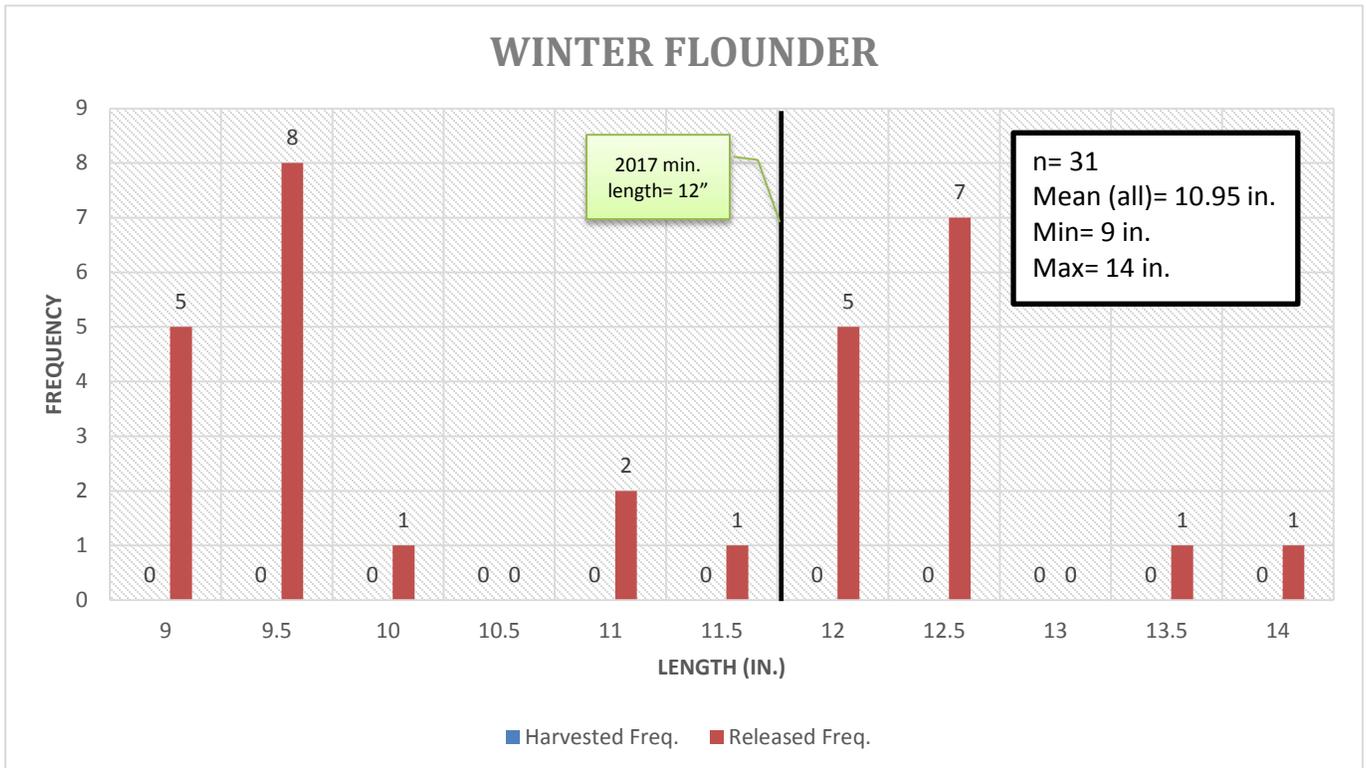
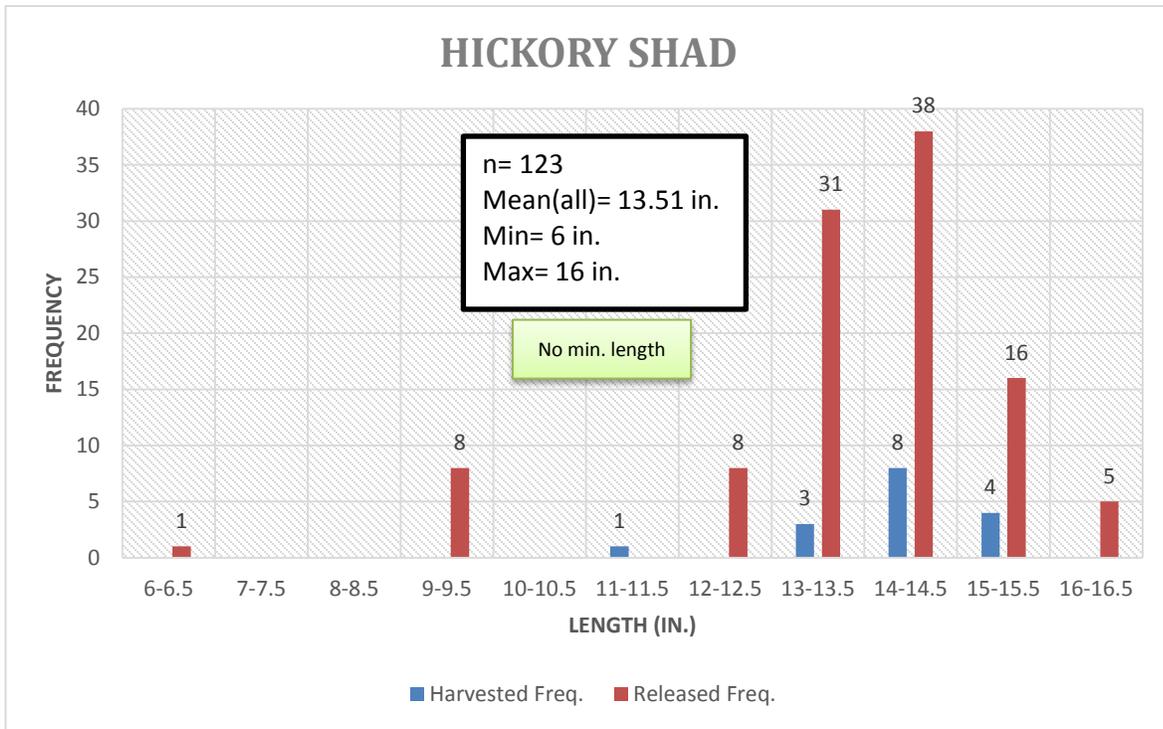


Figure 3.8 Length Frequency of Hickory Shad by disposition.



APPENDIX 2.1. Connecticut Volunteer Angler Logbook

TAPE

CONNECTICUT MARINE VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY

Rev.4/2017 - 12 Trip

Angler Code

--	--	--	--	--	--	--



Checked	_____
Entered	_____
Logged	_____
<i>This space for office use only.</i>	

TAPE

Send Me More Logbooks



**Connecticut Department of
Energy & Environmental Protection**
Bureau of Natural Resources
Marine Fisheries Division

TAPE

VOLUNTEER ANGLER SURVEY INSTRUCTIONS

Listed below are instructions for filling out the logbook. Upon logbook completion, tape the prepaid postage logbook shut and drop it off in the mail. All information is kept confidential. Once the information is entered into the database, and error checked, the logbooks will be returned for your own records.

If you are interested in online reporting please contact us.

The information provided by this report will help us make critical important management decisions.

Please help us by completing this report as accurately as possible.

If you have any questions or comments regarding the survey, please contact

David R Molnar david.molnar@ct.gov or at 860 447-4334

Trip Header Record

The top of each page is for recording **each trip's header information**. In this section, make a new entry for each trip made. If you fill a logbook page before the trip is over, continue onto the next page. Use as many pages and books as necessary to record your fishing activity. If you have a multi-day trip, make only one entry for that trip.

Date	Enter the date that your fishing trip occurred on.
Start Time	Enter the time on a 24 hour clock (military time) that you started your fishing trip.
Mode	Indicate the fishing mode by putting a check mark in the appropriate box. The Shore (Enhanced Site) option refers to the designated shore fishing sites along the Connecticut coast that allow for the harvest of smaller select species. See the anglers guide for more information.

Trip Effort Record

Enter the appropriate fishing effort information for the fishing area.

Fishing Area	Enter the code for the area in which you made your catch. Refer to the Fishing Area Chart on page iii for the appropriate area code. If you fish in the race along the border between area 6 and 147, please use area code 6.
Total Anglers	Enter the total number of anglers that are in the fishing party.
Lucky Anglers	Enter the number of anglers that caught fish in the fishing party.
Hours Fished	Enter the actual fishing time or 'lines wet' to the nearest half hour. Do not include travel time.
Targeted Species	Enter the 1 st (Primary) targeted species and 2 nd (secondary) targeted species.

Trip Catch Record

Under each trip effort record are the associated catch records.

Enter a catch row for each species, disposition (Kept/Released) and length.

If you caught more fish than rows provide, continue onto the next effort or page as necessary.

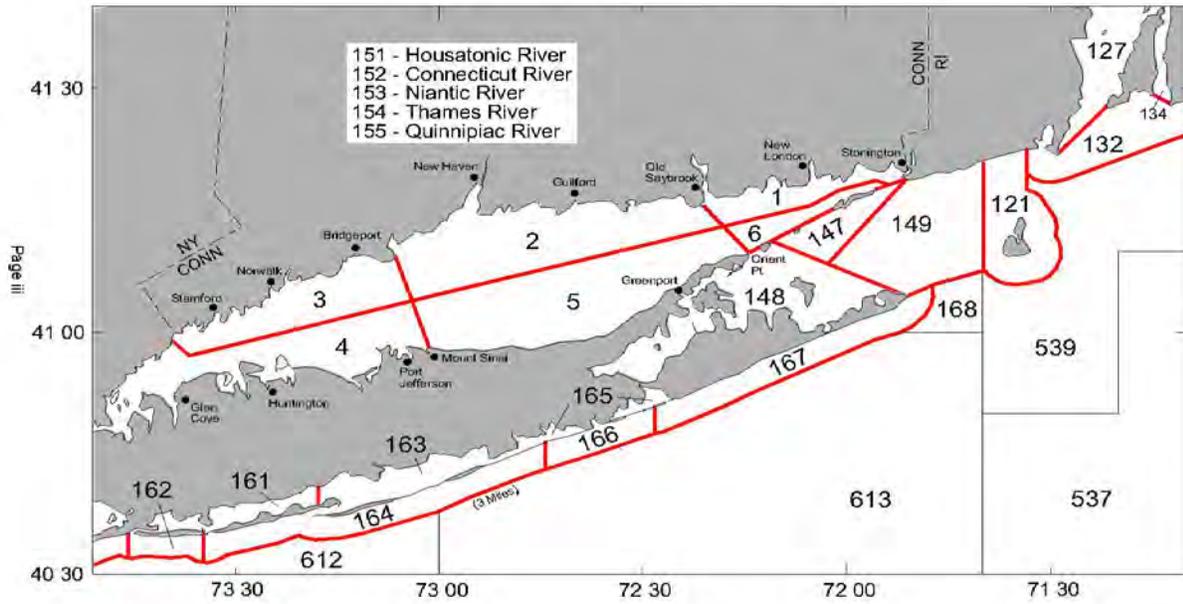
If you do not catch or harvest any fish, complete the trip header and effort information

(Date through Targeted Species 2).

- Species** Enter the species code from the Species Code List below. If the species is not listed, write in the species name.
- K / R** Indicate if the fish were kept or released by writing K (Kept) or R (Released). If you kept and released the same species indicate this by adding an additional row. If you kept and released the same species, complete two rows.
- Length (in)** Enter the length in inches of the fish. **ROUND DOWN TO THE NEAREST HALF INCH.** In previous years, the Volunteer Angler Survey requested rounding to the nearest half inch but rounding down helps produce more accurate data.
- Quantity** Enter the number of fish of that specific species, disposition (K/R), and length. If any of these fields change, create a new row. If additional rows are needed, continue onto the next page.

Species Code List	
<p>Groundfish</p> <p>COD - Cod HADD - Haddock POLL - Pollock</p> <p>Flounders</p> <p>FLUK - Summer flounder / fluke FLBB - Winter flounder / blackback</p> <p>Other Finfish</p> <p>BLU - Bluefish BSB - Black sea bass CUN - Cunner EEL - Eel, American MEN - Menhaden / bunker WPRC - Perch, white SCUP - Scup / porgy SROB - Sea robins HSHD - Hickory shad STB - Striped bass</p>	<p>Other Finfish continued</p> <p>TAUG - Tautog / blackfish TRIG - Triggerfish WEAK - Weakfish / squeteague / gray sea trout</p> <p>Tuna / Large Pelagics</p> <p>ALB - Albacore tuna BET - Big eye tuna BFT - Bluefin tuna BON - Bonito LTNY - Little tunny SKJ - Skipjack YFT - Yellowfin tuna DOL - Dolphin fish / mahi-mahi WAH - Wahoo</p> <p>Sharks and Skates</p> <p>DGSP - Dogfish, spiny DGSM - Dogfish, smooth SKAT - Skate SHBL - Shark, blue</p>

Long Island Sound and Vicinity Fishing Area Chart



Page III

JOB 3: ENHANCED OPPORTUNITY SHORE FISHING PROGRAM

JOB 3: ENHANCED OPPORTUNITY SHORE FISHING PROGRAM

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JOB 3: ENHANCED OPPORTUNITY SHORE FISHING PROGRAM

GOAL

To maintain and improve the fishing experience, opportunity and quality of access to public trust marine fisheries resources in Connecticut especially in urban areas, while maintaining marine fish conservation objectives.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. Preserve the quality of shore fishing opportunity for species whose management is heavily minimum size dependent, while also meeting fishery management plan conservation objectives.*
- 2. Collect data from the designated enhanced shore fishing sites necessary to gauge the biological and social impact of enhanced opportunity and whether fishery management plan harvest targets are still being met.*
- 3. Create an “adopt-a-shore-site” relationship with tackle shops that are located near specific sites to help maintain and manage locations.*
- 4. Establish contacts with local officials of town-owned sites especially within urban areas to increase awareness and appreciation of quality shore based recreational fishing opportunity in their community.*
- 5. Increase public awareness of the sites to encourage activity by increasing communication with tackle shops and anglers.*

INTRODUCTION

DEEP Marine Fisheries has identified the need to enhance fishing opportunity for shore based anglers. To meet this need, the agency designated shore based fishing sites (see Appendix 8.1) which allowed for less restrictive fishing regulations. Anglers fishing from designated enhanced opportunity shore fishing sites in 2017 were allowed to harvest scup at 9 inches minimum length (vs. 10 inches in other private and party/charter fishing modes) and summer flounder at 17 inches (vs 19 inches for other modes). The smaller minimum sizes were adopted out of concern that shore anglers were taking a disproportional share of the conservation burden associated with the increased minimum sizes adopted in response to the harvest limits established under the joint ASMFC/MAFMC fishery management plans for these species. In order to ensure that these less restrictive regulations meet the required conservation of the fishery management plan, The Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (ASMFC) Summer Flounder, Scup and Black Sea Bass Management Board requested that DEEP monitor of the enhanced shore fishing sites to provide additional catch information.

A voluntary daily angler catch card program was developed to collect fishing trip and catch information, including length measurements of harvested and released (discarded) fish from recreational anglers at the enhanced shore fishing sites. Collecting length measurement data, especially on discarded fish, is extremely difficult to obtain through traditional access point angler

intercept surveys (e.g. MRIP). In past years, such length data has been successfully collected utilizing volunteer anglers to report their fishing trip information through a logbook survey (VAS, Job 2) and this program was used as a template for the more extensive catch card program (see Appendix 3.2).

METHODS

Five assignment zones for sampling were established comprising a total of 39 of the 46 Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites from Stonington to Norwalk (Figure 3.1). For each assignment, the zone, time of day (am or pm), starting site and direction of travel was randomly selected using the SAS 'ranuni' function. Upon arriving at a site, the creel agent would record:

- Date and time of creel agent arrival
- Weekend or weekday
- Site name
- Initial count of angler(s)
- Arrival and departure time of additional anglers
- Date and time of creel agent departure

Each angler was asked to participate in an angler survey to provide fishing effort and catch information. If they agreed, the creel agent would perform a partial trip interview. The following questions were asked:

- What time did you start fishing?
- Have you been interviewed by this program already this year?
- What species are you fishing for?
- How many times do you go saltwater fishing per year?
- Of those, what percent are from shore?
- Are there any comments you would like to make about shore fishing in CT (pro's or con's).
- Have you caught any fish yet on this trip? If yes, how many fish of each species did you catch?

All fish caught while the creel agent is on site are measured and recorded. To capture the remaining catch and effort information, each participating angler was provided with a waterproof daily catch card, pencil, measuring tape, and verbal instructions by DEEP staff. Anglers were asked to fill out the following (data fields):

- Conservation identification number (fishing license number)
- Primary target species
- Secondary target species
- Total hours spent fishing
- Date (mm/dd/yy)/start time (check box AM/PM)
- Total number of fish kept and released by species
- Length measurements for the first seven fish caught.

Anglers were encouraged to mail in the post-marked catch card or deposit it into designated drop-off-boxes installed at fishing sites upon trip completion. Also, questions concerning the survey could be answered by contacting the DEEP Marine Headquarters office.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Catch cards that were distributed to shore anglers were categorized by identification number, date, and enhanced shore fishing site code. From April through October 2017 there were a total of 63 assignments (Table 3.1) attributed to 399 sites sampled (Table 3.2) in five zones. The largest number of intercepts and interviews occurred in September (Table 3.3).

A total of 684 catch cards were distributed to anglers at enhanced shore fishing sites and 208 (30.4%) were returned. The reported catch included 17 species/taxonomic groups totaling 1,200 fish (Table 3.4) similar to the total for partial trip interviews as described in methods. The majority of the fish (64.5%) were released due to regulatory discard or undesirable catch. The total harvest reported was 426 fish comprised of 8 species.

Length Information

Each individual angler reported the common name(s) of the first seven fish captured, regardless of species and size. A total of 575 fish measurements by anglers and 444 fish measurements by agents were received, comprising 18 species (Table 3.5). Bluefish, scup and striped bass were the most frequently harvested species measured by anglers (Figure 3.1), and comprised 77.3% of the total measured catch.

Enhanced shore fishing

Although sample sizes are small, data gathered from this program indicate that having a minimum length of 9 inches at the Enhanced Sites improved the success rate for shore based scup anglers by 51% compared to anglers complying with the previously higher legal minimum length of 10 inches required at other shore locations. This is the highest increase in retention rate due to a lower minimum size that has been seen since the program started in 2014, the lowest was 21%.

Since the availability of summer flounder has been declining over the last few years, the number of observed fish in the program has also declined. This year the program was able to measure a total of 30 summer flounder, of which only 7 were legal length (17 inches and above). Four of the seven fish harvested were below 19 inches. Shore-based summer flounder anglers improved their success rate by 133%. The success rates for each species were calculated using the length frequencies of kept fish from the returned catch cards. Specifically, the proportion of scup harvested between 9 and 10 inches and the proportion of summer flounder harvested between 17 and 19 inches.

MODIFICATIONS

No modifications are expected.

Table 3.1: 2017 Assignments by month and zone.

Month	Zone1	Zone2	Zone3	Zone4	Zone5	Total
April	1	3	2	0	0	6
May	2	2	1	1	2	8
June	2	3	3	3	1	12
July	3	3	2	1	0	9
August	2	1	1	2	1	7
September	2	2	3	2	1	10
October	4	3	0	1	2	10
TOTAL	16	17	12	10	7	62

Table 3.2: 2017 Sites visited by month and zone.

MONTH	Zone1	zone2	zone3	zone4	Zone5	total
April	6	24	12	0	0	42
May	12	16	6	6	10	50
June	12	24	18	18	5	77
July	18	24	12	6	0	60
August	12	8	6	12	5	43
September	12	16	18	12	5	63
October	24	24	0	6	10	64
TOTAL	96	136	72	60	35	399

Table 3.3: Fishing parties intercepted and total anglers interviewed by month.

Month	Intercepts (parties)	Anglers Interviewed
April	31	49
May	25	33
June	83	125
July	86	137
August	86	129
September	112	156
October	97	142
TOTAL	520	771

Table 3.4: Catch disposition from Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites.

SPECIES	RETURNED CREEL CARDS			PARTIAL INTERVIEW		
	RELEASE	KEPT	TOTAL	RELEASE	KEPT	TOTAL
AMERICAN EEL	1	0	1	0	0	0
MENHADEN	26	33	59	12	52	64
BLACK SEA BASS	21	0	21	26	0	26
BLUEFISH	207	170	377	99	142	241
CATFISHES	46	3	49	14	2	16
CLEARNOSE SKATE	2	0	2	2	0	2
CUNNER	3	0	3	2	0	2
DOGFISH UNC	1	0	1	1	0	1
HICKORY SHAD	3	0	3	1	0	0
NORTHERN KINGFISH	0	0	0	2	1	3
LITTLE TUNNY	0	0	0	1	0	1
NORTHERN PUFFER	1	0	1	1	0	1
OYSTER TOADFISH	0	0	0	1	0	1
SCUP	141	197	338	356	273	529
SEA ROBINS UNC	99	13	112	14	7	21
SKATE UNC	4	0	4	0	0	0
SPOT	0	0	0	1	0	1
SMOOTH DOGFISH	0	0	0	5	0	5
STRIPED BASS	195	4	199	111	4	115
STRIPED SEA ROBIN	1	1	2	14	7	21
SUMMER FLOUNDER	20	5	25	23	2	25
TAUTOG	3	0	3	29	9	37
WEAKFISH	0	0	0	3	0	3
YELLOWJACK	0	0	0	1	0	1
COMBINED TOTAL	774	426	1200	759	511	1270
PERCENT OF TOTAL	65%	35%		60%	40%	

Table 3.5: Length measurements of finfish captured at Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites.

SPECIES	MEASURED BY ANGLER	MEASURED BY AGENT	TOTAL LENGTHS
ATLANTIC MENHADEN	27	34	61
BLACK SEA BASS	7	3	10
BLUEFISH	162	145	307
CATFISHES	14	5	19
CUNNER	3	2	5
CLEARNOSE SKATE	2	1	3
DOGFISH	1	2	3
HICKORY SHAD	3		3
NORTHERN KINGFISH		2	2
OYSTER TOADFISH		1	1
SCUP	143	193	336
SEA ROBIN UNC	47	7	54
SPOT		1	1
STRIPED BASS	130	15	145
STRIPED SEA ROBIN	2	18	20
SUMMER FLOUNDER	25	5	30
TAUTOG	8	10	18
NORTHERN PUFFER	1		1
COMBINED TOTAL	575	444	1019

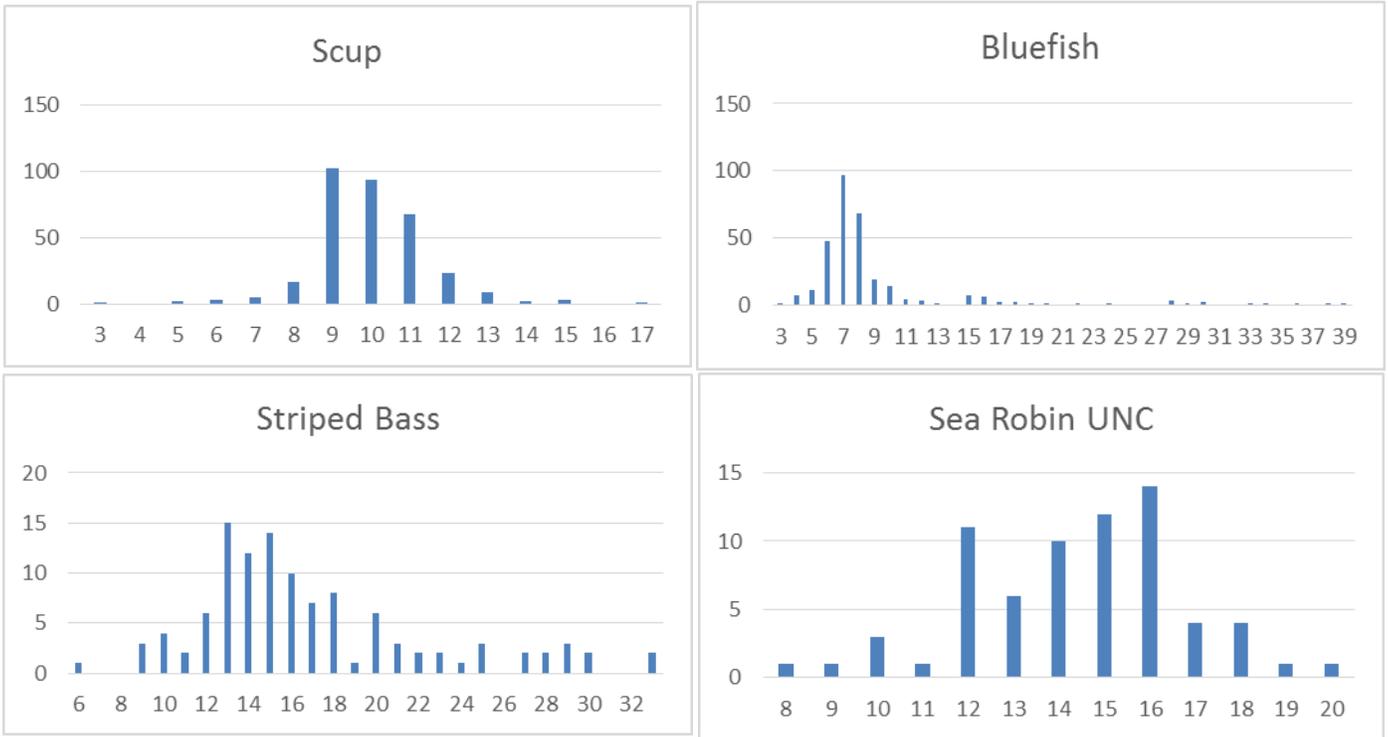


Figure 3.1: 2017 Length frequencies of popular marine fish measured at Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites. Total length is rounded down to the nearest-inch. Includes both angler and creel agent measured fish.

Appendix 3.1: Map of Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites



Appendix 3.2: Enhanced Shore Fishing Site Catch Card

00001

CT Fishing Quality Evaluation (Individual Fisherman Card)

If you need assistance completing this form, please contact the DEEP Marine Fisheries Division (860.434.6043)

(One card per angler/trip) Please place this card in the mail after completing the trip.

00001

Site Number _____

Date Distributed _____

Time Distributed _____

Fishing Mode _____

Vessel Registration Number _____

Conservation ID
(Found on your Fishing License)

Primary Targeted Species

Secondary Targeted Species

I did not catch any fish today

Angler's Total Catch For The Trip
(Use Tally Marks in # Kept and # Rbd Columns)

Species	# Kept	# Rbd
Porgy (example)	-	-

Length of first seven fish caught
(Rounded down to the nearest half inch)

Species	Length	Kept?
Fluke (example)	16.5	Y/N
		Y/N

Trip Date: _____

Appendix 3.3: List of Enhanced Shore Fishing Sites

SITE	CITY
FAIRFIELD COUNTY	
Pleasure Beach Family Fishing Pier	Bridgeport
Saint Mary's by the Sea	Bridgeport
Seaside Park	Bridgeport
Ash Creek Open Space	Fairfield
Jennings Beach	Fairfield
Penfield Beach	Fairfield
Penfield Reef	Fairfield
Calf Pasture Beach	Norwalk
Maritime Aquarium Park	Norwalk
Bond's Dock	Stratford
Long Beach	Stratford
Point-No-Point	Stratford
Russian Beach	Stratford
Short Beach Park	Stratford
Sherwood Island State Park	Westport
MIDDLESEX COUNTY	
South Cove Causeway	Old Saybrook
Saybrook Point	Old Saybrook
NEW HAVEN COUNTY	
Branford Point	Branford
Chaffinch Island Park	Guilford
Hammonasset Beach State Park	Madison
Connecticut Audubon Coastal Center	Milford
Gulf Beach	Milford
Silver Sands State Park	Milford
Tomlinson Bridge Fishing Pier	New Haven
Fort Nathan Hale Park	New Haven
Criscuolo Park	New Haven
Bradley Point Park	West Haven
Sandy Point	West Haven
Sandy Point Bird Sanctuary	West Haven
NEW LONDON COUNTY	
Cini Memorial Park	East Lyme
Hole-in-the-Wall Beach	East Lyme
McCook Park	East Lyme
Rocky Neck State Park	East Lyme
Bluff Point State Park and Reserve	Groton
Eastern Point Beach	Groton
UConn-Avery Point	Groton
City Pier and Waterfront Park	New London
Fort Trumbull State Park	New London
DEEP Marine Headquarters-Ferry Landing Park	Old Lyme
Mystic River Park	Stonington
Stonington Point	Stonington
Stonington Town Dock Fishing Pier	Stonington
Harkness Memorial State Park	Waterford
Mago Point Park	Waterford
Waterford Beach Park	Waterford

JOB 5: MARINE FINFISH SURVEY

Long Island Sound Trawl Survey

LONG ISLAND SOUND TRAWL SURVEY

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JOB 5: LONG ISLAND SOUND TRAWL SURVEY (LISTS)

CRUISE RESULTS FROM THE 2017 SPRING AND FALL SURVEYS

STUDY PERIOD AND AREA

The Connecticut DEEP Marine Fisheries Program completed the thirty-fourth year of the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey in 2017. The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) encompasses an area from New London to Greenwich, Connecticut and includes waters from 5 to 46 meters in depth in both Connecticut and New York state waters. Typically, Long Island Sound (LIS) is surveyed in the spring, from April through June, and during the fall, from September through October. This report includes results from the 2017 spring and fall sampling periods and provides time series information since the commencement of the survey in 1984.

GOAL

To provide long term monitoring of abundance, biomass and size composition of marine fishery resources along with environmental parameters, in order to evaluate the effects of fishing and environmental conditions on the distribution and abundance of living resources in Long Island Sound.

OBJECTIVES

- 1) Provide annual indices of counts and biomass per standard tow for 40 common species and age-specific indices of abundance for winter flounder, tautog, scup, summer flounder, bluefish (Age 0, 1+) and weakfish (Age 0, 1+).
- 2) Provide length-frequency distributions of bluefish, scup, summer flounder, winter flounder, tautog, striped bass, weakfish, black sea bass, and other ecologically important species.
- 3) Provide annual total counts and biomass for all finfish species taken and annual total biomass for all common macro-invertebrate species taken.
- 4) Provide species list for LIS based on LISTS sampling, noting the presence of additional species from other sampling conducted by the Marine Fisheries Programs.
- 5) Provide fishery independent survey data to cooperative state researchers or agencies, such as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (ASMFC), New England and Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Councils (NEFMC and MAFMC, respectively), and researchers associated with state or local universities

INTRODUCTION

The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) was initiated in 1984 to provide fishery independent monitoring of important recreational species in Long Island Sound (LIS). A stratified-random design based on bottom type and depth interval was chosen and 40 sites were sampled monthly from April through November to establish seasonal patterns of abundance and distribution. Seven finfish species were initially of primary interest: bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish, and winter flounder. Length data for these species were collected from every tow; scup, tautog, and winter flounder were sampled for aging. Lobster were also enumerated and measured from every tow. All fish species were identified and counted.

Since 1984, several changes have been incorporated into the Survey. In 1991, the sampling schedule was changed to a spring/fall format, although sampling is still conducted on a monthly basis (April - June, September, and October). Beginning in 1992, species were weighed in aggregate with an onboard scale to provide indices of biomass. Furthermore, more species have been sampled for lengths, such as windowpane and fourspot flounders, and important forage species such as butterfish, long-finned squid, and several herring species. By 2003, the list of species measured expanded to 20 finfish species and two invertebrate species (lobster and long-finned squid), plus rarely occurring species. Beginning in 2014, lengths were collected from all finfish species on each tow. In addition, at various times during the time-series, age structures were collected from bluefish, menhaden, tautog, scup, winter flounder, weakfish or summer flounder. All of these changes serve to improve the quality and quantity of information made available to fishery managers for local and regional assessment of stock condition, and to provide a more complete annual inventory of LIS fishery resources.

METHODS

Sampling Design

LISTS is conducted from longitude 72° 03' (New London, Connecticut) to longitude 73° 39' (Greenwich, Connecticut). The sampling area includes Connecticut and New York waters from 5 to 46 m in depth and is conducted over mud, sand and transitional (mud/sand) sediment types. Sampling is divided into spring (April-June) and fall (Sept-Oct) periods, with 40 sites sampled monthly for a total of 200 sites annually. The sampling gear employed is a 14 m otter trawl with a 51 mm mesh codend (Table 5.1). To reduce the bias associated with day-night changes in catchability of some species, sampling is conducted during daylight hours only (Sissenwine and Bowman 1978).

LISTS employs a stratified-random sampling design. The sampling area is divided into 1.85 x 3.7 km (1 x 2 nautical miles) sites (Figure 5.1), with each site assigned to one of 12 strata defined by depth interval (0 - 9.0 m, 9.1 - 18.2 m, 18.3 - 27.3 m or, 27.4+ m) and bottom type (mud, sand, or transitional as defined by Reid et al. 1979). For each monthly sampling cruise, sites are selected randomly from within each stratum. The number of sites sampled in each stratum was determined by dividing the total stratum area by 68 km² (20 square nautical miles), with a minimum of two sites sampled per stratum (Table 5.2, Gottschall et al. 2000). Discrete stratum areas smaller than a sample site are not sampled.

Sampling Procedures

Prior to each tow, temperature (°C) and salinity (ppt), conductivity (mS/m) and dissolved oxygen (mg/l) were measured using an YSI model EXO2 data sonde. 2017 was the first year the EXO2 sonde was used by LISTS. The sonde records numerous water quality parameters while descending from surface to bottom and values are subsequently extracted at the depths most closely matching the 1m below surface and 0.5m above bottom depths used previously in the LISTS timeseries.

The survey's otter trawl was towed from the 15.2 m aluminum R/V John Dempsey for 30 minutes at approximately 3.5 knots, depending on the tide. At completion of the tow, the catch was placed onto a sorting table and sorted by species. Finfish, lobsters and squid were counted and weighed in aggregate (to the nearest 0.1 kg) by species with a precision marine-grade scale (30 kg, +/- 10 gm capacity). Catches weighing less than 0.1 kg were recorded as 0.1 kg. During the initial two years of the survey (1984 & 1985), lobsters were the only invertebrates recorded. Squid abundance has been recorded since 1986. Since 1992, additional invertebrate species have been weighed in aggregate, and some have been counted. The complete time series of species counted and weighed in the survey is documented in Appendix 5.4.

For finfish species, lengths were recorded to the centimeter as either total length or fork length (e.g. measurements from 100 mm to 109 mm were recorded as 10 cm) and entered in the database as 105 mm (Table 5.3). Lobsters were measured to 0.1 mm carapace length. Squid were measured using the mantle length (cm), horseshoe crab measurements were taken using prosomal width (cm) and whelk (knobbed and channeled) shell widths were measured in millimeters.

The number of individuals measured from each tow varied by species, the size of the catch and range of lengths (Table 5.3). If a species was subsampled, the length frequency of the catch was determined by multiplying the proportion of measured individuals in each centimeter interval by the total number of individuals caught. Some species were sorted and subsampled by length group so that, for example, all large individuals were measured and a subsample of small (often young-of-year) specimens was measured. All individuals not measured in a length group were counted. The length frequency of each group was estimated as described above, i.e. the proportion of individuals in each centimeter interval of the subsample was expanded to determine the total number of individuals caught in the length group. The estimated length frequencies of each size group were then appended to complete the length frequency for that species. This procedure was often used with catches of bluefish, scup, and weakfish, which were usually dominated by young-of-year or discrete age/length classes.

Bluefish, menhaden, scup, summer flounder, tautog and winter flounder were sampled for age determination (Table 5.3). The target number of age samples (otolith) for bluefish were 50 from the spring period (defined by ASMFC Bluefish Technical Committee as Jan-July) and 50 from the fall period (August-December). However, bluefish catches are hard to predict so the number of age samples varied greatly; sometimes more than the target number was collected solely from LISTS samples but other times LISTS samples needed to be augmented with samples from the recreational fishery to meet the target number. Sufficient numbers of bluefish age samples from LIS would also make it possible to develop an LIS-specific age key, so bluefish age samples were sometimes still collected even after the target number was reached.

Subsamples of scup, stratified by length group, were measured to the nearest mm (fork length) and scales from each individual were taken for ageing. Scup scales were removed posterior to the pectoral fin and ventral to the lateral line. The scales were pressed onto plastic laminate with an Ann Arbor roller press to obtain an impression of the scale, which was then viewed with a microfiche reader at 21x. Scales were also taken from all summer flounder greater than 59 cm. At least 15 scales were removed from the caudal peduncle area. These scales were pressed and aged to supplement the NMFS age key and were also included in the formulation of LISTS summer flounder catch-at-age matrix (see below). Subsamples of winter flounder, stratified by length group and area (as listed in bottom of Table 5.3), were iced and taken to the lab where they were measured to the millimeter (total length), weighed (gm) and sexed. Their maturity stage was determined (NMFS 1989), and otoliths were collected for age determination later. Amendment 2 of the ASMFC Atlantic menhaden Fishery Management Plan introduced a requirement of 10 fish for age samples per 300 metric tons landed in the commercial bait fishery to support improved stock assessments. Connecticut has such a small menhaden commercial fishery that one 10-fish sample would suffice. The same size/age component of the menhaden population taken in the commercial fishery was available to LISTS so menhaden scales were collected during LISTS sampling; 216 menhaden age samples were taken in 2016. LISTS age samples of menhaden provide one of the few fishery independent sources of age data for adult menhaden in northern waters and are therefore valuable for stock assessments. Menhaden fork length (mm), and sex were recorded and scales were taken about mid-body (lateral line) and below the insertion of the dorsal fin. The ASMFC Tautog Fishery Management Plan (FMP) requires CT DEEP to collect a minimum of 200 age structures per. Due to the low numbers of tautog caught in LISTS in recent years (less than 250 fish), age structures were collected from most tautog taken in LISTS. Tautog were iced and taken to the lab, where their total length (mm), sex, and total weight (gm) were recorded and age structures were collected. LISTS has used opercula to age tautog since 1984 (Cooper 1967). The ASMFC Tautog Technical Committee requested that states collect paired age structures for comparison studies; therefore, LISTS began collecting tautog otoliths in addition to opercula in 2012. Results from an ASMFC Tautog Ageing Workshop in May 2012 indicated there was no clear benefit to switching from opercula to otoliths for Connecticut, so otoliths were collected (minimum of 50 paired structures per ASMFC) and archived for potential use in the future. Subsequent to the 2012 workshop, a study conducted by Massachusetts Division of Marine Fisheries (Elzey and Trull 2016) showed tautog pelvic fin spine sections may be a better structure (easier to read and non-lethal to collect). In 2016, LISTS started to collect pelvic fin spines for tautog, archiving them for future ageing work.

In reports prior to 2001, three species were not included in annual and seasonal totals: American sand lance, bay anchovy, and striped anchovy. These species, with the possible exception of striped anchovy, can be very abundant in Long Island Sound, but are not retained well in the otter trawl. Additionally, many of these fish are young-of-year and often drop out of the net as it is retrieved and wound on the net reel. For this reason they were not included in the list of species to be counted when LISTS was started in 1984. However, to document the occurrence of these species in LISTS catches, American sand lance was added in 1994, striped anchovy was added in 1996, and bay anchovy was added in 1998. Since 2001, adults of these three species have been included in the annual and seasonal totals and young-of-year listed if present in the year's catch but are not quantified (Table 5.15, Appendix 5.4). Young-of-year for

these three species are included in the database but are cataloged with a separate species identifier and quantities are considered estimates (Appendix 5.2).

Interactions with endangered species during the course of sampling are regulated by the by NOAA Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office (GARFO) Protected Species Division. Sampling procedures have been modified in recent years to minimize the likelihood of injury to Atlantic sturgeon (a Federally listed endangered species since 2012). When sampling in a season and area where the chance of catching a sturgeon is high (based on historic LISTS catch) and water depth is greater than 27 m, gear retrieval speed is reduced to decrease the stress induced by rapid changes in pressure. When an endangered species is detected in the net, it is removed as quickly and carefully as possible. Subsequent handling and processing of endangered species adhere to the Reasonable and Prudent Measures as well as the Terms and Conditions specified in the ESA Section 7 Biological Opinion's Incidental Take Statement issued by NOAA for CT in January 2013 (http://www.greateratlantic.fisheries.noaa.gov/protected/section7/bo/actbiops/usfws_state_fisheries_surveys_2013.pdf). Additionally, handling and processing of sturgeon follow protocols described in A Protocol for Use of Shortnose, Atlantic, Gulf, and Green Sturgeons (Kahn and Mohead. 2010. U.S. Dep. Commerce, NOAA Tech Memo, NMFS-OPR-45, 62p., http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/pdfs/species/kahn_mohead_2010.pdf). One (1) Atlantic sturgeon was captured on one (1) of the 144 tows completed in 2017. No other protected species were encountered. All interactions with endangered species are detailed in Appendix 5.5.

Data Analysis

Indices of Abundance: Annual Mean Count and Weight per Tow

To evaluate the relative abundance of common species, an annual spring (April - June) and fall (September - October) geometric mean number per tow and weight per tow (biomass, kg) was calculated for the common finfish and invertebrate species. To calculate the geometric mean, the numbers and weight per tow were logged (\log_e) to normalize the highly skewed catch frequencies typical of trawl surveys:

$$\text{Transformed variable} = \ln(\text{variable}+1).$$

Means were computed on the log scale and then retransformed to the geometric mean:

$$\text{geometric mean} = \exp(\text{mean})-1.$$

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated from 1984 - 2017 for 38 finfish species, lobster, and long-finned squid (1986 - 2017). The geometric mean weight per tow was calculated using weight data collected since 1992 for the same species, plus an additional 13 invertebrates.

For the seven finfish species that were measured on every tow in the time-series (bluefish, scup, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, weakfish, and winter flounder), biomass indices were calculated for the years 1984 - 1991 by using length/weight equations to convert length frequencies to weight per tow. Bluefish, scup, weakfish and winter flounder lengths were converted using equations from Wilk et al. (1978); striped bass conversions were accomplished using an equation from Young et al. (1994); summer flounder and tautog conversions were

accomplished using equations developed from LISTS data from 1984 - 1987 and 1984 - 1996 respectively.

Indices of Abundance: Indices-at-Age and Age Group

Annual age specific indices (indices-at-age matrices) were calculated for scup, striped bass, summer flounder, winter flounder and tautog. The age data used to calculate the indices came from three sources: striped bass ages were derived using the von Bertalanffy (1938) equation; summer flounder age-length keys were obtained from the NMFS Northeast Fisheries Science Center spring and fall trawl surveys combined with LISTS ages (>59 cm); scup, winter flounder and tautog age-length keys (in 1 cm intervals) were obtained directly from LISTS. Since fish growth can fluctuate annually as a function of population size or other environmental factors, a year and season specific age-length key was used wherever possible. Once lengths had been converted to age, the proportion at age was multiplied by the abundance index of the appropriate season to produce an index of abundance at age.

Recruitment (young-of-year) and age 1+ (all fish age one and older) indices were calculated for bluefish and weakfish by using observed modes in the LISTS length frequencies to separate the two groups.

The specific methods used to calculate indices-at-age for each species were as follows:

- ◆ **Bluefish.** Age samples (otoliths) were taken from 125 bluefish, eleven (11) from the spring period and 114 from the fall period. In 2012 a coast wide biological sampling program was initiated through ASMFC Addendum 1 of the bluefish management plan. Since a robust age-length key was still not available for the Long Island Sound region, the method of using modes observed in the fall length frequencies to separate bluefish into age 0 and age 1+ groups, and calculating a geometric mean catch per tow for each group (Table 5.22) was continued through 2017. Comparison of the mean lengths-at-age reported for young-of-year and age 1 bluefish in the New York Bight (Chiarella and Conover 1990) and LIS (Richards 1976) with LISTS length frequencies suggests that bluefish can easily be identified as either age 0 (snapper bluefish) or adults (age 1+). Richards (1976) and Chiarella and Conover (1990) determined that most bluefish less than 30 cm are age 0. A discontinuity in the LISTS fall length frequencies occurs most years between 26 cm and 39 cm (Table 5.42). Therefore 30 cm was determined to be a suitable length for partitioning age 0 and age 1 fish. With the addition the biological sampling programs along the coast, a regional northeast key is being compiled through ASMFC.

Prior to 2012, there was limited bluefish ageing in the northeast. Although North Carolina state biologists have aged bluefish for some time, their age keys were not used to age Long Island Sound bluefish because North Carolina mean lengths-at-age are not consistent with modes observed in Long Island Sound bluefish length frequencies. This difference suggests that growth may vary by region, or that early and late spawned bluefish may be differentially distributed along the coast (Kendall and Walford 1979).

- ◆ **Scup.** Scales from 672 scup were collected in 2017; 385 from the spring cruise and 287 from the fall cruise. An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2017 using spring

(May-June only) and fall (September-October) LISTS data (Table 5.23). April data was omitted since very few scup are taken during the month. A total of 15,143 scup aged between 1984 and 2017 were used to make year and season specific age-length keys (1 cm intervals). In the relatively few instances when the season/year specific key failed at a given 1 cm length interval, a three-year pooled key was used to determine the age. Three-year pooled keys were calculated using the years preceding and following the “run” year. For the terminal year, only two years were used for the pooled key. Indices-at-age were computed for both spring and fall each year. Since very few scup older than age 9 are taken (less than 4% in any given year), an age 10+ group was calculated by summing indices for ages 10 and up. To represent the full adult portion of the population an age 2+ index was calculated by summing the indices for ages 2 through 10+.

- ◆ **Striped bass.** To approximate the ages of striped bass taken in the spring survey (Table 5.24), the average of the Chesapeake Bay and Hudson River striped bass von Bertalanffy parameters ($L_{\max} = 49.9$ in, $K = 0.13$, $t_0 = 0.16$, Vic Crecco, pers. comm.) were used in the rearranged von Bertalanffy equation:

$$t = (1/K) * (-\log_e ((L_{\max} - L_t) / L_{\max})) + t_0$$

Since this equation estimates age t as a fraction of a year, the estimates were rounded to the nearest year (e.g. age 3 = ages 2.5 to 3.4). A spring catch-at-age matrix was developed for 1984 through 2017 by apportioning the spring index by the percentage of fish at each age (Table 5.25).

- ◆ **Summer flounder.** The year and season specific age-length keys (1 cm intervals) used to age LISTS catches were provided by NMFS from their spring and fall trawl surveys. These keys were supplemented with fish caught and aged by LISTS (typically 60 cm and over). LISTS also provides the age data from these fish (> 60cm) to NMFS. Only summer flounder greater than or equal to 60cm were sampled for age structures during the Spring 2017 LISTS cruise. During the fall cruise, however, LISTS staff decided to also collect representative scale samples from smaller fluke once it became known that there would be no samples from NMFS for this period. The age-key was constructed using both LISTS and NMFS age data. In 2017, 142 summer flounder were aged: 3 from the spring (60 - 70cm) and 139 from the fall (16 - 69cm). Since 2001, whenever the season/year specific key failed at a given 1 cm length interval a pooled year key using only adjacent years was used (Gottschall and Pacileo 2002).
- ◆ **Tautog.** An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2015 using all survey months (Gottschall and Pacileo 2007) (Table 5.27). Ageing for 2006-2012 has been completed and preliminary ageing for 2013-2015 has been done. As 2016 (n=276) and 2017 (n=75) age samples have not yet been aged. The index-at-age matrix will be updated for 2016 and 2017 fish once the structures have been aged.
- ◆ **Weakfish.** Age 0 and age 1+ indices were calculated for both spring (1984 – 2017) and fall surveys (1984 – 2009, 2011 - 2017) (Table 5.28). Since few weakfish are taken in April, the spring geometric mean was calculated using only May and June. All weakfish taken in spring are assumed to be age 1+. Similar to bluefish, the fall age 0 and 1+

indices were calculated by using length frequencies to separate the catch. Since a break in the fall length frequencies generally occurs between 24 and 32 cm each year (Table 5.57), weakfish less than 30 cm are considered to be age 0 while those greater than or equal to 30 cm are ages 1+.

- ◆ **Winter flounder.** An index-at-age matrix was developed for 1984-2015 using April and May LISTS data (Table 5.29). June data were not used since length frequency data suggest that many adult winter flounder have left the Sound by this time (an exception was made for 1984, the first year of LISTS, because very few samples were taken in the spring months). A total of 23,697 winter flounder aged between 1984 and 2015 were used to make year and region (east of Stratford Shoal, west of Stratford Shoal) specific age-length keys in 1 cm intervals. Similar to scup and summer flounder, three year pooled keys using only the adjacent years (two years for the terminal year runs) were used to assign ages if year specific keys were not available. As 2016 (n=525) and 2017 (n=40) age samples have not yet been aged, a pooled key of from previous years was used.

Each flounder aged as described above was also assessed for maturity stage by sex following Burnett (1989). CT DEEP staging of winter flounder was verified in a cooperative study with NMFS in 2009-2010 (Gottschall and Pacileo 2011). The percentage of male and female fish in each centimeter length group that was sexually mature (ripe, resting, or spent) was calculated in order to determine the length group at which 50% was mature each year.

Species Richness by Group

The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey monitors species richness using groups of species classified as either cold temperate or warm temperate. For the purposes of tracking species richness, American sand lance, bay anchovy, and striped anchovy were omitted (see *Sampling Procedures* section). All other finfish species captured in LISTS were divided into groups based on their temperature preferences and seasonal spawning habits as documented in the literature (Collette and Klein-MacPhee 2002, Murdy et al. 1997). Species in the cold temperate group prefer water temperatures below 15°C (60°F), tend to spawn at the lower end of their temperature tolerance range, and are more abundant north of Long Island Sound than south of New York. Species in the warm temperate group prefer warmer temperatures (11-22°C or 50-77°F), tend to spawn in the upper range of their temperature tolerance, and are more abundant south of the Sound than north of Cape Cod (Appendix 5.6). Species that are not tolerant of cold temperatures, are abundant only south of Chesapeake Bay but stray into northern waters mostly as juveniles, and spawn only in the mid-Atlantic Bight and south were placed into a separate group (subtropical) and were not included in the analysis because they are typically only present in the fall LISTS.

Open Water Forage Abundance

A Long Island Sound open water forage index of abundance was compiled to measure the available food base which supports resident and migratory species within the Sound. This index is formulated as a biomass index that is assembled from 11 of the forage species that are most

common in LISTS catches along with three other species that are considered forage at an early life stage (young-of-year or YOY). The species used to generate the index are: Atlantic herring, long-finned squid, butterfish, alewife, blueback herring, American shad, hickory shad, menhaden, whiting, spotted hake, and red hake along with young-of-year scup, bluefish, and weakfish (Figure 5.16). The geometric mean biomass is calculated using the aggregate of these 14 species on a per tow basis and calculated using the same methodology as described above for individual species biomass indices.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Overview of LISTS 2017 Spring and Fall Surveys

During routine inspection of the R/V John Dempsey, the research vessel used to conduct the Long Island Sound trawl Survey (LISTS), it was discovered the cutlass bearing needed to be replaced and the rudder box serviced. While the vessel was in dry dock it was also necessary to have a number of welding repairs made to metal handrails, starboard wheelhouse door hinge, engine discharge pipe and the stern tube. These repairs were integral to the vessel's safe operation and were required to meet safety standards for the vessel's USCG Certificate of Inspection. The hydraulics on the vessel also required a badly needed overhaul. Many of the mechanisms associated with the hydraulic system were replaced including the winch drum shafts, motors, rams, net reel motor and controls. These repairs took six weeks to complete and unfortunately impacted the spring trawl survey.

There was no April sampling in 2017, and only abbreviated May sampling due to the time it took to complete the repairs. May sampling started on May 22 and continued until June 2, completing 24 sites in eight (8) days underway. June sampling began on June 12 and ended on June 29, taking twelve (12) days underway to complete the 40 sites. The Fall Survey commenced on September 7 but didn't end until October 3. Although 40 sites for September were completed in nine (9) days underway, almost two full weeks were lost for sampling since weather conditions were too rough for sampling on five (5) days and the power-take-off on the hydraulics (PTO) was inoperable for four (4) days. The 40 sites for October were completed in ten (10) days underway but took from October 11 until November 1 due to time lost to rough weather (5) and staff shortage (1 day). In total, 144 LISTS sites were completed in 40 days underway during the spring and fall 2017 surveys (Table 5.4), not including transit or changeover days.

Maps showing the sites selected versus the sites sampled during each month of sampling are provided in Figure 5.2 (April), Figure 5.3 (May), Figure 5.4 (June), Figure 5.5 (September) and Figure 5.6 (October). Within each figure the red bordered sites are the sites selected for the month and the solid blue dots indicate the actual sites sampled. If a site had to be relocated during sampling, an explanation of why it was moved is provided under the figure. Additional site/station information is provided in Table 5.5 (April), Table 5.6 (May), Table 5.7 (June), Table 5.8 (September) and Table 5.9 (October). These tables provide date of sample, time, tow duration, latitude/longitude, surface and bottom temperature and salinity, average tow speed, distance towed and approximate area swept for each tow.

Sometimes, a full 30-minute tow cannot be completed. Typical reasons for short tows include lack of room because of observed pot gear set in the immediate area, a drop in speed due

to entanglement with some object on the bottom (frequently derelict pot gear), or a complete stop in forward motion (submerged wreck or rock pile). Survey crew will often attempt to finish an interrupted tow by clearing the net (if needed) and resetting beyond the obstruction or observed gear. If this is not possible, a site may have to be moved to another site nearby with the same stratum (bottom type and depth). If the site was moved, the data from the initial site will not be used. Typically, a minimum of 15-20 minutes of tow time is required for a LISTS tow to be recorded. However, there are occasions when a tow with less than 15 minutes will be accepted, usually because there is no alternate site in the designated strata in the vicinity. Short tow information for each month in the survey is summarized in Table 5.10.

Cooperative Sample and Data Collection

LISTS staff participate in cooperative efforts for sample collections, data requests, and special projects using survey personnel, equipment, and other resources. Most of these cooperative efforts are with state researchers or agencies, the National Marine Fisheries Service, Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, New England and Mid-Atlantic Councils, and researchers or graduate students associated with state or local universities. Table 5.11 illustrates many of the organizations that requested data during the project-year, while Table 5.12 shows sample requests received and fulfilled. In recent years, many requests for samples have come from high schools, aquariums, or other educational organizations needing finfish and invertebrates for teaching purposes. Additionally, Fisheries Division staff often have sample or data requests for media or other public outreach events (see Job 11 of this report).

Number of Species Identified

LISTS observed 49 finfish species in 2017 (Table 5.13). No new vertebrate species were encountered in either of the spring or fall surveys. From 1984 to 2017, LISTS has identified 111 finfish species (Appendix 5.1), averaging 58 species per year with a range of 43 to 70 species (Figure 5.7). In addition, a total of 32 types of invertebrates were collected in 2017 (Table 5.14). Most invertebrates are identified to species. However, in some cases, invertebrates were identified to genus or a higher level taxon. One new invertebrate species, jingle shell clam (*Anomiidae* sp), was encountered in 2017 and identified to the genus level.

Total Catch

Appendix 5.4 presents a time series (1984-2017) of the finfish species collected each year and their respective rank by numbers. Annual total biomass of invertebrates is also included in this appendix (1992-2017), ranked by weight (kg). A total of 134,295 finfish weighing 18,711 kg were sampled in 2017 (Table 5.15). In the spring of 2017, a total of 59,727 finfish weighing 11,356 kg were sampled and a total of 74,568 finfish weighing 7,355 kg were sampled in fall of 2017 (Table 5.16). A total of 1,073 kg of invertebrates were taken in 2017 (Table 5.15). The total biomass of invertebrate catch taken in the spring of 2017 was 266 kg while a total of 807 kg of invertebrates were taken in fall (Table 5.17).

Length Frequencies

Length frequency tables are provided primarily to give the reader an understanding of the size range of various species taken in LISTS. Lengths are converted to age frequencies for analysis of principal species such as scup, bluefish, striped bass, summer flounder, tautog, winter flounder, and weakfish. Changes such as an expansion in the size (age) range for some important recreational species are apparent in recent years including more large scup (Table 5.52-5.53), striped bass (Table 5.54-5.55), and summer flounder (Table 5.56-5.57).

Length frequencies were prepared for 22 species:

alewife	spring and fall	1989 - 2017	Table 5.30;
American shad	spring and fall	1989 - 2017	Table 5.31;
American lobster	spring and fall (M&F)	1984 - 2017	Table 5.32-Table 5.35;
Atlantic herring	spring and fall	1989 - 2017	Table 5.36;
Atlantic menhaden	spring and fall	1996 - 2017	Table 5.37;
black sea bass	spring and fall	1987 - 2017	Table 5.38, Table 5.39
blueback herring	spring and fall	1989 - 2017	Table 5.40;
bluefish	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.41, Table 5.42;
butterfish	spring and fall	1986 - 1990, 1992 - 2017	Table 5.43;
clearnose skate	spring and fall	1993 - 2017	Table 5.44, Table 5.45;
fourspot flounder	spring and fall	1989 - 1990, 1996 - 2017	Table 5.46;
hickory shad	spring and fall	1991 - 2017	Table 5.47;
horseshoe crab	spring and fall (M&F)	1998 - 2017	Table 5.48, Table 5.49;
long-finned squid	spring and fall	1986 - 1990, 1992 - 2017	Table 5.50, Table 5.51;
scup	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.52, Table 5.53;
striped bass	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.54, Table 5.55;
summer flounder	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.56, Table 5.57;
tautog	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.58, Table 5.59;
weakfish	spring and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.60, Table 5.61;
windowpane flounder	spring and fall	1989, 1990, 1994 - 2017	Table 5.62, Table 5.63;
winter flounder	April-May and fall	1984 - 2017	Table 5.64, Table 5.65;
winter skate	spring and fall	1995 - 2017	Table 5.66.

For the years where length data are available, length frequencies were prepared for the seasons or months for which the preferred indices of abundance and catch-at-age matrices are calculated; for some species length frequencies are provided for both seasons.

Seasonal Indices of Abundance

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated from 1984-2017 for 38 finfish species plus lobster and long-finned squid (squid since 1986). All spring (April-June) and fall (September-October) data are used to compute the abundance indices presented in Tables 5.18 (spring) and 5.19 (fall), with the preferred seasonal index (for counts) denoted by an asterisk. Geometric mean biomass-per-tow indices have been calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species (or species groups) since 1992, for both spring and fall (Table 5.20 and 5.21, respectively). Age specific indices of abundance were calculated for selected important recreational species, including scup, striped bass, summer flounder, and winter flounder (see

below). Bluefish and weakfish recruitment indices were calculated using modal analyses of the length frequencies. For each of the 38 finfish species, plots including catch per tow in numbers and biomass in kilograms are illustrated in Figures 5.8 through 5.13. These figures also include plots of each of the age specific indices and recruitment indices mentioned above. Figure 5.14 provides plots of abundance (biomass) indices for crabs (lady, rock, spider; 1992-2017), American lobster (1984-2017), horseshoe crab (1992-2017), and long-finned squid (1986-2017).

Indices of Abundance: Important Recreational Species

Spring and fall abundance indices are presented in Tables 5.18-5.19. Indices of abundance at age were also calculated for seven important recreational species: bluefish (Table 5.22), scup (Table 5.23), striped bass (Table 5.24 age frequency, Table 5.25 indices at age), summer flounder (Table 5.26), tautog (Table 5.27), weakfish (Table 5.28) and winter flounder (Table 5.29). Bluefish and striped bass indices-at-age are based on the fall and spring surveys, respectively, whereas winter flounder indices-at-age are based on only the April and May cruises of the spring survey. Summer flounder, scup and weakfish indices-at-age are calculated and presented separately for each season. Modal distributions were used to calculate recruitment indices for bluefish and weakfish. Although age structures for bluefish are now being collected, it may take a few years before there is enough age data to construct a robust age key (see methods).

Species Richness by Group

The number of cold temperate and warm temperate species captured in each tow was averaged by seasonal cruise (April-June and September-October) for each year from 1984-2017 as an indicator of annual biological diversity or species richness. Trends in these indicators were tested for statistical significance by regression analysis. Results (Figure 5.18) show that the average number of warm temperate species captured/tow in spring and fall cruises has increased ($F=32.2$ and 86.7 respectively, $p<0.0001$); while the average number of cold temperate species has decreased, especially in spring ($F=52.5$, $p<0.0001$) but also in fall cruises ($F=20.2$, $p<0.0001$).

MODIFICATIONS

An analysis of the 30+ year time series of LISTS catch at age data for winter flounder is planned for the next project segment to determine how project resources will be allocated with respect to winter flounder ageing. Although winter flounder otoliths were collected in 2017 using the standard procedures outlined in the Methods, ageing of the structures was not completed for this project year due to work force limitations. Given expected further attrition in staffing levels, Project staff have begun looking at whether or not to continue the labor-intensive process of collecting, processing and ageing 400-900 winter flounder otoliths each year given the other demands upon Project resources. One alternative course of action may be to reduce the number of winter flounder ageing samples collected and/or processed. Another option may be to use a LISTS time-series pooled age key to assign ages to winter flounder lengths. Additional options may be to obtain age keys from neighboring states or use a regional key as is done for other species (such as summer flounder). Since winter flounder abundance in Long Island Sound has been decreasing for some time now (more than a decade), there is no longer a substantial

recreational (or commercial) fishery for it; therefore, Project resources may need to be allocated differently in the future.

Reallocation of staff resources may also be considered for ageing work performed on other species in addition to winter flounder. For example, in 2017, bluefish age structures collected by LISTS were sent to the Northeast Fisheries Science Center (NEFSC) for ageing. However, the resulting age data have not been evaluated by LISTS staff and bluefish ages in this report are still derived from the length frequency (see Methods). If sending bluefish age structures to NEFSC is deemed the best way to acquire the age structure information for bluefish in the future, the practice of sending the structures to them may continue. Sending age structures for other species to an outside lab for processing may also be considered.

As noted in previous reports, LISTS staff have been investigating options for converting the bulk of data collection from manual, paper-based to an electronic data acquisition system. Based on progress to-date, LISTS is hoping to move to mostly paperless data collection for the 2018 survey (see Job 6 in this report for details).

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**TABLES 5.1 - 5.29
LISTS**

Table 5.1. Specifications for the Wilcox 14 m high-rise trawl net and associated gear.

Component	Description
Headrope	9.1 m long, 13 mm combination wire rope
Footrope	14.0 m long, 13 mm combination wire rope
Sweep	Combination type, 9.5 mm chain in belly, 7.9 mm chain in wing
Floats	7 floats, plastic, 203 mm diameter
Wings	102 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
Belly	102 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
Tail Piece	76 mm mesh, #21 twisted nylon
Codend	51 mm mesh, #54 braided nylon
Ground Wires	18.2 m long, 6x7 wire, 9.5 mm diameter
Bridle Wires:	top legs 27.4 m long, 6x7 wire, 6.4 mm diameter
Bottom Legs	27.4 m long, 6x7 wire, 11.1 mm, rubber disc type, 40 mm diameter
Doors	Steel "V" type, 1.2 m long x 0.8 m high, 91 kg
Tow Warp	6x7 wire, 9.5 mm diameter

Table 5.2. The number of sites scheduled for sampling each month within the 12 depth-bottom type strata.

Bottom type	Depth Interval (m)				Totals
	0 - 9.0	9.1 - 18.2	18.3 - 27.3	27.4+	
Mud	2	3	5	5	15
Sand	2	2	2	2	8
Transitional	3	5	5	4	17
Totals	7	10	12	11	40

Table 5.3. Length and age data collected in 2017.

In addition to the species listed below, other rarely occurring species (typically totaling less than 30 fish/year each) were measured. During 2017, sixteen other species were measured during LISTS sampling as either rarely occurring species or for other research related projects

Species measured	Measurement	# tows/day	# fish measured
Alewife	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
American lobster	CL (0.1 mm)	All	min of 50 / tow
American shad	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
anchovy, bay	FL (cm)	All	min of 10 / tow
Atlantic herring	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY and min of 30 adults / tow
Atlantic menhaden	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
Atlantic sturgeon	FL (cm)	All	All
Blueback herring	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 / tow
Bluefish	FL (cm)	All	min of 30 YOY / tow, all adults
black sea bass	TL (cm)	All	All
butterfish	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY and 15 adults / tow
cunner	TL (cm)	All	All
dogfish, smooth	FL (cm)	All	All
dogfish, spiny	FL (cm)	All	All
fourspot flounder	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
hake, red	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
hake, silver (whiting)	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
hake, spotted	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
hickory shad	FL (cm)	All	All
hogchoker	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
horseshoe crab	PW (cm)	All	All
northern searobin	FL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
moonfish	FL (cm)	All	min of 10 / tow
smallmouth flounder	TL (cm)	All	min of 10 / tow
skate, clearnose	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
skate, little	TL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
skate, winter	TL (cm)	All	All
striped bass	FL (cm)	All	All
striped searobin	FL (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
scup	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY and 30 / mode for age 1+
long-finned squid	ML (cm)	All	min of 30 / tow
summer flounder	FL (cm)	All	All
tautog	TL (cm)	All	All
weakfish	FL (cm)	All	min of 15 YOY / tow, all adults
whelk , channeled	PW (mm)	All	All
whelk , knobbed	PW (mm)	All	All
windowpane flounder	TL (cm)	All	min of 50 / tow
winter flounder	TL (cm)	All	min of 100 / tow

Species aged	Structure	Subsample
bluefish	scales / otoliths	Collected each season. For each season, minimum of 50 scale and otolith samples collected from full length distribution. Spring collection may use other means of sampling to obtain the required minimum.
menhaden	scales	Collected each season. For each season, minimum of 50 scale samples collected from full length distribution.
scup	scales	Collected every month. For each month scales are taken from the following: 3 fish/cm <20 cm; 5/cm from 20-29 cm; and all fish > 30 cm.
summer flounder	scales	all fish > = 60 cm: for fish < 60 cm, scales collected from 3 fish / cm
tautog	opercular bones otoliths or pelvic fin rays	Collected from a minimum of 200 fish/year. collected from minimum 50 fish/year
weakfish	scales / otoliths	Ageing/collections discontinued in October 2014
winter flounder	otoliths	Collected during April and May from two areas in the Sound: eastern-central and western. For each month and area, subsamples are taken as follows: in the eastern-central area 7 fish / cm < 30 cm, 14 / cm from 30-36 cm, all fish > 36 cm. In the western area 5 fish / cm < 30 cm, 10/cm from 30-36 cm, all fish > than 36 cm.

Notes: min = minimum; YOY = young-of-year; FL = fork length; TL = total length; CL = carapace length; ML = mantle length; PW = prosomal width.

Table 5.4. Number of Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) samples taken by year and cruise.

In 1984, thirty-five sites per monthly cruise from April through November were scheduled for sampling. Starting in 1985, forty sites per cruise were scheduled. In 1991, the Trawl Survey was modified to a spring (April - June) and fall (September - October) format--July, August and November sampling was suspended. In 1993 and 1994, an additional cruise of 40 sites was added to the fall period. The additional fall cruise was suspended in 1995. One hundred twenty tows were conducted in 2006 due to delays in rebuilding the main engine on the R/V John Dempsey (spring) and mechanical failure/overhaul of the hydraulic power take-off (fall). Delays in overhauling the transmission in the fall of 2008 resulted in missing September sampling. The June cruise and all of fall sampling in 2010 were canceled for an engine replacement in the R/V John Dempsey. Due to delays in engine replacement, begun in 2010 but not completed until late April 2011, April sampling in 2011 was abbreviated. In 2017, commencement of the spring survey was delayed until late-May due to repairs to the research vessel.

Cruise	Year																																		
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
April	-	-	35	40	40	40	40	45*	-	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	40	40	12	40	40	40	40	36	-	
May	13	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	38	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	24
June	19	5	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	39	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	
July	35	40	40	40	40	40	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
August	34	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
September	35	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	41**	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	-	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Sept/Oct	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
October	35	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	40	40	-	40	40	-	40	40	40	39	40	40	40	40	
November	29	40	40	40	40	40	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	200	246	316	320	320	320	297	205	160	240	240	200	200	200	200	200	201	200	200	200	199	200	120	200	160	200	78	172	200	200	199	200	196	144	

Table 5.5. Station information for LISTS April 2017.

Note: no tows were conducted for the April 2017 cruise (see Results and Discussion).

Sample Number	Date	Site Number	Bottom Type	Depth Interva	Time Start	Duration (min)	Latitude	Longitude	S_Temp (sfc, C)	S_Salinity (sfc, ppt)	B_Temp (btm, C)	B_Salinity (btm, ppt)	Ave Speed (knots)	distance (nm)	Area Swept
		0010													
		0012													
		0018													
		0128													
		0212													
		0420													
		0421													
		0428													
		0515													
		0528													
		0617													
		0623													
		0526													
		0714													
		0719													
		0730													
		0823													
		0827													
		1028													
		0931													
		1128													
		1220													
		1235													
		1320													
		1325													
		1227													
		1333													
		1425													
		1437													
		1529													
		1533													
		5513													
		5709													
		5612													
		5614													
		0512													
		0511													
		0110													
		5812													
		0114													

Table 5.6. Station information for LISTS May 2017.

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Latitude (N) and Longitude (W) are displayed in decimal degrees. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are labeled as S_ and B_, respectively. Area swept is estimated by assuming the effective sweep is 2/3rds of the footrope length.

Note: 24 tows were conducted for the May 2017 cruise (see Results and Discussion).

Sample Number	Date	Site Number	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time Start	Duration (min)	Latitude	Longitude	S_Temp (sfc, C)	S_Salinity (sfc, ppt)	B_Temp (btm, C)	B_Salinity (btm, ppt)	Ave Speed (knots)	distance (nm)	Area Swept (sq.nm)
SP2017001	5/22/2017	0830	S	4	14:02	30	41.1495	-72.4835	13.2	27.5	10.9	28.5	2.6	1.2976	0.0066
SP2017002	5/23/2017	1737	T	1	8:49	30	41.2917	-72.1980	12.3	29.5	12.1	29.6	3.3	1.6389	0.0083
SP2017003	5/23/2017	1740	T	2	12:11	30	41.2903	-72.0760	12.3	29.0	11.3	30.6	3.1	1.5497	0.0078
SP2017004	5/23/2017	1437	T	4	15:06	30	41.2445	-72.2130	12.4	26.4	11.2	30.2	2.8	1.4156	0.0072
SP2017005	5/24/2017	1738	T	2	9:07	30	41.2862	-72.1620	12.3	29.7	11.5	30.5	3.1	1.5698	0.0079
SP2017006	5/24/2017	0931	S	4	13:16	30	41.1608	-72.4663	12.3	28.3	11.4	29.2	2.0	0.9950	0.0050
SP2017007	5/24/2017	0929	S	3	15:08	30	41.1625	-72.5288	12.3	28.0	11.7	28.1	2.1	1.0737	0.0054
SP2017008	5/26/2017	1332	S	1	7:32	30	41.2308	-72.4221	11.8	28.0	11.8	28.1	2.2	1.1119	0.0056
SP2017009	5/26/2017	1427	T	1	9:30	30	41.2468	-72.6064	12.1	27.6	12.0	27.6	4.0	2.0013	0.0101
SP2017010	5/26/2017	1425	M	1	11:17	10	41.2380	-72.7293	13.0	27.1	12.8	27.3	2.9	0.4860	0.0025
SP2017011	5/26/2017	1026	T	4	13:05	30	41.1755	-72.6516	12.2	27.8	11.9	27.8	2.4	1.1961	0.0060
SP2017012	5/30/2017	1432	S	2	7:28	30	41.2340	-72.4040	12.4	27.3	12.2	28.2	1.9	0.9516	0.0048
SP2017013	5/30/2017	0128	T	2	10:04	30	41.0295	-72.5825	12.2	27.4	12.0	27.4	3.3	1.6613	0.0084
SP2017014	5/30/2017	0527	T	3	14:47	30	41.1028	-72.6168	12.6	27.8	12.6	27.8	3.2	1.6156	0.0082
SP2017015	5/31/2017	0728	S	3	9:14	30	41.1250	-72.5658	12.8	27.6	12.6	27.8	2.1	1.0715	0.0054
SP2017016	5/31/2017	0429	T	3	11:11	30	41.0758	-72.5742	12.9	27.2	12.7	27.7	2.4	1.2222	0.0062
SP2017017	5/31/2017	0426	T	3	14:10	30	41.0760	-72.6435	13.3	27.1	11.8	27.4	3.7	1.8352	0.0093
SP2017018	6/1/2017	0224	M	4	10:31	30	41.0488	-72.7451	14.4	26.9	10.5	27.5	2.7	1.3349	0.0067
SP2017019	6/1/2017	0023	M	4	12:41	30	41.0295	-72.7868	14.3	27.0	10.2	27.6	2.9	1.4670	0.0074
SP2017020	6/1/2017	0823	M	3	15:07	30	41.1430	-72.8583	15.1	27.4	12.6	27.5	2.6	1.3202	0.0067
SP2017021	6/2/2017	0717	M	2	8:43	30	41.1285	-73.0496	15.3	26.9	13.2	27.2	2.8	1.3988	0.0071
SP2017022	6/2/2017	0922	M	3	11:00	30	41.1631	-72.8320	14.6	27.3	12.8	27.4	2.5	1.2548	0.0063
SP2017023	6/2/2017	1021	M	2	13:31	30	41.1707	-72.8835	16.0	27.2	13.0	27.4	3.2	1.6149	0.0082
SP2017024	6/2/2017	1123	M	2	15:13	30	41.1820	-72.8393	15.7	27.3	13.1	27.4	2.9	1.4292	0.0072

Table 5.7. Station information for LISTS June 2017.

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Latitude (N) and Longitude (W) are displayed in decimal degrees. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are labeled as S_ and B_, respectively. Area swept is estimated by assuming the effective sweep is 2/3rds of the footrope length.

Sample Number	Date	Site Number	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time Start	Duration (min)	Latitude	Longitude	S_Temp (sfc, C)	S_Salinity (sfc, ppt)	B_Tem p (btm,	B_Salinity (btm,	Ave Speed	distance (nm)	Area Swept (sq.nm)
SP2017025	6/12/2017	1737	T	1	8:10	30	41.2943	-72.1960	15.4	29.3	14.6	29.6	3.0	1.4993	0.0076
SP2017026	6/12/2017	1437	T	4	10:26	30	41.2357	-72.2592	15.0	25.1	13.7	30.1	2.3	1.1389	0.0058
SP2017027	6/12/2017	1738	T	2	12:04	30	41.2860	-72.1646	15.2	29.3	14.8	29.6	3.0	1.5031	0.0076
SP2017028	6/12/2017	1534	T	1	14:18	30	41.2488	-72.3153	15.2	28.0	14.5	29.1	2.1	1.0608	0.0054
SP2017029	6/13/2017	1332	S	1	10:03	30	41.2305	-72.3981	15.2	25.2	14.6	27.3	3.7	1.8429	0.0093
SP2017030	6/14/2017	1029	S	3	8:42	30	41.1723	-72.5313	17.8	27.3	14.4	28.2	2.4	1.2041	0.0061
SP2017031	6/14/2017	0827	T	3	10:04	30	41.1408	-72.6230	19.0	27.2	14.2	27.7	3.3	1.6576	0.0084
SP2017032	6/14/2017	0427	T	3	12:02	30	41.0770	-72.6528	20.2	27.1	14.7	27.4	2.4	1.2026	0.0061
SP2017033	6/14/2017	0730	S	4	13:48	30	41.1197	-72.5247	19.2	27.3	14.4	28.5	2.4	1.2209	0.0062
SP2017034	6/14/2017	0830	S	4	15:32	30	41.1386	-72.5206	17.2	27.8	14.3	28.8	3.0	1.4845	0.0075
SP2017035	6/15/2017	0929	S	3	8:27	30	41.1642	-72.5320	19.4	27.2	14.6	28.3	2.4	1.1770	0.0059
SP2017036	6/15/2017	5824	S	1	10:52	30	40.9758	-72.7548	19.1	26.6	13.7	27.1	3.7	1.8356	0.0093
SP2017037	6/15/2017	0022	M	4	12:34	30	41.0132	-72.8368	19.4	26.6	11.8	27.4	3.0	1.4802	0.0075
SP2017038	6/15/2017	0323	M	4	14:02	30	41.0616	-72.8456	19.5	26.6	12.9	27.4	2.7	1.3619	0.0069
SP2017039	6/15/2017	0524	T	4	15:31	30	41.0906	-72.7936	19.7	26.5	13.6	27.6	2.7	1.3533	0.0068
SP2017040	6/16/2017	1427	T	1	8:43	30	41.2353	-72.6580	16.9	27.4	16.2	27.5	3.4	1.7085	0.0086
SP2017041	6/16/2017	1327	T	2	10:19	30	41.2253	-72.6664	18.3	27.1	16.7	27.4	3.0	1.4862	0.0075
SP2017042	6/20/2017	0724	T	4	9:12	30	41.1237	-72.7376	19.2	27.0	15.1	28.0	2.7	1.3362	0.0068
SP2017043	6/20/2017	1025	T	3	10:53	25	41.1646	-72.7660	19.4	27.1	15.4	28.1	3.5	1.4730	0.0074
SP2017044	6/20/2017	1026	T	4	12:57	30	41.1653	-72.7131	19.7	27.2	15.7	28.2	3.0	1.5051	0.0076
SP2017045	6/21/2017	0515	M	2	8:26	30	41.0930	-73.1262	16.0	26.9	14.2	27.2	3.2	1.5850	0.0080
SP2017046	6/21/2017	0013	M	4	10:09	30	41.0098	-73.2081	20.1	26.5	12.8	27.3	2.7	1.3572	0.0069
SP2017047	6/21/2017	5513	S	2	11:44	30	40.9270	-73.2501	20.0	26.1	17.5	26.5	3.2	1.6155	0.0082
SP2017048	6/21/2017	5813	M	3	13:36	30	40.9683	-73.2688	21.3	26.6	13.6	27.1	3.4	1.6906	0.0085
SP2017049	6/22/2017	0514	M	2	8:38	25	41.0958	-73.1652	16.9	25.1	14.0	27.2	3.2	1.3532	0.0068
SP2017050	6/22/2017	5712	T	2	11:40	30	40.9590	-73.2473	20.8	26.5	13.5	27.2	2.9	1.4570	0.0074
SP2017051	6/22/2017	5709	S	2	13:35	30	40.9603	-73.4052	20.9	26.0	14.6	26.9	2.8	1.3910	0.0070
SP2017052	6/23/2017	0612	M	1	8:52	30	41.1092	-73.2728	19.6	26.1	17.5	26.7	3.5	1.7495	0.0088
SP2017053	6/23/2017	1100	T	3	10:42	30	41.0312	-73.3236	18.5	26.5	13.5	27.2	2.9	1.4351	0.0073
SP2017054	6/23/2017	0611	M	1	12:44	30	41.1027	-73.3173	20.9	26.5	15.5	26.9	3.5	1.7666	0.0089
SP2017055	6/26/2017	0315	M	3	8:40	30	41.0643	-73.1219	19.0	26.5	14.9	27.4	3.4	1.7060	0.0086
SP2017056	6/26/2017	0019	M	3	13:18	27	40.9920	-73.0406	19.7	26.5	14.5	27.4	3.2	1.4407	0.0073
SP2017057	6/27/2017	0820	M	3	8:03	30	41.1345	-72.9718	19.7	26.9	16.1	27.9	3.1	1.5348	0.0078
SP2017058	6/27/2017	0420	M	4	9:54	30	41.0860	-72.9195	19.3	26.7	15.5	27.9	3.5	1.7436	0.0088
SP2017059	6/27/2017	0521	M	4	12:24	30	41.0843	-72.9286	19.9	26.7	15.5	28.0	2.3	1.1735	0.0059
SP2017060	6/27/2017	0821	M	3	14:02	30	41.1027	-72.9243	20.4	26.7	16.2	27.8	3.1	1.5643	0.0079
SP2017061	6/28/2017	1323	M	2	8:49	30	41.2058	-72.9223	19.1	27.6	18.6	27.7	3.3	1.6645	0.0084
SP2017062	6/28/2017	1225	T	2	11:08	30	41.2070	-72.7188	19.8	27.6	18.4	27.9	3.7	1.8735	0.0095
SP2017063	6/28/2017	1126	T	3	12:41	30	41.1866	-72.7203	20.1	27.5	18.4	28.0	2.5	1.2563	0.0063
SP2017064	6/29/2017	0819	T	2	8:17	30	41.1358	-73.0197	19.4	27.3	16.2	27.8	3.3	1.6443	0.0083

Table 5.8. Station information for LISTS September 2017.

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Latitude (N) and Longitude (W) are displayed in decimal degrees. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are labeled as S_ and B_, respectively. Area swept is estimated by assuming the effective sweep is 2/3rds of the footrope length.

Sample Number	Date	Site Number	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time Start	Duration (min)	Latitude	Longitude	S_Temp (sfc, C)	S_Salinity (sfc, ppt)	B_Temp (btm, C)	B_Salinity (btm, ppt)	Ave Speed	distance (nm)	Area Swept (sq.nm)
FA2017001	9/7/2017	1837	T	1	8:33	30	41.2853	-72.1986	20.2	30.0	19.8	30.3	.	.	.
FA2017002	9/7/2017	1840	T	1	10:48	30	41.3293	-72.0850	20.4	28.6	19.6	30.4	.	.	.
FA2017003	9/7/2017	1740	T	2	12:55	30	41.2952	-72.0721	19.6	30.5	19.3	30.7	.	.	.
FA2017004	9/11/2017	1437	T	4	7:40	30	41.2318	-72.2648	19.4	29.3	19.4	30.3	3.3	1.6730	0.0085
FA2017005	9/11/2017	1436	T	4	9:34	30	41.2473	-72.2228	19.5	29.3	19.3	30.3	2.8	1.3829	0.0070
FA2017006	9/11/2017	0931	S	4	11:37	30	41.1588	-72.4393	20.4	29.1	20.4	29.2	.	.	.
FA2017007	9/18/2017	0830	S	4	9:20	30	41.1487	-72.4791	20.5	29.3	20.2	29.7	.	.	.
FA2017008	9/18/2017	0126	T	3	11:13	30	41.0302	-72.6293	21.7	28.1	21.1	28.7	2.8	1.3980	0.0071
FA2017009	9/18/2017	0027	T	2	12:35	30	41.0081	-72.6490	21.6	28.0	21.3	28.2	3.4	1.6928	0.0086
FA2017010	9/18/2017	0129	S	2	14:40	30	41.0310	-72.5638	21.7	28.1	21.3	28.5	2.7	1.3739	0.0069
FA2017011	9/18/2017	0428	S	3	16:25	30	41.0826	-72.5765	21.7	28.2	21.0	28.7	3.1	1.5548	0.0079
FA2017012	9/25/2017	0529	S	3	8:58	30	41.0987	-72.5406	21.1	28.5	20.8	29.0	2.8	1.4095	0.0071
FA2017013	9/25/2017	5924	M	3	11:15	30	41.0023	-72.7310	22.1	28.3	21.1	28.2	.	.	.
FA2017014	9/25/2017	5824	S	1	13:03	30	40.9805	-72.7357	22.3	28.1	21.5	28.1	3.5	1.7290	0.0087
FA2017015	9/25/2017	5823	S	1	14:08	28	40.9786	-72.7881	22.1	28.1	21.3	28.0	3.3	1.5238	0.0077
FA2017016	9/25/2017	0123	M	4	15:31	30	41.0363	-72.7955	23.2	28.4	20.9	28.6	3.0	1.4973	0.0076
FA2017017	9/26/2017	0415	M	3	8:35	30	41.0723	-73.1404	22.5	27.8	21.3	28.0	2.9	1.4609	0.0074
FA2017018	9/26/2017	5912	M	3	10:08	30	40.9963	-73.2433	22.3	27.7	21.2	27.9	3.3	1.6393	0.0083
FA2017019	9/26/2017	5712	T	2	11:34	30	40.9478	-73.3019	22.3	27.7	21.6	27.7	3.0	1.5055	0.0076
FA2017020	9/26/2017	0113	M	4	13:12	30	41.0230	-73.2583	23.1	27.7	21.2	28.1	2.6	1.2774	0.0065
FA2017021	9/26/2017	5918	M	3	15:04	30	40.9886	-73.0385	22.8	27.8	21.2	28.1	3.0	1.4763	0.0075
FA2017022	9/27/2017	0412	M	2	9:04	30	41.0793	-73.2581	22.6	27.8	21.3	28.0	3.1	1.5257	0.0077
FA2017023	9/27/2017	0511	M	2	10:27	30	41.0923	-73.3131	23.1	27.9	21.8	27.8	3.1	1.5359	0.0078
FA2017024	9/27/2017	0110	T	3	12:02	30	41.0310	-73.3230	22.5	27.8	21.3	28.0	.	.	.
FA2017025	9/27/2017	0214	M	3	14:24	30	41.0400	-73.2186	22.9	27.8	21.1	28.2	.	.	.
FA2017026	9/29/2017	1319	M	1	7:42	30	41.1992	-73.0118	21.6	27.6	21.7	27.9	3.4	1.7238	0.0087
FA2017027	9/29/2017	0219	M	4	10:07	30	41.0405	-72.9985	21.2	28.3	20.9	28.6	3.2	1.5855	0.0080
FA2017028	9/29/2017	0118	M	4	11:41	30	41.0341	-72.9863	21.3	28.2	20.9	28.6	2.9	1.4503	0.0073
FA2017029	9/29/2017	0323	M	4	15:14	30	41.0608	-72.8400	21.4	28.6	20.9	28.7	2.6	1.2903	0.0065
FA2017030	10/2/2017	1021	M	2	8:13	30	41.1606	-72.9300	20.4	27.9	20.5	28.2	2.8	1.3888	0.0070
FA2017031	10/2/2017	0625	T	4	9:54	30	41.0996	-72.7560	20.3	28.6	20.7	28.9	3.1	1.5286	0.0077
FA2017032	10/2/2017	0526	T	3	11:19	30	41.0908	-72.6951	20.5	28.3	20.7	28.9	3.3	1.6702	0.0084
FA2017033	10/2/2017	0926	T	4	12:46	30	41.1483	-72.7036	20.2	28.7	20.3	28.8	3.6	1.7830	0.0090
FA2017034	10/2/2017	0827	T	3	14:21	30	41.1342	-72.6773	20.4	28.6	20.5	29.0	3.4	1.6842	0.0085
FA2017035	10/2/2017	1126	T	3	15:45	30	41.1883	-72.7091	20.6	28.4	20.5	28.6	2.9	1.4470	0.0073
FA2017036	10/3/2017	1327	T	2	8:58	26	41.2415	-72.6187	19.9	29.2	19.8	29.2	3.5	1.5110	0.0076
FA2017037	10/3/2017	1225	T	2	10:15	30	41.2082	-72.7138	20.1	28.5	20.3	28.8	3.1	1.5720	0.0079
FA2017038	10/3/2017	1427	T	1	11:41	30	41.2342	-72.6660	20.2	28.6	20.1	28.7	3.9	1.9573	0.0099
FA2017039	10/3/2017	1425	M	1	13:11	30	41.2370	-72.7213	20.3	28.2	20.0	28.2	2.8	1.3760	0.0070
FA2017040	10/3/2017	1433	S	2	15:49	30	41.2373	-72.4127	19.5	29.7	19.5	29.7	3.0	1.5104	0.0076

Table 5.9. Station information for LISTS October 2017.

Standard LISTS tows in the spring begin with SP and fall begins with FA. Latitude (N) and Longitude (W) are displayed in decimal degrees. Surface and bottom temperature and salinity are labeled as S_ and B_, respectively. Area swept is estimated by assuming the effective sweep is 2/3rds of the footrope length

Sample Number	Date	Site Number	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time Start	Duration (min)	Latitude	Longitude	S_Temp (sfc, C)	S_Salinity (sfc, ppt)	B_Temp (btm, C)	B_Salinity (btm, ppt)	Ave Speed (knots)	distance (nm)	Area Swept (sq.nm)
FA2017041	10/17/2017	1428	T	1	8:35	30	41.2481	-72.5765	18.7	29.2	18.8	29.4	3.6	1.8021	0.0091
FA2017042	10/17/2017	1427	T	1	10:02	30	41.2468	-72.6068	18.7	29.1	18.8	29.3	3.1	1.5333	0.0077
FA2017043	10/17/2017	1325	T	2	11:24	30	41.2260	-72.7264	19.1	28.7	19.1	28.8	2.5	1.2335	0.0062
FA2017044	10/17/2017	1126	T	3	12:35	23	41.1890	-72.7072	19.3	28.8	19.3	28.9	3.8	1.4546	0.0074
FA2017045	10/17/2017	1127	T	3	14:24	30	41.1810	-72.6541	19.5	28.9	19.3	29.1	3.8	1.8950	0.0096
FA2017046	10/18/2017	1327	T	2	8:11	30	41.2385	-72.5936	18.4	28.9	18.4	28.9	3.5	1.7641	0.0089
FA2017047	10/18/2017	1423	T	1	10:32	30	41.2401	-72.8069	18.1	28.4	18.1	28.5	2.9	1.4501	0.0073
FA2017048	10/18/2017	1022	M	2	11:52	30	41.1866	-72.8220	19.2	28.7	19.0	28.7	2.6	1.3087	0.0066
FA2017049	10/18/2017	0426	T	3	13:56	30	41.0648	-72.7008	19.6	28.7	19.3	28.8	3.8	1.8757	0.0095
FA2017050	10/19/2017	0929	S	3	8:50	30	41.1650	-72.5298	19.0	29.4	19.1	29.4	3.3	1.6499	0.0083
FA2017051	10/19/2017	0629	S	4	10:30	30	41.1017	-72.5663	19.1	29.4	19.1	29.4	2.2	1.1069	0.0056
FA2017052	10/19/2017	0429	T	3	12:39	30	41.0808	-72.5416	19.1	29.3	19.1	29.4	3.6	1.8138	0.0092
FA2017053	10/19/2017	0129	S	2	14:20	30	41.0295	-72.5668	19.1	28.6	19.1	28.7	2.0	0.9991	0.0051
FA2017054	10/20/2017	1335	T	4	7:45	30	41.2242	-72.3106	18.2	29.8	18.6	30.4	1.6	0.7772	0.0039
FA2017055	10/20/2017	0927	T	4	10:15	30	41.1675	-72.6108	18.9	22.6	19.0	29.2	3.4	1.7213	0.0087
FA2017056	10/20/2017	0920	T	2	12:56	30	41.1648	-72.9205	19.1	28.3	19.1	28.5	2.8	1.4061	0.0071
FA2017057	10/20/2017	1020	T	2	14:19	30	41.1801	-72.9240	19.0	28.2	18.9	28.3	2.4	1.2153	0.0061
FA2017058	10/23/2017	0417	T	3	8:16	30	41.0860	-73.0263	19.0	28.3	19.2	28.5	3.1	1.5646	0.0079
FA2017059	10/23/2017	0017	M	4	9:53	30	41.0180	-73.0240	19.2	28.4	19.3	28.6	3.2	1.6136	0.0082
FA2017060	10/23/2017	0015	T	4	11:49	21	41.0110	-73.1176	19.4	28.3	19.3	28.5	3.1	1.0708	0.0054
FA2017061	10/25/2017	0313	M	3	8:52	26	41.0570	-73.2156	19.2	28.0	19.5	28.4	2.9	1.2695	0.0064
FA2017062	10/25/2017	5513	S	2	10:33	30	40.9253	-73.2515	18.9	27.5	19.0	27.9	3.2	1.6091	0.0081
FA2017063	10/25/2017	5812	M	3	12:40	30	40.9743	-73.2933	19.4	28.0	19.3	28.2	2.9	1.4409	0.0073
FA2017064	10/25/2017	0311	T	2	14:52	30	41.0468	-73.3215	19.4	28.2	19.4	28.3	3.1	1.5306	0.0077
FA2017065	10/26/2017	0513	M	2	8:50	30	41.0981	-73.2116	18.6	27.3	19.3	28.3	3.1	1.5292	0.0077
FA2017066	10/26/2017	0212	M	3	10:45	19	41.0448	-73.2396	19.0	28.2	19.3	28.3	2.8	0.9019	0.0046
FA2017067	10/26/2017	0413	M	3	12:36	30	41.0603	-73.2646	18.7	28.0	19.4	28.3	2.8	1.4079	0.0071
FA2017068	10/26/2017	1119	M	2	14:56	30	41.1873	-73.0074	18.7	28.0	18.8	28.0	3.2	1.5914	0.0080
FA2017069	10/26/2017	1319	M	1	16:59	30	41.2013	-73.0023	18.4	27.9	18.5	28.0	3.4	1.6938	0.0086
FA2017070	11/1/2017	1320	M	1	7:57	30	41.2032	-72.9903	16.1	26.4	17.4	27.9	3.1	1.5713	0.0079
FA2017071	11/1/2017	0221	M	4	10:07	30	41.0352	-72.9360	17.4	28.3	17.9	28.7	3.1	1.5432	0.0078
FA2017072	11/1/2017	5922	M	3	11:55	30	40.9867	-72.8900	17.4	28.4	17.4	28.5	3.6	1.7782	0.0090
FA2017073	11/1/2017	0322	M	4	14:13	20	41.0500	-72.8806	17.3	28.3	17.9	28.6	3.1	1.0363	0.0052
FA2017074	11/1/2017	0728	S	3	16:15	30	41.1145	-72.6157	17.5	28.8	17.7	29.0	2.3	1.1454	0.0058
FA2017075	11/2/2017	0125	T	4	9:11	30	41.0211	-72.6898	17.6	28.7	17.7	28.7	3.2	1.5969	0.0081
FA2017076	11/2/2017	0323	M	4	11:13	30	41.0708	-72.7976	17.8	28.8	17.6	28.9	2.7	1.3504	0.0068
FA2017077	11/2/2017	0124	M	4	13:19	30	41.0290	-72.7530	17.8	28.7	17.7	28.9	2.2	1.1094	0.0056
FA2017078	11/2/2017	5825	S	1	14:59	30	40.9981	-72.7370	17.4	28.6	17.0	28.5	3.6	1.8047	0.0091
FA2017079	11/3/2017	1333	S	1	8:11	30	41.2318	-72.3938	17.1	28.7	17.1	28.7	3.4	1.7244	0.0087
FA2017080	11/3/2017	0830	S	4	10:08	30	41.1490	-72.4805	17.1	28.9	17.4	29.2	3.3	1.6740	0.0085

Table 5.10. Samples with non-standard tow durations and reasons for incomplete tows, spring and fall 2017.*Standard LISTS tows begin with SP (spring) or FA (fall).*

Sample	Date	Site	Bottom Type	Depth Interval	Time	Duration	Reason	Comments
MAY								
SP2017010	5/26/2017	1425	M	1	11:17	10	speed drop	string of conch pots; no room to complete tow
JUNE								
SP2017043	6/20/2017	1025	T	3	10:53	25		
SP2017049	6/22/2017	0514	M	2	8:38	25	speed drop	tow done in multiple parts; snagged active gear in first part & ghost gear in second part; damage to net
SP2017056	6/26/2017	0019	M	3	13:18	27	ran out of room	started boost early because known hang ahead
SEPT								
FA2017015	9/25/2017	5823	S	1	14:08	28	ran out of room	started boost early because known hang ahead
FA2017036	10/3/2017	1327	T	2	8:58	26	hang	popped off during haul back; no damage to net
OCT								
FA2017044	10/17/2017	1126	T	3	12:35	23	ran out of room	hang ahead
FA2017060	10/23/2017	0015	T	4	11:49	21	speed drop	string of pot gear; major damage to net
FA2017061	10/25/2017	0313	M	3	8:52	26	pot gear	buoys on both doors; no pots in net
FA2017066	10/26/2017	0212	M	3	10:45	19	speed drop	string of pot gear; damage to net
FA2017073	11/1/2017	0322	M	4	14:13	20	speed drop	string of ghost gear; damage to net

Table 5.11. Data requests by month.

MONTH	REQUEST	ORGANIZATION OR PURPOSE
January	LISTS BSB data	ASMFC TC
	LISTS species richness data	media
February	LISTS HOR data	CT DEEP
	LISTS HOR data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS abundance indices	Dominion
March	LISTS STB data	NY DEC
	LISTS WFL data	ASMFC TC
	LISTS BLF data	ASMFC TC
	LISTS ATH data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS PGY data	ASMFC TC
April	LISTS BLF data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS MEN data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
May	LISTS lobster lengths for Stock Assessment	ASMFC TC
	LISTS SFL data	ASMFC TC
	LISTS data for ALW, BBH	UC Santa Cruz
	LISTS indices of abundance various species	Normandeau Assoc.
	MEN data	Dominion
June	LISTS species indicators for LISS	EPA
	LISTS MKR data	ASMFC TC
	LISTS STB data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS WFL age matrix	ASMFC TC
July	LISTS whelk data	NY DEC
	LISTS BKF data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS data for ATS	ASMFC TC
August	LISTS invertebrate data	Norwalk Aquarium
	LISTS SPD data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS LOB data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS WKF data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	WFL data	ASMFC TC
September	LISTS ATS data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS BSB data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS SFL data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS PGY data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS species indicators for LISS	EPA
October	MEN data	CT DEEP
November	LISTS WFL data for Compliance Report	ASMFC TC
	LISTS BADD index	EPA LISS
	LISTS LOB data	CT DEEP
December	LISTS indices of abundance various species	CT DEEP

Table 5.12. Sample requests by month.

MONTH	REQUEST	ORGANIZATION OR PURPOSE
May	squid & various finfish specimens for dissection class	Putnam High School
	hermit crabs	UConn
	variety of hardy fish & invertebrates for "Stormwater Classroom"	East Lyme School System
	variety of fish for x-ray of head structures for ageing manual	ASMFC
	tautog tissue samples for DNA study	VIMS
	channeled and knobbed whelk (conch)	NY DEC
June	channeled and knobbed whelk (conch)	NY DEC
	tautog tissue samples for DNA study	VIMS
	hermit crabs	UConn
September	channeled and knobbed whelk (conch)	NY DEC
October	squid & various finfish specimens for dissection class	Putnam High School
	channeled and knobbed whelk (conch)	NY DEC
	stripers for PCB study	NY DEC
November	channeled and knobbed whelk (conch)	NY DEC

Table 5.13. List of finfish species observed in 2017.

Forty-nine finfish species were observed in 2017. Since 1984, one hundred-eleven species of finfish have been identified in LISTS (see Appendix 5.1 for the full list of species).

Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
anchovy, bay	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	jack, crevalle	<i>Caranx hippos</i>
bigeye	<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	kingfish, northern	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>
black sea bass	<i>Centropristis striata</i>	lizardfish, inshore	<i>Synodus foetens</i>
blue runner	<i>Caranx crysos</i>	mackerel, Atlantic	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>
bluefish	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>	mackerel, Spanish	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>
butterfish	<i>Peprilus triacanthus</i>	menhaden, Atlantic	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>
cod, Atlantic	<i>Gadus morhua</i>	moonfish	<i>Selene setapinnis</i>
cunner	<i>Tautoglabrus adspersus</i>	puffer, northern	<i>Sphoeroides maculatus</i>
dogfish, smooth	<i>Mustelus canis</i>	sand lance, American	<i>Ammodytes americanus</i>
dogfish, spiny	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>	scad, rough	<i>Trachurus lathamii</i>
drum, black	<i>Pogonias cromis</i>	scup	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>
flounder, fourspot	<i>Paralichthys oblongus</i>	searobin, northern	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>
flounder, smallmouth	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>	searobin, striped	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>
flounder, summer	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>	shad, American	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>
flounder, windowpane	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>	shad, hickory	<i>Alosa mediocris</i>
flounder, winter	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>	skate, clearnose	<i>Raja eglanteria</i>
glasseye snapper	<i>Priacanthus cruentatus</i>	skate, little	<i>Leucoraja erinacea</i>
goby, naked	<i>Gobiosoma boscii</i>	skate, winter	<i>Leucoraja ocellata</i>
hake, red	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	spot	<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>
hake, silver	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	striped bass	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>
hake, spotted	<i>Urophycis regia</i>	sturgeon, Atlantic	<i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>
herring, Atlantic	<i>Clupea harengus</i>	tautog	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>
herring, alewife	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>	toadfish, oyster	<i>Opsanus tau</i>
herring, blueback	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>	weakfish	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>
hogchoker	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>		

Names taken from: Common and scientific names of fishes from the United States, Canada and Mexico, Sixth Edition (Nelson et al. 2004).

Table 5.14. List of invertebrates observed in 2017.

In 2017, thirty-two invertebrate "species" were identified. In most cases, invertebrates are identified to species; however, species that are very similar are identified to genus, and in difficult cases, to a higher taxon.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
anemones	<i>anemomes spp.</i>	jellyfish, lion's mane	<i>Cyanea capillata</i>
arks	<i>Noetia-Anadara spp.</i>	lobster, American	<i>Homarus americanus</i>
bryozoan, bushy	<i>Phylum Bryozoa</i>	mussel, blue	<i>Mytilus edulis</i>
clam, hard clams	<i>Artica-Mercinaria-Pitar sp.</i>	northern moon snail	<i>Lunatia heros</i>
clam, surf	<i>Spisula solidissima</i>	oyster, common	<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>
clams, jingle shell	<i>Anomiidae sp.</i>	sea urchin, purple	<i>Arbacia punctulata</i>
coral, star	<i>Astrangia poculata</i>	shrimp, ghost	<i>Gilvossius setimanus</i>
crab, mud	<i>Family Xanthidae</i>	shrimp, mantis	<i>Squilla empusa</i>
crab, blue	<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>	shrimp, sand	<i>Crangon septemspinosa</i>
crab, flat claw hermit	<i>Pagurus pollicaris</i>	slipper shell, common	<i>Crepidula fornicata</i>
crab, horseshoe	<i>Limulus polyphemus</i>	sponge spp.	<i>sponge spp.</i>
crab, lady	<i>Ovalipes ocellatus</i>	sponge, boring	<i>Cliona celate</i>
crab, rock	<i>Cancer irroratus</i>	sponge, red bearded	<i>Microciona prolifera</i>
crab, spider	<i>Libinia emarginata</i>	squid, longfin inshore	<i>Loligo pealeii</i>
hydroid spp.	<i>hydroid spp.</i>	whelk, channeled	<i>Busycotypus canaliculatus</i>
jelly, comb	<i>Phylum Ctenophora</i>	whelk, knobbed	<i>Busycon carica</i>

Table 5.15. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2017.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year anchovies and Gadids are neither separated by species nor quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size) = 144.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	75,763	56.4	9,616.8	51.4					
butterfish	35,814	26.7	1,426.0	7.6	Finfish not ranked				
weakfish	5,904	4.4	311.2	1.7	anchovy spp, (yoy)				
striped searobin	3,942	2.9	1,400.0	7.5	Atlantic herring, (yoy)				
bluefish	2,408	1.8	263.6	1.4	American sand lance (yoy)				
smooth dogfish	1,624	1.2	3,391.3	18.1	gadid spp, (yoy)				
northern searobin	1,430	1.1	196.2	1.0					
spotted hake	1,253	0.9	111.2	0.6	Invertebrates				
bay anchovy	1,069	0.8	7.7	0.0	longfin inshore squid	14,186	96.5	584.5	54.5
black sea bass	980	0.7	714.8	3.8	horseshoe crab	112	0.8	224.4	20.9
windowpane flounder	974	0.7	127.1	0.7	spider crab	nc		129.4	12.1
hogchoker	391	0.3	50.1	0.3	boring sponge	nc		46.9	4.4
fourspot flounder	366	0.3	67.9	0.4	common slipper shell	nc		20.8	1.9
summer flounder	354	0.3	244.0	1.3	bushy bryozoan	nc		12.1	1.1
silver hake	309	0.2	12.3	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc		8.3	0.8
moonfish	273	0.2	4.2	0.0	knobbed whelk	36	0.2	7.3	0.7
Atlantic menhaden	239	0.2	72.2	0.4	mantis shrimp	173	1.2	7.3	0.7
American shad	230	0.2	21.0	0.1	blue crab	18	0.1	4.1	0.4
red hake	152	0.1	11.9	0.1	American lobster	12	0.1	4.0	0.4
spot	114	0.1	10.5	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	102	0.7	3.7	0.3
little skate	113	0.1	63.0	0.3	lady crab	nc		3.5	0.3
winter flounder	112	0.1	27.7	0.1	blue mussel	nc		2.7	0.3
blueback herring	89	0.1	3.5	0.0	channeled whelk	18	0.1	2.4	0.2
tautog	77	0.1	99.0	0.5	sand shrimp	nc		1.6	0.1
clearnose skate	73	0.1	147.1	0.8	hard clams	5	0.0	1.2	0.1
striped bass	73	0.1	186.8	1.0	comb jelly spp	24	0.2	1.2	0.1
smallmouth flounder	44	0.0	2.0	0.0	hydroid spp.	nc		1.1	0.1
alewife	38	0.0	2.0	0.0	arks	6	0.0	1.1	0.1
winter skate	19	0.0	34.1	0.2	mud crabs	nc		1.1	0.1
northern kingfish	11	0.0	2.3	0.0	northern moon snail	nc		1.0	0.1
Atlantic herring	10	0.0	1.1	0.0	rock crab	nc		0.8	0.1
American sand lance	7	0.0	0.1	0.0	surf clam	10	0.1	0.8	0.1
rough scad	7	0.0	0.6	0.0	red bearded sponge	nc		0.5	0.0
Atlantic cod	4	0.0	0.1	0.0	purple sea urchin	3	0.0	0.4	0.0
cunner	4	0.0	0.5	0.0	star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
hickory shad	4	0.0	1.3	0.0	anemones	nc		0.1	0.0
northern puffer	4	0.0	0.7	0.0	ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Atlantic mackerel	3	0.0	1.3	0.0	jingle shell clams	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
spiny dogfish	3	0.0	15.6	0.1	common oyster	nc		0.1	0.0
black drum	2	0.0	0.2	0.0	mixed sponge species	nc		0.1	0.0
Atlantic sturgeon	1	0.0	60.9	0.3	Total	14,707		1,072.9	
blue runner	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	Note: nc= not counted				
bigeye	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
crevalle jack	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
glasseye snapper	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
inshore lizardfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
naked goby	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
Spanish mackerel	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
oyster toadfish	1	0.0	0.3	0.0					
Total	134,295		18,710.9						

Table 5.16. Total counts and weight (kg) of finfish taken in the spring and fall sampling periods, 2017.
Species are listed in order of descending count. Young-of-year bay anchovy, striped anchovy, Atlantic herring, American sand lance and Gadids are not included. Number of tows (sample sizes): Spring = 64 and Fall = 80.

species	Spring				species	Fall			
	count	%	weight	%		count	%	weight	%
scup	47,393	79.3	7,472.3	65.8	butterfish	32,323	43.3	1,146.6	15.6
butterfish	3,491	5.8	279.4	2.5	scup	28,371	38.0	2,144.5	29.2
striped searobin	3,124	5.2	1,076.3	9.5	weakfish	5,816	7.8	274.8	3.7
northern searobin	1,231	2.1	168.9	1.5	bluefish	2,397	3.2	252.0	3.4
black sea bass	828	1.4	637.6	5.6	smooth dogfish	1,240	1.7	2,458.6	33.4
spotted hake	823	1.4	45.8	0.4	bay anchovy	920	1.2	6.9	0.1
windowpane flounder	544	0.9	74.6	0.7	striped searobin	818	1.1	323.7	4.4
smooth dogfish	384	0.6	932.7	8.2	spotted hake	430	0.6	65.4	0.9
fourspot flounder	359	0.6	66.0	0.6	windowpane flounder	430	0.6	52.5	0.7
silver hake	290	0.5	9.9	0.1	moonfish	273	0.4	4.2	0.1
hogchoker	212	0.4	24.6	0.2	American shad	227	0.3	20.1	0.3
summer flounder	185	0.3	125.9	1.1	northern searobin	198	0.3	27.3	0.4
bay anchovy	149	0.2	0.8	0.0	hogchoker	179	0.2	25.5	0.3
Atlantic menhaden	122	0.2	47.2	0.4	summer flounder	169	0.2	118.1	1.6
red hake	119	0.2	8.2	0.1	black sea bass	152	0.2	77.2	1.0
winter flounder	99	0.2	24.7	0.2	Atlantic menhaden	118	0.2	25.0	0.3
weakfish	88	0.1	36.4	0.3	spot	114	0.2	10.5	0.1
little skate	83	0.1	45.9	0.4	blueback herring	89	0.1	3.5	0.0
tautog	63	0.1	88.3	0.8	clearnose skate	53	0.1	111.1	1.5
striped bass	46	0.1	113.4	1.0	red hake	33	0.0	3.7	0.1
clearnose skate	19	0.0	36.0	0.3	alewife	30	0.0	1.2	0.0
smallmouth flounder	16	0.0	0.9	0.0	little skate	30	0.0	17.1	0.2
bluefish	11	0.0	11.6	0.1	smallmouth flounder	28	0.0	1.1	0.0
Atlantic herring	10	0.0	1.1	0.0	striped bass	27	0.0	73.4	1.0
alewife	8	0.0	0.8	0.0	silver hake	19	0.0	2.4	0.0
American sand lance	7	0.0	0.1	0.0	tautog	14	0.0	10.7	0.1
winter skate	6	0.0	8.6	0.1	winter flounder	13	0.0	3.0	0.0
Atlantic cod	4	0.0	0.1	0.0	winter skate	13	0.0	25.5	0.3
cunner	4	0.0	0.5	0.0	northern kingfish	10	0.0	2.1	0.0
American shad	3	0.0	0.9	0.0	fourspot flounder	7	0.0	1.9	0.0
spiny dogfish	3	0.0	15.6	0.1	rough scad	7	0.0	0.6	0.0
hickory shad	2	0.0	0.6	0.0	northern puffer	4	0.0	0.7	0.0
northern kingfish	1	0.0	0.2	0.0	Atlantic mackerel	3	0.0	1.3	0.0
Total	59,727		11,355.9		black drum	2	0.0	0.2	0.0
					hickory shad	2	0.0	0.7	0.0
					Atlantic sturgeon	1	0.0	60.9	0.8
					blue runner	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					bigeye	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					crevalle jack	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					glasseye snapper	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					inshore lizardfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					naked goby	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					Spanish mackerel	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					oyster toadfish	1	0.0	0.3	0.0
					Total	74,568		7,355.0	

Table 5.17. Total catch of invertebrates taken in the spring and fall sampling periods, 2017.
Species are ranked by total weight (kg). Number of tows (sample sizes): Spring = 64 and Fall = 80.

species	Spring				species	Fall			
	count	%	weight	%		count	%	weight	%
spider crab	nc		117.9	44.4	longfin inshore squid	13,370	98.2	532.9	66.0
longfin inshore squid	816	74.7	51.6	19.4	horseshoe crab	95	0.7	189.6	23.5
horseshoe crab	17	2	34.8	13.1	boring sponge	nc		28.8	3.6
boring sponge	nc		18.1	6.8	spider crab	nc		11.5	1.4
common slipper shell	nc		12.3	4.6	bushy bryozoan	nc		8.8	1.1
mantis shrimp	107	10	4.4	1.7	common slipper shell	nc		8.5	1.1
bushy bryozoan	nc		3.3	1.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc		6.1	0.8
blue crab	14	1.3	3.2	1.2	knobbed whelk	20	0.1	5.0	0.6
American lobster	10	0.9	2.9	1.1	mantis shrimp	66	0.5	2.9	0.4
lady crab	nc		2.8	1.1	lion's mane jellyfish	7	0.1	1.4	0.2
lion's mane jellyfish	95	8.7	2.3	0.9	channeled whelk	7	0.1	1.3	0.2
knobbed whelk	16	1.5	2.3	0.9	hard clams	5	0.0	1.2	0.1
flat claw hermit crab	nc		2.2	0.8	comb jelly spp	24	0.2	1.2	0.1
blue mussel	nc		2	0.8	American lobster	2	0.0	1.1	0.1
sand shrimp	nc		1.6	0.6	blue crab	4	0.0	0.9	0.1
channeled whelk	11	1.0	1.1	0.4	hydroid spp.	nc		0.8	0.1
rock crab	nc		0.7	0.3	surf clam	10	0.1	0.8	0.1
northern moon snail	nc		0.7	0.3	lady crab	nc		0.7	0.1
arks	4	0.4	0.6	0.2	blue mussel	nc		0.7	0.1
mud crabs	nc		0.5	0.2	mud crabs	nc		0.6	0.1
hydroid spp.	nc		0.3	0.1	arks	2	0.0	0.5	0.1
purple sea urchin	2	0.2	0.1	0.0	red bearded sponge	nc		0.5	0.1
Total	1,092		265.7		northern moon snail	nc		0.3	0.0
Note: nc= not counted					purple sea urchin	1	0.0	0.3	0.0
					star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
					anemones	nc		0.1	0.0
					ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					jingle shell clams	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					common oyster	nc		0.1	0.0
					rock crab	nc		0.1	0.0
					mixed sponge species	nc		0.1	0.0
					Total	13,615		807.2	

Table 5.18. Spring indices of abundance for selected species, 1984-2017.

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 2 invertebrates using April-June data. An asterisk next to the species name and time series mean, indicates that the spring index is a better estimate than the fall index (Simpson et al. 1991). Two asterisks indicate that both the spring and the fall indices provide good estimates.

Species	Spring																											84-16 Mean								
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
alewife *	0.43	0.10	0.66	1.00	0.47	0.72	0.54	0.39	0.39	0.84	1.83	0.96	2.18	1.44	1.11	1.89	1.53	0.75	0.95	1.14	1.86	1.30	0.78	1.62	1.32	1.04	1.29	0.94	0.77	1.06	0.88	0.77	1.71	0.07	1.05	
black sea bass *	0.16	0.27	0.12	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.12	0.07	0.11	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.22	0.25	0.67	0.21	0.22	0.07	0.05	0.26	0.22	0.32	0.28	0.27	0.83	0.97	2.73	1.94	1.78	4.56	0.39	
bluefish	0.00	0.02	0.19	0.07	0.11	0.07	0.09	0.52	0.31	0.05	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.18	0.12	0.24	0.08	0.07	0.30	0.16	0.11	0.11	0.22	0.16	0.08	0.24	0.01	0.17	0.07	0.11	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.05		
butterfish	8.92	0.62	2.38	0.25	0.46	0.80	1.60	2.17	2.60	0.48	1.71	1.06	3.22	6.16	6.51	1.90	3.35	2.94	7.09	3.17	2.10	2.27	18.67	3.48	4.64	9.44	1.99	15.64	13.44	3.38	2.87	3.26	14.13	11.14		
cunner *	1.28	0.29	0.28	0.22	0.16	0.29	0.55	0.25	0.11	0.20	0.07	0.16	0.07	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.20	0.25	0.11	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.18	
dogfish, smooth	0.39	0.46	0.45	0.21	0.49	0.48	0.34	0.46	0.56	0.26	0.60	0.33	0.44	0.24	0.47	0.54	0.53	0.55	1.19	0.63	0.53	0.44	1.33	0.64	0.87	1.05	0.09	1.51	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.87	1.80	2.90		
dogfish, spiny *	0.00	0.15	0.14	0.07	0.12	0.18	0.19	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.43	0.03	0.19	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.04	0.03	0.07	
flounder, fourspot *	18.18	10.55	3.15	2.38	4.62	4.14	6.53	8.46	9.33	2.37	2.59	5.00	4.82	7.54	4.34	3.53	4.57	3.83	4.82	2.78	2.56	1.14	1.86	3.37	2.94	1.71	1.52	4.09	5.45	2.26	1.90	0.87	1.82	1.90	4.39	
flounder, summer	0.63	0.44	0.95	1.06	0.50	0.10	0.35	0.64	0.55	0.51	0.86	0.28	0.96	1.00	1.30	1.44	1.79	1.75	3.19	3.42	1.84	0.80	0.61	2.51	1.61	1.93	2.69	3.85	3.06	3.24	3.00	1.64	1.36	1.66		
flounder, windowpane *	172.27	119.82	67.82	40.33	66.02	101.71	39.74	30.87	13.17	24.71	23.54	10.69	37.47	30.43	24.27	14.19	8.11	9.04	5.44	4.90	5.96	2.29	2.98	15.65	10.11	7.08	11.40	9.39	9.85	5.96	5.02	3.26	3.41	4.33	28.39	
flounder, winter *	111.96	66.81	61.50	67.92	100.96	135.23	170.12	118.95	54.31	53.34	74.35	48.11	93.05	57.41	59.36	32.80	33.67	46.40	25.49	21.22	16.45	17.47	7.50	20.58	22.34	18.98	20.88	16.68	12.02	6.35	4.10	3.93	3.40	0.76	48.60	
hake, red *	15.04	3.02	4.67	3.84	3.64	13.12	4.75	4.35	4.83	6.00	0.89	4.12	1.49	1.41	6.28	7.21	4.01	2.64	5.11	1.18	1.37	1.06	1.30	3.85	3.37	1.48	3.27	0.60	3.35	1.35	0.70	0.26	1.05	0.66	3.65	
hake, silver *	7.53	1.83	1.19	2.48	2.25	4.86	5.53	3.87	2.67	1.56	1.73	4.88	1.15	4.32	4.64	12.57	2.28	7.64	5.92	0.76	2.63	0.57	4.75	0.98	19.08	2.30	5.24	2.10	19.45	1.47	1.08	0.25	1.71	1.51	4.28	
hake, spotted	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.22	0.01	0.02	0.22	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.21	0.31	0.25	0.26	1.11	2.68	1.52	2.05	1.18	0.65	0.37	1.47	1.04	3.15	0.65	1.89	1.84	1.60	2.15	1.03	0.43	4.92	5.12		
herring, Atlantic *	0.00	0.58	1.12	2.77	2.16	2.27	5.73	4.91	2.73	7.24	2.95	4.23	1.70	2.53	1.06	0.99	1.21	0.85	0.41	0.49	0.53	1.33	0.31	1.66	0.77	1.82	2.56	1.57	0.73	2.64	1.44	0.69	0.69	0.11	1.90	
herring, blueback	5.42	0.30	0.34	0.14	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.20	0.08	0.55	0.29	0.28	0.25	0.15	0.02	0.37	0.19	0.15	0.27	0.46	0.33	0.13	0.29	0.21	0.43	0.37	0.14	0.13	0.26	0.15	0.42	0.28	0.00	0.00	
hogchoker	0.63	0.45	0.14	0.15	0.18	0.21	0.17	0.14	0.24	0.08	0.11	0.03	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.10	0.15	0.19	0.11	0.08	0.17	0.13	0.11	0.15	0.24	0.29	0.32	0.40	0.21	0.49	1.22			
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.01		
lobster, American**	7.09	3.10	2.76	3.30	2.24	3.76	5.33	7.74	7.88	6.72	4.10	8.36	6.77	7.67	18.52	12.49	11.01	7.56	6.31	3.89	2.50	2.43	1.94	3.22	2.72	1.40	1.30	0.79	0.97	0.44	0.45	0.31	0.33	0.08	4.71	
menhaden, Atlantic	0.09	0.11	0.18	0.39	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.03	0.14	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.13	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.13	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.63	0.37	0.62	0.66	1.04	0.74		
moonfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ocean pout *	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.23	0.10	0.09	0.11	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.04	0.10	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	
rockling, fourbeard*	2.87	0.37	0.43	0.56	0.61	0.88	0.82	0.58	0.80	0.59	0.27	0.58	0.33	0.60	0.47	0.66	0.55	0.57	0.37	0.36	0.48	0.35	0.09	0.35	0.26	0.18	0.17	0.19	0.16	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.47	
scad, rough	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
sculpin, longhorn *	0.20	0.33	0.18	0.15	0.15	0.24	0.65	0.39	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.09	
scup	2.80	5.65	3.40	1.17	1.11	2.77	2.25	3.09	1.75	1.32	1.88	5.24	3.25	3.23	4.25	2.22	28.46	7.20	50.42	4.84	8.12	3.48	59.05	10.00	19.87	21.92	6.88	22.34	50.24	14.23	14.96	10.13	131.15	362.67	15.41	
sea raven*	0.36	0.37	0.29	0.37	0.17	0.11	0.19	0.09	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.08	
searobn, northern *	6.48	14.38	0.82	0.71	1.13	0.85	0.62	1.36	1.18	1.26	1.21	1.07	1.26	1.73	0.72	1.03	2.66	1.55	2.67	1.16	0.80	0.32	1.19	0.82	1.32	1.73	1.52	1.16	5.05	1.90	1.68	0.57	1.82	4.13	1.93	
searobn, striped	1.30	1.78	1.33	0.60	0.57	0.66	0.71	1.55	1.52	0.46	0.93	1.28	0.82	0.71	1.48	1.82	3.69	2.36	3.83	1.85	1.40	0.31	0.89	0.95	1.07	2.14	0.77	2.96	5.01	2.80	2.50	1.92	5.91	14.42		
shad, American	0.10	1.36	0.57	0.92	0.44	0.90	0.34	0.54	0.75	0.29	0.68	0.49	0.48	1.08	0.86	0.80	0.38	0.08	0.61	0.20	0.34	0.28	0.25	0.44	0.57	0.57	0.53	0.49	0.46	0.43	0.41	0.48	0.85	0.03		
shad, hickory	0.52	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.09	0.04	0.15	0.09	0.10	0.25	0.27	0.12	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.11	0.04	0.08	0.02		
skate, clearnose	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.01	0.08	0.39	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.28	0.19		
skate, little *	5.71	7.22	7.19	5.34	15.51	21.24	11.50	25.19	12.41	12.03	16.96	6.58	18.78	11.23	11.65	7.56	6.21	8.03	7.63	7.03	6.54	1.65	1.40	2.82	1.56	1.03	1.02	1.15	2.15	1.11	1.08	0.61	0.43	0.55	7.50	
skate, winter*	0.00	0.12	0.15	0.07	0.37	0.34	0.22	0.23	0.18	0.23	0.14	0.12	0.24	0.16	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.21	0.09	0.13	0.15	0.12	0.15	0.10	0.14	0.32	0.28	0.26	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.17			
spot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
squid, long-finned**	nc	nc	3.24	2.56	9.37	4.98	7.87	7.18	6.44	4.23	3.82	6.21	3.24	5.14	3.33	3.49	2.70	2.73	3.22	2.50	9.43	4.76	11.55	2.14	3.45	6.57	3.20	4.10	3.34	1.						

Table 5.19. Fall indices of abundance for selected species, 1984-2017.

The geometric mean count per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 2 invertebrates using September-October data. An asterisk next to the species name and a time series mean, indicates that the fall index provides a better estimate than the spring index (Simpson et al. 1991). Two asterisks indicate that both the spring and the fall indices provide good estimates. There was no fall sampling in 2010.

Species	Fall																												84-16 Mean						
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
alewife	0.42	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.19	0.16	0.11	0.07	0.19	0.40	0.66	0.16	0.24	1.23	0.11	0.42	0.25	0.55	0.22	0.58	0.26	0.43	0.05	0.95	0.42	0.18	-	0.43	0.07	0.40	0.18	0.64	0.11	0.15	
black sea bass	0.03	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.06	0.14	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.07	0.23	0.18	0.43	1.01	0.15	0.35	0.17	0.24	0.36	0.93	0.26	-	0.29	1.49	0.99	1.35	0.65	1.37	0.91	
bluefish *	23.41	19.01	13.66	14.32	15.49	26.25	23.88	33.43	25.22	18.92	32.06	24.46	20.80	37.90	31.41	45.31	20.57	24.24	18.75	28.53	29.13	18.89	15.66	30.66	14.28	18.11	-	11.10	15.06	9.71	18.61	8.42	11.25	8.05	21.83
butterfish *	51.93	89.72	63.41	60.09	146.67	174.87	154.65	170.59	301.72	87.73	93.05	320.06	173.74	186.62	355.49	477.91	125.97	142.89	165.07	112.86	175.37	197.24	140.23	154.53	181.71	409.75	-	39.62	132.47	60.24	132.54	96.23	172.44	116.05	167.11
cunner	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05	-	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	
dogfish, smooth *	2.47	1.92	1.43	0.81	0.91	0.41	0.55	0.46	0.78	0.95	0.49	0.46	0.80	0.59	0.72	0.93	1.88	1.69	3.58	3.10	1.44	1.41	0.94	2.27	0.63	1.13	-	1.43	2.41	4.13	5.78	7.30	5.24	8.29	1.85
dogfish, spiny	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.16	0.05	0.00	0.18	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.08	-	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
flounder, fourspot	1.18	1.03	0.50	0.37	1.73	0.80	1.47	0.74	1.44	1.55	1.33	0.44	2.05	3.29	1.63	1.19	1.15	1.17	1.09	0.96	1.14	1.11	0.65	0.73	1.30	1.82	-	1.35	0.81	0.42	0.86	0.41	0.24	0.04	
flounder, summer *	0.99	1.19	1.73	1.40	1.42	0.14	0.87	1.26	1.02	1.11	0.55	0.54	2.19	2.50	1.72	2.68	1.91	4.42	6.12	3.39	1.95	2.41	1.35	1.89	3.09	3.12	-	2.56	3.74	3.07	1.71	2.03	1.92	1.35	2.06
flounder, windowpane	22.11	11.56	7.32	6.85	12.10	8.68	7.19	4.71	6.79	9.48	3.89	2.43	28.13	13.36	4.64	2.53	2.81	1.81	1.86	3.39	2.27	6.14	1.54	3.65	7.95	5.59	-	5.32	3.38	3.13	2.42	1.67	1.10	1.01	
flounder, winter	7.31	2.75	3.86	5.42	10.07	11.03	15.42	6.10	6.41	9.32	6.13	3.77	12.29	7.75	6.69	8.66	7.08	3.07	1.74	1.25	2.19	2.15	0.94	0.82	2.26	1.55	-	1.27	1.37	0.33	0.44	0.81	0.28	0.09	
hake, red	0.74	0.33	1.00	0.37	0.75	1.14	0.44	0.33	0.39	1.81	0.59	0.20	1.62	0.89	0.53	0.29	1.20	0.41	0.15	0.73	0.76	0.45	0.33	0.54	0.41	0.90	-	0.60	0.21	0.39	0.66	1.14	0.01	0.16	
hake, silver	0.55	0.23	1.65	0.01	0.30	0.60	0.96	0.32	0.48	0.20	3.34	0.22	0.06	0.80	0.07	0.16	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.18	0.18	0.09	0.64	0.04	0.28	0.18	-	0.41	0.40	0.12	0.11	0.16	0.02	0.12	
hake, spotted *	0.28	0.17	0.21	0.14	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.03	0.39	1.48	0.50	0.16	1.68	0.12	0.41	0.61	1.18	0.35	0.86	1.95	0.14	0.32	0.56	0.39	0.69	1.11	-	2.62	1.15	1.93	1.49	0.91	0.74	2.04	0.71
herring, Atlantic	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.40	0.08	0.04	0.03	1.47	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.19	0.06	0.25	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.06	-	0.04	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.00	0.00	
herring, blueback *	0.38	0.16	0.07	0.13	0.53	0.34	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.11	0.93	0.27	0.05	0.75	0.16	0.06	0.06	0.20	0.06	0.10	0.09	0.06	0.15	0.24	0.05	0.09	-	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.17	0.21	0.24	0.18
hogchoker *	0.90	0.56	0.21	0.17	0.30	0.17	0.22	0.38	0.15	0.18	0.05	0.07	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.19	0.10	0.15	0.21	0.26	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.20	0.12	0.09	-	0.59	0.94	0.65	0.67	1.06	0.89	1.18	0.32
kingfish, northern *	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.19	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.05	-	0.21	0.24	0.09	0.23	0.38	0.16	0.08	0.07
lobster, American **	7.41	3.33	4.75	5.95	3.54	3.75	7.29	9.90	9.52	11.50	10.13	8.05	10.07	19.60	10.47	11.18	6.83	4.28	2.68	3.03	3.68	2.10	1.48	1.21	2.07	1.82	-	0.38	0.29	0.16	0.09	0.08	0.02	0.42	5.21
menhaden, Atlantic *	0.23	0.15	0.79	0.14	0.13	0.45	0.66	0.59	2.00	0.40	1.02	0.56	0.43	0.57	0.73	1.08	0.97	0.32	0.76	0.95	1.63	0.94	0.23	0.80	0.47	0.28	-	0.74	0.94	0.39	0.61	2.49	0.80	0.43	0.73
moonfish *	0.05	0.33	0.11	0.04	0.41	0.10	0.04	0.17	0.22	0.04	0.34	0.25	1.99	0.91	2.08	1.15	2.11	0.82	1.36	0.69	0.74	1.55	1.51	1.66	5.08	10.03	-	1.50	0.79	2.62	3.92	1.06	0.77	1.16	1.39
ocean pout	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
rockling, fourbeard	0.08	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.21	0.15	0.07	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.01	0.11	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.04	-	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
scad, rough *	0.13	0.08	0.03	0.27	0.42	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.21	0.03	0.00	0.18	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.14	0.09	0.19	0.15	0.08	0.00	0.38	-	0.32	0.12	0.14	0.04	0.37	0.01	0.06	0.12
sculpin, longhorn	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
scup *	10.72	30.97	25.76	18.54	39.70	65.09	69.48	311.57	83.73	77.06	92.52	59.14	61.46	41.28	103.27	537.68	521.10	177.64	348.70	152.23	291.46	424.06	116.75	475.29	303.26	139.38	-	198.23	223.52	40.68	182.58	422.23	307.01	212.15	186.00
sea raven	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
searobin, northern	0.20	0.22	0.31	0.03	0.38	0.18	0.43	0.43	0.15	0.25	0.80	0.12	0.27	0.14	0.93	0.62	0.47	1.15	1.25	0.51	1.03	0.68	0.21	1.05	1.11	0.88	-	1.19	2.07	1.56	2.70	0.84	1.24	0.79	
searobin, striped *	2.75	3.44	1.64	0.90	3.44	3.83	2.39	1.97	2.75	4.44	2.00	0.74	4.03	2.62	3.68	4.48	5.68	3.34	4.85	6.44	4.67	3.26	0.81	2.25	3.66	3.54	-	4.10	7.06	5.29	5.83	6.93	3.51	3.13	3.64
shad, American *	3.13	0.19	0.27	0.29	2.66	3.10	0.65	0.72	0.54	1.11	1.84	1.90	0.27	0.91	1.22	1.73	0.55	0.41	0.76	0.75	0.95	0.54	0.12	0.38	0.41	0.46	-	0.42	0.44	0.31	0.20	0.71	0.85	0.63	0.90
shad, hickory *	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.04	0.09	0.10	0.05	0.12	0.09	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.25	0.24	0.08	0.03	0.06	-	0.05	0.19	0.16	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07
skate, clearnose *	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.34	0.18	0.33	0.10	0.48	0.23	0.44	0.38	0.24	-	0.27	0.73	0.68	0.34	0.47	0.43	0.36	0.19
skate, little	4.41	3.62	4.01	2.72	8.13	4.31	7.50	5.24	5.52	10.00	6.41	3.37	11.55	6.90	7.73	5.23	5.25	5.07	5.39	2.99	3.12	3.90	1.03	1.09	1.28	0.99	-	0.84	1.14	0.63	0.82	0.55	0.48	0.20	
skate, winter	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.17	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.01	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.07	0.10	0.00	0.06	0.21	0.10	-	0.05	0.17	0.12	0.09	0.04	0.02	0.10	
spot *	0.00	0.18	0.20	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.38	0.18	0.03	0.99	0.08	0.00	0.28	0.63	0.08	0.35	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.19	0.00	2.67	0.01	-	0.04	1.60	1.70	0.16	0.10	0.07	0.62	0.32
squid, long-finned **	nc	nc	27.40	28.60	159.16	85.60	69.12	62.97	172.95	272.11	127.96	155.28	180.99	68.57	202.29	132.50	109.87	60.18	35.48	269.32	94.47	81.12	70.58	179.39	114.99	187.15	-	85.68	62.53	32.59	112.67	195.00	94.57	114.90	117.70
striped bass																																			

Table 5.20. Finfish and invertebrate biomass indices for the spring sampling period, 1992-2017.

The geometric mean weight (kg) per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species for the spring (April-June) sampling period.

	Spring																									
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
alewife	0.06	0.17	0.32	0.15	0.50	0.25	0.20	0.37	0.34	0.15	0.25	0.19	0.25	0.22	0.21	0.31	0.22	0.24	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.20	0.18	0.12	0.37	0.01
black sea bass	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.17	0.40	0.17	0.15	0.07	0.04	0.14	0.10	0.21	0.18	0.18	0.34	0.43	1.37	1.44	1.48	3.05
bluefish	0.45	0.08	0.13	0.04	0.10	0.23	0.17	0.35	0.09	0.08	0.36	0.20	0.12	0.14	0.23	0.21	0.11	0.30	0.03	0.24	0.11	0.18	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.05
butterfish	0.43	0.10	0.31	0.19	0.73	1.27	1.06	0.52	0.69	0.79	1.48	0.64	0.41	0.55	2.30	0.66	1.06	1.37	0.49	2.69	1.87	0.66	0.61	0.66	2.03	1.54
cunner	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
dogfish, smooth	1.04	0.44	1.14	0.63	0.83	0.42	0.90	1.05	0.85	0.82	2.31	1.10	0.87	0.77	2.83	1.14	1.88	2.07	0.18	2.90	1.68	1.32	1.27	1.41	3.21	6.17
dogfish, spiny	0.10	0.02	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.21	0.25	0.15	0.84	0.07	0.37	0.11	0.16	0.12	0.20	0.09	0.09
flounder, fourspot	2.19	0.75	0.75	1.48	1.37	2.08	1.28	0.96	1.31	1.28	1.35	1.01	1.03	0.44	0.60	1.05	0.93	0.64	0.62	1.23	1.60	0.75	0.65	0.34	0.61	0.59
flounder, summer	0.35	0.27	0.48	0.16	0.53	0.60	1.15	1.09	1.35	1.21	2.38	2.45	1.69	0.67	0.61	1.72	1.44	1.40	1.28	2.73	2.22	2.16	2.09	1.07	1.05	1.36
flounder, windowpane	1.96	2.53	2.96	1.60	4.76	4.16	3.21	2.38	1.69	1.97	1.31	1.21	1.32	0.54	0.63	2.51	2.04	1.29	2.20	1.86	1.74	1.32	1.26	0.78	0.56	0.71
flounder, winter	8.72	7.54	9.44	6.51	14.61	10.63	9.65	6.67	7.46	9.77	6.31	6.64	3.87	2.94	1.65	4.99	3.84	2.94	4.26	3.60	2.72	2.26	1.46	1.01	0.82	0.26
hake, red	0.78	0.85	0.14	0.66	0.21	0.33	0.94	1.05	0.59	0.45	0.96	0.13	0.20	0.22	0.25	0.67	0.61	0.23	0.47	0.09	0.65	0.24	0.11	0.03	0.24	0.10
hake, silver	0.20	0.14	0.40	0.36	0.12	0.39	0.48	0.56	0.19	0.54	0.52	0.06	0.16	0.05	0.33	0.10	1.02	0.27	0.33	0.26	0.87	0.15	0.07	0.03	0.20	0.13
hake, spotted	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.13	0.27	0.17	0.20	0.13	0.18	0.05	0.14	0.11	0.31	0.07	0.14	0.21	0.22	0.20	0.15	0.05	0.53	0.50
herring, Atlantic	1.06	2.03	1.09	1.77	0.55	0.88	0.25	0.22	0.42	0.26	0.14	0.19	0.12	0.32	0.09	0.55	0.19	0.37	0.65	0.30	0.17	0.60	0.32	0.18	0.16	0.02
herring, blueback	0.05	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.00
hogchoker	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.05	0.14	0.28
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
menhaden, Atlantic	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.29	0.22	0.37	0.39	0.23	0.39
moonfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ocean pout	0.07	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
rockling, fourbeard	0.13	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.11	0.08	0.13	0.09	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.05	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
scad, rough	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
sculpin, longhorn	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
scup	0.48	0.49	0.58	0.65	0.73	0.75	0.75	0.56	4.56	2.85	13.16	2.28	3.93	1.65	10.41	3.35	5.88	6.40	3.14	9.55	9.99	6.47	5.61	3.53	20.25	58.66
sea raven	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
searobin, northern	0.26	0.35	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.33	0.17	0.22	0.70	0.51	0.51	0.40	0.29	0.08	0.35	0.26	0.23	0.44	0.52	0.30	0.81	0.34	0.39	0.22	0.50	0.98
searobin, striped	0.86	0.30	0.51	0.77	0.46	0.40	0.87	1.14	1.99	1.40	2.21	1.21	0.97	0.22	0.49	0.56	0.65	1.34	0.47	1.81	2.25	1.54	1.53	1.21	3.13	6.54
shad, American	0.29	0.09	0.21	0.10	0.11	0.23	0.13	0.20	0.05	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.15	0.01	0.01
shad, hickory	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.11	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.01
skate, clearnose	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.13	0.07	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.12	0.08	0.11	0.02	0.11	0.54	0.17	0.21	0.23	0.39	0.30
skate, little	5.89	5.99	8.87	3.38	9.35	6.00	6.27	4.25	3.43	4.47	4.56	4.35	4.01	1.05	0.91	1.82	0.97	0.71	0.66	0.79	1.34	0.74	0.71	0.41	0.30	0.37
skate, winter	0.37	0.52	0.28	0.21	0.46	0.29	0.46	0.27	0.25	0.21	0.25	0.24	0.28	0.12	0.22	0.23	0.19	0.23	0.15	0.25	0.46	0.25	0.33	0.12	0.10	0.05
spot	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
striped bass	0.31	0.43	0.45	0.49	0.77	1.13	1.15	1.86	1.13	0.93	2.10	1.38	0.87	1.52	1.27	1.37	0.86	0.93	0.66	0.96	0.58	0.98	0.54	0.29	0.50	0.57
sturgeon, Atlantic	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.15	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.10	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
tautog	1.00	0.51	0.51	0.19	0.63	0.42	0.49	0.51	0.59	0.78	1.09	0.61	0.62	0.65	0.84	0.61	0.60	0.51	0.30	0.44	0.38	0.40	0.51	0.42	0.53	0.48
weakfish	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.06	0.15	0.20	0.31	0.12	0.11	0.12	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.12	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.39	0.22	0.08	0.01	0.23	0.33
Invertebrates																										
crab, blue	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04
crab, flat claw hermit	0.15	0.08	0.18	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.32	0.17	0.05	0.04	0.11	0.09	0.12	0.08	0.09	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.03
crab, horseshoe	0.35	0.45	0.60	0.13	0.61	0.33	0.55	0.80	0.74	0.94	0.76	1.33	0.96	0.39	0.25	0.86	0.62	0.65	0.52	0.81	0.55	0.70	0.45	0.38	0.29	0.15
crab, lady	0.25	0.23	0.16	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.39	0.16	0.13	0.04	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.11	0.06	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03
crab, rock	1.17	0.61	0.64	0.14	0.45	0.32	1.04	0.55	0.25	0.35	0.31	0.36	0.14	0.05	0.16	0.16	0.20	0.18	0.13	0.25	0.16	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.01
crab, spider	0.98	1.08	1.22	0.32	0.96	0.52	0.69	0.39	0.35	1.02	1.30	1.85	1.42	0.36	0.27	0.55	0.57	0.46	0.70	0.78	0.74	0.62	0.55	0.42	0.72	0.69
jellyfish, lion's mane	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.15	0.10	0.08	0.19	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.23	0.14	0.38	0.11	0.00	0.10	0.03	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.16	0.14	0.05	0.01	0.03
lobster, American	2.80	2.32	1.53	3.24	2.72	3.02	6.56	4.95	3.90	3.04	2.55	1.48	1.03	1.00	0.84	1.24	1.18	0.62	0.55	0.30	0.33	0.17	0.15	0.12	0.15	0.03
mussel, blue	0.31	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.17	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.02
northern moon shell	0.05	0.04	0.12	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.00											

Table 5.21. Finfish and invertebrate biomass indices for the fall sampling period, 1992-2017.

The geometric mean weight (kg) per tow was calculated for 38 finfish and 15 invertebrate species for the fall (Sept-Oct) sampling period. There was no fall sampling in 2010.

	Fall																										
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
alewife	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.04	0.22	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.09	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.14	0.04	0.02	-	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.01	
black sea bass	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.23	0.31	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.14	0.23	0.07	-	0.15	0.33	0.46	0.82	0.49	0.59	0.47	
bluefish	16.39	9.91	9.45	8.09	7.62	6.53	5.06	8.51	8.34	6.11	7.87	8.99	16.39	8.75	3.92	9.74	9.19	6.40	-	3.84	3.72	2.73	3.91	2.06	2.97	1.65	
butterfish	6.31	4.12	3.40	10.26	9.30	6.97	13.27	15.43	4.45	7.80	6.56	3.47	6.24	7.85	7.73	5.82	8.97	14.39	-	2.81	6.14	3.62	5.97	4.08	6.58	5.56	
cunner	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
dogfish, smooth	1.20	1.75	0.76	0.85	1.16	1.09	1.32	1.27	2.85	3.02	6.09	6.18	2.95	2.70	2.46	6.23	1.25	2.80	-	3.66	4.69	7.93	11.05	11.70	8.30	14.82	
dogfish, spiny	0.03	0.08	0.18	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.06	0.24	0.07	0.00	0.27	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.18	-	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
flounder, fourspot	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.08	0.48	0.24	0.19	0.14	0.35	0.17	0.25	0.30	0.29	0.19	0.06	0.19	0.16	0.21	-	0.11	0.14	0.05	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.02	
flounder, summer	0.87	0.85	0.47	0.43	1.61	1.84	1.77	2.27	1.77	3.19	4.41	3.27	1.74	1.93	1.36	1.65	1.97	2.41	-	1.82	2.74	2.18	1.41	1.54	1.69	0.97	
flounder, windowpane	0.51	0.73	0.42	0.32	2.11	1.30	0.61	0.38	0.45	0.30	0.38	0.43	0.26	0.57	0.29	0.42	0.98	0.64	-	0.68	0.61	0.57	0.47	0.37	0.26	0.28	
flounder, winter	0.84	0.99	0.78	0.45	1.56	1.04	0.87	1.37	1.28	0.62	0.55	0.34	0.32	0.41	0.16	0.22	0.49	0.26	-	0.28	0.40	0.11	0.17	0.22	0.11	0.03	
hake, red	0.11	0.34	0.19	0.04	0.48	0.18	0.10	0.06	0.32	0.07	0.02	0.19	0.14	0.10	0.06	0.12	0.09	0.13	-	0.14	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.28	0.00	0.04	
hake, silver	0.04	0.02	0.28	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.03	0.02	-	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.02	
hake, spotted	0.09	0.30	0.15	0.04	0.37	0.03	0.08	0.17	0.34	0.09	0.19	0.41	0.03	0.08	0.17	0.10	0.16	0.23	-	0.53	0.27	0.38	0.36	0.28	0.14	0.51	
herring, Atlantic	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
herring, blueback	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.01	0.09	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.01	-	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.03	
hogchoker	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.02	-	0.11	0.17	0.11	0.10	0.23	0.17	0.24	
kingfish, northern	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	-	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.02	
menhaden, Atlantic	0.36	0.22	0.36	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.09	0.39	0.22	0.05	0.35	0.25	0.49	0.43	0.06	0.29	0.12	0.10	-	0.39	0.47	0.18	0.31	0.99	0.17	0.18	
moonfish	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.12	0.05	0.13	0.09	0.13	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.27	0.21	-	0.07	0.04	0.11	0.20	0.12	0.06	0.05	
ocean pout	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
rockling, fourbeard	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
scad, rough	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	-	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.01	
sculpin, longhorn	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
scup	4.96	3.72	3.33	4.63	3.68	2.49	4.50	22.72	30.76	11.28	23.69	28.95	16.31	13.79	10.49	24.42	16.53	13.73	-	20.28	13.54	6.47	10.71	20.95	22.28	13.68	
sea raven	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
searobin, northern	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.18	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.08	-	0.11	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.10	0.18	0.20	
searobin, striped	0.82	0.54	0.32	0.34	0.81	0.60	1.04	1.37	1.59	1.27	2.12	2.43	0.96	0.82	0.38	0.37	0.94	0.61	-	1.12	2.81	2.66	2.26	2.84	1.72	1.74	
shad, American	0.14	0.35	0.39	0.43	0.06	0.16	0.26	0.42	0.14	0.07	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.10	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.11	-	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.03	0.12	0.14	0.13	
shad, hickory	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.14	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.02	-	0.01	0.09	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	
skate, clearnose	0.06	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.53	0.30	0.46	0.17	0.71	0.30	0.69	0.64	0.40	-	0.41	1.01	0.93	0.54	0.66	0.65	0.60	
skate, little	2.47	4.61	3.47	1.78	5.66	3.81	4.06	2.85	2.92	2.88	3.00	1.96	2.02	2.32	0.67	0.65	0.82	0.64	-	0.58	0.66	0.44	0.58	0.38	0.32	0.14	
skate, winter	0.11	0.15	0.21	0.09	0.25	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.01	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.11	0.16	0.00	0.12	0.31	0.18	-	0.07	0.20	0.15	0.12	0.05	0.02	0.14	
spot	0.00	0.07	0.03	0.00	0.14	0.01	0.00	0.06	0.13	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.34	0.00	-	0.01	0.41	0.47	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.11	
striped bass	0.09	0.16	0.11	0.15	0.21	0.68	0.38	0.39	0.51	0.48	0.70	0.26	1.25	0.48	0.88	0.64	0.79	0.61	-	0.43	0.26	0.44	0.26	0.38	0.20	0.30	
sturgeon, Atlantic	0.21	0.19	0.13	0.10	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.21	0.08	0.23	0.18	0.27	0.09	0.12	0.23	0.13	0.21	0.29	-	0.10	0.10	0.03	0.11	0.04	0.27	0.05	
tautog	0.22	0.22	0.15	0.09	0.07	0.14	0.27	0.31	0.30	0.20	0.27	0.43	0.21	0.23	0.23	0.16	0.20	0.07	-	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.12	0.08	0.19	0.07	
weakfish	0.47	0.56	1.26	1.27	1.88	1.70	0.94	3.39	3.17	2.41	2.86	1.72	2.85	2.52	0.42	3.51	1.17	0.66	-	1.37	1.88	0.99	2.13	3.12	1.07	1.10	
Invertebrates																											
crab, blue	0.15	0.17	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.11	0.10	0.17	0.11	0.05	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.04	-	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.01	
crab, flat claw hermit	0.17	0.40	0.15	0.11	0.26	0.16	0.35	0.16	0.17	0.33	0.30	0.13	0.18	0.16	0.05	0.12	0.24	0.16	-	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.06	
crab, horseshoe	1.01	1.16	0.55	0.32	1.27	1.32	0.93	1.09	1.31	1.39	1.76	1.67	1.93	0.93	1.00	1.40	1.92	1.21	-	1.25	0.65	1.21	0.87	0.58	0.75	0.95	
crab, lady	1.52	1.58	1.52	1.56	3.54	1.84	0.82	0.48	0.60	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.08	0.14	0.07	0.07	0.25	0.18	-	0.30	0.20	0.07	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.01	
crab, rock	0.58	0.55	0.18	0.09	0.45	0.32	0.37	0.22	0.19	0.13	0.12	0.04	0.08	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.28	0.09	-	0.09	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	
crab, spider	0.53	1.89	0.46	0.25	0.71	0.42	0.25	0.24	0.21	0.30	0.27	0.47	0.32	0.13	0.10	0.15	0.25	0.29	-	0.21	0.18	0.21	0.10	0.07	0.13	0.12	
jellyfish, lion's mane	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.17	0.18	0.50	0.17	0.03	0.22	0.17	0.10	0.01	0.13	0.12	0.46	0.45	0.02	0.58	-	0.01	0.03	0.59	0.07	0.00	0.43	0.01	
lobster, American	3.17	4.11	3.58	3.03	3.48	7.22	4.24	4.16	2.65	1.91	1.10	1.28	1.46	0.84	0.61	0.51	0.80	0.77	-	0.12	0.10	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.01	
mussel, blue	0.07	0.06	0.12	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.09	0.00	0.04	0.12	0.11	0.02	0.10	0.10	0.02	0.07	0.04	0.03	-	0.03	0.02	0.16	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.01	
northern moon shell	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.01	-	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
oyster, common	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00																						

Table 5.22. Bluefish indices of abundance, 1984-2017.

Using September and October length data, the geometric mean catch per tow was calculated for two age groups of bluefish: age-0 and all fish age 1 and older. Age-0 was defined as bluefish less than 30 cm fork length.

Year	Fall			
	age 0 count / tow	age 0 kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	ages 1+ kg / tow
1984	20.34	2.51	1.61	2.03
1985	11.27	1.64	4.16	6.25
1986	8.05	1.13	3.77	5.96
1987	9.01	0.88	3.11	4.85
1988	10.73	1.59	2.20	4.43
1989	21.07	3.17	1.92	3.80
1990	12.82	2.09	6.14	8.92
1991	22.57	2.75	5.59	8.49
1992	9.23	1.27	8.44	14.88
1993	11.61	1.96	3.34	7.11
1994	24.85	2.54	3.07	6.09
1995	16.85	2.48	4.07	5.32
1996	13.85	2.27	2.34	4.09
1997	31.26	2.56	2.35	3.68
1998	25.89	2.08	1.65	2.70
1999	39.19	5.43	0.86	1.61
2000	14.67	2.97	2.18	3.75
2001	19.04	2.11	2.62	3.87
2002	12.35	2.25	3.63	4.81
2003	16.85	3.16	2.16	3.31
2004	13.30	2.39	10.38	13.96
2005	12.10	2.39	2.65	5.04
2006	12.43	1.49	2.14	2.74
2007	23.98	4.14	2.44	4.22
2008	6.14	0.82	4.52	8.18
2009	11.65	1.16	3.18	5.09
2010	-	-	-	-
2011	8.21	1.34	1.40	2.36
2012	13.11	1.86	0.97	1.67
2013	7.86	0.87	0.96	1.82
2014	16.54	2.22	0.88	1.47
2015	7.47	1.04	0.42	0.93
2016	8.83	1.20	1.25	1.65
2017	7.49	1.13	0.28	0.55
84-16				
mean	15.41	2.12	3.01	4.85

Table 5.23. Scup indices-at-age, 1984-2017.

Spring (May and June) and fall (September and October) catch and age data were used to determine the geometric mean indices-at-age¹. The spring and fall age keys were used to expand length frequencies to age frequencies and then the spring and fall overall indices were proportioned by the percentage of fish in each age. The 0-10+ index represents the overall index (sum of ages 0-10+), and the adult 2+ index is provided as the sum of ages 2-10+ index. Fish older than age 9 were included in the age 10+ index².

Spring (May-June)													
Year	0-10+	2+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10+
1984	2.797	2.308	0	0.489	1.311	0.577	0.307	0.074	0.004	0.002	0	0	0.034
1985	5.648	2.707	0	2.941	2.002	0.327	0.244	0.047	0.025	0.050	0	0.004	0.008
1986	7.230	2.785	0	4.444	1.651	0.988	0.137	0.003	0.003	0	0	0	0.003
1987	2.186	1.758	0	0.428	1.646	0.071	0.034	0.007	0	0	0	0	0
1988	2.061	0.893	0	1.168	0.309	0.502	0.054	0.026	0	0	0	0	0.003
1989	6.249	0.615	0	5.634	0.563	0.034	0.016	0.000	0.001	0.001	0	0	0
1990	4.867	2.345	0	2.521	2.098	0.206	0.037	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1991	7.046	2.795	0	4.251	1.436	1.258	0.086	0.012	0.002	0	0	0	0
1992	1.749	1.360	0	0.389	1.212	0.093	0.052	0.002	0	0.002	0	0	0
1993	2.530	2.492	0	0.038	2.286	0.189	0.006	0.006	0.002	0.002	0	0	0
1994	3.892	3.093	0	0.799	2.038	0.931	0.100	0.015	0.003	0.007	0	0	0
1995	13.587	0.645	0	12.943	0.387	0.199	0.052	0.003	0.003	0	0	0	0
1996	7.766	2.562	0	5.204	2.477	0.074	0.004	0.006	0.002	0	0	0	0
1997	7.558	4.394	0	3.164	2.610	1.679	0.063	0.009	0.023	0.005	0.005	0	0
1998	10.826	0.761	0	10.065	0.578	0.115	0.063	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1999	4.732	2.021	0	2.711	1.755	0.162	0.074	0.030	0	0	0	0	0
2000	146.224	21.711	0	124.513	17.184	4.237	0.195	0.064	0.030	0	0	0	0
2001	22.486	20.837	0	1.649	18.988	1.575	0.252	0.018	0.003	0.001	0	0	0
2002	257.914	208.764	0	49.150	66.611	123.248	17.437	1.294	0.099	0.035	0.040	0	0
2003	13.116	12.980	0	0.136	4.047	3.284	4.964	0.608	0.069	0.005	0.005	0	0
2004	26.915	26.902	0	0.014	3.965	8.956	4.904	8.207	0.764	0.079	0.018	0.009	0
2005	8.483	7.325	0	1.157	1.278	1.055	1.511	1.269	1.944	0.223	0.045	0	0
2006	59.052	40.570	0	18.482	23.719	5.629	2.072	2.557	3.160	2.897	0.529	0.007	0
2007	32.802	25.288	0	7.514	15.865	5.845	1.489	0.548	0.536	0.541	0.385	0.073	0.007
2008	92.100	75.143	0	16.957	40.620	27.815	4.936	0.911	0.158	0.303	0.236	0.148	0.016
2009	104.454	72.840	0	31.614	28.228	28.413	12.491	2.498	0.613	0.215	0.134	0.250	0
2010	68.138	67.717	0	0.421	24.265	21.998	14.002	6.019	1.187	0.118	0.058	0.041	0.029
2011	36.112	33.985	0	2.127	3.285	11.378	9.812	4.116	3.391	1.421	0.248	0.071	0.263
2012	114.410	65.371	0	49.039	25.925	11.982	9.231	9.567	4.671	2.755	0.871	0.144	0.226
2013	57.922	53.309	0	4.613	29.415	8.721	3.150	4.982	4.451	1.545	0.758	0.169	0.117
2014	60.483	45.822	0	14.661	10.635	23.833	5.069	1.504	2.323	1.486	0.608	0.319	0.045
2015	36.141	17.961	0	18.180	5.546	3.985	5.037	1.747	0.570	0.595	0.266	0.121	0.093
2016	972.305	318.511	0	653.794	191.206	68.931	15.618	29.868	5.192	3.221	2.646	1.294	0.535
2017	362.667	328.064	0	34.603	208.316	81.228	14.656	7.525	11.522	1.836	1.186	0.939	0.856
84-16													
Mean	66.660	34.805	0	31.855	16.216	11.160	3.439	2.304	0.886	0.470	0.208	0.080	0.042
		43.430											

Fall (Sept-Oct)													
Year	0-10+	2+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10+
1984	10.721	1.692	7.986	1.043	0.783	0.519	0.280	0.092	0.018	0	0	0	0
1985	30.972	1.277	24.914	4.781	0.425	0.587	0.190	0.044	0.030	0.002	0	0	0
1986	25.761	2.519	12.863	10.379	2.277	0.219	0.013	0.005	0.005	0	0	0	0
1987	18.544	2.063	12.468	4.013	1.405	0.579	0.058	0.009	0.009	0.004	0	0	0
1988	39.699	2.092	31.687	5.920	1.818	0.242	0.032	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	65.087	1.596	40.920	22.571	1.501	0.083	0.012	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	69.477	7.396	54.350	7.731	6.946	0.398	0.034	0.005	0.008	0	0	0.005	0
1991	311.570	2.953	291.568	17.050	1.759	1.040	0.147	0.008	0	0	0	0	0
1992	83.731	6.244	50.971	26.516	5.540	0.398	0.287	0.013	0.007	0	0	0	0
1993	77.057	1.165	74.061	1.831	1.019	0.121	0.012	0.010	0	0	0.003	0	0
1994	92.523	0.657	90.778	1.088	0.457	0.185	0.012	0.003	0	0	0	0	0
1995	59.136	0.150	32.465	26.521	0.144	0.006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	61.459	1.400	51.497	8.562	1.365	0.029	0	0.005	0	0	0	0	0
1997	41.276	0.809	31.791	8.677	0.630	0.172	0.008	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	103.272	0.628	90.404	12.240	0.537	0.069	0.022	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	537.683	8.574	498.180	30.930	8.349	0.195	0.019	0.011	0	0	0	0	0
2000	521.103	9.265	250.391	261.446	8.323	0.794	0.140	0.008	0	0	0	0	0
2001	177.641	20.239	140.506	16.897	18.421	1.607	0.186	0.025	0	0	0	0	0
2002	348.703	41.179	259.902	47.623	23.321	16.812	0.665	0.325	0.048	0	0.007	0	0
2003	152.227	83.963	52.910	15.354	32.065	22.394	26.440	2.493	0.539	0.016	0.016	0	0
2004	291.458	36.277	251.052	4.129	8.338	15.082	5.978	6.245	0.534	0.072	0.008	0.021	0
2005	424.063	18.183	373.318	32.562	8.144	2.437	4.015	1.505	1.689	0.332	0.060	0	0
2006	116.755	13.575	52.164	51.016	9.525	2.341	0.257	0.351	0.377	0.681	0.044	0	0
2007	475.295	37.346	319.893	118.056	29.335	5.929	0.896	0.226	0.302	0.313	0.313	0.033	0
2008	303.256	24.478	243.679	35.099	11.921	7.044	3.556	1.055	0.502	0.137	0.124	0.140	0
2009	139.380	31.506	67.486	40.388	20.786	6.934	2.615	0.735	0.214	0.131	0.068	0.022	0
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	198.226	40.786	119.032	38.409	8.157	14.894	9.669	3.922	3.225	0.586	0.167	0.025	0.140
2012	223.522	15.983	153.235	54.305	9.963	2.846	2.063	0.567	0.137	0.323	0.076	0.007	0
2013	40.683	16.235	17.744	6.704	9.187	4.069	0.807	1.058	0.746	0.237	0.090	0.031	0.011
2014	182.583	14.003	144.702	23.878	4.325	6.505	1.188	0.426	0.808	0.476	0.193	0.051	0.032
2015	422.228	31.773	330.498	59.957	14.802	4.859	8.230	1.723	0.551	0.917	0.410	0.209	0.072
2016	307.010	97.769	55.695	153.546	54.808	18.187	9.458	10.490	2.765	1.150	0.700	0.195	0.017
2017	212.145	47.700	127.558	36.887	28.211	11.197	2.266	2.209	2.492	0.448	0.589	0.196	0.093
84-16													
Mean	186.003	17.930	132.160	35.913	9.574	4.299	2.415	0.980	0.391	0.168	0.071	0.023	0.009

- (1) In some years, less than the number of scheduled tows were conducted in some months (Table 5.4).
- (2) Fish in the age 10+ group include: 6 fish taken 1984-1988, 8 fish taken 2002-2010, 81 taken in 2011, 28 taken in 2012, 26 taken in 2013, 15 taken in 2014, 37 fish in 2015 and 29 fish in 2016. The oldest scup aged were two 15-year-old fish taken in 2015.

Table 5.24. Age frequency of striped bass taken in spring, 1984-2017.

Ages were derived from trawl survey length data using the average of Hudson River and Chesapeake Bay von Bertalanffy parameters.

Age	Year																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	11	5	0	1	11	0	0	0	2	0		
2	0	0	0	2	1	5	28	11	4	3	6	98	12	36	119	41	113	47	150	30	15	220	3	46	20	84	3	2	46	49	4	2	71	4		
3	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	7	8	7	10	26	97	116	122	87	20	41	76	38	38	54	25	109	15	54	7	2	13	33	94	13	5	10		
4	0	0	0	2	4	1	2	3	13	16	20	8	37	40	68	42	22	15	48	23	18	59	15	44	48	130	17	29	13	21	73	23	19	13		
5	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	5	5	14	18	7	14	17	28	95	22	28	45	39	21	33	22	44	41	64	24	50	19	12	20	17	23	8		
6	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	0	1	8	8	6	7	14	20	46	32	36	52	41	22	28	11	28	11	34	11	44	12	16	6	1	2	3		
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	7	1	1	8	9	3	17	12	13	25	23	14	16	10	9	7	10	6	29	5	10	1	1	3	3		
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	3	2	4	1	4	4	2	12	5	3	9	4	3	3	1	2	7	3	15	5	1	0	3		
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	7	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	
10	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	0	0	0	8	7	11	43	32	34	59	65	150	184	238	362	334	229	184	414	207	135	421	97	289	159	382	70	166	125	160	205	59	129	46		

Note: number of fish taken but not measured = one in 1984, one in 1988, two in 1990.

Table 5.25. Striped bass indices-at-age, 1984-2017.

Spring length data was converted to ages using the average of Hudson River and Chesapeake Bay von Bertalanffy parameters (Vic Crecco, pers comm). Indices-at-age were then determined by apportioning the spring indices (from Table 5.18) by the percentage of fish in each age.

Year	Index	Spring																																				
		Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12																									
1984	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1985	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1986	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1987	0.05	0	0.0125	0	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1988	0.04	0	0.0057	0.0057	0.0229	0	0.0057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1989	0.06	0	0.0273	0.0164	0.0055	0.0055	0.0055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1990	0.16	0	0.1042	0.0298	0.0074	0.0037	0.0112	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1991	0.15	0	0.0516	0.0328	0.0141	0.0234	0	0.0094	0.0047	0.0094	0.0047	0.0094	0.0047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0037	0.0047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1992	0.22	0	0.0259	0.0518	0.0841	0.0324	0.0065	0	0.0129	0.0065	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1993	0.27	0.0093	0.0140	0.0326	0.0745	0.0652	0.0372	0.0326	0.0047	0.0047	0.0047	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1994	0.30	0	0.0277	0.0462	0.0923	0.0831	0.0369	0.0046	0.0046	0.0046	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1995	0.59	0	0.3855	0.1023	0.0315	0.0275	0.0236	0.0039	0.0118	0	0.0039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0.63	0.0103	0.0411	0.3321	0.1267	0.0479	0.0240	0.0274	0.0068	0.0103	0	0.0034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1997	0.85	0	0.1286	0.4143	0.1429	0.0607	0.0500	0.0321	0.0143	0.0071	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1998	0.97	0	0.3189	0.3269	0.1822	0.0750	0.0536	0.0080	0.0027	0.0027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1999	1.10	0	0.1346	0.2857	0.1379	0.3119	0.1510	0.0558	0.0131	0	0.0033	0.0033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0033	0.0033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0.84	0.0037	0.4163	0.0737	0.0811	0.0811	0.1179	0.0442	0.0147	0.0037	0.0074	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0074	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2001	0.61	0	0.1558	0.1359	0.0497	0.0928	0.1193	0.0431	0.0066	0.0066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2002	1.30	0.0063	0.4722	0.2392	0.1511	0.1416	0.1637	0.0787	0.0378	0.0094	0.0031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0.87	0.0042	0.1267	0.1605	0.0971	0.1647	0.1732	0.0971	0.0211	0.0296	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0.56	0.0042	0.0627	0.1588	0.0752	0.0878	0.0919	0.0585	0.0125	0.0084	0	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	1.17	0	0.6100	0.1497	0.1636	0.0915	0.0776	0.0444	0.0250	0.0028	0	0.0028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2006	0.61	0	0.0189	0.1572	0.0943	0.1384	0.0692	0.0629	0.0252	0.0189	0.0189	0.0063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0189	0.0063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2007	1.02	0.0071	0.1629	0.3860	0.1558	0.1558	0.0992	0.0319	0.0106	0.0035	0.0106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2008	0.57	0.0394	0.0717	0.0538	0.1721	0.1470	0.0394	0.0251	0.0108	0.0036	0.0072	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2009	0.60	0.0078	0.1316	0.0846	0.2037	0.1003	0.0533	0.0157	0.0016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2010	0.40	0	0.0169	0.0394	0.0958	0.1352	0.0620	0.0338	0.0113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0.48	0.0029	0.0058	0.0058	0.0839	0.1446	0.1272	0.0839	0.0202	0.0029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0029	0	0
2012	0.43	0.0381	0.1595	0.0451	0.0451	0.0659	0.0416	0.0173	0.0104	0.0069	0	0.0035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2013	0.67	0	0.2052	0.1382	0.0879	0.0503	0.0670	0.0419	0.0628	0.0042	0.0084	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0084	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2014	0.41	0	0.0080	0.1880																																		

Table 5.26. Summer flounder indices-at-age, 1984-2017.

Year and season specific age keys obtained from the NMFS spring and fall surveys were used to convert LISTS length frequencies to ages. Starting in 2000 LISTS ageing data (60 cm and over) were added to the age key to supplement the older age groups. In 2015-2016, LISTS age data for smaller fish were also incorporated into the age key. Indices-at-age were determined for each season by apportioning the spring and fall overall indices (from Table 5.18 and Table 5.19) by the percentage of fish in each age.

Year	Spring													
	0-12	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12
1984	0.6291	0	0.3236	0.2610	0.0445	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	0.4410	0	0.0166	0.3168	0.0489	0.0587	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	0.9510	0	0.7700	0.0892	0.0742	0.0126	0.0050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	1.0572	0	0.9515	0.0793	0.0202	0.0036	0.0026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	0.4986	0	0.2317	0.2232	0.0352	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0.1016	0	0.0111	0.0550	0.0191	0.0164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0.3475	0	0.3053	0.0201	0.0156	0.0065	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0.6391	0	0.3892	0.2059	0.0205	0.0235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0.5546	0	0.3182	0.1906	0.0229	0	0.0229	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0.5074	0	0.3216	0.1504	0.0101	0.0152	0.0101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0.8601	0	0.4959	0.3136	0.0324	0	0	0	0.0182	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0.2796	0	0.2023	0.0608	0.0110	0	0	0	0.0055	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0.9609	0	0.6216	0.2370	0.0868	0	0.0052	0	0.0103	0	0	0	0	0
1997	0.9991	0	0.4481	0.4461	0.0740	0.0121	0.0134	0.0054	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	1.3067	0	0.0734	0.5952	0.4693	0.1167	0.0324	0.0197	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	1.4401	0	0.3263	0.5563	0.3521	0.1110	0.0696	0.0248	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	1.7898	0	0.3805	0.7853	0.4240	0.0538	0.1316	0.0092	0	0.0054	0	0	0	0
2001	1.7468	0	0.8408	0.3395	0.3653	0.1073	0.0488	0.0333	0.0067	0.0051	0	0	0	0
2002	3.1851	0	1.0571	1.2637	0.4646	0.2233	0.0930	0.0362	0.0236	0.0145	0.0091	0	0	0
2003	3.4211	0	1.6080	1.0159	0.3949	0.2316	0.0851	0.0462	0.0327	0.0025	0.0042	0	0	0
2004	1.8381	0	0.2592	0.8180	0.4100	0.1878	0.0338	0.0817	0.0302	0.0145	0.0029	0	0	0
2005	0.8038	0	0.2523	0.2641	0.1495	0.0334	0.0364	0.0393	0.0196	0.0046	0.0046	0	0	0
2006	0.6129	0	0.0383	0.3597	0.0676	0.0654	0.0337	0.0263	0.0168	0.0051	0	0	0	0
2007	2.5073	0	1.1569	0.2053	0.5595	0.3163	0.1150	0.0888	0.0428	0.0152	0.0065	0.0010	0	0
2008	1.6145	0	0.6008	0.2912	0.2374	0.2633	0.1165	0.0622	0.0236	0.0033	0.0054	0.0054	0.0054	0
2009	1.9295	0	0.7772	0.3770	0.2905	0.1804	0.1949	0.0700	0.0258	0.0101	0.0036	0	0	0
2010	2.6878	0	1.8671	0.2805	0.2113	0.1439	0.0944	0.0416	0.0244	0.0142	0.0052	0.0052	0	0
2011	3.8479	0	1.0024	1.0839	0.8014	0.3820	0.3159	0.1098	0.0628	0.0580	0.0171	0.0146	0	0
2012	3.0620	0	0.4684	0.6283	0.9746	0.6346	0.2044	0.0754	0.0333	0.0224	0.0050	0.0113	0.0043	0
2013	3.2359	0	0.8843	0.6681	0.6637	0.6734	0.2047	0.0818	0.0201	0.0184	0.0041	0.0044	0.0129	0
2014	3.0018	0	0.9679	0.7073	0.4854	0.4332	0.2981	0.0466	0.0369	0.0126	0.0072	0.0022	0.0022	0.0022
2015	1.6341	0	0.7770	0.3569	0.2050	0.1232	0.0904	0.0487	0.0176	0.0093	0.0017	0.0018	0.0020	0.0005
2016	1.3568	0	0.1449	0.4154	0.3449	0.1985	0.0952	0.0771	0.0503	0.0216	0.0055	0.0006	0.0028	0
2017	1.6524	0	0.5364	0.4108	0.3073	0.1483	0.1105	0.0495	0.0463	0.0235	0.0074	0.0098	0	0
84-16														
Mean	1.5106	0.0000	0.5724	0.4140	0.2541	0.1405	0.0713	0.0310	0.0152	0.0072	0.0025	0.0014	0.0009	0.0001

Year	Fall													
	0-12	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12
1984	0.9888	0	0.5648	0.3269	0.0713	0.0140	0.0042	0.0042	0.0034	0	0	0	0	0
1985	1.1931	0.2453	0.3605	0.4984	0.0804	0	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	1.7157	0.1738	1.1902	0.2681	0.0817	0.0019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	1.3963	0.0749	1.0573	0.2309	0.0305	0.0027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	1.4159	0.0150	0.8739	0.4782	0.0366	0.0122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	0.1363	0	0.0227	0.1051	0.0085	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0.8678	0.0321	0.6720	0.1214	0.0339	0.0042	0.0042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	1.2557	0.0363	0.8141	0.3457	0.0432	0.0082	0.0041	0.0041	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	1.0178	0.0131	0.5685	0.3578	0.0561	0.0134	0.0089	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	1.1113	0.0842	0.8371	0.1490	0.0362	0.0029	0	0.0019	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0.5517	0.1325	0.3008	0.0957	0.0138	0.0089	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0.5408	0.0424	0.3812	0.1043	0.0090	0.0039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	2.1914	0.0840	1.0394	1.0276	0.0375	0.0029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	2.4980	0.0693	0.8494	1.2261	0.3016	0.0321	0.0099	0.0084	0.0012	0	0	0	0	0
1998	1.7153	0	0.3251	1.0456	0.2867	0.0392	0.0187	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	2.6787	0.0482	0.8000	1.4412	0.2963	0.0823	0.0084	0.0023	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	1.9134	0.1151	0.5117	0.8244	0.2971	0.1122	0.0433	0.0067	0	0.0029	0	0	0	0
2001	4.4181	0.0208	2.6891	1.1372	0.4342	0.1095	0.0153	0.0078	0	0.0042	0	0	0	0
2002	6.1211	0.4415	3.0870	1.9304	0.4769	0.1216	0.0429	0.0168	0.0040	0	0	0	0	0
2003	3.3879	0	1.4584	1.3192	0.4069	0.0873	0.0908	0.0164	0.0089	0	0	0	0	0
2004	1.9537	0.2545	0.3848	0.7551	0.4398	0.0804	0.0241	0.0150	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	2.4099	0.0671	1.0930	0.7441	0.3554	0.0866	0.0316	0.0123	0.0166	0.0032	0	0	0	0
2006	1.3148	0.0976	0.2170	0.5915	0.2299	0.0957	0.0435	0.0214	0.0182	0	0	0	0	0
2007	1.8880	0.1295	0.5669	0.3869	0.4676	0.2012	0.0778	0.0408	0.0087	0.0043	0	0	0.0043	0
2008	3.0853	0.7816	0.4848	0.9581	0.4458	0.3256	0.0804	0.0090	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009	3.1169	0.4054	0.6606	0.8883	0.6241	0.3182	0.1330	0.0437	0.0244	0.0070	0.0122	0.0000	0.0000	0
2010	0.0000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	2.5578	0.1173	0.6933	0.9333	0.5641	0.1232	0.0543	0.0275	0.0130	0.0130	0.0061	0.0052	0.0075	0
2012	3.7358	0.1633	0.4592	0.8283	1.4239	0.5848	0.1836	0.0631	0.0296	0	0	0	0	0
2013	3.0664	0.2181	0.5709	0.6080	0.8049	0.6328	0.1789	0.0291	0.0139	0.0016	0	0.0082	0	0
2014	1.7086	0.1231	0.4034	0.3945	0.3620	0.2825	0.0823	0.0294	0.0205	0.0078	0	0.0031	0	0
2015	2.0218	0.0547	0.5740	0.6717	0.3957	0.1830	0.0821	0.0347	0.0135	0.0086	0	0.0038	0	0
2016	1.9198	0.0361	0.2401	0.6223	0.5563	0.2687	0.1223	0.0319	0.0421	0	0	0	0	0
2017	1.3544	0.2225	0.6954	0.1862	0.1197	0.0746	0.0320	0.0160	0	0	0	0	0	0
84-16														
Mean	1.9968	0.1274	0.7735	0.6692	0.3034	0.1201	0.0423	0.0133	0.0068	0.0016	0.0006	0.0006	0.0004	0.0000

note: 1984-1999 indices-at-age were run using a GT 60cm group in the age key.

Table 5.27. Tautog indices-at-age, 1984-2015.

Year and season specific age keys obtained from the LISTS spring and fall surveys were used to convert LISTS length frequencies to ages. Indices-at-age were then determined for each season by apportioning the spring and fall overall indices (from Table 5.18 and Table 5.19) by the percentage of fish in each age, and then summing the spring and fall indices-at-age. The age 1-20+ index is the sum of indices ages 1 – 20+. The age 20+ category includes 36 fish ranging from 20 to 30 years of age.

Year	Age										
	1 - 20+	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1984	3.4691	0.0109	0.0816	0.1898	0.3030	0.4587	0.4955	0.2903	0.2852	0.3101	0.3529
1985	1.7967	0	0.0199	0.0962	0.1902	0.1651	0.1281	0.1836	0.3005	0.2020	0.0902
1986	1.7199	0.0012	0.0275	0.0961	0.0483	0.1029	0.2012	0.2409	0.2452	0.2863	0.1017
1987	1.2128	0.0237	0.0801	0.0594	0.0602	0.0999	0.1345	0.1910	0.1348	0.0957	0.0522
1988	0.9007	0.0031	0.0323	0.0474	0.0720	0.0445	0.0401	0.0755	0.1008	0.1641	0.0790
1989	1.2589	0	0.0433	0.0684	0.1365	0.0889	0.1154	0.1495	0.1600	0.1046	0.0817
1990	1.1615	0.0102	0.0829	0.1569	0.1117	0.1142	0.0498	0.0500	0.1245	0.0874	0.0623
1991	1.1466	0.0053	0.0251	0.0575	0.1184	0.1241	0.1486	0.0931	0.1253	0.1071	0.1067
1992	1.0254	0.0196	0.0489	0.0708	0.0414	0.0490	0.1231	0.1323	0.0849	0.0632	0.0636
1993	0.5695	0.0033	0.0212	0.0519	0.0302	0.0163	0.0606	0.0595	0.0423	0.0489	0.0522
1994	0.5837	0.0087	0.0368	0.0327	0.0678	0.0557	0.0551	0.0555	0.0799	0.0516	0.0312
1995	0.2530	0.0033	0.0093	0.0090	0.0295	0.0608	0.0267	0.0212	0.0346	0.0150	0.0219
1996	0.5628	0.0073	0.0518	0.0305	0.0086	0.0762	0.0452	0.0654	0.0712	0.0667	0.0609
1997	0.5079	0	0.0390	0.0675	0.0568	0.0574	0.0639	0.0491	0.0556	0.0486	0.0101
1998	0.6442	0	0.0425	0.0281	0.0701	0.0821	0.0876	0.0875	0.0848	0.0465	0.0575
1999	0.7614	0.0498	0.0792	0.0583	0.0666	0.1015	0.1379	0.0748	0.0843	0.0431	0.0203
2000	0.8004	0.0009	0.0468	0.0578	0.0832	0.0737	0.1403	0.1376	0.0897	0.0392	0.0467
2001	0.8946	0.0062	0.0305	0.0862	0.0830	0.1294	0.1197	0.1193	0.1058	0.0715	0.0454
2002	1.1665	0.0098	0.0237	0.0599	0.1009	0.1749	0.1972	0.1895	0.2091	0.0739	0.0419
2003	0.8977	0.0027	0.0132	0.0080	0.0598	0.1485	0.2385	0.1596	0.0893	0.0778	0.0185
2004	0.6936	0.0071	0.0209	0.0152	0.0360	0.0710	0.1930	0.1096	0.0494	0.0812	0.0441
2005	0.7596	0.0100	0.0367	0.0618	0.0261	0.0922	0.1437	0.1576	0.1064	0.0303	0.0268
2006	0.8405	0	0.0334	0.0345	0.1039	0.1274	0.1140	0.1196	0.1521	0.0620	0.0479
2007	0.6135	0.0034	0.0125	0.0170	0.0462	0.0478	0.0608	0.0918	0.0935	0.0966	0.0533
2008	0.7268	0.0061	0.0272	0.0439	0.0620	0.0848	0.1164	0.0708	0.0649	0.0831	0.0640
2009	0.4822	0.0145	0.0364	0.0070	0.0026	0.0394	0.0681	0.1013	0.0658	0.0319	0.0324
2010	0.2472	0	0.0053	0.0455	0.0093	0.0053	0.0315	0.0503	0.0294	0.0096	0.0093
2011	0.4456	0.0180	0.0401	0.0532	0.0303	0.0301	0.0612	0.0630	0.0415	0.0267	0.0167
2012	0.5809	0.0270	0.1148	0.0919	0.0808	0.0635	0.0389	0.0384	0.0499	0.0489	0.0115
2013	0.5781	0.0075	0.0653	0.0561	0.1211	0.0857	0.0912	0.0532	0.0386	0.0215	0.0214
2014	0.6958	0	0.0281	0.1540	0.0854	0.1112	0.1286	0.0754	0.0522	0.0243	0.0185
2015	0.6160	0.0422	0.0494	0.0710	0.0722	0.0758	0.0981	0.0900	0.0584	0.0266	0.0149
84-14											
Mean	0.9031	0.0084	0.0405	0.0617	0.0755	0.0962	0.1179	0.1083	0.1049	0.0813	0.0562

Year	Age									
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20+
1984	0.1259	0.2281	0.0933	0.0507	0.0448	0.0322	0.0468	0.0156	0.0006	0.0531
1985	0.1595	0.0982	0.0226	0.0994	0	0.0249	0.0039	0.0124	0	0
1986	0.1423	0.0863	0.0374	0.0522	0.0232	0.0071	0.0114	0.0003	0.0023	0.0061
1987	0.0606	0.0543	0.0479	0.0313	0.0246	0.0267	0.0105	0.0004	0.0048	0.0202
1988	0.0469	0.0395	0.0295	0.0225	0.0493	0.0086	0.0063	0.0055	0.0052	0.0286
1989	0.0569	0.0932	0.0430	0.0404	0.0348	0.0172	0.0067	0.0048	0	0.0136
1990	0.0979	0.0375	0.0568	0.0397	0.0221	0.0250	0.0089	0.0169	0.0035	0.0033
1991	0.0609	0.0258	0.0399	0.0361	0.0216	0.0007	0.0159	0.0117	0.0080	0.0148
1992	0.0599	0.0512	0.0440	0.0581	0.0236	0.0208	0.0167	0.0298	0.0167	0.0078
1993	0.0368	0.0351	0.0351	0.0129	0.0157	0.0152	0.0129	0.0097	0.0097	0
1994	0.0234	0.0238	0.0071	0.0118	0.0118	0.0096	0.0024	0.0047	0.0070	0.0071
1995	0.0036	0.0036	0.0073	0	0	0	0.0036	0	0	0.0036
1996	0.0230	0.0127	0.0103	0.0048	0.0099	0.0090	0.0086	0.0004	0.0001	0.0002
1997	0.0072	0.0119	0.0144	0.0048	0.0121	0.0071	0	0.0024	0	0
1998	0.0192	0.0164	0.0055	0.0055	0	0.0027	0.0055	0	0	0.0027
1999	0.0191	0.0090	0.0087	0.0029	0	0	0.0030	0.0029	0	0
2000	0.0213	0.0130	0.0123	0.0101	0.0084	0.0104	0.0023	0	0.0027	0.0040
2001	0.0407	0.0161	0.0152	0.0004	0.0053	0.0105	0.0036	0.0001	0.0026	0.0031
2002	0.0257	0.0185	0.0107	0.0070	0.0147	0.0039	0	0	0	0.0052
2003	0.0274	0.0088	0.0059	0.0184	0.0029	0.0124	0	0.0029	0	0.0031
2004	0.0204	0.0221	0.0119	0.0003	0.0028	0.0031	0.0026	0.0002	0	0.0027
2005	0.0347	0.0257	0.0039	0.0037	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0.0183	0.0200	0.0037	0	0.0037	0	0	0	0	0
2007	0.0294	0.0156	0.0194	0.0108	0.0019	0.0116	0	0.0019	0	0
2008	0.0322	0.0225	0.0228	0.0163	0.0098	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0.0343	0.0064	0.0091	0.0217	0.0070	0.0032	0.0011	0	0	0
2010	0.0192	0.0139	0.0048	0.0046	0.0046	0	0	0	0.0046	0
2011	0.0167	0.0161	0.0080	0.0080	0.0040	0	0.0040	0.0080	0	0
2012	0	0.0077	0.0038	0	0.0038	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0.0066	0	0	0.0033	0.0033	0.0033	0	0	0	0
2014	0.0148	0	0	0.0033	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0.0060	0.0016	0.0033	0.0049	0	0	0.0016	0	0	0
84-14										
Mean	0.0414	0.0333	0.0205	0.0187	0.0118	0.0086	0.0057	0.0042	0.0022	0.0058

Table 5.28. Weakfish age 0 and age 1+ indices of abundance, 1984-2017.

Using spring (May, June) and fall (September, October) length data, the geometric mean catch per tow was calculated for three groups of weakfish: fall age-0, spring - all fish age 1 and older (1+), and fall - all fish age 1 and older (1+). Weakfish less than 30 cm fork length in the fall were defined as age-0.

Year	Fall		Fall		Spring	
	age 0 count / tow	age 0 kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	age 1+ kg / tow	ages 1+ count / tow	ages 1+ kg / tow
1984	1.00	0.14	0.53	0.84	0.02	0.15
1985	6.19	0.74	0.24	0.46	0.00	0.10
1986	13.16	0.91	0.24	0.51	0.10	0.33
1987	0.63	0.13	0.11	0.16	0.02	0.11
1988	3.49	0.30	0.06	0.13	0.05	0.17
1989	8.69	0.94	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.16
1990	5.56	0.56	0.08	0.13	0.07	0.13
1991	11.95	1.44	0.31	0.41	0.28	0.26
1992	3.05	0.31	0.18	0.24	0.12	0.22
1993	4.08	0.46	0.12	0.18	0.10	0.15
1994	11.19	1.23	0.06	0.13	0.04	0.12
1995	5.22	0.84	0.70	0.64	0.18	0.16
1996	15.23	1.49	0.56	0.52	0.19	0.19
1997	12.38	1.03	0.89	0.81	0.42	0.34
1998	5.02	0.76	0.28	0.36	0.37	0.41
1999	30.93	3.21	0.39	0.51	0.45	0.59
2000	63.31	3.34	0.30	0.32	0.18	0.28
2001	40.09	2.20	0.52	0.54	0.27	0.26
2002	41.35	2.85	0.16	0.26	0.16	0.26
2003	49.41	1.77	0.07	0.17	0.04	0.14
2004	58.98	2.99	0.21	0.25	0.15	0.16
2005	25.86	2.50	0.12	0.18	0.27	0.23
2006	1.05	0.20	0.29	0.30	0.14	0.22
2007	63.93	3.86	0.06	0.14	0.11	0.22
2008	9.03	1.17	0.08	0.14	0.05	0.12
2009	6.48	0.57	0.30	0.22	0.08	0.16
2010	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.12
2011	11.64	0.87	0.68	0.55	0.10	0.15
2012	21.96	1.47	0.73	0.69	0.62	0.56
2013	7.01	0.59	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.44
2014	41.53	2.27	0.08	0.12	0.17	0.23
2015	30.91	3.11	0.46	0.35	0.03	0.11
2016	5.87	0.73	0.81	0.59	0.85	0.43
2017	8.2	0.94	0.43	0.40	0.57	0.42
84-16						
mean	19.26	1.41	0.32	0.36	0.19	0.23

Table 5.29. Winter flounder indices-at-age, 1984-2017.

The Long Island Sound Trawl Survey April and May catch and age data was used to calculate the geometric mean indices-at-age. An April-May age key was used to convert lengths to ages, and an overall April-May index (the ages 1-13 index in the table) was apportioned by the percentage of fish at age. The 4+ index is the sum of indices ages 4-13 and represents the abundance of winter flounder that are recruited to the fishery. The age-0 indices were obtained from the Estuarine Seine Survey (Job 8). Indices-at-age for 2016 are based on a 2014/2015 pooled key.

Year	Catch-at-age: numbers			April-May												
	1 - 13	4+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12	Age 13
1984	111.96	27.91	-	8.21	44.01	31.83	20.96	4.23	1.23	0.67	0.74	0.04	0.01	0.03	0	0
1985	83.58	18.13	-	4.11	28.46	32.88	14.17	2.33	0.82	0.45	0.19	0.11	0.04	0.02	0	0
1986	63.65	15.43	-	6.69	26.00	15.53	12.26	2.05	0.50	0.24	0.24	0.10	0.01	0.03	0	0
1987	79.92	13.35	-	7.32	44.69	14.56	5.05	6.55	1.28	0.11	0.24	0.13	0	0	0	0
1988	137.59	12.13	15.40	14.49	71.87	39.10	8.59	1.83	1.46	0.16	0.04	0.02	0.02	0	0	0
1989	148.19	14.97	1.66	13.56	78.43	41.23	10.85	2.84	0.98	0.14	0.09	0.06	0.01	0	0	0
1990	223.09	15.29	2.80	11.31	131.52	64.97	8.97	4.09	1.96	0.19	0.05	0	0.02	0	0	0
1991	150.20	14.31	5.23	8.52	66.99	60.39	9.31	4.05	0.80	0.14	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
1992	61.39	10.49	11.90	6.80	31.32	12.78	8.97	1.10	0.36	0.05	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	63.60	9.16	5.68	19.11	19.87	15.46	4.81	3.24	0.80	0.15	0.11	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1994	84.44	4.87	14.23	9.57	64.14	5.86	3.01	1.14	0.49	0.17	0.05	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1995	50.12	2.31	10.10	14.35	23.69	9.77	1.36	0.63	0.20	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.00	0	0	0
1996	110.62	15.92	19.22	11.46	59.07	24.17	14.41	0.97	0.28	0.14	0.06	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1997	71.31	13.84	7.47	12.53	25.53	19.41	9.45	3.76	0.51	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0
1998	72.91	17.06	9.16	11.22	32.40	12.23	12.67	3.15	0.99	0.14	0.02	0.07	0	0	0	0
1999	41.35	11.10	8.70	6.56	12.42	11.27	6.09	3.20	1.14	0.61	0.04	0.01	0.02	0	0	0
2000	45.41	13.25	4.33	7.11	16.66	8.40	7.70	3.42	1.53	0.31	0.26	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0
2001	54.50	15.61	1.34	8.45	19.60	10.85	8.06	5.46	1.28	0.68	0.05	0.08	0	0	0	0
2002	43.71	7.99	3.06	6.27	19.90	9.56	4.43	1.95	1.02	0.35	0.11	0.03	0.10	0	0	0
2003	27.84	8.83	8.07	2.47	7.83	8.71	4.79	1.95	0.77	0.82	0.29	0.07	0.14	0	0	0
2004	20.46	6.81	10.96	6.32	3.88	3.45	3.88	1.92	0.64	0.21	0.11	0.03	0.01	0	0	0.01
2005	16.10	2.03	5.63	7.06	6.18	0.84	0.81	0.67	0.21	0.16	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.01	0	0
2006	5.59	0.74	0.93	1.14	2.60	1.10	0.19	0.14	0.17	0.09	0.01	0.09	0.03	0.02	0	0
2007	28.68	4.16	4.73	2.98	10.83	10.70	3.10	0.61	0.15	0.11	0.12	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	0
2008	24.11	4.97	1.97	11.46	3.49	4.18	4.12	0.65	0.12	0.04	0.03	0.01	0	0	0.01	0
2009	22.65	2.86	0.77	7.56	11.21	1.02	1.31	1.21	0.22	0.06	0.04	0	0.01	0	0.01	0
2010	20.88	1.84	0.96	6.64	8.45	3.94	0.71	0.57	0.44	0.11	0.01	0	0	0	0	0
2011	27.95	5.55	1.12	6.54	9.34	6.53	3.66	1.15	0.30	0.39	0.04	0	0	0	0	0
2012	15.80	2.83	0.29	4.84	5.61	2.51	1.97	0.62	0.09	0.06	0.05	0.03	0	0	0	0
2013	10.08	4.03	0.27	0.61	3.50	1.94	1.96	1.33	0.48	0.10	0.08	0.05	0.02	0	0	0
2014	5.90	2.34	0.47	0.84	0.64	2.08	1.36	0.62	0.26	0.06	0.03	0.01	0	0	0	0
2015	3.94	1.92	0.64	0.89	0.84	0.29	0.64	0.65	0.22	0.27	0.11	0.02	0	0.005	0.01	0
2016	3.98	1.32	0.63	0.93	0.73	1.00	0.79	0.40	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.00	0	0	0	0
2017	0.99	0.31	1.03	0.11	0.26	0.31	0.17	0.08	0.05	0.00	0.01	0	0	0	0	0
84-16	56.84	8.93														
Mean	58.53	9.19	5.44	7.51	27.02	14.80	6.07	2.08	0.66	0.22	0.10	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00

Year	Catch-at-age: biomass (kg)			April-May												
	1-13	4+	Age 0	Age 1	Age 2	Age 3	Age 4	Age 5	Age 6	Age 7	Age 8	Age 9	Age 10	Age 11	Age 12	Age 13
1984	15.68	7.81	NA	0.31	3.06	4.50	5.18	1.51	0.49	0.30	0.28	0.03	0.01	0.01	0	0
1985	13.91	5.96	NA	0.15	2.54	5.26	3.97	0.97	0.46	0.33	0.11	0.08	0.03	0.02	0	0
1986	10.33	5.39	NA	0.24	2.16	2.55	3.68	0.88	0.32	0.21	0.16	0.09	0.01	0.03	0	0
1987	11.76	4.94	NA	0.30	4.03	2.50	1.39	2.59	0.64	0.08	0.14	0.09	0	0	0	0
1988	18.28	4.51	NA	0.54	6.06	7.17	2.64	0.93	0.74	0.12	0.03	0.02	0.03	0	0	0
1989	22.62	5.64	NA	0.43	7.99	8.56	3.62	1.32	0.47	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.01	0	0	0
1990	29.01	7.09	NA	0.33	10.37	11.21	3.79	2.19	0.89	0.14	0.04	0	0.04	0	0	0
1991	24.59	5.54	NA	0.32	6.82	11.92	3.53	1.47	0.43	0.10	0	0	0	0.01	0	0
1992	12.29	4.79	NA	0.27	3.82	3.41	3.81	0.71	0.25	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	10.26	4.43	NA	0.54	1.93	3.36	1.96	1.73	0.51	0.11	0.08	0.04	0.01	0	0	0
1994	12.20	2.95	NA	0.34	7.13	1.79	1.51	0.77	0.43	0.16	0.06	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1995	7.72	1.39	NA	0.51	2.70	3.12	0.71	0.39	0.18	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
1996	20.41	7.36	NA	0.41	6.11	6.53	6.32	0.61	0.22	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.01	0	0	0
1997	15.53	6.96	NA	0.48	2.61	5.48	4.26	2.23	0.36	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0
1998	14.66	7.28	NA	0.36	3.59	3.43	4.88	1.64	0.60	0.09	0.02	0.05	0	0	0	0
1999	10.29	5.32	NA	0.23	1.41	3.33	2.60	1.59	0.69	0.39	0.02	0.00	0.03	0	0	0
2000	12.63	7.22	NA	0.32	2.31	2.78	3.68	2.05	0.96	0.29	0.21	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0
2001	14.02	7.94	NA	0.27	2.33	3.48	3.39	3.05	0.87	0.51	0.05	0.07	0	0	0	0
2002	10.83	4.41	NA	0.31	3.05	3.06	2.13	1.12	0.70	0.28	0.09	0.02	0.07	0	0	0
2003	8.87	5.03	NA	0.09	0.96	2.79	2.35	1.21	0.50	0.59	0.23	0.06	0.08	0	0	0
2004	6.11	4.19	NA	0.19	0.53	1.20	2.13	1.24	0.50	0.18	0.10	0.02	0.01	0	0	0.01
2005	3.37	1.75	NA	0.28	0.96	0.38	0.57	0.61	0.22	0.17	0.09	0.06	0.02	0.01	0	0
2006	1.82	0.71	NA	0.06	0.48	0.58	0.16	0.13	0.17	0.08	0.02	0.09	0.05	0.02	0	0
2007	7.02	2.34	NA	0.12	1.18	3.38	1.55	0.37	0.14	0.10	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0
2008	5.08	3.00	NA	0.39	0.39	1.30	2.31	0.47	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.01	0	0	0.01	0
2009	3.96	1.89	NA	0.28	1.48	0.32	0.68	0.88	0.20	0.05	0.04	0	0.01	0	0.02	0
2010	4.26	1.38	NA	0.24	1.16	1.49	0.40	0.45	0.42	0.10	0.01	0	0	0	0	0
2011	6.72	3.19	NA	0.23	1.34	1.96	1.81	0.78	0.22	0.35	0.04	0	0	0	0	0
2012	3.88	1.85	NA	0.20	0.93	0.90	1.13	0.47	0.09	0.06	0.06	0	0	0	0	0
2013	3.42	2.45	NA	0.02	0.37	0.57	0.98	0.86	0.39	0.07	0.08	0.06	0	0	0	0
2014	2.33	1.48	NA	0.03	0.09	0.73	0.74	0.44	0.21	0.06	0.03	0.01	0	0	0	0
2015	1.19	0.99	NA	0.02	0.09	0.08	0.27	0.33	0.13	0.16	0.07	0.01	0	0.01	0	0
2016	1.08	0.69	NA	0.03	0.07	0.29	0.36	0.23	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.00	0	0	0	0
2017	0.34	0.18	NA	0.01	0.04	0.11	0.09	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.01	0	0	0	0	0
84-16																
Mean	10.49	4.18	NA	0.27	2.73	3.31	2.38	1.10	0.41	0.17	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note years with non-standard # of tows: 1984: April = 0 tows, May = 13 tows, and 19 tows in June used to increase sample size; 1985: April = 0 tows, May = 41 tows; 1992 and 2006: April = 0 tows, May = 40; 1996: April = 17 tows, May = 63 tows; 2005: April = 35 tows, May = 45 tows; 2007: April = 35 tows, May = 45 tows; 2008: April = 36, and May = 44 tows; 2010: May = 38 tows; 2011: April = 12 tows; 2016: April = 36 tows; April = 0 tows, May = 24 tows.

**TABLES 5.30 - 5.66
LENGTH FREQUENCIES
LISTS**

Table 5.30. Alewife length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989–2017.

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																													
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
7	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	
8	0	0	0	0	18	3	3	0	0	0	2	9	16	0	3	1	2	0	0	4	1	10	0	1	3	2	12	9	0	
9	0	0	2	0	15	9	6	1	6	0	6	21	32	1	18	6	16	0	0	4	6	10	0	3	7	5	11	27	0	
10	0	0	0	1	11	19	18	2	22	7	6	28	23	5	32	55	32	0	8	5	11	23	5	6	16	7	16	81	0	
11	0	0	5	4	10	44	11	2	64	11	20	52	14	6	27	87	26	29	13	32	10	9	22	8	11	16	13	230	0	
12	6	0	4	7	6	83	17	8	127	12	32	43	5	29	25	100	55	44	34	131	17	6	54	27	19	15	7	303	0	
13	1	0	4	4	47	122	48	16	63	44	42	99	4	70	11	83	61	15	38	193	24	12	48	98	18	24	6	181	0	
14	0	0	9	7	77	172	35	26	69	61	56	234	7	139	28	63	37	9	37	178	51	6	50	187	14	33	6	351	0	
15	3	0	8	5	68	140	54	32	56	51	120	334	6	157	25	33	50	49	85	86	101	8	59	123	12	48	7	407	0	
16	2	0	8	5	84	159	38	86	44	50	144	320	4	86	26	31	74	25	128	46	106	7	37	56	5	53	5	375	0	
17	5	4	4	16	63	108	32	203	28	34	330	85	5	82	21	33	73	78	161	47	142	5	7	27	10	16	5	353	0	
18	4	4	9	8	59	81	7	254	32	22	136	15	4	15	19	18	71	93	182	25	196	2	11	17	21	30	5	263	6	
19	6	7	7	2	37	33	7	180	9	11	99	20	3	6	26	42	59	86	122	49	215	7	11	24	22	24	9	89	1	
20	3	1	7	2	27	24	10	161	17	17	82	22	9	17	13	30	26	76	105	38	137	7	9	19	10	50	3	32	0	
21	1	0	3	1	13	17	14	107	34	22	72	27	12	28	22	50	21	40	71	21	53	18	9	18	28	58	9	51	1	
22	4	2	8	2	10	26	12	103	48	18	47	41	18	46	25	48	18	18	41	14	29	22	10	24	34	25	20	21	0	
23	5	1	8	6	3	12	12	76	44	16	47	90	36	63	40	36	7	5	28	16	13	12	16	27	39	8	17	7	0	
24	7	0	3	2	1	12	7	34	28	14	21	58	45	49	42	13	6	1	10	7	14	4	7	18	15	18	12	4	0	
25	3	2	1	0	3	5	2	9	9	2	11	11	23	12	29	11	3	1	3	0	11	2	4	11	4	12	10	3	0	
26	1	0	1	2	1	5	1	3	1	2	2	1	5	7	17	5	2	0	2	0	1	0	2	3	3	4	7	4	0	
27	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	0	
28	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	56	21	93	74	556	1,076	334	1,304	701	395	1,275	1,515	274	820	452	749	642	569	1,068	901	1,138	172	364	698	291	449	185	2,796	8	

length	Fall																													
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	6	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	0	-	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	
10	0	0	0	0	5	1	4	1	1	0	1	4	23	0	7	1	7	0	8	2	1	-	1	0	0	2	9	0	1	
11	0	0	0	0	27	30	5	5	6	1	3	5	59	0	33	6	14	0	22	1	2	-	9	0	8	0	23	0	0	
12	0	0	0	1	120	82	9	25	12	9	6	9	86	4	64	7	8	0	44	0	2	-	22	2	14	7	32	0	9	
13	0	0	3	0	88	84	14	21	21	7	9	17	72	0	4	12	17	0	87	5	10	-	14	3	16	27	88	0	12	
14	0	0	2	4	16	36	11	30	31	0	11	10	23	3	3	16	15	0	134	14	10	-	22	0	34	48	26	3	3	
15	0	0	1	8	21	31	0	9	53	0	5	8	24	3	5	28	15	2	118	4	8	-	28	2	6	12	53	8	1	
16	3	0	3	10	53	14	4	1	110	1	25	2	36	17	20	30	12	4	31	0	1	-	14	1	2	4	37	4	2	
17	2	0	0	12	25	33	1	2	194	4	34	0	27	8	19	12	3	0	8	3	1	-	19	2	2	0	11	0	0	
18	3	0	0	9	13	24	1	1	62	3	11	1	5	0	0	1	5	0	6	0	1	-	17	0	0	2	14	0	2	
19	0	0	0	2	1	11	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	-	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
22	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8	1	9	46	377	354	50	95	492	27	117	58	364	38	156	113	98	6	468	33	37	0	148	10	83	104	301	15	30	

Table 5.31. American shad length frequencies, spring and fall, 2.0 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1989-2017.

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																													
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
9	0	0	0	0	8	2	17	0	6	9	5	5	2	13	6	1	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	11	7	1	16	0	
11	0	0	1	3	7	2	16	5	24	27	20	46	1	101	12	8	11	0	5	26	12	12	5	3	48	41	38	89	0	
13	4	0	10	8	4	4	11	9	59	85	31	29	2	87	11	14	10	0	20	78	36	21	28	34	38	32	27	203	2	
15	49	1	82	17	6	22	22	191	177	108	65	21	2	41	0	45	25	38	54	180	66	77	100	106	20	9	13	127	0	
17	29	8	49	23	10	72	68	154	319	97	52	32	4	49	3	6	4	14	44	51	40	47	25	45	11	3	5	150	0	
19	5	5	4	33	6	374	40	47	62	32	20	13	0	17	0	2	0	5	8	11	15	5	3	5	2	1	2	87	0	
21	1	3	10	25	6	158	6	9	2	1	35	1	0	4	4	2	6	0	3	3	3	2	1	0	1	1	1	16	0	
23	0	3	31	20	5	18	2	16	5	8	50	4	0	7	7	4	7	0	4	3	4	0	0	10	8	16	19	3	0	
25	0	2	10	7	1	6	0	15	1	7	14	2	3	4	0	0	3	0	7	0	0	1	0	22	1	2	5	4	0	
27	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	5	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	2	0	1	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
39	1	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	2	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
41	1	0	1	5	2	3	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
45	1	0	1	7	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	91	24	202	163	61	675	189	452	669	378	313	157	14	337	43	83	79	60	152	353	178	165	162	231	142	120	113	698	3	

length	Fall																													
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
9	0	0	7	1	2	6	7	0	6	1	5	0	1	1	4	5	4	0	2	4	0	-	4	4	0	9	0	2	0	
11	0	1	4	5	23	26	16	1	20	14	27	0	4	1	14	6	3	0	19	4	27	-	4	4	0	2	13	5	6	
13	0	0	7	21	54	208	24	7	28	13	44	0	1	0	22	4	5	0	26	3	22	-	2	2	1	2	18	4	12	
15	0	0	4	2	33	245	14	2	5	4	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	13	0	36	-	2	0	2	5	7	9	0		
17	0	0	22	7	10	20	2	0	12	64	13	2	5	11	15	77	3	1	2	0	3	-	6	2	8	0	2	80	8	
19	32	34	93	41	53	57	84	0	67	290	130	16	47	199	121	155	23	6	5	6	42	-	35	5	31	9	26	134	48	
21	129	143	22	102	466	229	335	15	99	123	251	104	34	44	80	21	46	0	8	28	88	-	42	52	32	9	62	11	125	
23	30	27	0	30	394	197	83	19	12	0	179	39	3	0	6	0	14	1	8	7	25	-	14	21	5	1	27	0	27	
25	0	0	0	1	24	50	3	4	0	0	17	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	
27	0	0	0	3	2	7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
49	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	192	205	159	214	1,061	1,047	568	48	251	509	674	161	96	256	262	273	98	8	83	52	243	-	109	90	79	40	161	245	226	

Table 5.32. American lobster length frequencies-spring, female, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2017.
Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Length	Spring																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	1	0	0	2	2	6	8	0	5	1	6	21	14	13	35	18	8	3	0	2	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	0	3	0	1	0	0	5	8	15	4	0	18	7	22	64	8	37	4	8	2	3	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	4	4	3	2	0	0	9	1	4	6	4	22	15	22	59	22	48	3	5	2	1	2	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	5	3	2	11	0	0	9	8	6	14	0	8	14	21	41	26	48	3	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	4	1	2	0	0	10	9	6	7	11	27	21	42	58	29	36	2	3	4	0	2	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	2	0	0	7	2	4	6	11	13	17	1	49	10	31	72	42	35	7	10	2	3	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	1	3	0	3	5	1	0	8	12	9	4	22	16	39	73	34	53	7	3	2	3	2	0	10	3	1	2	4	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
40	1	4	2	10	4	4	7	6	17	28	8	41	18	30	98	23	68	8	10	6	5	2	3	11	1	0	3	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	
41	2	3	1	18	2	3	22	9	10	23	8	18	18	17	71	36	58	11	8	4	2	2	2	13	1	3	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	
42	1	6	3	8	1	3	17	22	9	41	11	46	18	33	143	54	65	11	18	5	6	0	0	5	2	0	1	1	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	
43	1	1	1	22	0	11	19	16	11	13	11	53	27	44	59	50	84	9	6	8	6	4	1	7	1	2	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	
44	1	1	2	16	6	2	13	12	14	25	9	61	22	32	43	38	117	19	15	15	4	5	4	9	3	3	0	1	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	
45	0	2	1	9	1	12	11	12	5	24	8	38	22	36	135	35	138	9	14	3	3	2	2	9	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	
46	4	3	1	12	3	8	4	18	26	30	2	34	22	42	88	64	102	15	22	4	0	1	4	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	
47	2	1	4	31	2	14	4	21	8	40	8	59	35	53	70	77	91	18	20	25	7	2	5	11	3	1	0	1	5	0	4	0	0	0	0	
48	2	2	2	15	6	20	22	17	28	35	12	54	31	56	104	59	72	11	17	9	7	6	2	7	3	5	3	2	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	
49	4	4	4	10	4	7	13	28	19	67	15	37	32	55	198	90	89	8	15	15	5	1	3	7	2	2	0	5	6	3	3	1	0	0	0	
50	6	1	6	7	4	7	16	18	5	40	21	51	43	67	139	63	104	13	21	13	6	2	0	10	6	1	0	3	2	1	3	1	0	0	0	
51	4	5	6	8	3	15	33	24	22	59	16	58	48	88	133	95	109	31	17	13	5	2	4	16	6	3	1	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	
52	9	8	3	15	3	14	29	45	32	35	33	58	57	73	165	89	125	40	25	11	6	4	3	13	3	3	1	0	4	3	4	2	0	0	0	
53	10	4	4	20	5	19	14	38	31	54	24	53	47	82	167	89	83	32	26	9	6	6	5	14	3	3	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	
54	2	4	6	15	2	22	38	35	18	38	29	44	45	87	140	84	152	30	41	15	6	7	2	9	3	3	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	
55	9	2	8	14	3	9	26	19	26	47	17	59	64	82	191	91	132	34	38	21	8	9	11	20	6	7	2	2	4	0	4	0	2	0	0	
56	6	9	11	12	14	15	31	47	16	60	17	64	56	98	152	99	85	44	24	14	10	14	2	20	7	0	3	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	
57	10	3	6	10	11	23	24	57	61	79	24	46	60	95	159	156	102	44	28	11	7	10	7	17	12	6	1	2	0	3	3	0	0	1	0	
58	1	8	7	15	6	25	38	35	27	53	17	56	62	111	144	118	118	38	35	11	12	12	7	15	9	5	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	
59	10	18	7	14	7	29	13	51	28	52	37	70	66	97	144	147	105	45	32	12	12	11	9	15	4	3	5	0	12	2	2	0	1	0	0	
60	6	12	11	19	9	25	34	45	43	57	30	91	76	97	114	102	97	60	48	15	16	10	3	24	6	4	1	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	
61	5	14	11	8	12	15	33	49	31	56	44	62	62	92	181	160	79	46	40	21	6	20	13	28	7	3	2	2	3	1	0	0	2	0	0	
62	12	9	5	11	4	12	57	33	34	75	46	61	67	94	118	116	75	59	46	13	11	14	9	22	10	7	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
63	4	9	10	27	9	27	56	41	25	60	44	60	70	96	133	136	66	43	41	28	14	13	6	23	11	5	4	1	5	0	3	0	1	0	0	
64	10	16	9	16	8	13	38	33	41	75	24	64	91	86	176	148	110	75	46	23	11	16	8	25	10	6	1	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	
65	9	7	9	29	15	25	46	45	26	68	28	72	78	110	169	160	84	63	48	10	16	19	12	16	13	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
66	11	15	18	25	10	21	43	59	48	86	26	84	87	116	147	121	99	55	39	15	19	9	3	21	23											

Table 5.33. American lobster length frequencies—fall, female, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2017.

Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Female Length	Fall																																			
	1984 (70)	1985 (80)	1986 (80)	1987 (80)	1988 (80)	1989 (80)	1990 (80)	1991 (80)	1992 (80)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (80)	1996 (80)	1997 (80)	1998 (80)	1999 (80)	2000 (80)	2001 (80)	2002 (80)	2003 (40)	2004 (80)	2005 (80)	2006 (40)	2007 (80)	2008 (40)	2009 (80)	2010 (0)	2011 (80)	2012 (80)	2013 (80)	2014 (79)	2015 (80)	2016 (80)	2017 (80)		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	2	5	3	0	5	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	7	11	8	1	5	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
32	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	4	13	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	12	9	2	2	0	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	6	16	3	17	2	6	8	1	8	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35	0	0	6	1	0	2	3	0	23	5	16	3	8	6	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	4	0	1	1	1	3	1	31	7	26	0	8	14	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
37	4	0	2	0	3	2	10	22	19	2	19	5	5	7	1	8	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38	3	2	2	3	3	2	8	1	24	9	23	1	18	17	2	13	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	6	0	10	1	1	0	9	15	32	6	22	0	7	22	2	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	0	0	3	1	12	14	14	20	35	16	24	12	23	15	3	8	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	3	0	0	5	2	6	19	21	32	22	52	8	39	15	7	13	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42	7	0	5	0	4	2	3	36	52	21	43	7	24	49	9	17	2	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43	5	0	2	4	4	2	16	23	30	39	52	16	20	25	5	15	3	0	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
44	29	7	1	8	1	6	11	32	32	29	63	14	46	47	9	17	5	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45	18	0	7	3	2	0	12	25	50	17	57	22	38	32	7	27	4	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
46	10	0	1	11	6	6	26	34	42	43	63	20	33	50	12	18	9	3	2	1	5	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
47	21	7	3	12	6	12	18	52	47	44	41	27	32	42	5	16	2	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
48	10	5	4	14	8	18	19	35	58	52	69	28	33	58	14	15	7	2	6	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
49	29	6	7	14	15	11	15	27	77	58	47	17	19	11	27	10	2	4	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
50	27	9	6	21	12	4	31	41	52	38	69	54	28	61	13	31	10	6	2	2	2	4	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
51	35	8	2	12	3	11	10	44	73	72	94	45	41	49	15	30	13	6	3	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
52	26	11	3	15	3	11	21	40	66	54	59	51	42	120	18	34	13	3	6	3	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
53	33	8	3	22	10	7	22	55	82	94	55	43	43	106	29	18	16	9	3	1	6	10	2	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
54	16	8	18	11	12	14	20	41	61	83	76	38	58	82	17	45	28	8	1	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
55	23	10	27	21	2	6	22	59	58	59	54	39	45	102	48	32	18	9	1	3	7	8	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
56	45	10	11	36	10	24	22	29	82	87	74	45	41	90	23	32	33	12	1	3	6	0	3	2	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
57	16	15	16	18	7	7	15	52	71	71	78	50	44	121	24	39	22	13	5	2	13	5	2	1	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
58	23	16	11	19	13	17	36	55	63	119	79	69	47	114	29	31	23	14	6	5	5	8	1	2	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
59	21	11	13	26	13	23	30	79	66	110	84	48	46	110	35	36	28	18	5	6	10	4	4	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
60	30	18	20	18	7	17	16	74	53	115	70	53	51	140	29	35	34	8	6	9	7	6	1	4	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
61	10	4	17	24	12	14	37	46	52	91	79	51	56	119	34	37	27	9	5	2	12	7	2	1	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
62	27	16	23	21	14	32	41	64	53	107	117	44	53	133	39	44	32	19	3	5	10	3	5	1	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
63	31	14	13	22	8	20	22	53	66	130	93	58	41	126	51	45	29	19	6	6	16	12	4	4	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
64	25	10	15	29	23	31	26	71	38	100	86	79	38	139	34	44	29	21	9	12	19	5	4	4	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
65	17	9	39	24	15	28	26	77	44	93	89	49	43	146	49	42	37	18	9	6	15	9	1	2	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
66	24	26	25	23	15	16	42	70	56	90	87	82	53	126	51	43	26	19	5	5	10	7	1	4	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	17	24	33	11	19	16	29	38	43	78	106	51	38	117	26	53	31	17	8	11	14	6	2	3	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
68	15	8	27	18	22	30	36	41	42	94	77	48	55	124	54	44	37	19	7	6	4	8	1	6	4											

Table 5.34. American lobster length frequencies—spring, male, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2017.
Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Male Length	Spring																																			
	1984 (32)	1985 (46)	1986 (116)	1987 (120)	1988 (120)	1989 (120)	1990 (120)	1991 (80)	1992 (120)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (120)	1996 (120)	1997 (120)	1998 (120)	1999 (120)	2000 (120)	2001 (120)	2002 (120)	2003 (120)	2004 (119)	2005 (120)	2006 (80)	2007 (120)	2008 (120)	2009 (120)	2010 (76)	2011 (92)	2012 (120)	2013 (120)	2014 (120)	2015 (120)	2016 (116)	2017 (84)		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0		
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	2	1	5	2	12	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	0	9	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	2	4	0	1	1	7	14	4	5	7	3	17	13	24	34	19	26	6	1	3	1	2	0	6	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	
37	1	1	2	5	0	3	2	23	9	12	4	15	20	32	58	35	32	5	3	2	4	2	0	7	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38	0	1	1	5	2	7	14	9	1	26	3	18	18	21	93	12	28	3	8	4	2	1	2	7	1	0	0	2	1	4	0	3	1	0	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	0	2	0	7	2	8	3	5	12	17	7	25	21	41	32	20	35	11	9	4	3	2	3	8	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	1	2	0	0	
41	0	2	2	9	1	0	11	8	7	4	10	28	19	41	75	46	55	3	13	7	3	0	1	6	3	0	2	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	
42	4	2	0	3	1	9	13	10	13	42	7	39	18	46	125	36	63	14	9	10	3	5	0	16	3	2	0	3	4	1	2	0	1	0	0	
43	1	2	1	16	0	9	14	9	12	23	5	52	26	24	70	51	32	5	9	10	5	2	2	8	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	
44	3	0	1	15	1	3	10	11	6	42	9	17	21	50	170	44	110	10	15	9	1	0	4	12	2	1	3	3	2	0	3	1	1	0	0	
45	1	5	4	22	3	7	7	20	13	45	6	39	28	46	76	50	65	17	16	20	5	3	2	9	3	1	2	2	4	3	1	3	0	0	0	
46	0	2	2	24	2	24	7	12	25	37	9	32	22	66	155	71	74	19	18	18	4	3	2	11	0	4	1	3	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	
47	0	1	2	31	7	3	2	17	47	32	9	54	32	66	146	87	65	17	9	4	4	4	1	16	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
48	6	6	5	9	1	8	20	17	7	23	6	45	32	78	93	60	57	22	29	6	3	6	5	8	4	2	2	0	2	1	5	1	0	0	0	
49	9	3	4	24	4	22	20	45	21	40	19	46	18	82	120	87	69	16	18	8	15	3	4	16	3	3	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	
50	7	3	1	19	4	23	10	21	25	30	21	29	35	61	66	83	110	34	22	16	7	6	4	9	4	2	0	2	2	0	3	2	0	0	0	
51	3	4	4	12	2	20	26	42	16	75	16	62	45	57	158	90	65	24	31	19	8	8	9	10	3	5	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	
52	9	5	2	12	2	15	23	21	25	37	31	49	52	75	81	80	100	27	27	14	10	6	2	12	3	2	2	0	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	
53	5	9	7	17	4	10	12	33	16	41	26	60	50	56	138	69	66	25	20	11	5	7	5	19	6	4	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	
54	10	3	16	14	7	14	30	45	36	43	29	74	49	74	210	79	110	33	38	26	15	6	5	21	5	4	1	4	4	2	0	1	1	0	0	
55	5	3	6	18	7	23	16	42	27	50	27	46	51	82	101	101	114	38	23	18	2	9	6	12	5	3	2	1	3	4	4	0	1	0	0	
56	3	12	11	17	10	6	34	38	37	44	14	70	54	83	130	82	95	37	29	19	13	11	9	7	7	6	6	2	4	0	3	1	0	0	1	
57	1	7	10	26	11	17	36	30	12	51	27	54	60	68	145	93	95	43	35	22	7	6	5	21	4	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	0	0	
58	12	7	5	10	4	19	44	71	31	47	35	41	83	96	111	111	99	43	46	11	12	8	5	13	8	1	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	
59	3	13	7	12	14	25	29	57	27	88	34	71	56	67	63	144	89	43	43	13	6	11	10	24	9	7	4	2	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	
60	1	9	14	29	8	23	49	50	37	42	34	94	84	156	121	105	105	56	35	24	8	9	6	16	9	6	1	0	4	2	3	1	0	0	1	
61	9	14	16	12	10	22	39	56	46	62	34	77	59	102	176	123	83	51	36	28	14	10	14	11	6	3	3	5	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	
62	11	10	13	15	6	30	44	78	36	65	54	57	58	127	152	117	84	69	44	20	11	12	7	12	16	12	2	0	5	0	2	2	0	0	0	
63	18	15	16	28	8	24	52	65	54	44	36	59	60	101	167	132	73	54	44	24	16	13	13	19	5	6	2	5	3	4	2	1	0	0	0	
64	8	16	12	26	8	21	45	72	43	63	27	73	90	95	153	133	98	69	46	26	10	14	8	22	16	4	8	3	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	
65	13	8	11	20	15	20	47	55	36	73	33	77	73	97	165	111	96	75	50	30	21	17	8	16	16	8	2	1	5	1	1	5	1	0	0	
66	5	10	11	26	16	32	49	71	31	71	23	39	73	107	223	129	64	56	39	23	31	15	6	22	23	2	6	2	0	1	0	2	3	1	0	0
67	1	5	11	26	11	32	29	57	44	39	21	69	60	118	182	149	66	77	53	24	16	14	6	33	19	1	3	1	10	1	0	0	0	1	0	
68	5	10	13	12	7	21	33	80	48	26	34																									

Table 5.35. American lobster length frequencies—fall, male, 1 mm intervals, 1984–2017.
Lobsters were measured from each tow.

Male Length	Fall																																				
	1984 (70)	1985 (80)	1986 (80)	1987 (80)	1988 (80)	1989 (80)	1990 (80)	1991 (80)	1992 (80)	1993 (120)	1994 (120)	1995 (80)	1996 (80)	1997 (80)	1998 (80)	1999 (80)	2000 (80)	2001 (80)	2002 (80)	2003 (40)	2004 (80)	2005 (80)	2006 (40)	2007 (80)	2008 (80)	2009 (80)	2010 (0)	2011 (80)	2012 (80)	2013 (80)	2014 (79)	2015 (80)	2016 (80)	2017 (80)			
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
26	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
27	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	4	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
29	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	6	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	4	2	3	0	6	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
32	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	13	2	3	0	4	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	4	0	9	1	11	3	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	13	4	11	0	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35	3	0	0	1	0	0	3	7	13	15	12	1	8	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	3	0	0	1	0	1	5	8	25	8	21	1	7	14	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
37	3	0	6	0	1	1	7	4	38	4	21	1	11	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38	2	2	2	3	2	0	0	6	40	6	34	1	17	14	3	5	0	0	0	1	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	0	0	2	1	2	1	5	8	34	5	25	4	16	28	7	17	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	3	0	6	2	1	5	10	8	35	21	35	6	15	14	5	7	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	6	1	1	3	4	1	12	13	43	14	54	5	11	24	1	6	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
42	4	6	2	0	11	3	12	13	43	34	55	5	29	25	9	8	5	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
43	1	0	3	3	2	1	7	7	49	17	56	12	23	41	5	21	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
44	4	1	1	5	11	1	6	13	35	13	63	26	16	40	5	19	3	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45	7	3	3	3	8	10	11	6	42	34	43	20	44	53	9	18	5	3	2	1	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
46	2	2	1	7	4	14	10	31	44	19	58	33	18	35	7	16	5	2	3	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
47	13	4	3	10	10	5	16	14	66	60	26	26	33	41	13	20	7	2	2	1	2	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
48	15	3	5	7	14	4	16	10	67	49	72	19	49	72	8	20	9	9	1	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
49	4	2	10	8	2	12	18	45	48	100	56	33	40	48	10	37	9	1	0	1	6	3	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
50	13	5	8	21	9	11	16	37	63	56	55	53	28	56	15	44	9	3	2	0	5	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
51	51	6	5	17	10	11	24	46	74	30	88	27	22	88	21	37	18	6	3	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
52	15	5	11	17	3	16	31	43	65	78	82	56	30	80	36	42	9	4	2	0	3	4	1	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
53	13	9	3	30	5	15	22	57	55	83	83	61	37	103	29	15	8	3	1	7	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
54	24	12	19	26	21	17	25	76	47	59	97	59	30	116	23	43	21	7	2	3	8	5	2	1	3	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
55	23	4	17	23	13	26	25	47	83	84	70	80	32	96	26	46	38	9	2	2	12	3	3	1	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	18	12	25	18	13	13	13	37	65	104	90	52	43	89	39	39	21	10	3	4	10	3	3	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	9	0	10	30	26	18	36	43	64	101	79	92	27	111	44	42	27	10	5	4	8	8	1	7	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	29	15	24	23	13	30	34	51	68	107	58	48	80	42	57	21	10	8	5	6	7	3	1	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	47	8	26	31	16	14	23	43	86	109	78	76	40	143	33	54	29	24	10	8	10	13	6	2	5	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	16	6	11	26	7	26	39	56	77	103	109	69	30	134	56	61	37	9	9	7	13	7	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61	23	5	10	25	30	12	24	57	68	138	120	78	59	128	53	64	44	15	8	5	17	8	5	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	50	17	26	23	10	13	36	37	57	125	92	80	42	145	57	49	28	19	10	7	10	6	3	1	4	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	14	18	37	20	15	19	28	63	68	144	107	74	41	149	60	63	39	29	15	7	4	9	5	4	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
64	28	17	22	24	35	19	25	86	74	87	106	73	77	138	57	68	42	35	9	8	19	12	2	2	2	8	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	36	10	39	31	20	16	39	87	49	107	83	75	73	161	75	48	37	34	17	10	14	14	3	4	6	11	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
66	22	13	21	41	31	27	22	60	59	81	87	93	40	130	63	61	41	24	12	7	21	6	4	2	6	11	0	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
67	14	16	39	28	21	24	30	78	82	108	119	63	46	136	51	38	43	38	13	7	17	12	2	7	7	14	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
68	16	18	30	31	17	19	42	71	69	107	79	55	34	113	67	61	57	33	21	7	15	12	5	5	4	16	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	46	13	22	32	31	30	24	51	81	131	101	75	28	121	52	54	41	21	20	11	23	10	2	5	5	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70	32	11	28	31	14	24	26	63	56	117	112	79	36	122	60	78	42	22	12	8	30	7	1	4	3	6	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
71	8	14	25	23	21	25	24	58	63	115	83	52	63	126	69	75	48	47	21	13	20	6	6	0	4	12	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	23	20	31	36	29	19	33	89	61	86	76	65	66	86	77	64	47	52																			

Table 5.36. Atlantic herring length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989-2017.

From 1989 - 2013, Atlantic herring lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																																
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
3	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0				
4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	18	504	61	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	213	2	12	0	29	3	2	0	0			
5	0	2	0	11	3	1	0	0	1	149	1,547	104	0	0	8	30	76	3	20	36	3,416	28	35	15	429	29	51	18	2				
6	1	3	3	16	1	0	1	3	0	92	237	1	3	0	9	10	140	2	2	13	449	12	59	2	227	0	7	5	1				
7	0	1	4	15	2	0	2	15	69	84	18	7	11	1	0	8	118	1	0	12	44	1	103	2	38	2	1	3	2				
8	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	5	165	28	5	1	6	1	0	9	73	11	0	23	48	1	132	0	10	1	0	3	0				
9	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	1	27	11	4	0	8	0	0	3	8	10	0	16	59	0	43	1	1	2	0	0	1				
10	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	3	1	0	5	0	0	0				
11	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0				
12	0	0	0	0	38	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	492	0	0	0	0			
13	0	8	0	0	215	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	1	0	483	0	0	0			
14	0	1	0	0	203	11	0	1	29	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	7	0	0	0	1	29	26	6	23	200	0	0	0	0			
15	2	0	8	0	122	9	6	0	59	5	0	0	2	0	0	49	14	0	9	1	9	39	55	16	112	48	1	0	0	0			
16	3	1	38	0	174	17	7	3	12	8	0	3	0	0	0	65	20	0	14	0	91	49	19	12	121	6	4	0	0	0			
17	2	31	33	0	100	42	8	2	4	5	0	6	2	0	0	140	63	0	27	2	149	25	3	3	119	18	2	4	0	0			
18	2	4	29	2	28	32	12	0	10	2	0	0	1	0	3	275	98	0	166	6	28	31	7	0	49	95	8	41	0	0			
19	0	16	19	29	21	39	12	6	21	0	1	0	11	2	1	117	57	0	467	1	203	86	14	20	32	85	39	63	0	0			
20	0	161	67	15	41	43	78	10	40	5	1	6	65	3	2	67	67	0	228	7	521	222	14	107	50	52	47	36	0	0			
21	0	333	72	24	35	29	283	26	14	4	2	11	85	17	0	12	19	0	99	11	279	106	8	196	148	16	60	10	0	0			
22	0	424	70	111	96	14	399	15	19	11	10	38	77	32	0	16	11	3	105	9	162	71	24	91	847	4	58	3	0	0			
23	0	201	160	61	387	111	245	20	7	4	15	36	14	87	4	0	15	4	106	13	144	97	59	23	824	60	29	10	0	0			
24	0	195	297	311	436	224	290	22	18	1	19	47	33	71	17	0	25	3	150	27	71	105	173	21	268	71	90	30	2	0			
25	0	315	337	751	645	485	416	46	117	2	9	99	31	18	36	3	21	5	122	38	87	108	214	16	104	30	90	47	1	0			
26	1	447	360	503	921	560	1,028	85	202	31	10	70	46	30	63	3	78	3	125	39	108	110	210	18	96	50	72	47	0	0			
27	0	347	514	382	807	947	723	93	236	33	35	80	24	27	65	14	106	9	122	38	69	95	147	11	30	30	34	10	1	0			
28	0	338	513	391	825	604	706	64	234	44	37	104	34	19	72	9	87	6	116	36	85	62	65	4	5	4	16	9	0	0			
29	2	247	319	492	550	387	337	37	82	21	25	69	29	52	52	1	40	3	47	15	44	26	48	4	1	0	1	0	0	0			
30	0	156	383	142	287	204	231	29	31	1	11	24	8	3	27	3	19	1	6	6	27	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
31	2	127	139	77	129	29	14	4	15	2	0	0	4	0	8	1	0	0	0	2	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
32	0	50	22	1	33	6	14	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
33	0	11	13	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34	0	8	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15	3,427	3,411	3,341	6,119	3,808	4,814	489	1,421	566	2,491	767	497	363	368	847	1,165	64	1,931	355	6,319	1,317	1,479	570	3,563	1,834	612	339	10	0	0		

length	Fall																															
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	99	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	328	16	4	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	-	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10	0	0	0	176	3	6	0	14	6	59	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	0	2	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	0	3	0	34	5	9	0	11	3	49	0	1	0	0	47	0	0	2	0	0	1	-	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0		
12	0	0	0	3	9	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	1	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
13	0	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	1	7	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	1	0	7	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	
18	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	
19	0	0	5	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
20	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total	0	3	12	642	110	40	0	27	12	112	0	2	0	0	80	3	3	2	2	1	9	-	4	0	3	3	19	0	0	0	0	

Table 5.37. Atlantic menhaden length frequency, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1996-2017.

Menhaden are scheduled to be measured from every tow. However, the following numbers of menhaden were not measured: 5 juveniles and 4 adults in 1996, and 7 adults in 1997.

length	Spring																						
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	115	0
11	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	72	0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	39	0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8	0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	3	0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	3	8	8
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	2	3	1	4	14	25	46	24	10	15	15	15
28	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	5	4	9	5	10	33	32	81	53	23	36	36	36
29	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	1	5	2	2	1	18	53	59	79	75	34	40	40
30	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	1	5	0	10	28	27	34	54	13	18	18	18
31	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	4	1	0	0	1	12	13	19	20	3	4	4	4
32	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	0	6	0	1	9	0	47	2	5	1	5	33	10	19	7	43	195	162	267	229	543	122	122

length	Fall																						
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	24	0	0	-	0	1	1	0	1	0	2	2
7	1	0	0	20	12	0	2	32	26	0	1	39	2	0	-	0	0	0	0	34	1	9	9
8	0	1	18	51	73	0	6	22	178	11	0	32	2	2	-	0	0	0	58	1	10	10	10
9	0	11	53	152	128	0	8	9	135	22	0	12	6	0	-	0	0	0	73	0	8	8	8
10	1	5	120	471	125	1	9	1	143	19	0	34	3	3	-	0	1	0	2	70	0	3	3
11	0	6	49	337	51	25	14	1	47	13	2	51	2	4	-	0	0	0	1	30	2	1	1
12	0	11	44	25	35	30	10	1	18	9	8	24	1	5	-	6	0	4	5	22	11	3	3
13	0	0	20	2	15	16	14	4	1	1	1	49	0	4	-	7	1	5	0	5	42	7	7
14	0	2	0	0	6	7	20	2	0	3	2	7	0	3	-	9	0	4	0	2	112	3	3
15	0	0	0	0	2	4	24	0	0	1	0	1	1	5	-	6	1	1	0	0	90	1	1
16	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	0	0	2	1	1	4	4	-	3	0	1	0	0	19	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	3	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	-	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	2
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	7	5	1	2	2
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	-	0	7	2	2	14	2	3	3
27	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	21	9	4	-	4	27	6	68	131	11	11	11
28	3	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	3	4	0	35	2	7	-	18	68	13	164	249	17	22	22
29	23	17	0	6	1	0	18	5	10	21	2	31	1	1	-	48	66	12	132	233	4	14	14
30	30	25	0	28	3	0	29	8	44	54	2	18	0	5	-	30	35	14	63	100	1	11	11
31	11	17	1	42	7	1	39	8	65	43	2	7	0	2	-	4	11	5	2	18	0	4	4
32	2	6	1	27	12	0	27	3	51	21	1	2	0	0	-	2	0	1	9	2	0	1	1
33	0	1	0	19	4	2	25	2	10	5	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	1	4	0	9	1	7	2	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	73	103	306	1,187	484	86	320	119	740	234	23	392	36	51	-	137	226	70	455	1,051	317	117	117

Table 5.38. Black sea bass length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1986-2017.

Since 1987, black sea bass have been measured from every tow.

length	Spring																																
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	8	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	9	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	9	2	2	0	0	0	
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	7	7	2	0	0	8	2	9	0	0	0	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	11	0	10	0	0	0	
12	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	1	14	0	2	1	2	0	
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	9	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	12	1	0	0	0	0	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	7	
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	9	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	14	
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	6	1	0	1	15	
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	1	1	0	12	
20	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	24	9	0	2	22	
21	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	33	9	2	0	23		
22	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	4	2	2	1	2	2	34	6	0	2	14	
23	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	4	3	3	1	2	4	22	10	8	2	13	
24	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	3	2	1	2	1	8	1	5	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	12	19	1	5	8		
25	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4	1	2	0	2	1	11	39	4	6	3	
26	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	1	1	0	1	5	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	3	67	6	4	3		
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	6	2	93	7	5	2	
28	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	3	2	125	5	2	2	
29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	6	0	0	1	1	2	4	0	3	0	152	17	2	1	
30	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	2	0	139	41	8	14	
31	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	10	0	7	0	0	0	3	2	2	2	3	1	96	51	8	6	
32	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	4	0	1	1	3	15	1	5	0	0	4	5	2	3	3	6	6	91	94	12	10	
33	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	11	12	1	3	0	0	1	2	2	0	1	7	5	43	91	27	10	
34	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	6	11	1	2	0	0	3	3	4	6	1	10	9	49	106	50	13	
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	11	2	1	1	0	5	0	4	1	3	6	4	19	129	57	13	
36	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	3	13	0	3	4	0	5	0	7	0	2	7	8	14	107	89	31	
37	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	5	6	2	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	5	3	10	11	81	110	52	
38	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	11	3	0	1	0	1	0	4	2	4	8	4	9	62	102	60	
39	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	13	1	0	1	0	0	1	7	0	5	12	6	3	56	72	60	
40	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	15	2	1	0	0	2	0	4	0	3	4	9	6	38	77	80	
41	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	11	4	4	4	0	1	1	5	2	2	11	8	8	37	69	62	
42	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	11	3	0	4	1	0	0	7	1	2	1	2	3	21	67	44	
43	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	3	2	2	0	1	1	3	0	2	6	1	0	9	53	44	
44	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	10	36	44		
45	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	1	4	36	25		
46	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	25	24		
47	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	3	1	10	17		
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	15	14		
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	4	10	20		
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	11	
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	10	
52	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	
54	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1		
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
57	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	12	8	8	12	19	16	3	12	22	11	20	18	8	16	47	67	239	46	49	19	7	58	43	84	36	48	186	263	1,058	1,004	971	826	

Table 5.39. Black sea bass length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1986-2017.

Since 1987, black sea bass have been measured from every tow.

length	Fall																																
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	3	0	1	2
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	2	0	0	2	0	
6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	7	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	1	3	5	1	1	1	
7	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	6	4	0	23	2	0	3	2	0	0	2	1	3	2	1	0	5	
8	0	2	0	1	0	4	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	8	0	15	2	0	4	0	2	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	4	
9	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	6	0	10	2	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	1	5	
10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	5	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	
12	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	1	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	14	0	0	0	22	0	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	21	0	0	0	19	1	
16	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	15	2	
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	7	0	0	0	1	4	8	2	0	20	3	0	0	19	2		
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	16	1	0	0	1	1	14	6	0	20	3	0	0	5	6		
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	0	23	0	0	0	2	2	10	4	0	23	1	0	0	11	9		
20	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	6	3	0	19	0	0	0	1	4	10	6	0	14	1	0	0	5	6		
21	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	0	17	0	0	1	3	4	9	4	0	9	1	2	0	2	2		
22	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	0	3	8	1	0	0	3		
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	6	11	2	0	1	6		
24	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	10		
25	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	14	1	0	1	5		
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	18	2	0	1	9		
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	15	3	3	5	8	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	2	13	10	2	2	7		
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	8	13	2	6	3	
30	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	1	8	10	1	3	3	
31	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	1	4	21	4	2	4	
32	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	14	5	0	0	
33	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	23	3	1	0	
34	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	21	9	4	0	
35	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	1	27	11	3	0	
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	20	8	3	1	
37	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	1	3	12	6	2	2	
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	6	11	5	6	0	
39	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	2	1	7	8	7	2	
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	7	8	13	7	2	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	2	2	4	4	10	3	
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	3	2	5	7	6	
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	5	3	4	4	2	
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	2	5	4	
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	2		
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	5		
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	3	
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	5	
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	3	
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	6		
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	0	3	9	1	8	22	2	8	12	1	6	4	10	33	22	66	155	11	75	23	12	53	77	38	0	45	224	185	239	104	207	151	

Table 5.40. Blueback herring length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989-2017.

From 1989 - 1990, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 1991, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																												
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0
7	0	0	2	0	2	7	2	0	0	2	0	4	1	0	3	2	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	5	1	17	3	0
8	0	0	3	0	2	76	20	4	0	5	0	10	7	12	7	9	8	1	0	8	0	1	0	0	9	8	30	13	0
9	0	0	2	0	3	114	11	5	21	15	0	14	5	9	23	23	14	8	1	11	7	4	3	3	9	3	24	45	0
10	0	0	5	10	7	74	9	19	45	45	0	18	2	9	26	47	6	23	9	14	19	19	5	18	5	1	32	52	0
11	0	0	3	4	9	41	9	10	258	48	0	28	1	6	11	39	10	2	3	12	25	38	9	12	8	2	29	40	0
12	3	0	5	0	2	9	5	3	4	16	0	18	2	3	4	20	12	0	5	2	27	8	3	5	1	2	10	23	0
13	0	0	0	4	0	13	5	2	0	2	0	12	1	1	1	12	3	1	3	4	17	10	6	1	1	0	3	5	0
14	0	0	0	15	0	5	3	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	7	0	1	1	5	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
15	0	0	1	27	1	3	4	7	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	0	8	1	2	2	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
16	0	0	0	65	0	8	3	7	0	3	5	1	1	1	4	4	13	2	23	1	30	4	2	2	7	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	1	11	3	9	1	10	4	0	5	3	10	7	4	4	11	2	37	7	64	2	12	2	5	6	0	1	0
18	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	4	2	0	0	5	15	2	3	3	1	2	7	3	49	1	3	2	3	11	1	2	0
19	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	3	2	17	2	1	0	1	4	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	5	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0
21	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	3	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	7	2	1	0	0
22	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	5	2	0	1	0
23	0	0	3	2	0	3	2	3	1	0	0	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	3	29	147	30	373	83	90	338	140	11	136	52	56	89	173	104	49	101	71	272	102	47	45	68	47	153	187	0

length	Fall																												
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	
10	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	8	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
11	0	0	0	0	3	13	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
12	0	0	3	9	8	227	14	0	12	1	1	0	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
13	38	1	4	11	24	225	48	0	117	18	0	36	2	0	15	2	2	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	1	0	17	0	
14	77	0	1	6	18	247	40	1	111	28	1	0	117	7	0	17	3	8	1	1	3	-	4	0	0	2	26	151	31
15	24	0	0	1	20	94	3	3	34	16	0	3	52	3	4	6	2	4	14	2	5	-	9	0	0	3	60	92	37
16	0	0	0	0	2	14	0	0	5	2	1	10	0	4	0	0	0	0	31	0	2	-	9	0	0	1	6	1	14
17	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	1	-	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	140	2	9	27	76	827	172	7	292	72	8	8	227	12	9	42	8	14	55	3	18	0	25	1	0	10	94	261	88

Table 5.41. Bluefish length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

Bluefish lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																																						
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017					
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0				
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0				
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	8	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0				
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0				
28	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
29	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0			
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0		
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0			
32	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0			
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
35	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0		
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	3	5	4	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
42	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	14	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	3	5	4	1	1	0	1	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	
43	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	6	8	3	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	1	3	1	0	1	1	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	4	3	2	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
48	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
49	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
50	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	8	0	0	0	2	4	2	3	1	0	5	1	1	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
51	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	6	4	2	0	0	1	6	1	3	0	1	4	3	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
52	0	0	2	2	3	1	0	5	3	1	1	0	2	3	0	6	2	0	3	3	1	1	4	1	0	3	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
53	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	2	3	0	2	1	2	1	0	4	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
54	0	0	3	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	4	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
55	0	0	1	1	7	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
56	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	0	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
64	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
66	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0								

Table 5.42. Bluefish length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

Bluefish lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																																		
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	33	0	1	0	0	3	12	2	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	1	5	0	2	0	0	0	14	96	1	11	1	0	13	85	40	0	15	1	0	3	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
9	1	6	0	3	3	0	3	38	228	4	71	0	0	135	344	252	2	25	8	8	15	76	8	30	0	28	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	
10	0	4	7	16	39	3	21	115	184	27	183	6	4	941	647	720	14	89	56	33	342	308	76	86	2	93	0	4	0	2	42	13	16	12	
11	38	13	13	79	76	76	53	200	290	56	1266	156	3	2006	1127	484	50	213	96	70	730	421	239	41	19	317	0	2	10	12	167	110	93	75	
12	350	52	20	108	270	249	57	280	269	171	2842	397	10	2905	2008	338	42	136	149	77	748	451	349	157	120	442	0	15	36	22	363	170	268	191	
13	958	96	45	322	332	494	49	260	123	432	2880	428	54	1258	1558	316	168	122	250	33	420	499	64	379	301	324	0	40	90	71	495	229	334	323	
14	1483	556	138	500	183	596	99	202	96	283	2023	154	93	518	834	337	284	122	216	12	299	273	131	231	483	136	0	132	157	250	576	373	182	273	
15	1076	1232	376	482	151	903	409	241	401	149	1763	61	510	351	433	300	126	336	126	32	129	117	110	134	225	120	0	196	501	486	305	484	121	214	
16	1028	1284	533	399	307	1187	540	405	566	146	1033	145	1399	469	160	503	155	679	70	200	113	231	172	328	45	475	0	476	871	363	181	439	111	62	
17	770	783	399	147	472	1155	643	681	495	552	829	497	1924	536	127	361	216	568	36	460	161	389	229	821	22	630	0	603	761	204	404	217	106	156	
18	246	351	258	92	458	1380	729	589	498	1177	512	902	1227	407	97	190	476	363	33	697	241	668	181	1664	49	350	0	491	523	126	638	155	116	297	
19	180	204	128	26	322	1057	493	574	340	1268	529	995	618	363	114	244	724	307	116	790	315	859	106	1733	40	116	0	278	272	53	466	138	198	323	
20	182	64	125	6	360	499	280	383	208	854	482	602	329	188	117	446	1270	228	247	681	348	751	79	1379	49	63	0	168	185	37	330	46	229	226	
21	64	32	44	13	172	404	227	245	56	320	321	333	158	144	82	467	976	164	370	330	328	437	29	772	20	20	0	72	127	14	156	50	172	108	
22	38	12	48	7	171	149	102	270	25	119	336	148	17	98	115	490	491	90	407	97	293	268	43	518	7	7	0	34	75	9	115	51	159	46	
23	30	9	38	2	22	49	48	128	3	95	133	54	15	56	100	606	350	71	316	7	257	161	21	335	1	4	0	18	36	6	43	68	103	27	
24	19	15	9	3	12	11	49	119	1	33	184	7	3	16	181	515	230	49	236	2	214	119	22	151	2	1	0	18	30	1	25	27	76	12	
25	0	9	6	2	6	7	14	92	0	33	81	7	4	9	189	517	107	27	120	0	126	59	6	69	0	1	0	3	18	0	17	18	24	8	
26	0	5	0	0	1	0	5	27	0	8	54	1	0	3	108	311	9	14	29	0	42	25	6	16	1	0	0	1	5	0	9	6	26	4	
27	2	0	0	0	0	5	4	5	0	2	8	2	0	0	59	165	0	4	21	0	11	7	8	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	44	0	5	1	0	8	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	
29	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
31	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0
33	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	10	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	4	0	4	0	0
34	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	0	39	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	5	0	3	0	0
35	0	0	0	3	1	0	9	0	2	0	0	17	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	1	41	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	0	10	2	0
36	1	2	0	3	1	1	11	1	2	0	6	31	0	1	1	0	0	3	12	2	58	0	12	0	2	9	0	2	2	1	3	0	3	0	0
37	3	6	1	13	1	0	29	0	19	0	4	61	0	1	1	2	12	15	4	129	0	15	5	3	26	0	3	3	0	17	0	10	5	0	0
38	11	16	5	18	1	1	70	6	44	0	7	81	2	18	8	2	13	21	24	7	197	0	32	11	17	59	0	5	11	2	12	1	19	2	0
39	14	50	30	38	5	9	75	12	74	4	23	111	0	34	20	5	18	31	44	13	231	0	18	34	25	52	0	13	7	1	7	1	23	1	0
40	40	72	57	48	12	22	127	38	85	7	57	80	11	60	31	3	46	55	82	9	159	8	17	43	24	55	0	13	11	1	2	2	42	2	0
41	24	61	62	36	12	50	118	92	84	12	58	45	7	49	15	12	83	35	70	6	53	7	8	35	11	29	0	10	9	2	0	5	27	2	0
42	18	39	81	25	16	51	101	110	55	16	75	25	12	37	15	5	50	18	57	6	22	22	9	37	6	25	0	19	4	3	2	4	14	0	0
43	14	24	20	16	15	50	55	118	22	26	50	12	10	15	13	6	23	13	29	7	11	21	2	31	7	10	0	16	6	1	4	3	2	1	0
44	5	8	12	13	22	24	20	82	17	36	20	7	10	12	12	0	11	6	8	3	7	31	0	24	5	8	0	8	3	2	2	1	0	0	0
45	1	6	8	8	10	10	5	55	18	44	12	3	13	8	18	1	5	9	2	3	8	26	2	16	5	2	0	6	4	4	0	1	2	0	0
46	8	3	27	5	9	13	8	35	21	38	3	6	18	2	16	2	5	11	2	8	12	21	0	12	6	0	0	7	3	2	0	1	2	0	0
47	5	8	36	4	16	6	17	34	51	37	4	13	43	4	13	5	7	4	6	6	16	17	1	13	5	3	0	1	4	5	0	1	5	1	1
48	3	28	24	5	11	10	5	44	72	35	1	8	45	16	15	5	5	8	10	21	14	3	15	9	3	0	4	1	9	3	0	1	1	1	1
49	18	27	28	6	8	11	12	44	107	46	8	12	29	11	18	4	9	17	6	9	26	20	3	16	11	7	0	10	2	22	0	0	3	1	0
50	13	27	25	9	11	9	17	43	112	26	5	12	26	6	10	0	15	17	6	9	33	31	3	12	15	10	0	3	3	13	0	1	8	1	0
51	12	31	18	5	5	10	19	30	98	24	8	9	12	10	14	7	17	9	7	9	26	26	1	14	14	11	0	9	4	6	1	2	11	0	0
52	16	27	14	2	9	18	10	11	101	22	17	18	10	4	5	4	26	8	13	4	10	13	7	11	14	5	0	5	5	6	0	0	12	2	0
53	15	17	7	12	9	14	6	10	61	4	25	7	7	6	3	6	14	4	6	3	12	9	5	11											

Table 5.44. Clearnose skate length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1993-2017.

length	Spring																								
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	2	0	0
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	0
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	0
60	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	8	0	1	0	2	1
61	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	0	2	2	5	1
62	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	0	5	1	1	2	4	2
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	3	1
64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	9	0	3	2	3	0
65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	4	0	2	1	2	0
66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	4	4	2	3	1	1	2
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	9	4	1	1	4	1
68	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	6	2	3	2	4	0
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	4	0	2	0	0	7	2	4	2	5	1
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	3	5	3	4	1	3	2
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	5	2
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	2	1	2	2
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	1	4	0
74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	1
76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0
82	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	3	6	31	8	5	2	9	22	12	21	1	13	95	24	42	35	64	19

Table 5.45. Clearnose skate length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1993-2017.

length	Fall																								
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28																									1
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
54	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	3	3	1
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	5	2	1
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	1	0	4	0	0
58	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	3	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	3	0	3	0	0
59	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	2	8	0	0
60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	7	3	1	0	1	0	1	4	2	1	4	4	1	1
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	1	2	1	7	3	1	0	1	0	3	9	4	0	6	1	3
62	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	7	1	2	1	2	0	0	8	7	2	3	5	2
63	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	2	0	0	2	2	1	2	1	0	3	9	12	0	2	1	2
64	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	5	5	2	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	2	9	16	2	8	6	5
65	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	7	1	6	1	6	0	1	14	12	3	2	1	3
66	0	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	5	2	9	3	4	0	5	3	3	0	5	12	12	3	8	2	3
67	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	3	2	5	4	6	2	3	2	4	0	1	17	17	4	2	6	0
68	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	4	0	5	1	8	3	2	0	5	11	17	4	5	6	2
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	3	1	11	2	6	0	1	0	3	11	19	8	3	6	6
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	2	1	6	2	2	1	3	0	1	12	18	7	6	3	4
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	5	1	2	1	5	2	1	0	1	9	10	3	5	3	1
72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	6	0	3	2	5	0	2	5	6	2	2	2	1
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	1	1	3	1	2	0	0	3	10	3	3	5	2
74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	0	1	0	5	0	2	0	4	5	2	2	1	2	1
75	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	4	1	2	0	1	4	4	1	2	2	2
76	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	2	1	1	2
77	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	1	0
78	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3	0	1	0
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	4	1	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	1	0
80	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	3
81	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
82	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0
84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	2
90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	0	3	1	4	20	17	15	59	29	47	17	100	27	75	25	46	0	44	185	193	62	96	69	53

Table 5.46. Fourspot flounder length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1989, 1990, 1996-2017.
Prior to 2014, Fourspot flounder lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																								
	1989	1990	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
13	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
15	5	2	0	0	5	5	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	21	8	1	3	8	12	1	2	17	2	13	0	0	6	0	0	6	2	5	1	1	0	3	0	
19	19	19	8	16	14	61	22	5	89	8	8	0	6	7	7	4	2	1	24	2	6	3	12	2	
21	17	42	31	60	13	28	26	4	99	6	4	1	18	11	9	10	3	10	42	11	5	1	51	6	
23	11	341	198	161	16	32	239	42	33	8	4	14	24	9	17	6	5	45	56	20	9	1	79	10	
25	56	528	279	353	105	72	422	181	84	124	26	71	29	44	39	37	33	157	258	185	64	19	211	53	
27	103	225	208	456	209	97	256	300	199	228	82	75	33	105	81	91	55	150	441	209	172	52	235	105	
29	120	139	193	392	233	81	201	245	191	187	129	64	44	170	108	127	55	107	461	189	179	87	185	104	
31	89	60	117	192	137	66	139	153	175	163	178	68	61	121	94	90	69	93	303	139	107	77	111	48	
33	51	27	54	76	60	60	81	45	89	88	113	52	36	52	70	51	36	49	92	100	78	41	69	15	
35	8	33	15	22	16	25	39	11	26	47	35	31	13	43	34	31	24	27	31	27	29	26	39	9	
37	2	12	6	3	4	7	12	8	7	12	5	11	4	9	11	7	9	9	4	16	8	6	10	6	
39	0	4	3	0	2	1	1	2	3	6	2	3	1	7	2	0	4	5	0	0	0	3	2	0	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	504	1,440	1,113	1,734	822	548	1,439	999	1,015	879	602	394	271	585	472	455	302	655	1,719	899	659	316	1,007	358	

length	Fall																								
	1989	1990	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	1	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	-	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	
9	5	0	0	23	19	0	2	2	0	4	1	0	2	1	1	7	-	4	0	0	3	1	0	0	
11	9	4	2	46	27	5	4	17	5	2	12	4	5	0	7	16	-	17	3	1	11	3	0	0	
13	10	15	5	68	22	24	6	25	3	3	9	9	13	2	8	59	-	28	4	11	26	20	3	0	
15	6	17	35	55	21	42	5	15	9	0	13	17	4	5	11	45	-	22	13	10	47	23	9	0	
17	0	0	42	16	3	16	1	0	3	0	1	26	3	2	16	20	-	4	12	2	49	11	8	0	
19	0	0	22	0	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	7	6	-	0	0	4	5	1	2	0	
21	0	0	0	2	2	3	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
23	1	2	9	2	5	0	17	1	5	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	
25	0	3	42	7	16	5	58	3	7	3	4	1	0	6	1	2	-	2	3	0	1	0	1	0	
27	0	7	41	10	22	4	77	5	13	7	6	5	0	7	1	6	-	1	9	2	4	1	4	1	
29	0	3	24	5	22	5	54	10	18	11	13	5	0	20	6	8	-	1	11	2	4	4	9	3	
31	0	1	20	3	6	3	25	1	18	4	30	6	0	12	5	6	-	1	6	2	8	2	6	0	
33	0	0	6	1	1	1	7	1	13	7	19	2	1	3	1	11	-	3	6	0	0	5	1	2	
35	0	0	4	0	1	0	5	0	6	5	6	7	0	4	4	1	-	2	2	2	1	0	2	1	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	-	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	53	252	239	171	112	266	83	106	46	118	85	33	64	68	192	-	87	69	38	161	71	49	7	

Table 5.47. Hickory shad length frequencies, spring and fall, 1 cm intervals, 1991-2017.

Hickory shad were measured from every tow, with the exception of one fish in each of fall 1996, fall 1997, and fall 1998.

length	Spring																											
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	6	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
23	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	5	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	1
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	18	3	5	0	1	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0
28	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	4	1	0	14	3	3	0	1	1	0	1	3	4	1	1	1	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	7	0	5	0	2	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
30	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	5	1	5	0	5	3	1	6	5	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
31	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
32	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	6	6	2	1	2	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
35	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	2	0	4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	2	3	4	2	12	9	34	24	26	10	40	16	20	75	53	27	3	6	2	1	14	5	20	9	16	2	2

length	Fall																											
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	-	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	0	0	0	6	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
26	0	1	2	8	0	3	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	-	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	5	2	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	-	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	-	0	4	7	0	1	1	1	1
30	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	7	2	0	3	-	0	3	7	2	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	15	1	2	0	2	-	0	7	5	1	0	0	0	0
32	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	7	3	1	0	2	0	12	1	1	0	0	-	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	1
33	0	2	1	2	0	1	3	2	2	2	3	1	2	1	5	0	1	2	0	-	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
34	0	2	0	0	1	4	2	0	3	4	0	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	0	-	0	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
35	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
36	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	-	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
37	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	10	7	27	4	16	15	5	32	16	4	5	6	18	60	22	10	2	7	0	7	29	27	6	3	2	2	2

Table 5.48. Horseshoe crab length frequencies by sex, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1998-2017.

Horseshoe crabs were measured (prosomal width) from every tow.

Sex	length	1998*	Spring																			
			1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
F	13		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
F	14		1	3	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
F	15		0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F	16		1	0	0	3	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	
F	17		1	0	2	2	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
F	18		2	1	0	3	2	4	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	
F	19		4	1	2	2	5	5	0	0	3	4	1	0	0	2	0	5	1	2	0	
F	20		5	2	0	7	1	2	3	0	3	2	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	
F	21		8	2	1	8	6	2	1	0	3	8	1	0	3	5	4	5	3	4	0	
F	22		8	6	4	13	10	7	2	0	10	4	6	0	3	3	2	3	3	2	0	
F	23		14	15	18	19	22	17	3	2	9	14	4	3	4	9	7	14	7	4	4	
F	24		15	7	15	32	29	25	5	4	15	11	12	6	3	15	19	13	3	5	3	
F	25		15	10	23	25	22	20	8	5	11	16	10	9	9	14	19	11	11	14	4	
F	26		23	13	28	26	22	23	3	2	16	12	10	4	16	14	17	26	9	4	0	
F	27		15	9	18	18	18	18	8	4	10	9	9	5	18	11	8	22	10	6	2	
F	28		8	6	9	6	7	4	2	2	5	4	10	3	8	10	13	9	3	2	1	
F	29		3	0	3	4	4	4	0	3	5	1	3	4	1	3	2	3	1	0	1	
F	30		1	0	3	2	0	0	3	2	0	2	1	1	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	
F	31		0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F	32		0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
M	14		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	15		0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	16		0	0	0	2	5	2	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	17		5	2	4	7	9	9	0	0	3	2	3	0	1	5	0	1	1	1	0	
M	18		11	8	12	19	24	21	2	0	17	10	3	2	5	7	6	9	4	3	1	
M	19		22	13	32	42	25	33	3	0	19	12	10	7	7	8	16	17	7	5	1	
M	20		15	16	30	20	33	31	7	0	21	10	11	7	15	13	10	13	12	2	0	
M	21		18	5	13	14	16	10	1	0	6	12	5	3	3	9	6	6	7	1	0	
M	22		4	5	7	6	7	6	2	0	4	2	1	1	4	5	3	1	0	0	0	
M	23		1	0	3	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	
M	24		2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
M	25		0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	
M	26		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	27		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	28		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
M	29		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
M	30		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
U	22		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total			51	204	125	228	285	285	251	60	25	166	141	104	57	105	138	138	173	88	55	17

Table 5.49. Horseshoe crab length frequencies by sex, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1998-2017.

Horseshoe crabs were measured (prosomal width) from every tow.

Sex	length	Fall																			
		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
F	13	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
F	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	15	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	17	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
F	18	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
F	19	3	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	-	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
F	20	5	1	1	4	4	2	3	0	2	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
F	21	3	2	2	3	1	4	6	3	1	1	1	0	-	0	0	0	1	2	1	0
F	22	3	8	13	13	10	3	9	4	1	2	6	6	-	6	0	2	2	0	1	1
F	23	8	15	15	12	8	8	13	10	7	7	6	14	-	6	2	3	4	6	9	6
F	24	7	19	30	27	21	9	24	10	6	17	14	22	-	18	10	12	8	10	14	4
F	25	17	12	20	31	33	13	19	6	12	26	17	17	-	19	9	11	11	7	17	13
F	26	19	23	33	31	18	9	29	12	10	22	15	24	-	25	16	27	10	9	12	12
F	27	14	7	21	22	18	7	22	8	3	17	11	28	-	16	5	15	10	3	9	12
F	28	2	4	10	8	13	6	15	5	4	8	11	22	-	11	3	10	6	5	6	9
F	29	2	3	2	5	2	3	8	2	0	4	1	5	-	2	4	2	3	1	2	2
F	30	0	1	1	2	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	2	-	0	1	2	0	0	1	2
F	31	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
F	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F	34	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	16	0	0	2	1	5	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	17	6	5	7	6	3	5	11	0	1	3	1	2	-	3	0	1	1	1	1	1
M	18	12	14	28	18	14	15	21	3	9	3	9	18	-	13	4	2	5	1	7	2
M	19	10	20	39	27	31	11	39	13	4	12	21	14	-	9	4	6	13	3	5	6
M	20	20	23	35	32	22	8	30	12	9	19	23	31	-	10	1	17	4	9	7	8
M	21	6	11	18	15	9	4	15	4	2	10	6	13	-	7	1	7	6	4	8	8
M	22	5	3	8	4	6	0	10	2	5	6	2	5	-	6	0	5	0	1	3	4
M	23	0	0	3	2	6	1	1	0	2	3	1	3	-	0	1	2	0	0	1	1
M	24	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
M	25	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
M	26	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
M	29	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		145	177	295	274	229	117	281	101	83	165	148	234	-	152	61	125	87	66	109	94

Table 5.50. Long-finned squid length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1986-1990, 1992-2017.

From 1986 – 1990, and 1992-2013, Length frequencies of squid taken from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																															
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	18	4	11	0	6	0	6	0	1	2	111	17	1	0	5	4	5	2	4	17		
4	0	0	3	0	0	3	9	31	48	23	11	103	10	32	5	44	11	51	1	12	8	220	66	1	6	28	17	35	36	29	35	
5	0	1	35	0	1	7	64	137	87	39	35	323	32	36	12	48	16	70	11	18	36	220	128	5	17	45	46	63	111	70	59	
6	0	6	53	0	0	8	99	117	175	23	46	444	20	31	15	36	6	88	20	13	35	148	141	2	45	64	31	62	117	63	45	
7	2	2	60	0	0	17	96	108	178	33	45	324	18	20	24	27	9	65	4	9	21	66	74	9	42	40	22	41	58	52	33	
8	3	10	30	0	3	20	49	63	141	34	42	290	18	13	26	36	12	51	7	8	19	55	30	7	15	31	22	38	52	48	26	
9	2	2	40	2	0	20	42	83	170	40	45	159	43	24	41	18	26	24	6	12	30	54	63	4	23	59	31	44	45	39	27	
10	2	9	53	1	9	17	47	71	248	55	51	135	47	18	52	41	24	59	10	30	50	106	67	40	38	130	57	32	83	70	38	
11	1	23	76	4	4	28	60	141	367	75	69	67	82	39	74	49	33	84	28	61	53	173	163	72	39	155	75	40	125	144	49	
12	19	103	152	6	11	70	133	125	367	78	98	33	88	92	90	75	53	198	51	123	60	220	317	132	77	108	78	70	213	229	61	
13	24	232	202	12	24	58	163	133	258	95	125	50	106	111	87	72	88	321	146	163	64	112	367	171	75	60	34	99	155	313	75	
14	22	243	294	36	43	91	163	108	146	81	180	18	99	96	52	86	74	448	208	119	58	105	209	167	65	44	26	136	166	251	92	
15	22	368	300	48	83	87	210	79	132	77	213	13	94	101	39	62	63	414	234	137	37	75	177	133	65	37	16	146	95	160	65	
16	14	343	271	111	146	67	289	80	80	43	166	5	71	76	34	47	41	475	227	138	36	76	114	78	50	63	16	195	70	90	54	
17	7	479	252	81	142	53	218	67	98	42	174	14	39	59	31	46	42	352	180	102	13	61	126	73	41	24	4	113	86	90	32	
18	36	208	223	92	145	59	195	28	66	44	105	10	41	58	16	22	27	200	134	77	21	48	99	50	41	16	18	71	54	88	22	
19	23	361	222	95	128	30	150	24	53	24	83	5	20	32	26	12	11	144	64	40	19	20	54	60	28	21	9	65	45	70	14	
20	24	328	143	62	90	52	80	18	65	19	78	9	22	35	22	14	15	124	81	57	11	25	42	21	44	19	8	77	45	67	21	
21	27	214	102	30	67	45	90	13	30	15	39	1	16	24	16	18	14	136	53	33	5	34	21	35	21	36	4	46	36	26	13	
22	13	238	100	42	53	46	43	16	17	12	51	8	12	19	17	6	12	115	53	26	9	14	22	28	16	24	3	61	26	42	7	
23	13	160	46	40	54	22	28	7	9	4	55	3	9	18	3	9	13	49	36	32	3	7	9	14	21	13	7	53	10	32	12	
24	13	174	33	35	48	11	23	7	5	9	61	0	16	11	10	6	14	64	41	21	6	10	16	14	23	3	4	28	5	16	7	
25	6	195	65	28	63	9	21	9	12	0	33	3	10	14	9	2	7	40	23	22	4	3	9	9	6	6	1	30	1	14	5	
26	6	242	37	58	32	21	37	5	26	2	36	4	3	12	9	6	5	28	28	8	4	5	12	7	2	2	2	0	29	1	8	0
27	7	197	41	27	53	13	10	4	14	2	7	1	4	6	0	1	2	17	9	9	1	2	5	0	7	4	0	12	0	4	5	
28	2	133	19	32	51	11	27	3	0	1	10	0	2	1	4	2	0	15	9	6	1	1	4	1	0	5	0	14	1	0	1	
29	2	86	10	8	30	15	7	2	7	3	1	3	5	0	2	3	2	5	3	4	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	9	0	0	0	
30	5	121	24	12	31	3	1	2	9	1	14	1	0	0	1	8	2	11	0	6	1	0	3	0	3	2	0	6	0	0	0	
31	3	78	14	11	5	4	8	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
32	0	61	7	6	9	1	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	
33	0	25	7	7	6	9	0	1	5	0	5	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34	0	0	0	0	9	2	2	1	8	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	
35	1	38	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	0	38	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	2	0	0	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	301	4,719	2,918	896	1,347	900	2,371	1,485	2,825	880	1,883	2,044	933	993	721	809	622	3,658	1,670	1,290	609	1,986	2,361	1,134	812	1,047	534	1,625	1,638	2,020	817	

Table 5.51. Long-finned squid length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1986-1990, 1992-2017.

From 1986 – 1990, and 1992-2013, Length frequencies of squid taken from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																															
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	13	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	12	0	0	14	-	0	0	11	0	2	60	68	
2	0	31	0	1	0	49	0	9	25	24	6	20	29	2	0	11	0	1	10	74	9	33	90	-	12	10	67	6	30	95	175	
3	0	126	59	112	74	266	914	80	156	57	125	115	104	53	36	80	90	170	91	107	20	87	343	-	80	101	51	25	85	91	108	
4	0	320	212	468	278	1,507	2,336	477	460	598	491	642	362	384	230	261	886	693	763	249	420	294	939	-	618	469	127	517	208	322	279	
5	0	892	826	743	830	2,906	3,502	1,332	1,223	1,371	1,091	1,888	1,214	1,215	663	695	2,225	1,757	1,539	587	1,367	417	2,332	-	1,417	705	273	1,443	634	1,066	838	
6	3	1,019	1,165	677	836	5,015	4,358	1,803	1,896	1,869	1,278	2,737	1,782	1,842	923	1,067	3,185	2,705	2,337	913	2,780	604	2,894	-	1,405	731	426	1,814	1,818	1,475	1650	
7	13	817	722	446	469	5,210	4,331	2,152	2,254	2,751	1,169	3,412	2,390	2,204	996	1,193	2,566	2,759	2,552	917	3,822	780	2,746	-	1,315	698	550	1,560	2,753	1,566	1854	
8	135	654	333	283	220	3,110	3,811	2,225	2,080	2,224	935	2,939	1,808	1,797	839	929	1,885	1,787	2,006	611	3,549	908	1,791	-	840	638	570	1,394	3,618	1,633	1805	
9	16	692	146	108	129	1,594	2,913	2,486	2,124	1,853	570	1,993	1,829	1,081	616	488	1,785	907	1,283	385	2,119	777	1,131	-	670	584	418	1,366	3,465	1,327	1465	
10	13	503	65	58	42	894	1,772	2,055	1,540	1,264	446	1,216	1,332	695	528	354	861	626	970	204	1,974	480	808	-	637	399	306	1,198	3,348	1,015	1234	
11	0	310	62	70	39	737	1,178	1,607	905	698	291	675	780	556	264	214	215	392	541	183	1,379	332	326	-	214	359	178	862	3,227	611	1092	
12	0	165	21	38	24	284	737	843	387	579	153	368	423	380	154	145	58	144	307	85	728	193	222	-	211	232	123	574	2,233	545	780	
13	0	82	24	34	17	242	408	415	159	297	126	328	277	247	132	87	2	96	194	31	447	103	108	-	139	148	62	315	1,698	240	548	
14	0	77	9	17	6	40	278	329	110	160	44	199	235	204	68	53	1	103	64	26	253	47	41	-	40	97	53	253	1,340	132	427	
15	0	31	11	17	3	18	185	181	77	83	31	103	133	128	66	13	2	48	44	9	150	18	27	-	86	64	14	213	767	88	279	
16	0	4	11	13	2	0	53	99	33	46	15	90	111	73	32	10	0	43	30	8	159	7	14	-	18	35	2	106	489	42	257	
17	0	14	0	10	4	0	73	75	15	16	13	23	120	101	8	6	0	1	24	17	103	5	2	-	7	8	6	50	266	64	216	
18	0	1	23	6	1	0	20	31	2	6	10	16	82	34	3	0	0	8	2	11	74	0	1	-	25	12	4	53	282	14	119	
19	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	12	0	1	0	1	34	9	2	4	0	1	1	11	2	0	0	-	0	7	0	37	93	7	69	
20	0	13	0	5	1	0	2	7	0	0	1	1	22	3	2	1	0	4	2	1	3	0	0	-	0	1	0	21	156	9	60	
21	0	15	0	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	22	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	5	2	6	42	0	26	
22	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	11	0	6	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	1	0	4	0	14	
23	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	28	0	4	
24	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	180	5,783	3,689	3,136	2,976	21,872	26,877	16,233	13,446	13,903	6,795	16,767	13,111	11,018	5,563	5,615	13,761	12,245	12,765	4,441	19,364	5,085	13,829	-	7,864	5,306	3,244	11,813	26,594	10,402	13,370	

Table 5.52. Scup spring length frequencies, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.
Lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	8
8	0	0	0	6	3	84	0	12	0	0	11	0	0	10	24	61	0	16	0	0	4	56	4	145	3	0	0	35	0	15	32	2,674	27			
9	4	30	50	33	46	1,049	11	80	9	0	11	408	152	10	163	128	976	98	400	0	0	77	322	145	606	148	0	19	435	60	77	435	15,025	475		
10	8	138	377	46	160	2,523	270	514	49	3	48	1,202	537	145	1,381	355	5,293	405	2,303	4	1	169	1,151	926	1,700	1,966	14	115	3,169	338	455	2,585	27,025	1,615		
11	10	362	724	38	144	2,075	493	1,365	67	4	92	1,437	1,055	311	1,617	313	10,571	645	3,389	19	1	136	1,259	1,033	2,055	3,476	22	203	3,888	460	1,007	3,918	23,949	1,143		
12	5	194	427	9	31	312	280	576	57	3	67	809	826	151	712	131	8,815	586	1,706	33	1	62	1,263	486	950	3,418	7	178	2,589	300	1,402	2,111	12,415	644		
13	2	51	122	4	9	87	56	122	18	4	23	108	397	36	359	51	4,041	265	722	25	2	19	888	78	586	1,141	1	77	1,241	93	623	785	6,004	622		
14	0	7	64	2	0	72	22	0	11	5	2	20	29	25	154	16	1,043	104	498	7	1	8	626	76	357	561	3	16	262	74	123	86	2,758	2,738		
15	2	4	4	11	4	137	40	3	3	77	7	3	3	11	66	1	201	220	247	7	42	56	251	298	426	593	40	19	62	98	108	60	556	8,588		
16	9	47	26	65	19	121	202	8	4	217	48	6	61	49	24	13	48	1,349	1,035	121	327	129	722	1,177	1,971	1,430	222	100	52	504	226	229	3,003	7,944		
17	37	91	91	119	40	105	310	63	49	339	142	11	264	123	57	75	229	4,517	2,943	415	485	129	1,670	1,607	3,916	2,151	614	215	206	1,343	669	784	9,775	3,796		
18	22	204	208	174	34	95	231	182	135	286	194	28	545	216	89	161	1,034	8,611	4,097	733	403	140	2,254	1,444	3,722	1,953	780	312	642	2,764	755	1,319	10,201	1,916		
19	28	130	182	100	16	50	121	347	258	159	203	30	390	136	66	172	1,451	6,452	3,619	720	261	114	1,607	918	1,978	1,078	527	270	1,123	3,058	520	1,196	5,162	1,282		
20	11	71	131	33	25	33	30	256	136	35	99	22	153	81	21	130	1,106	1,840	3,679	390	381	29	934	390	1,315	798	424	257	909	1,402	718	593	1,389	3,012		
21	3	15	36	15	44	13	26	223	65	27	95	19	34	62	11	78	513	518	6,253	427	584	42	559	266	2,149	1,320	599	655	377	271	1,539	371	618	3,939		
22	7	7	6	4	49	7	18	292	11	17	56	17	10	96	8	29	173	292	8,129	660	1,077	111	416	458	2,835	1,941	723	1,260	200	296	2,305	510	1,214	3,105		
23	6	22	103	3	33	12	225	10	25	44	19	1	86	17	25	240	755	5,618	931	982	174	427	603	2,340	1,522	641	1,387	313	665	1,674	699	1,311	1,618			
24	4	38	124	5	14	9	6	103	21	14	23	24	8	46	18	26	282	833	2,385	977	745	161	361	558	1,351	1,149	580	1,123	568	738	711	802	1,012	917		
25	3	28	77	2	4	5	7	33	15	8	10	15	2	20	12	13	199	278	1,292	1,025	844	216	234	272	854	909	573	930	816	591	312	326	896	1,010	612	
26	0	11	73	2	3	3	3	15	10	1	8	5	1	5	10	10	154	132	1,266	741	1,215	332	262	128	642	793	523	658	1,000	312	379	847	1,220	564		
27	2	3	35	3	1	4	1	5	4	4	6	8	2	3	7	7	50	93	491	363	1,200	353	283	91	382	504	350	651	931	461	338	426	1,367	590		
28	0	12	4	5	4	3	3	1	6	2	2	0	1	3	3	2	13	88	282	201	730	379	427	109	230	267	243	637	721	689	316	243	1,206	722		
29	1	14	6	3	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	19	36	147	81	331	332	622	115	198	234	153	468	565	753	346	155	741	530		
30	0	11	3	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	0	8	8	71	33	116	171	618	156	64	90	41	321	467	627	299	158	435	390		
31	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	4	0	1	6	3	35	23	37	101	441	167	54	42	34	235	307	496	227	118	324	195		
32	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	2	10	11	28	41	317	126	68	32	15	123	174	310	174	148	262	154		
33	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	11	4	11	16	266	65	57	57	14	78	105	152	100	102	166	99		
34	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	2	8	1	30	37	47	16	4	44	63	106	61	63	127	60		
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	2	17	18	26	10	4	32	31	36	20	31	109	55	
36	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	4	9	11	11	2	28	17	23	8	34	48	14	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	3	4	8	1	15	6	8	1	8	41	8	
38	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	5	4	10	3	10	28	8	
39	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	3	0	3	3	2	
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	3	0	0	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	
42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	166	1,497	2,877	684	689	6,801	2,143	4,430	942	1,232	1,183	4,204	4,474	1,624	4,806	1,771	36,537	28,134	50,654	7,955	9,817	3,506	18,292	11,764	31,052	27,623	7,155	10,435	21,283	17,042	15,528	19,760	131,250	47,392		

Table 5.53. Scup fall length frequencies, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

Lengths were recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3	0	8	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	13	4	9	0	0	-	4	0	0	0	0	2	0		
4	1	61	0	0	17	1	3	14	196	0	6	0	0	18	4	1	1	28	117	19	143	363	11	74	0	34	-	21	29	4	11	21	4	40		
5	16	90	313	213	103	128	57	120	483	28	312	1	13	70	224	21	168	317	603	214	1,302	850	129	381	0	234	-	131	119	7	204	799	55	136		
6	295	249	626	1,193	625	612	340	1,805	1,516	554	931	41	185	338	1,246	1,041	991	1,891	2,132	573	4,723	4,122	389	1,303	4	1,106	-	705	567	116	1,033	3,154	370	622		
7	627	588	753	491	1,782	1,367	640	4,923	1,554	4,383	5,217	219	788	1,020	2,354	4,570	4,228	5,003	5,571	1,589	8,721	9,683	942	4,516	871	2,923	-	1,769	1,849	180	4,259	8,512	1,759	2,740		
8	345	1,827	507	499	2,264	1,765	2,152	11,168	2,595	9,063	11,585	602	2,048	1,318	4,330	9,886	7,464	7,327	9,315	701	10,637	11,328	1,442	10,576	3,092	3,078	-	3,977	4,036	563	7,657	15,560	3,354	4,964		
9	719	2,637	210	434	2,050	1,500	3,806	13,883	936	9,169	13,327	1,867	3,502	1,479	4,515	18,224	9,302	5,369	10,102	205	10,751	8,808	1,517	13,782	6,383	1,316	-	4,882	5,961	1275	6,878	11,241	1,747	5,374		
10	262	2,025	84	77	656	798	2,728	5,539	250	5,754	4,712	1,916	2,667	1,184	3,126	29,863	6,831	2,837	6,754	33	5,987	5,295	459	10,376	7,196	610	-	2,365	5,770	701	3,654	5,762	697	2,624		
11	8	1,064	19	12	81	95	601	1,191	78	814	432	606	525	499	728	20,073	1,806	888	2,020	3	1,896	1,973	126	2,547	1,733	75	-	632	2,695	375	1,526	2,094	1,073	676		
12	0	9	4	22	17	124	28	88	40	12	46	103	31	191	94	6,931	467	312	488	6	344	734	256	1,316	84	10	-	112	726	118	362	532	3,881	456		
13	14	59	41	144	53	670	51	2	304	13	4	46	39	44	56	1,190	428	229	197	87	77	680	606	1,645	27	81	-	42	154	70	205	281	6,261	1,054		
14	30	265	322	288	274	1,449	13	46	860	70	22	403	161	130	180	198	2,744	309	276	249	159	1,158	1,101	3,269	193	598	-	248	482	288	230	1,335	5,499	1,202		
15	86	339	603	277	649	1,102	171	305	1,393	176	68	1,283	459	517	504	459	6,889	690	854	325	268	784	1,210	4,216	367	1,890	-	883	1,483	454	537	2,361	3,665	1,117		
16	91	473	452	149	313	487	373	910	942	251	117	1,478	491	588	738	742	10,695	762	1,403	201	130	555	801	3,003	493	2,445	-	1,425	2,233	331	589	2,667	1,753	744		
17	46	299	361	61	111	213	362	683	465	168	103	869	299	289	446	1,583	7,208	593	1,642	92	75	359	338	1,468	330	1,777	-	1,138	2,015	203	416	1,813	575	1,039		
18	27	170	188	29	81	87	415	242	110	70	87	262	111	101	193	1,548	3,508	225	1,370	43	37	261	179	555	110	830	-	613	1,332	83	271	735	799	1,329		
19	8	44	55	20	85	42	309	39	28	56	57	47	51	21	72	1,196	771	294	733	175	78	234	113	676	88	320	-	293	455	176	143	218	1,942	1,027		
20	21	15	36	52	93	43	266	13	145	95	34	18	75	32	33	436	396	769	621	586	189	308	147	1,121	185	343	-	110	199	505	190	241	3,058	435		
21	47	8	44	87	87	34	424	56	254	111	41	9	70	34	33	289	337	967	797	693	339	194	158	1,179	228	336	-	186	212	640	151	397	1,819	451		
22	59	38	116	88	96	34	333	64	265	88	56	4	58	39	27	460	216	655	1,214	500	447	147	128	655	238	226	-	288	388	478	201	479	802	513		
23	75	77	133	61	18	14	101	86	181	44	38	4	23	17	16	329	189	328	1,185	315	544	88	134	365	150	190	-	408	319	164	335	337	667	409		
24	93	64	84	33	17	9	34	98	27	16	33	3	7	10	7	173	124	195	1,071	506	744	104	90	189	94	170	-	649	184	179	358	248	722	250		
25	46	49	38	27	4	6	21	47	23	12	17	1	1	12	5	66	49	96	769	726	1,072	146	59	181	123	170	-	822	112	238	277	313	576	196		
26	38	53	13	28	10	3	10	19	17	10	11	0	0	4	2	13	35	55	271	720	878	173	42	170	147	167	-	643	106	162	190	516	672	173		
27	38	64	9	36	7	1	2	13	22	10	7	0	2	1	2	19	42	27	184	558	790	212	23	91	99	128	-	502	122	129	100	400	798	133		
28	31	18	12	11	3	1	3	6	13	7	6	0	2	1	1	4	20	11	67	261	731	214	15	78	85	107	-	383	116	108	100	232	615	198		
29	9	21	4	7	0	0	1	1	6	4	2	0	0	0	3	2	13	14	32	101	433	174	23	32	59	86	-	341	59	135	57	145	564	159		
30	8	16	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	22	75	122	101	36	27	51	35	-	196	63	116	88	95	299	91		
31	7	7	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	3	14	23	45	46	26	43	22	28	-	111	26	47	64	98	157	91		
32	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	14	25	18	20	37	20	21	-	76	17	36	49	76	94	47		
33	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	10	3	6	27	14	13	-	31	11	24	22	67	58	33		
34	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	5	2	10	11	13	-	16	1	9	7	18	40	31		
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	6	7	-	10	0	7	4	12	9	13			
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	1	4	2	-	7	1	2	3	5	2	3	
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	-	2	0	1	0	5	0	0	0		
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3,050	10,641	5,030	4,344	9,496	10,592	13,249	41,363	12,705	30,983	37,272	9,782	11,609	7,957	18,939	99,319	64,927	30,198	49,829	9,602	51,706	49,133	10,533	63,921	22,507	19,371	-	24,021	31,842	7,925	30,172	60,772	44,388	28,370		

Table 5.54. Striped bass spring length frequencies, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2017.

All striped bass taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of one fish taken in 1984, one in 1988, and two in 1990.

length	Spring																																									
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017								
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0							
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0							
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0							
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0						
21	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	1	3	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	21	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	3	0	0						
23	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	9	0	11	1	8	1	22	0	0	23	0	7	1	24	1	0	10	11	0	1	10	0	0	0						
25	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	18	0	2	28	1	18	7	32	4	2	57	0	9	4	24	1	2	8	9	1	0	15	2	2	0						
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	2	0	2	28	2	5	30	2	24	15	38	4	1	67	1	12	4	7	1	0	8	11	0	0	9	1	1	0						
29	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	2	0	1	1	24	4	12	21	14	28	16	27	11	4	50	1	10	6	5	0	0	8	7	2	0	21	1	1	0						
31	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	1	2	2	12	4	14	20	10	29	5	17	7	5	19	1	4	4	1	0	0	5	4	1	1	9	0	0	0						
33	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	1	0	3	7	8	5	20	24	7	6	12	10	10	6	2	5	4	6	0	0	2	7	1	0	3	0	0	0	0						
35	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	1	1	0	8	20	2	19	16	3	4	7	7	13	7	6	6	1	2	1	1	2	7	5	2	1	1	1	0						
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	8	26	25	25	15	2	11	12	11	11	4	5	16	2	5	2	1	3	10	12	2	3	2	3	2	0					
39	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	19	42	23	13	2	14	14	7	4	7	6	35	2	10	3	0	3	9	33	0	1	2	1	2	0					
41	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	3	1	3	4	17	30	25	19	6	7	20	3	2	20	2	26	2	19	1	0	1	2	31	5	0	3	0	0	0					
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	1	0	7	16	17	11	3	2	17	5	1	13	4	25	6	14	0	0	4	2	12	4	0	2	0	2	0	0				
45	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	3	12	6	19	9	4	1	17	2	3	12	2	11	7	21	0	0	5	4	12	1	3	2	1	2	0					
47	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	7	10	15	10	5	6	9	3	2	17	0	7	10	30	2	6	1	4	22	6	3	5	3	5	0	0				
49	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	3	4	1	5	13	14	6	4	3	8	5	6	17	1	12	9	28	7	4	1	6	19	6	1	1	1	0	0					
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	3	4	2	7	7	12	6	4	3	9	7	1	4	6	5	10	32	2	8	5	3	13	4	6	4	6	4	0	0				
53	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	5	4	2	7	4	8	11	5	2	5	6	6	9	6	8	12	19	5	11	1	4	6	6	6	6	1	1	0					
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	2	2	5	3	13	13	7	3	8	9	3	7	6	4	12	9	7	11	5	3	10	7	8	1	1	0	0					
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	8	1	2	3	6	21	4	5	9	9	6	13	3	15	12	13	8	13	6	0	2	1	6	2	1	6	2	0	0				
59	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	2	2	2	7	7	22	4	5	10	11	4	5	5	5	8	17	6	5	6	6	3	5	3	3	3	3	0	0				
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	5	2	3	3	2	26	4	10	17	7	6	6	4	12	5	17	3	13	1	2	4	4	6	1	1	1	0	0				
63	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	5	1	0	2	3	2	21	8	13	6	9	7	7	4	15	5	15	2	12	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0				
65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	3	5	10	15	10	4	13	9	4	8	6	4	1	12	4	8	2	6	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	0				
67	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	4	6	10	9	6	19	14	6	4	3	8	4	8	1	15	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	3	3	1	3	1	10	3	13	15	10	5	7	2	5	3	3	2	9	4	4	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0				
71	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	1	10	5	6	6	5	3	9	1	4	5	7	2	12	3	3	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0				
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0	7	6	2	5	8	5	12	10	2	6	3	3	3	3	2	7	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0				
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	6	1	2	4	10	5	5	1	3	0	3	4	8	3	2	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	0			
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	5	2	0	6	1	5	2	1	1	0	9	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0			
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	2	3	0	1	2	1	7	1	1	4	2	0	1	1	1	5	1	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	4	0	2	4	1	1	2	2	0	1	2	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	4	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	4	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	8	7	11	43	32	34	59	65	151	184	239	361	335	229	184	413	208	135	422	97	287	160	382	69	165	125	160	205	59	128	46	46	46	46	46	46			

Table 5.55. Striped bass fall length frequencies, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2017.

All striped bass taken in the Survey were measured on each tow.

length	Fall																																				
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	0	19	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	18	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	11	0	0	1	1	18	1	1	10	0	2	0	0	5	6	5	6	5	6	0	4		
49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	9	2	9	1	0	0	14	2	4	22	1	1	0	0	6	5	3	5	0	1	0	1		
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	8	4	1	9	0	0	3	0	29	2	5	18	2	4	0	2	2	2	4	16	0	2	0		
53	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	5	14	7	5	5	0	3	0	27	7	7	16	7	7	0	2	2	4	7	18	1	4	0		
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	10	5	5	2	0	4	1	26	1	2	10	4	10	0	3	3	2	6	26	3	1	0		
57	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	5	0	2	3	11	5	5	2	7	1	11	6	3	6	3	8	0	0	0	3	8	15	4	2	0			
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	3	0	8	0	2	0	13	6	3	5	3	8	0	0	6	1	4	14	5	0	0			
61	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	3	1	2	4	2	2	0	12	1	6	4	3	4	0	2	1	2	4	10	10	1	0		
63	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	3	2	3	6	7	3	1	9	5	2	5	1	6	0	3	0	5	2	1	4	1	0	1		
65	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	0	4	6	5	3	0	7	2	2	7	1	6	0	6	0	2	1	4	4	1	0	1		
67	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	6	1	6	0	8	4	3	4	0	5	0	3	0	0	0	5	2	3	0		
69	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	4	3	4	0	6	0	3	6	2	6	0	2	0	2	1	1	2	1	0		
71	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	3	3	5	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	0		
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	2	3	1	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	3	2	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	4	0	4	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	0	5	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
103	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	1	1	10	0	0	6	8	22	16	15	48	80	37	62	64	28	56	8	243	47	47	131	39	83	-	77	46	40	49	128	36	27	0		

Table 5.56. Summer flounder length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2017.

All summer flounder taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of one fish in 1990.

length	Spring																																				
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
13	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		
17	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	28	1	1	7	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
19	0	0	0	36	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	37	1	3	10	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	0		
21	0	0	11	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	1	0	0	2	1	1	3	0	0	0	46	5	16	21	1	0	15	5	19	0	0	0		
23	0	0	10	31	1	0	1	3	2	0	9	1	2	2	0	0	0	6	1	13	1	2	1	37	3	21	38	4	2	21	15	35	0	0	0		
25	1	0	22	33	2	0	2	6	1	9	20	1	2	10	1	2	6	5	2	27	3	3	0	21	7	43	86	21	4	41	29	67	3	6	6		
27	8	0	43	25	20	0	7	12	6	22	32	3	11	10	2	14	7	26	13	79	8	14	0	11	13	55	94	50	22	58	61	87	7	18	18		
29	7	0	39	6	18	0	15	17	14	15	10	9	45	22	5	32	21	60	50	135	25	10	2	19	34	53	78	90	56	56	92	56	14	32	32		
31	9	1	17	3	18	0	19	23	12	12	19	12	44	27	4	42	23	53	89	104	14	19	5	19	28	24	37	92	51	33	74	49	25	11	11		
33	0	7	13	5	12	1	12	9	8	7	22	2	14	25	7	22	28	16	57	54	18	15	21	6	25	26	10	70	44	36	65	25	20	11	11		
35	2	8	4	2	13	3	1	5	6	7	16	2	12	11	11	22	22	10	41	49	13	12	17	9	14	20	7	81	58	35	50	21	23	18	18		
37	1	3	4	5	8	2	1	6	2	6	20	1	10	20	28	26	34	20	57	75	34	8	14	12	10	28	16	69	60	64	48	30	25	11	11		
39	3	3	3	4	5	1	2	5	2	7	7	0	12	16	38	18	36	12	61	71	51	9	10	22	14	36	20	55	66	62	33	27	17	15	15		
41	1	3	7	1	8	2	1	6	5	4	6	3	5	10	35	14	33	19	51	77	49	13	5	26	17	35	12	38	34	68	33	22	17	9	9		
43	0	1	3	0	2	2	0	0	2	4	6	7	6	6	22	16	22	24	28	58	48	10	5	30	13	28	13	25	43	46	29	20	14	7	7		
45	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	8	4	0	4	0	5	4	15	11	29	16	21	33	18	5	4	26	6	30	7	19	23	39	23	17	13	4	4		
47	0	0	3	3	3	1	1	4	2	1	3	0	1	6	9	10	18	14	20	43	28	12	3	25	14	14	16	26	24	28	16	12	14	9	9		
49	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	2	1	0	2	1	3	2	12	17	7	10	14	32	26	6	3	35	9	13	10	20	23	20	17	10	9	10	10		
51	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	15	9	8	12	19	19	13	8	7	26	15	16	9	15	15	18	16	8	8	4	4		
53	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	3	5	5	9	5	8	10	21	16	6	4	10	15	8	2	18	8	13	18	8	3	4	4		
55	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	3	2	6	8	8	8	14	10	13	5	2	11	18	14	2	15	8	12	17	4	5	4	4		
57	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	5	4	5	8	12	9	3	2	1	13	14	16	2	14	3	6	14	7	3	3	3		
59	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	3	8	8	2	6	12	8	4	1	5	5	17	3	7	8	9	3	7	5	5	5	5		
61	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	3	4	4	6	5	5	3	0	2	4	7	3	7	1	3	4	0	1	1	1		
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	7	10	9	0	4	6	5	8	2	8	6	3	3	1	4	1	1		
65	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	2	8	2	1	0	7	3	4	6	4	5	5	1	2	1	0	0	0	
67	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	5	4	0	1	1	1	1	1	6	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	
69	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	1	1	1	1	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
77	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	32	189	203	118	18	67	109	72	101	188	51	186	188	230	289	334	342	588	962	416	172	110	512	297	538	516	758	569	696	675	541	236	184	184		

Table 5.57. Summer flounder length frequencies, fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984–2017.

All summer flounder taken in the Survey were measured, with the exception of two fish in 1985.

length	Fall																																		
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
17	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
19	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	5	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
21	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	4	8	-	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	
23	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	7	0	3	2	0	0	11	6	-	0	2	6	4	0	5	2		
25	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	5	0	5	0	0	3	5	7	-	3	1	5	3	0	2	2	
27	0	6	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	1	17	0	5	2	0	4	17	14	-	4	3	4	1	1	3	8	
29	0	2	2	7	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	19	0	10	1	0	6	8	6	-	5	5	13	5	5	1	13	
31	0	3	6	9	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	4	3	0	4	2	14	13	0	5	5	0	18	5	5	-	11	7	26	7	8	1	11	
33	10	0	10	30	10	0	3	3	3	8	8	8	12	17	1	16	3	28	14	3	6	33	5	14	3	8	-	29	34	45	10	27	8	15	
35	22	4	33	35	20	0	10	11	14	29	7	13	33	37	11	18	8	104	70	15	3	55	2	19	1	34	-	35	42	33	12	24	21	22	
37	21	17	44	28	41	0	14	21	19	31	10	6	33	44	10	39	23	109	106	29	6	37	6	15	8	34	-	38	58	37	27	40	23	20	
39	20	10	35	21	37	0	11	28	15	29	25	6	38	72	17	50	33	81	158	28	18	32	9	9	29	40	-	54	73	25	29	40	24	15	
41	16	11	26	16	36	1	18	30	12	37	10	16	49	54	21	52	31	61	119	16	21	57	10	20	36	34	-	41	55	46	23	43	23	10	
43	11	24	26	5	21	1	18	13	13	16	4	9	23	27	34	43	31	28	61	22	25	30	16	17	27	29	-	27	37	27	13	21	32	8	
45	3	16	9	3	18	1	15	13	9	6	5	2	15	10	32	22	13	16	77	21	32	25	13	14	9	20	-	17	23	33	14	15	21	5	
47	2	11	6	6	8	3	3	5	6	11	7	2	13	11	36	8	8	15	35	18	29	15	4	8	5	27	-	6	15	16	8	15	16	8	
49	3	12	1	2	3	3	3	3	8	3	7	1	8	7	15	4	18	23	24	10	26	15	8	13	5	20	-	9	11	19	4	6	17	9	
51	3	1	4	1	1	2	0	8	4	6	0	3	8	4	9	7	11	20	14	8	9	7	1	15	2	7	-	2	15	11	4	7	5	5	
53	1	1	2	2	1	4	1	7	4	3	1	0	3	5	7	12	7	8	5	5	7	8	4	16	1	10	-	1	11	8	6	3	6	5	
55	1	2	1	2	1	0	2	4	2	1	0	2	0	3	4	3	5	9	1	2	4	3	2	7	0	8	-	4	14	8	3	6	5	3	
57	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	5	10	2	4	1	2	3	1	2	-	1	0	4	3	2	3	1	
59	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	1	6	3	4	7	4	3	1	0	8	0	4	-	1	2	3	3	4	1	1	
61	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	4	-	4	1	2	2	0	2	3	
63	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	3	-	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	
65	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	-	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	
67	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	-	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	117	141	225	171	203	16	102	153	114	194	93	70	248	299	206	293	220	531	770	189	228	331	95	219	178	343	-	294	409	377	184	268	224	169	

Table 5.58. Tautog length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

All tautog taken in the Survey were measured.

length	Spring																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
12	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
13	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	4	2	1	1	2	0	
14	0	0	0	1	0	4	3	0	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	4	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	6	0	
15	0	0	2	2	1	4	7	1	1	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	
16	0	0	0	3	1	3	6	1	0	0	2	0	3	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	2	2	0	1	3	0	0	
17	2	1	2	3	2	3	8	3	3	1	2	0	0	2	0	5	2	2	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	3	3	1	0	0	
18	2	2	0	3	4	3	14	7	4	4	1	1	0	4	1	0	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	0	5	0	0	
19	2	0	2	3	4	11	11	6	2	1	1	0	2	1	0	3	0	6	2	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	9	0	0	0	
20	5	2	2	0	3	7	15	7	2	1	2	1	0	2	1	0	1	3	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	9	6	2	3	0	0	
21	3	1	5	2	5	7	12	4	1	5	2	0	0	5	0	3	3	2	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	2	5	3	6	2	0	
22	2	5	0	1	7	11	13	11	2	2	1	1	0	5	2	0	2	6	0	1	0	3	3	1	1	0	1	2	3	4	1	6	9	2	0	
23	7	0	6	4	4	12	15	9	2	2	5	1	0	2	2	1	4	7	5	0	1	2	2	2	2	0	0	3	6	1	1	8	1	2	0	
24	5	1	3	1	4	8	8	3	0	3	5	1	1	0	2	1	1	6	6	2	2	2	2	5	1	0	3	1	1	5	6	1	3	1	0	
25	6	8	2	4	4	7	7	5	4	1	2	1	1	7	1	2	4	5	6	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	3	4	4	6	2	1	0	
26	6	4	7	0	2	4	15	6	0	3	1	0	0	2	2	1	2	7	3	0	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	8	3	8	2	8	2	0	
27	5	3	8	3	2	9	5	6	1	1	3	1	1	3	6	2	6	1	8	3	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	5	0	2	3	7	8	3	0	
28	3	8	5	2	3	11	12	6	3	3	9	1	0	2	0	1	4	4	5	1	1	4	1	2	2	0	1	1	7	5	1	4	2	0	0	
29	7	7	3	3	4	7	4	2	3	3	7	1	2	3	2	1	3	0	4	3	4	3	1	4	6	0	0	0	4	4	2	6	5	0	0	
30	6	4	9	3	2	15	10	6	1	3	1	1	1	4	2	1	2	3	12	3	6	1	5	2	1	0	0	1	1	4	5	6	5	1	0	
31	9	3	6	2	8	5	12	1	1	3	4	0	1	5	1	0	1	6	9	3	4	2	4	1	1	2	1	2	4	3	4	11	9	0	0	
32	8	3	6	6	4	6	6	5	2	0	2	1	3	7	9	3	2	3	13	10	9	4	3	5	2	2	2	1	6	3	2	8	8	0	0	
33	5	4	7	8	4	6	7	7	3	1	4	0	2	4	0	6	6	6	18	8	3	4	4	3	2	4	2	0	3	2	5	13	7	4	0	
34	5	7	12	4	5	11	6	6	2	0	2	0	2	9	3	3	6	5	13	5	1	1	5	3	4	3	1	2	1	6	6	12	7	2	0	
35	10	4	6	3	10	5	9	10	7	0	3	0	4	4	3	3	3	5	15	4	6	1	4	6	4	1	0	3	2	2	6	13	16	3	0	
36	7	1	17	13	13	11	7	7	2	2	4	1	1	4	4	2	11	14	17	7	7	5	7	3	5	2	1	2	3	5	10	13	1	0		
37	8	8	22	13	12	8	6	11	2	1	5	1	4	4	1	7	9	6	23	12	14	8	5	4	6	4	2	2	0	5	11	16	8	2	0	
38	9	10	17	11	14	5	14	18	10	3	4	1	2	1	3	5	11	7	22	8	10	4	5	2	4	6	3	2	9	5	12	19	9	3	0	
39	8	5	18	7	6	14	7	7	3	2	8	2	9	5	5	8	10	25	7	15	9	9	3	17	6	6	3	2	9	6	14	12	3	0	0	
40	8	8	38	8	14	22	10	17	8	2	7	2	4	2	7	4	10	11	27	10	9	8	9	9	2	5	1	5	4	5	1	8	11	4	0	
41	11	6	27	12	12	16	9	10	6	2	5	2	9	3	9	3	18	16	28	5	12	10	7	7	6	16	1	5	2	5	8	21	16	0	0	
42	11	14	22	10	19	21	12	17	6	3	7	1	6	7	7	10	16	12	24	15	9	6	3	13	6	12	1	4	3	6	8	13	10	1	0	
43	13	9	28	9	18	24	6	8	10	7	5	1	5	8	6	9	11	17	24	9	12	5	8	14	3	9	2	4	4	5	5	12	8	3	0	
44	15	6	31	12	20	27	17	13	11	1	9	1	1	7	8	5	17	12	37	3	19	5	6	15	8	11	2	4	1	3	4	14	8	3	0	
45	20	21	23	12	15	25	32	18	10	10	6	1	6	5	9	12	11	11	33	13	10	5	9	10	7	5	2	3	2	6	2	10	6	3	0	
46	15	9	22	10	17	31	20	18	10	1	8	1	2	6	3	5	8	10	28	11	8	7	7	15	10	8	0	3	4	1	4	7	3	2	0	
47	16	9	37	11	23	22	14	23	15	7	10	3	6	5	7	7	9	10	18	7	1	7	10	17	4	3	4	2	2	2	4	10	0	1	0	
48	15	13	25	8	21	31	21	18	7	5	1	1	3	7	6	8	5	7	20	3	6	10	7	13	0	4	1	2	1	3	1	2	3	2	0	0
49	17	11	12	9	19	29	17	20	7	6	12	0	2	3	4	3	5	8	9	4	3	5	11	14	3	7	1	4	5	0	3	2	7	4	0	
50	13	5	10	5	16	27	12	16	9	6	7	1	2	2	7	7	3	10	8	7	5	4	4	17	7	10	2	5	2	2	1	5	3	0	0	
51	9	12	21	5	19	12	26	13	11	3	6	2	6	1	7	2	4	7	10	1	6	4	5	10	3	2	1	2	2	0	5	2	0	1	0	
52	10	8	5	7	14	10	20	10	8	6	7	0	2	3	7	3	5	4	8	3	2	1	8	5	5	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	0	0
53	8	4	11	3	11	17	17	6	8	2	2	1	4	4	2	0	1	5	8	1	0	1	2	5	3	5	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
54	3	3	6	6	12	8	14	11	6	6	3	1	7	4	5	2	2	1	5	1	5	2	3	6	5	4	2	2	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0
55	9	0	5	5	11	13	10	5	7	2	3	2	1	3	2	2	6	4	5	1	0	0	4	8	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	2	0	7	8	7	9	11	8	3	3	1	3	1	1	3	1	0	2	1	3	1	0	0	3	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
57	2	0	11	2	1	5	5	5	7	1	1	0	3	2	1	3	7	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	3	2	0	3	3	6	2	4	4	1	2	0	1	1	0	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
59	4	1	3	2	3</																															

Table 5.59. Tautog length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

All tautog taken in the Survey were measured.

length	Fall																																						
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017					
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
12	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
13	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	4	0	1	0		
15	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		
16	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	1		
17	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	0			
18	2	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	3	0	1	2	1	0	0		
19	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0		
20	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0		
21	2	2	0	5	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0		
22	3	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	3	0	0	0		
23	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0		
24	5	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	3	0	1	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	0	0		
25	4	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	0	2	0	2		
26	0	3	0	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0		
27	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	0	1	2	0	1		
28	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0		
29	5	1	3	0	1	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1		
30	5	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	3	0	0	0	0		
31	3	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	1	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	4	1	0	0	1		
32	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	2	1	0		
33	5	4	3	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	2	0	5	0	0			
34	3	3	2	2	0	1	1	3	2	0	2	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0		
35	3	3	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	2	6	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
36	4	1	0	1	0	0	6	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	3	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0		
37	7	3	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	5	2	0	3	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	0		
38	3	7	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	5	1	0	4	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0		
39	5	4	2	3	0	1	0	5	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	5	1	1	1	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	0	0	0		
40	8	4	3	0	0	2	1	5	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	5	4	1	1	3	0	3	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
41	7	6	2	7	1	0	1	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	3	2	4	3	3	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0		
42	3	4	1	7	3	3	0	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	3	1	4	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0		
43	3	10	4	3	2	2	1	7	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	4	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
44	3	3	1	2	1	4	1	6	1	5	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45	3	2	2	5	1	4	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	2	3	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
46	5	3	2	5	1	1	0	7	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	4	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		
47	4	5	3	3	2	0	1	2	1	4	2	1	1	1	4	0	2	0	1	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
48	3	4	0	7	2	1	1	6	0	1	1	0	0	3	2	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
49	4	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
50	3	2	2	4	5	0	0	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
51	0	0	2	4	2	1	1	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
52	3	1	1	5	1	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
53	1	0	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
54	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	3	0	1	2	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
56	1	1	1	3	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57	1	0	0	5	0	1	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
59	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0																															

Table 5.60. Weakfish length frequencies, spring, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2017.

Weakfish were measured from every tow.

length	Spring																																				
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	3	0	1	11	2			
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	3	10	4	0	3	93	6		
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	9	3	6	1	0	1	0	2	5	8	1	0	73	6		
25	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	1	2	3	4	1	2	9	10	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	15	9			
27	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	3	5	3	5	4	1	2	13	3	0	3	27	4	4	0	0	0	2	4	10	5	0	4	7			
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	3	3	7	12	12	16	5	1	20	0	0	2	22	2	4	1	1	0	0	5	12	1	0	5	7			
31	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	3	3	3	7	15	21	21	8	5	9	1	0	2	20	1	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	4	0	4	4			
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	3	2	1	5	19	10	10	1	5	0	0	0	11	0	3	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	10	13			
35	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	13	0	0	0	0	4	11	4	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	28	2	1	0	9	12			
37	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	2	31	3	1	0	13	8	
39	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	26	6	2	0	15	6			
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	7	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	1	15	3	0	0	5	2			
43	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	1	0			
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	0	0	0	0		
47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	1	1	0		
49	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0		
51	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	3		
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	7	3	0	0	0	1	0		
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	0	1	0	0	0		
57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0		
59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0		
61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	
65	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
75	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	9	2	6	5	9	51	18	11	13	28	43	81	92	85	29	59	28	5	28	96	26	31	6	10	1	16	187	86	24	5	261	88			

Table 5.61. Weakfish length frequencies, fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1984-2017.

Weakfish were measured from every tow, with the exceptions of 968 juveniles in 1988 and 863 juveniles in 1989 that were not measured.

length	Fall																																			
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
5	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	24	13	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
7	0	3	51	0	13	46	2	0	48	22	16	34	34	92	0	1,065	89	2	357	30	8	3	101	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9		
9	15	70	448	15	37	247	39	11	218	76	127	74	110	431	27	53	5,951	1,054	253	1,026	1,263	11	6	904	18	117	-	83	519	127	671	177	190	58		
11	24	168	1,625	84	63	566	130	423	233	222	413	33	366	749	110	976	7,488	3,672	1,009	1,186	4,329	197	26	2,578	70	528	-	302	1,475	276	1,418	305	457	588		
13	69	187	2,191	98	60	1,152	207	522	289	340	1,586	137	713	598	589	1,748	3,650	4,135	2,455	1,108	5,940	1,246	41	4,876	492	938	-	455	1,246	379	2,358	1,071	802	1,419		
15	54	474	894	22	31	1,699	519	831	292	550	2,561	566	1,529	214	788	2,802	1,641	2,124	3,740	1,153	3,909	2,538	37	4,570	931	692	-	620	1,606	485	3,602	2,305	1,785	2,110		
17	17	1,196	107	3	17	750	629	949	120	503	2,538	957	2,084	356	1,160	2,889	1,821	764	1,875	590	1,168	2,739	36	2,084	594	212	-	665	1,017	239	1,586	3,109	607	1,057		
19	5	379	50	2	3	162	312	741	35	235	665	748	1,165	651	497	2,007	1,169	366	851	132	471	1,798	27	991	253	43	-	225	332	125	396	1,780	215	281		
21	2	92	4	4	0	1	57	347	22	63	146	141	187	417	104	1,147	565	250	345	29	235	413	9	645	129	2	-	82	140	78	273	793	124	121		
23	1	14	10	1	0	1	6	267	9	6	71	11	8	106	50	357	100	84	94	0	74	89	1	352	15	1	-	8	50	24	101	374	1	10		
25	1	13	1	0	0	1	0	65	2	0	0	3	0	5	0	234	22	5	13	0	31	26	0	173	6	0	-	1	8	2	14	53	1	0		
27	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	2	13	0	0	1	0	70	0	1	-	0	1	0	3	1	7	3		
29	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	9	0	1	0	0	22	18		
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	7	-	10	6	5	1	14	47	37	
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	3	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	12	-	16	7	3	1	20	44	29
35	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	6	12	8	3	1	12	0	1	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	14	-	21	18	22	0	16	45	12	
37	5	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	13	19	18	10	0	9	3	1	0	1	2	6	0	0	9	-	9	18	11	1	15	22	10		
39	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	8	2	2	16	21	31	10	3	13	7	3	1	4	4	1	2	2	6	-	8	7	24	2	16	9	10		
41	4	2	4	1	0	0	2	1	1	3	5	23	41	37	13	5	9	18	3	0	6	6	2	3	1	1	-	18	2	7	13	3	6	6	8	
43	5	1	4	4	0	0	0	9	0	8	4	38	18	43	11	14	6	24	3	0	1	6	4	3	1	0	-	1	5	12	0	2	5	11		
45	7	4	0	3	1	0	1	9	0	8	1	27	11	28	10	15	1	22	1	0	6	2	1	1	1	0	-	4	12	6	1	1	6	6		
47	3	6	0	5	1	0	0	20	0	3	2	9	6	15	8	8	0	34	1	1	3	3	1	0	1	0	-	6	6	4	0	0	4	4		
49	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	22	0	1	4	5	1	10	2	9	1	8	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	-	10	10	4	0	0	5	7		
51	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	26	1	0	0	4	3	2	1	5	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	11	8	3	0	0	3	8	
53	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	19	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	6	7	2	0	1	5	3	
55	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	-	2	4	1	0	0	1	0	
57	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	
59	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	5	0	0	0	1	
61	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
65	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
67	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
69	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	7	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75	10	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77	5	5	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	2	2	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
85	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	259	2,650	5,415	246	234	4,628	1,911	4,270	1,299	2,047	8,141	2,850	6,332	3,823	3,404	12,331	23,561	12,683	10,686	5,592	17,478	9,092	216	17,355	2,524	2,594	-	2,567	6,599	1,878	10,455	10,070	4,429	5,813		

Table 5.62. Windowpane flounder length frequencies, spring, 1 cm intervals, 1989, 1990, 1994-2017.

Prior to 2014, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Spring																									
	1989	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	3	1	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	5	1	1	10	2	0	0	1	0	4	4	9	0	0	10	2	8	1
7	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	4	17	2	7	22	3	0	0	7	3	8	9	9	5	0	7	0	26	5
8	0	2	4	1	3	5	4	3	27	7	6	23	6	0	0	31	5	17	10	20	19	10	41	2	47	26
9	0	40	16	3	2	9	5	2	11	10	21	20	11	0	0	18	6	10	13	24	16	4	31	1	133	34
10	25	66	67	12	34	15	7	8	17	13	12	11	19	7	2	4	11	23	8	10	10	16	24	3	168	56
11	69	96	169	86	79	37	19	20	5	29	8	3	24	12	1	4	11	8	7	11	10	20	8	3	105	42
12	89	74	305	148	162	76	60	40	3	23	10	7	25	16	7	8	17	4	20	2	0	16	10	3	77	16
13	337	53	362	259	288	136	131	37	10	29	5	9	58	25	12	22	13	6	72	9	3	8	15	9	35	11
14	430	66	232	189	381	309	200	45	11	26	8	13	100	22	34	28	44	17	93	7	7	10	18	4	17	8
15	414	124	152	180	487	362	211	96	24	43	15	13	101	23	42	60	51	37	107	15	32	19	15	11	9	0
16	305	180	126	89	310	606	177	123	27	55	12	15	72	37	36	107	119	62	117	19	64	16	21	25	2	1
17	174	212	209	70	331	754	130	165	23	73	9	15	65	22	48	129	137	97	166	23	81	17	26	36	4	0
18	78	178	372	99	339	588	165	160	32	94	24	23	56	4	45	132	116	90	104	58	133	20	37	32	4	4
19	65	132	357	139	548	440	260	194	26	78	19	26	45	16	20	110	101	75	124	58	155	30	37	46	7	9
20	174	144	289	143	604	366	362	386	75	89	15	31	60	13	24	130	76	51	76	47	135	40	71	27	16	8
21	216	116	217	85	567	429	461	357	136	95	22	45	32	22	24	186	122	50	88	66	97	62	75	26	16	10
22	299	143	139	82	401	438	311	301	166	232	45	50	42	29	27	246	155	63	172	75	97	121	102	49	30	23
23	319	108	163	57	409	368	229	217	138	290	110	92	39	42	28	181	216	92	198	107	117	140	170	57	49	33
24	270	103	147	54	280	323	227	217	125	245	141	123	66	36	41	158	132	84	199	122	128	166	229	95	79	31
25	177	87	183	54	236	231	188	206	121	208	133	111	109	47	31	162	118	82	155	134	121	142	228	96	83	52
26	189	103	184	70	235	191	178	136	106	126	114	76	100	52	52	186	103	67	161	120	118	138	175	108	87	59
27	138	79	138	56	187	222	162	161	91	88	69	88	86	49	37	104	100	60	148	103	102	86	145	89	68	41
28	148	38	70	44	117	145	138	97	56	83	62	68	71	29	38	100	111	45	103	69	100	55	111	50	36	24
29	78	26	68	24	97	98	67	53	47	59	41	37	48	24	24	65	52	30	146	42	70	41	56	42	14	25
30	99	35	42	27	66	75	58	42	37	39	42	35	51	20	14	33	46	24	51	24	45	27	27	21	10	9
31	50	20	25	12	31	23	34	39	12	25	19	22	32	13	8	14	22	11	67	25	33	12	21	13	5	9
32	8	15	13	4	25	12	13	26	16	21	17	9	16	5	2	23	19	6	21	7	7	6	11	4	2	2
33	16	3	2	9	5	8	6	3	8	15	7	2	10	1	3	2	5	1	33	14	13	8	5	3	2	2
34	0	5	5	0	4	1	1	1	2	5	4	4	9	3	0	4	5	2	20	11	11	4	9	0	4	0
35	0	4	5	1	3	0	3	4	5	10	2	4	5	0	0	3	3	3	11	1	4	2	5	3	1	1
36	0	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4,171	2,256	4,064	2,001	6,234	6,274	3,812	3,147	1,381	2,118	1,002	1,015	1,365	571	600	2,258	1,920	1,129	2,511	1,244	1,734	1,236	1,744	863	1,146	542

Table 5.63. Windowpane flounder length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1989, 1990, 1994-2017.

Prior to 2014, lengths were recorded from the first three tows of each day; since 2014, lengths have been recorded from every tow.

length	Fall																									
	1989	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
6	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	5	0	5	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	8	3	18	5	24	15	1	0	6	9	0	5	11	14	5	4	0	15	-	4	2	2	1	0	0	0
9	25	2	28	6	70	17	2	2	2	2	0	21	15	49	2	6	2	15	-	2	3	1	4	3	0	0
10	18	11	78	10	165	50	2	4	3	9	1	20	22	67	1	14	5	17	-	9	6	7	9	1	0	0
11	15	9	60	22	227	75	31	11	7	14	0	13	27	111	5	18	3	24	-	19	1	7	13	1	2	0
12	16	12	50	15	270	107	33	6	9	9	1	6	16	155	2	26	15	29	-	31	5	6	7	0	1	0
13	23	6	30	10	285	173	47	3	11	9	6	0	14	145	8	44	43	19	-	19	10	10	14	0	5	0
14	33	14	11	13	306	154	48	5	23	6	0	4	8	109	3	36	58	27	-	36	14	10	14	4	9	3
15	58	23	23	9	250	110	39	6	18	3	5	8	3	62	2	37	38	25	-	43	18	11	10	12	15	3
16	140	38	15	16	181	60	34	3	11	3	5	9	3	33	0	30	28	31	-	41	19	13	24	8	24	5
17	188	44	35	26	112	78	33	11	30	7	14	4	9	12	7	21	20	35	-	72	37	13	19	11	66	16
18	91	53	47	48	101	119	54	11	15	12	8	11	2	8	19	19	16	47	-	70	19	19	28	16	63	34
19	46	46	49	47	145	179	95	44	29	6	10	7	11	20	32	26	10	45	-	52	44	31	12	19	86	48
20	49	28	39	48	131	213	96	67	30	13	9	6	18	30	39	39	31	24	-	41	50	29	18	18	62	93
21	21	11	23	24	125	165	69	38	52	18	9	11	35	50	25	36	40	28	-	35	87	23	27	21	20	86
22	14	14	16	19	65	123	37	18	28	22	21	2	25	48	25	42	25	26	-	51	58	28	34	23	8	51
23	3	10	20	6	67	63	32	12	37	30	39	6	10	14	12	32	27	20	-	47	79	30	43	29	13	24
24	9	4	7	9	25	49	13	11	33	19	39	11	15	13	9	19	32	23	-	40	45	15	55	24	9	8
25	4	3	6	3	22	28	9	6	18	19	25	14	8	10	10	6	9	9	-	16	24	29	50	28	14	13
26	2	0	8	3	19	29	9	4	16	9	10	18	4	3	4	8	16	6	-	18	22	17	29	25	15	15
27	6	2	3	1	11	17	8	3	5	11	12	17	4	5	3	4	5	4	-	7	14	16	21	24	21	8
28	2	1	4	1	3	12	1	1	4	5	6	9	2	3	3	3	2	7	-	9	1	13	7	5	5	12
29	2	2	0	1	2	17	0	1	6	3	1	4	2	3	1	3	2	1	-	2	0	2	4	9	5	5
30	2	1	2	1	0	5	0	0	1	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	-	3	1	2	2	2	2	6
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	2	0	0	2	1	-	0	0	1	1	3	0	0
32	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	782	337	578	344	2,613	1,858	694	267	397	242	223	215	268	968	218	473	429	484	-	668	560	335	446	286	445	430

Table 5.65. Winter flounder length frequencies, fall, 1 cm intervals, 1984-2017.

Winter flounder were measured from every tow.

length	Fall																																				
	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0			
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	5	43	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
9	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	1	8	83	3	0	3	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
10	0	2	0	0	10	3	2	1	9	39	6	3	11	5	3	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11	1	3	2	2	8	6	4	9	6	42	10	16	16	6	3	0	0	6	0	0	9	0	0	0	1	1	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12	9	16	16	8	34	38	6	34	18	159	63	28	54	23	20	3	5	13	0	1	21	4	1	3	2	11	-	2	4	0	1	3	0	0	0		
13	18	37	43	47	97	127	34	72	72	331	149	67	157	77	68	44	20	62	6	1	41	28	6	9	10	21	-	5	14	0	3	8	0	0	0		
14	25	57	82	54	243	343	130	139	85	409	230	87	218	113	137	128	53	123	24	5	65	77	8	10	23	36	-	7	38	1	3	12	6	0	0		
15	31	63	116	67	295	367	260	144	149	435	219	96	255	165	190	194	111	122	37	10	61	98	17	9	45	51	-	19	59	3	7	12	11	0	0		
16	60	55	104	72	302	293	345	91	182	377	187	77	225	176	192	243	156	116	40	9	48	99	23	9	60	48	-	28	62	3	12	21	5	1	0		
17	65	49	118	53	207	315	327	110	140	247	146	61	173	175	160	268	170	80	43	11	37	66	11	6	43	50	-	22	61	5	9	10	1	0	0		
18	89	53	86	72	167	213	319	99	111	151	142	64	132	116	87	225	169	66	33	10	19	52	5	10	49	35	-	25	50	6	12	9	5	1	0		
19	111	41	50	79	212	199	326	108	99	85	141	41	119	126	60	158	148	32	31	8	21	33	5	7	25	31	-	18	26	4	10	9	7	0	0		
20	97	36	45	83	184	146	310	95	97	68	124	32	136	78	46	108	107	28	35	9	7	24	7	16	17	14	-	11	25	3	8	4	4	1	0		
21	100	37	27	53	184	121	245	96	84	51	111	23	96	65	25	86	89	25	23	10	8	14	4	19	6	10	-	11	16	0	8	9	4	0	0		
22	67	33	22	54	138	105	176	79	68	39	56	19	97	38	28	52	62	20	38	10	4	9	7	15	6	4	-	5	15	3	3	10	6	1	0		
23	63	22	17	44	104	107	146	73	42	39	38	13	65	55	24	29	41	16	28	17	2	6	3	17	4	5	-	7	22	2	2	3	1	0	0		
24	38	17	13	25	77	68	91	40	37	38	24	10	58	32	15	27	47	33	31	15	1	1	3	18	4	2	-	4	20	4	4	10	6	0	0		
25	34	14	9	21	40	85	53	48	28	29	26	5	47	23	14	29	35	24	28	10	0	7	2	9	9	6	-	4	30	2	5	5	3	1	0		
26	36	10	7	14	32	39	49	20	17	30	28	2	25	26	11	19	30	31	27	18	5	6	2	12	10	0	-	2	20	5	2	2	1	1	0		
27	16	10	1	5	32	43	38	13	8	22	13	3	27	20	13	17	21	15	20	21	3	5	0	8	9	3	-	7	20	3	9	2	5	1	0		
28	34	6	2	11	12	33	16	17	13	10	8	3	14	14	8	13	25	20	9	11	4	5	0	4	6	0	-	6	16	2	3	1	4	2	0		
29	13	3	1	5	9	30	12	7	7	12	10	1	17	7	7	17	15	22	10	10	6	1	0	4	7	3	-	5	7	3	4	4	2	1	0		
30	14	6	2	3	13	10	14	5	7	7	7	0	10	7	3	8	13	17	8	10	2	1	1	9	13	1	-	3	5	4	5	3	5	1	0		
31	8	1	2	2	4	12	1	8	3	8	8	2	13	5	11	7	8	4	4	16	2	1	0	7	8	1	-	2	7	1	2	5	5	1	0		
32	6	0	1	2	6	4	3	2	1	4	3	1	4	2	4	5	6	4	6	11	3	1	0	6	3	4	-	2	7	3	1	3	0	0	0		
33	5	1	2	0	1	1	4	6	0	3	2	1	3	4	5	9	9	6	10	12	2	1	1	0	4	1	-	2	4	1	2	5	2	0	0		
34	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	2	0	3	3	5	1	10	2	7	10	3	0	0	0	5	2	-	3	4	1	1	1	1	0	0		
35	4	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	4	6	3	4	4	3	1	0	2	3	0	-	1	5	1	2	2	2	0	0		
36	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	4	3	4	4	2	1	0	2	3	2	-	4	0	1	2	0	2	1	0		
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	1	2	2	0	1	3	2	-	2	2	0	2	3	5	0	0	
38	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	5	4	2	2	0	0	4	2	-	1	4	0	1	8	3	0	0		
39	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	5	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	-	0	1	0	1	1	0	0		
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	2	2	0	1	3	2	0	-	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	-	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	
42	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	
44	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	949	575	769	781	2,422	2,717	2,914	1,321	1,300	2,771	1,765	657	1,984	1,370	1,146	1,699	1,364	907	527	262	392	557	108	213	387	351	-	211	547	61	128	170	97	13			

Table 5.66. Winter skate length frequencies, spring and fall, 2 cm intervals (midpoint given), 1995-2017.

Winter skate were scheduled to be measured from every tow. However, the following numbers of skate were not measured: 4 in 1995, 10 in 1996, and 2 in 1997.

length	Spring																						
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
27	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	0
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	2	0	0	1
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	5	3	3	2	1	2
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	4	3	5	1	0
43	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	2	4	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	9	3	0	0	0
45	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	2	1	1	2	0	7	5	4	0	0	0
47	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	0	1	0
49	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	0	0	3	2	7	1	0	0
51	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	2	1	2	0
53	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	3	6	2	1	0
55	0	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	4	3	0	1	0	0	2	5	5	4	1	0
57	1	2	4	3	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	2	1	3	0	2	2	4	2	3	1	1
59	5	4	1	5	3	2	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	2	3	2	2	0
61	1	5	2	1	0	0	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	0	1	2	4	1	1	1	0
63	2	2	2	4	1	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	3	1	1	0	0
65	4	2	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	1	0
67	1	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	3	3	0	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	0	0	0
69	2	0	1	4	2	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	2	3	2	0	3	1	2	4	0	1	1
71	1	3	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	2	0	0
73	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	4	0	2	1	4	3	1	1	1	3	5	2	3	0	3	0
75	4	4	1	5	3	1	2	1	3	1	0	1	4	3	3	4	3	5	0	0	1	0	0
77	0	2	3	6	7	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	4	0	1	2	0	1	3	1	0	0
79	1	2	1	4	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	0	4	3	2	1	4	2	0	0	1	0	1
81	0	4	0	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	0	1	1	1	1	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	0
83	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	4	0	2	1	0	0
85	0	2	1	1	0	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
89	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
93	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	22	40	27	55	26	29	18	26	37	45	18	23	37	35	32	16	30	77	72	67	25	15	6

length	Fall																						
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
43	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	2	1	1	0	1	0	0
45	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	4	3	2	1	0	1
47	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	-	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
49	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	1	4	1	0	0	0
51	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
53	2	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
55	1	2	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	1	2	0	1	0
57	2	6	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	-	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
59	2	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
61	0	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
63	1	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
65	2	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
67	1	2	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	1	-	0	0	1	2	1	0	1
69	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	-	0	1	3	0	0	0	2
71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	-	0	0	1	2	0	0	2
73	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	-	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
75	1	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
77	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
79	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
81	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	-	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15	37	19	7	7	1	20	19	0	9	13	0	7	16	11	-	7	20	17	14	5	2	13

**FIGURES 5.1 - 5.18
LISTS**

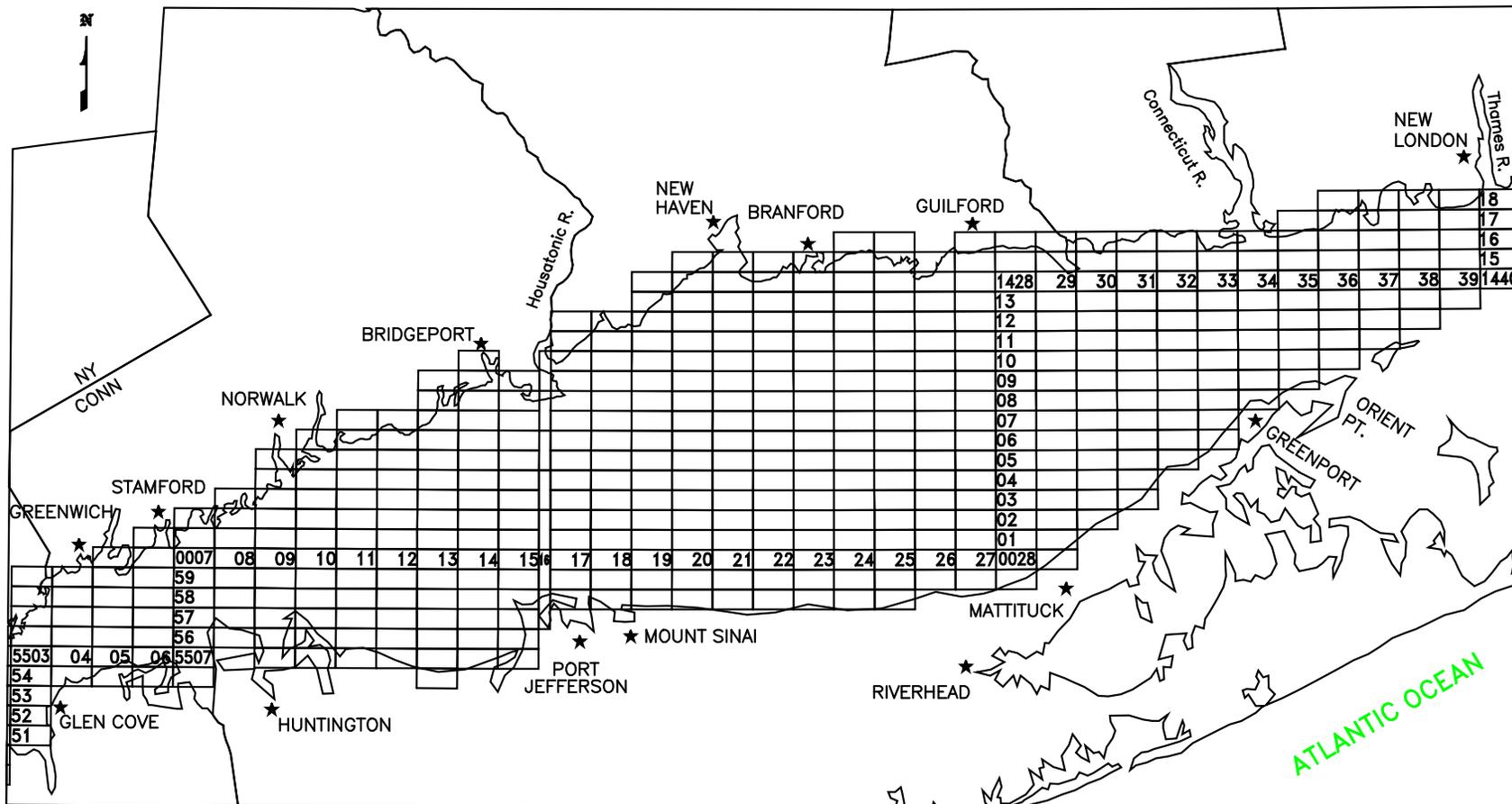
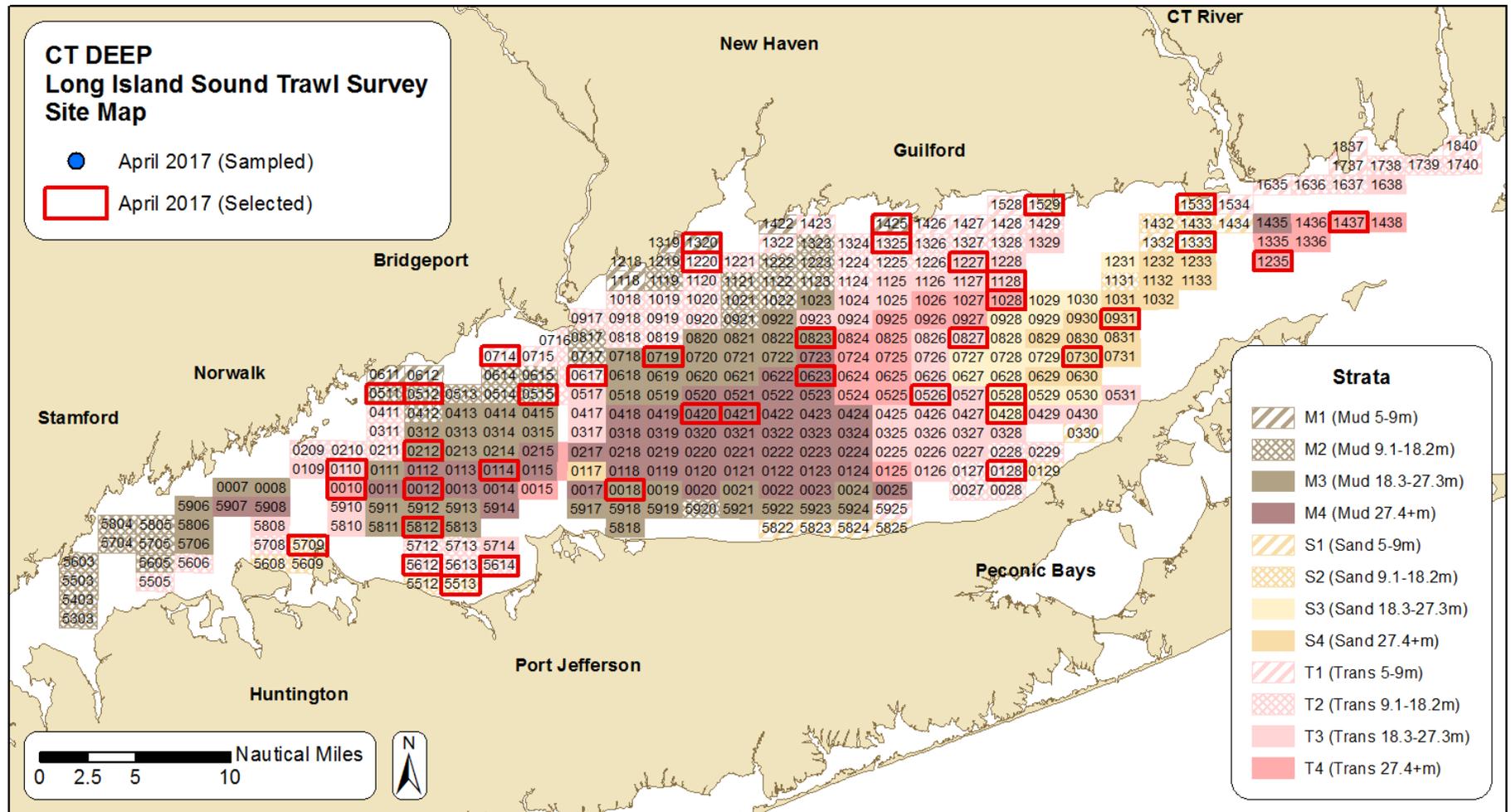


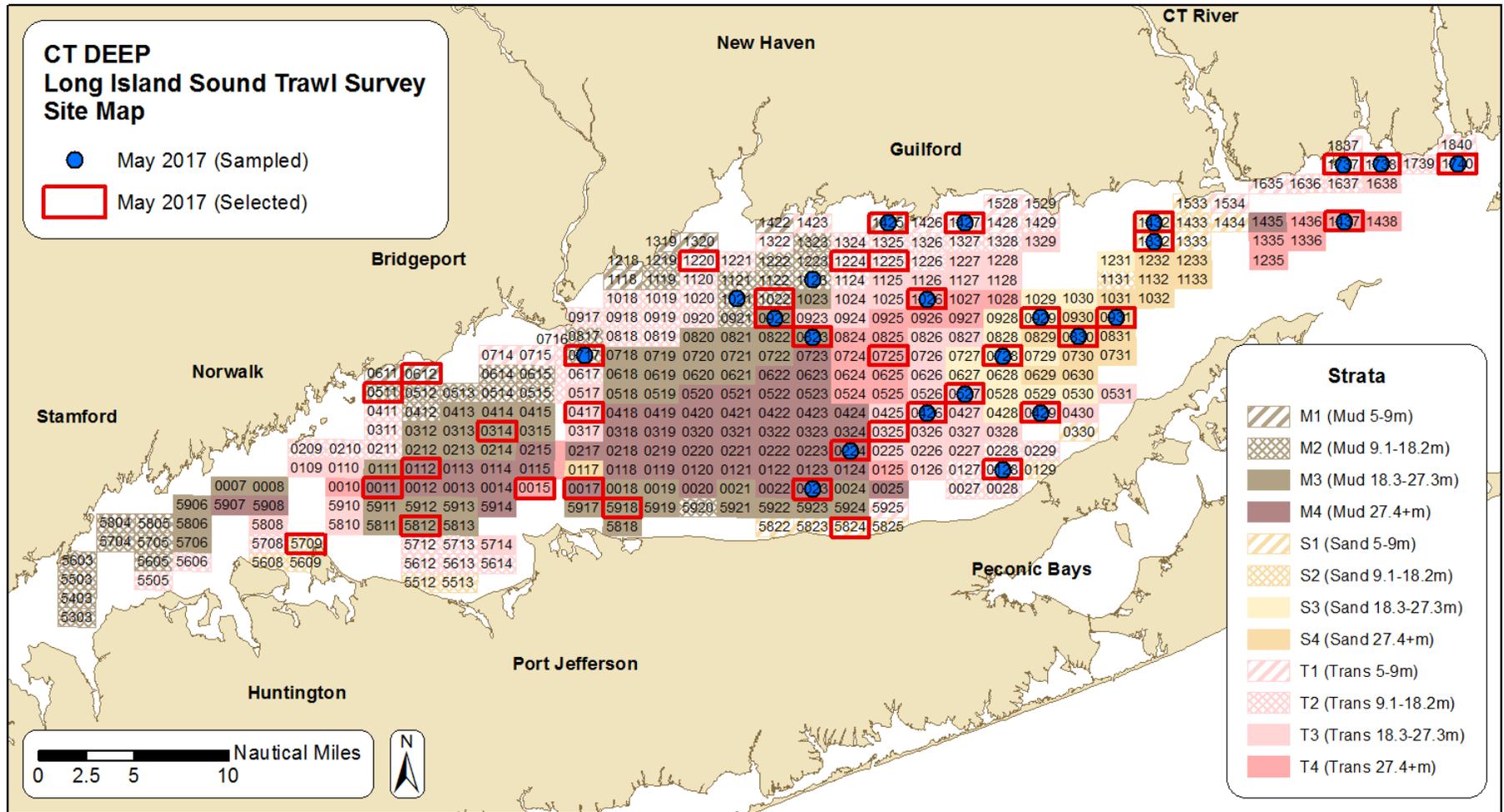
Figure 5.1. Trawl Survey site grid. Each sampling site is 1x2 nmi (nautical miles). A four-digit number identifies the site: the first two digits are the row numbers (corresponding to minutes of latitude) and the last two digits are the column numbers (corresponding to two nautical miles in length on the longitudinal axis). Examples: site 1428 near Guilford and 0028 near Mattituck. (Note: The sites in column 16 are approximately 2x1 nmi. The grid was drawn on the Eastern and Western Long Island Sound 80,000:1 nautical charts, which overlap by the area in column 16.)

Figure 5.2. April 2017 sites selected and sampled. The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the "Notice to Fishermen" are noted in table below map.



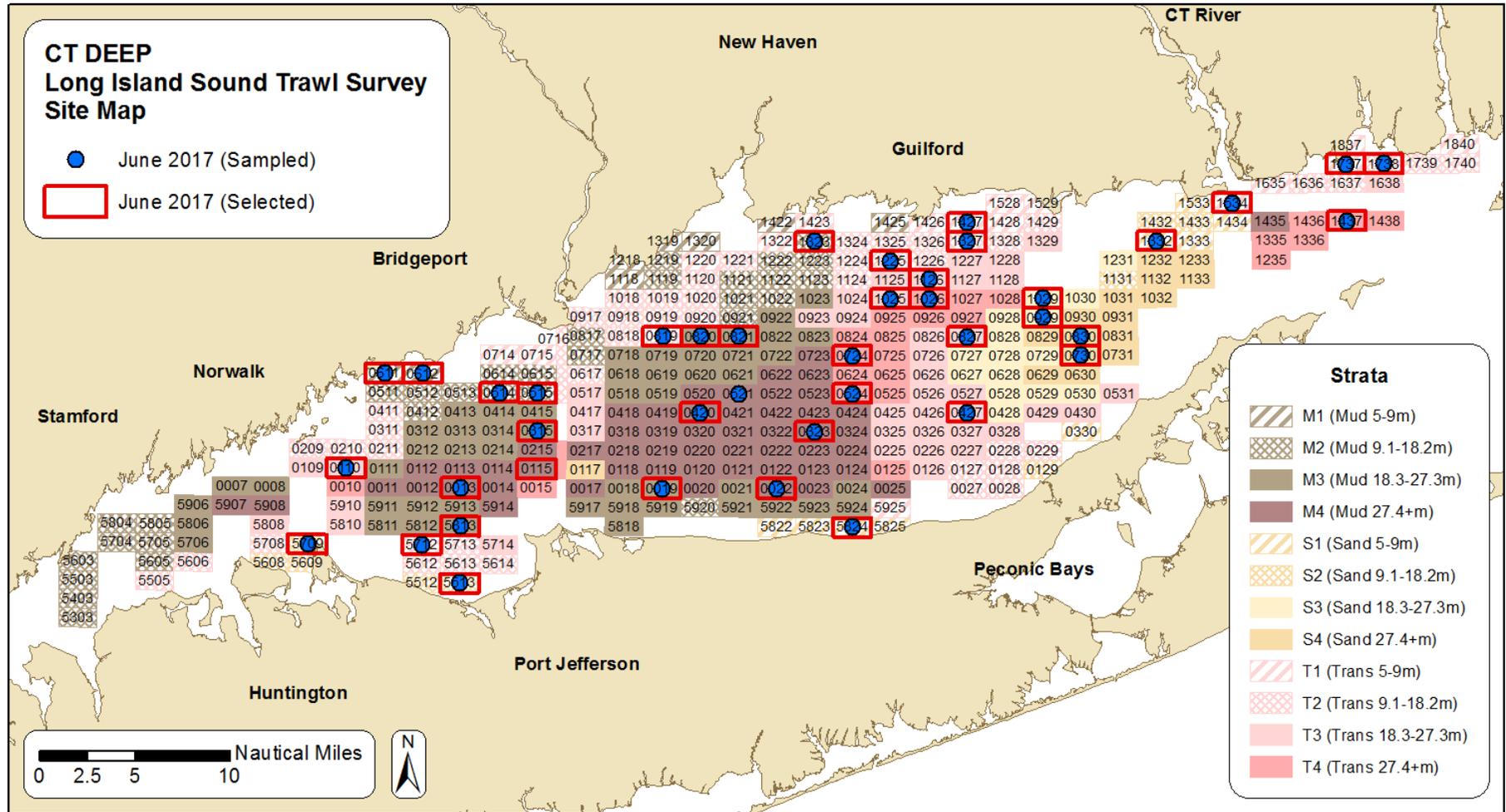
Month	Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
No sites were sampled during this cruise						

Figure 5.3. May 2017 sites selected and sampled. The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the "Notice to Fishermen" are noted in table below map.



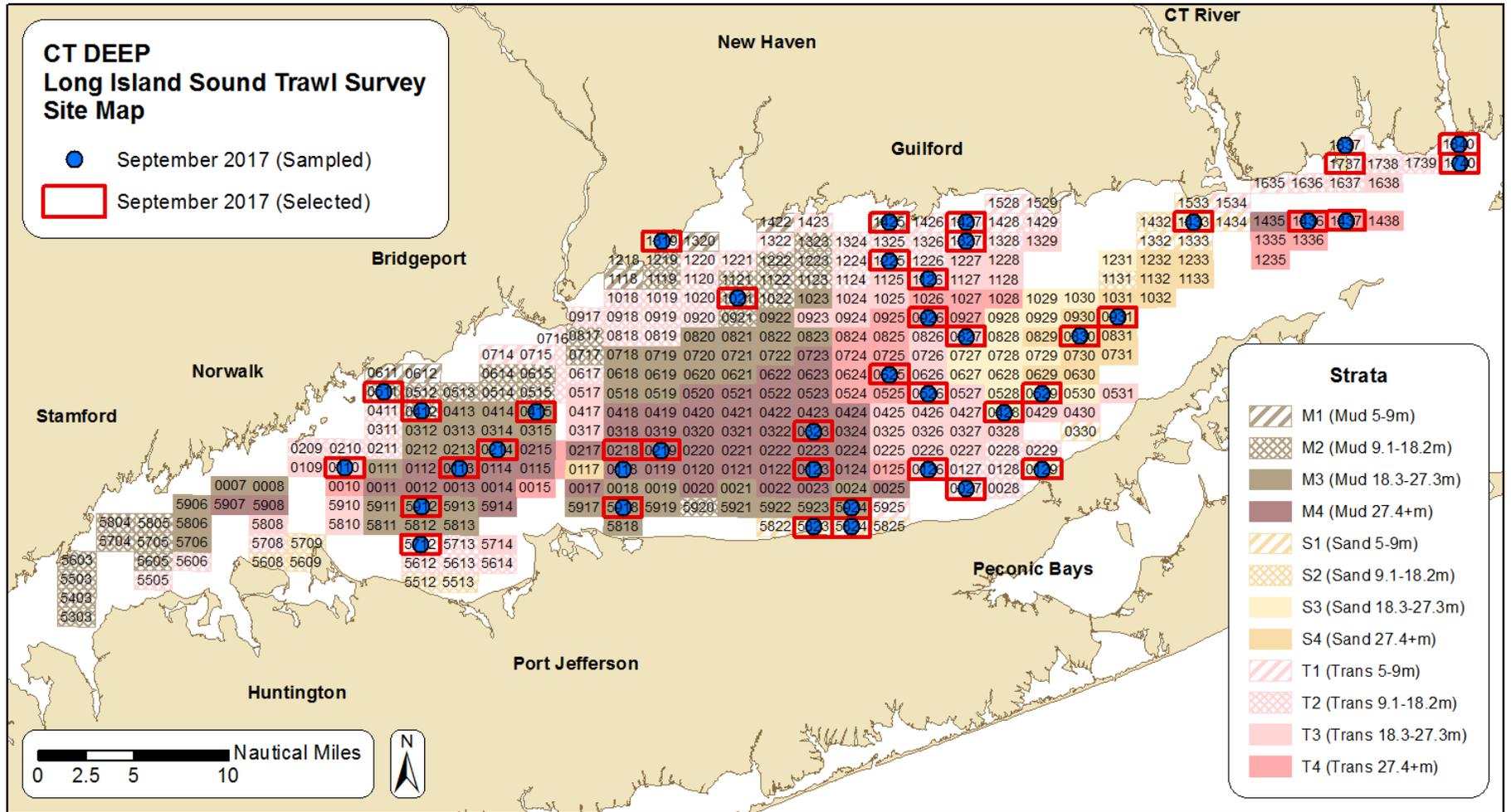
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
SP2017024	1123	M2	1225	T2	mistakenly towed wrong coordinates
SP2017023	1021	M2	0511	M2	logistical issues and time constraints
not sampled due to time constraints					
	0011	0017	0325	0417	0725
	0015	0112	0314	0612	1022
					1220
					5812
					5824
					5709
					5918

Figure 5.4. June 2017 sites selected and sampled. The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the "Notice to Fishermen" are noted in table below map.



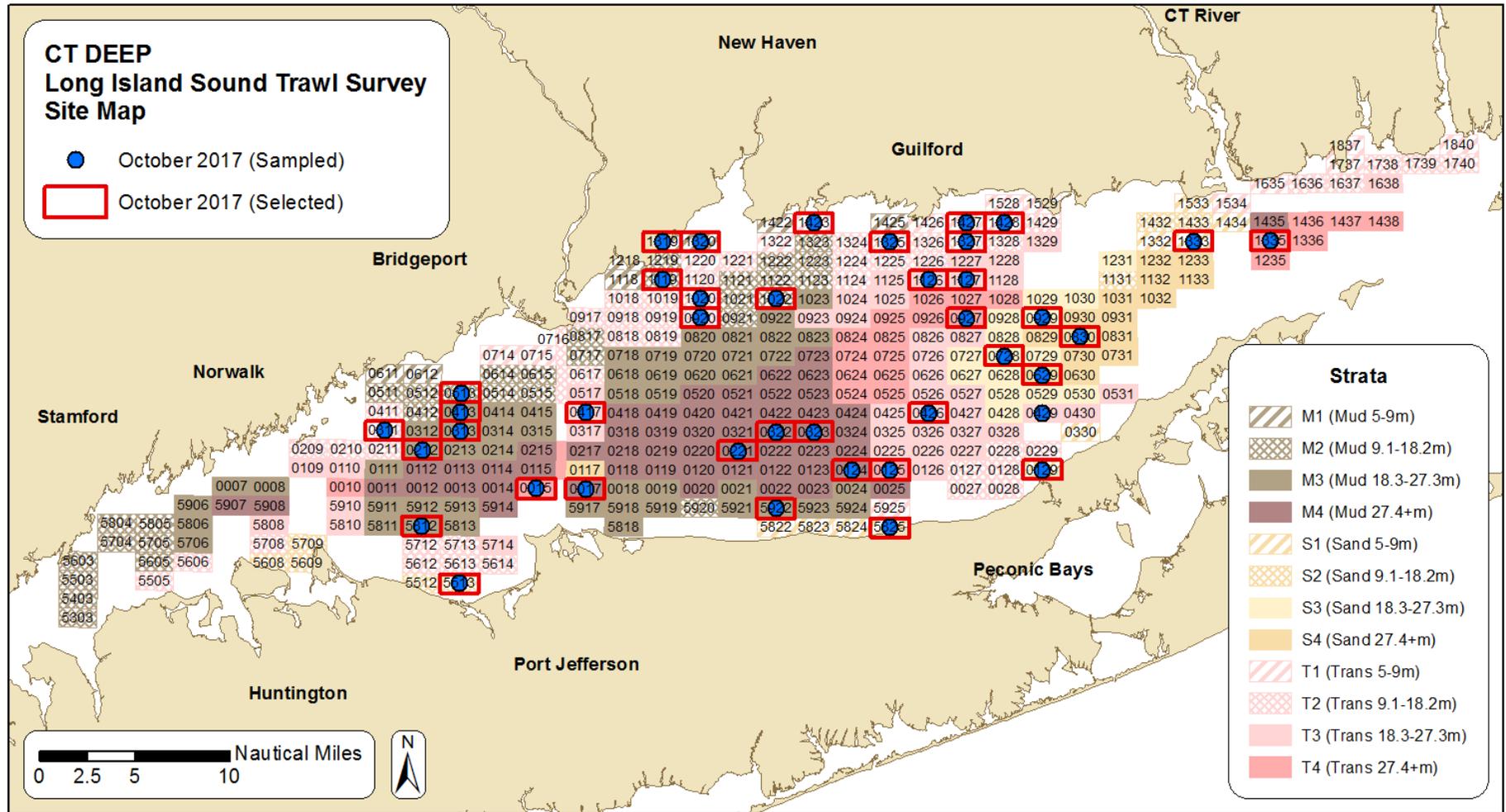
Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
SP2017059	0521	M4	0115	M4	moved after two failed attempts at selected site; encountered multiple strings of ghost gear and sustained damage to net

Figure 5.5. September 2017 sites selected and sampled. The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the "Notice to Fishermen" are noted in table below map.



Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
FA2017001	1837	T1	1737	T1	mistakenly towed wrong coordinates
FA2017028	0118	T1	0218	T1	history of trashing net at this site in recent years

Figure 5.6. October 2017 sites selected and sampled. The red outlined rectangles are the sites selected for the cruise and the blue dots are the sites sampled. Samples collected from a different site than published in the "Notice to Fishermen" are noted in table below map.



Sample	Site Sampled	Sampled Strata	Site Selected	Selected Strata	Reason Moved
No sites were moved during this cruise.					

Figure 5.7. Number of finfish species observed annually, 1984-2017. *Note: not all years have the same number of tows. See Table 5.4 for details on number of tows completed each year. Average number of finfish species caught per year is 57.5 for the time-series*

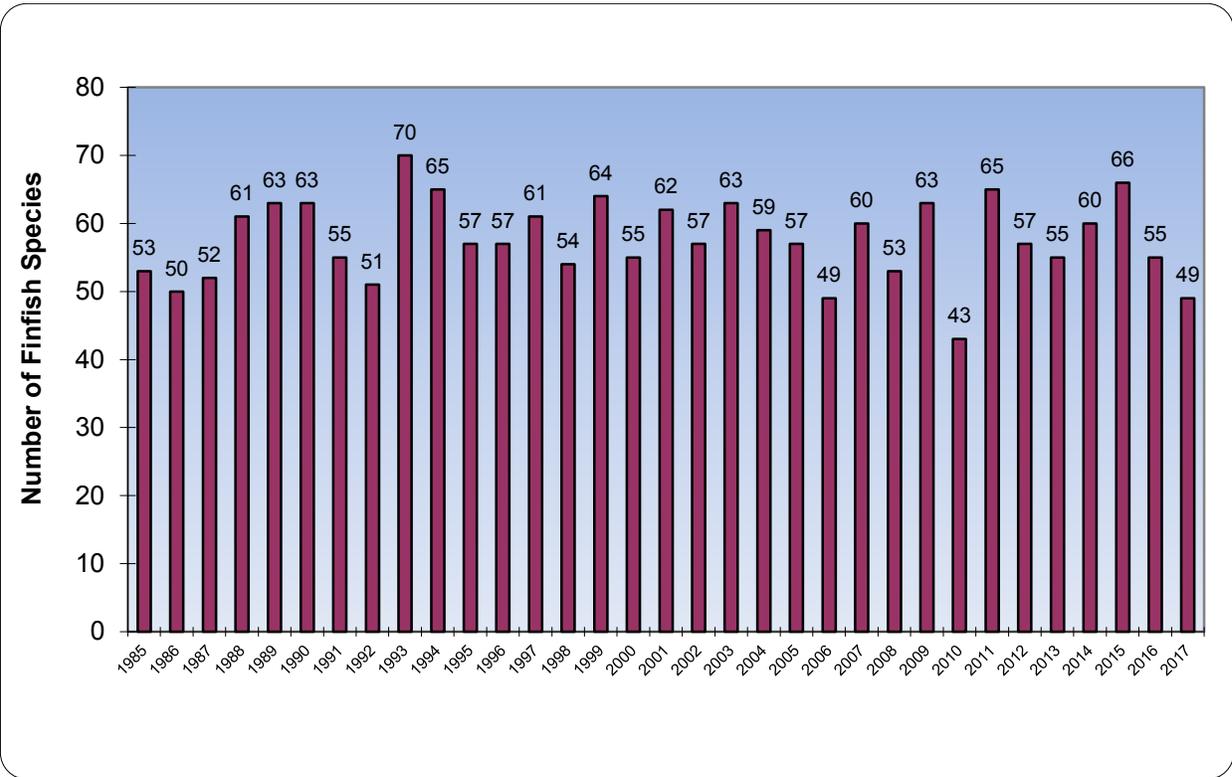
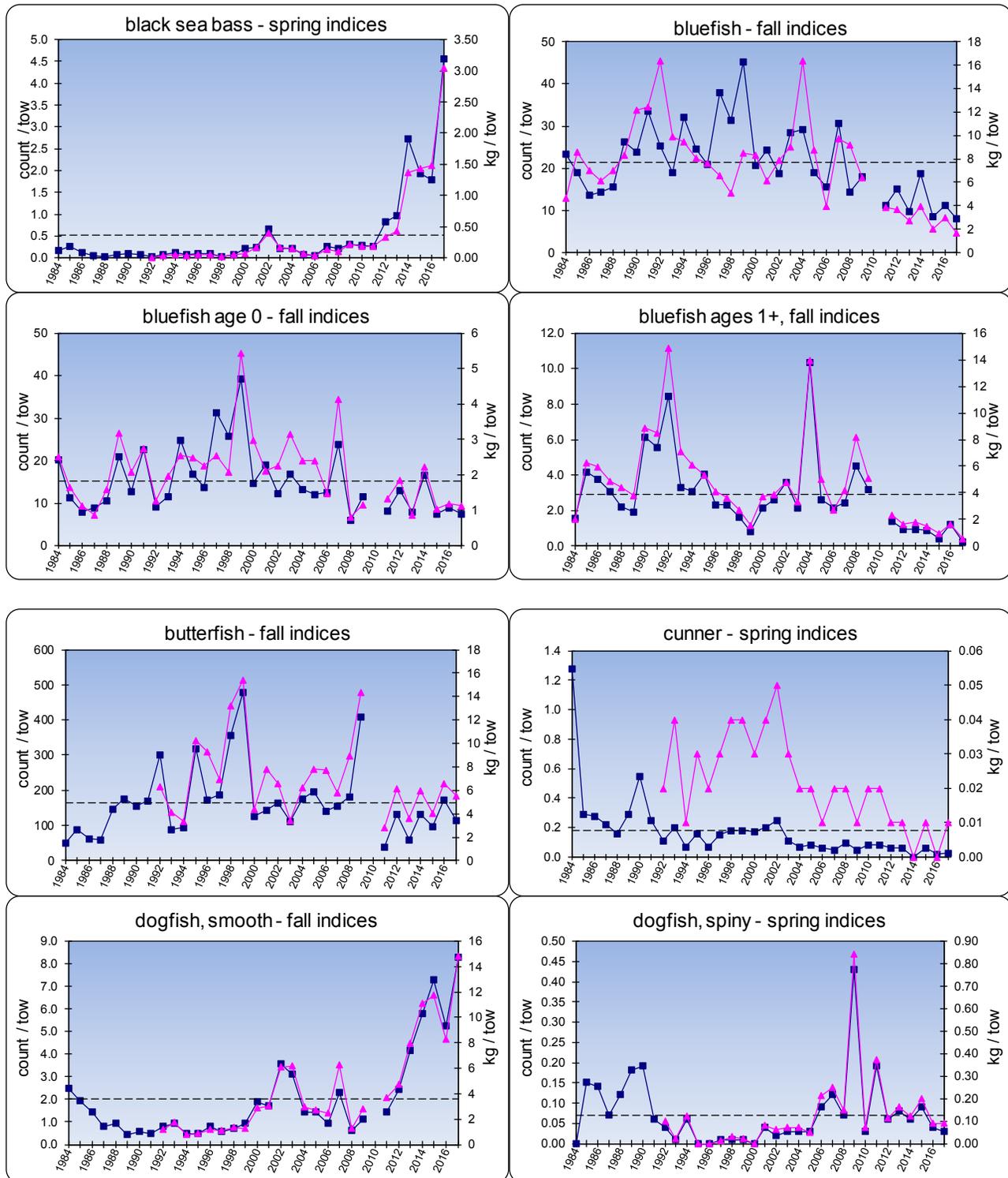
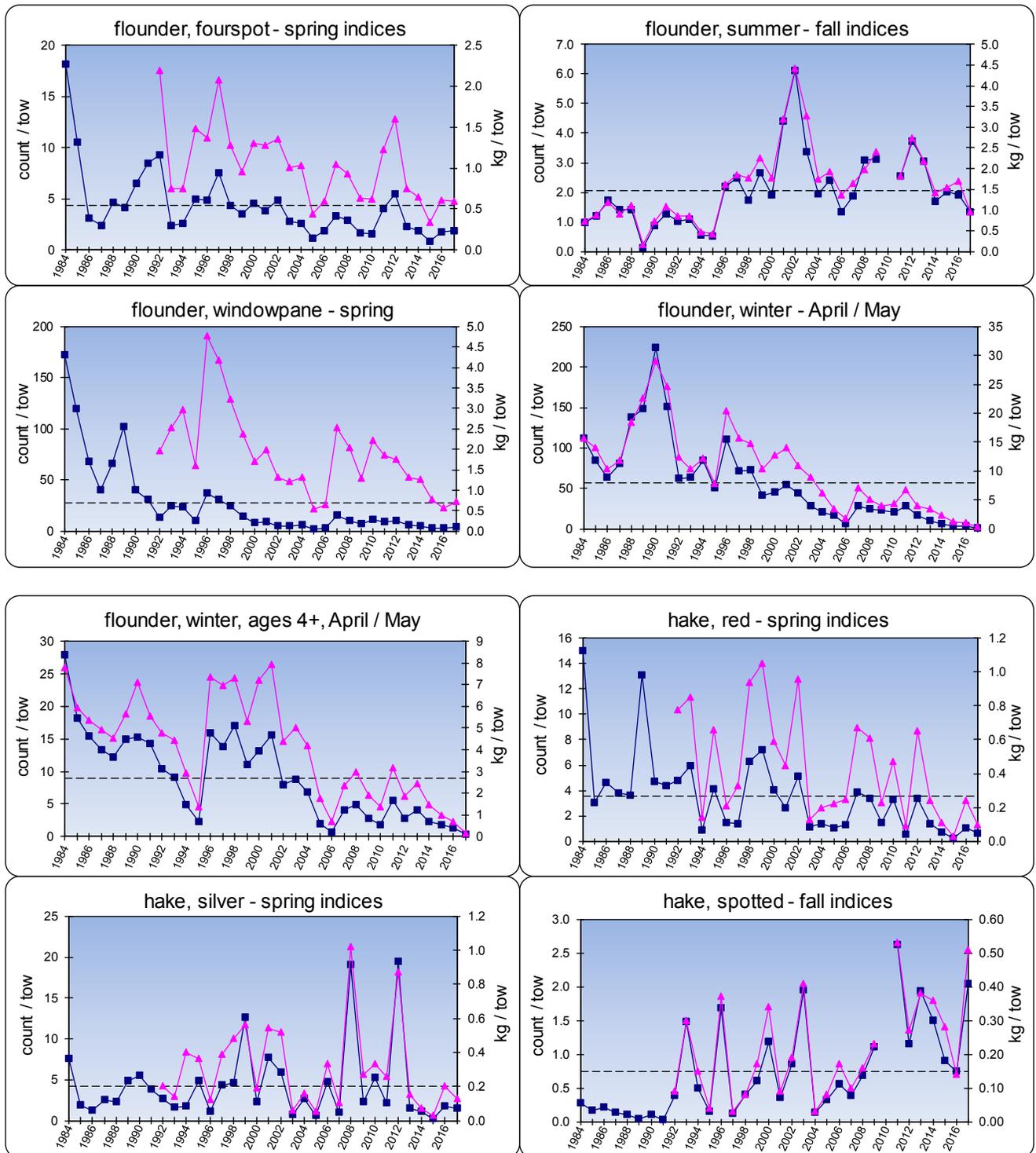


Figure 5.8. Plots of abundance indices for: black sea bass, bluefish (total, age 0, and ages 1+), butterfish, cunner, and dogfish (smooth and spiny).



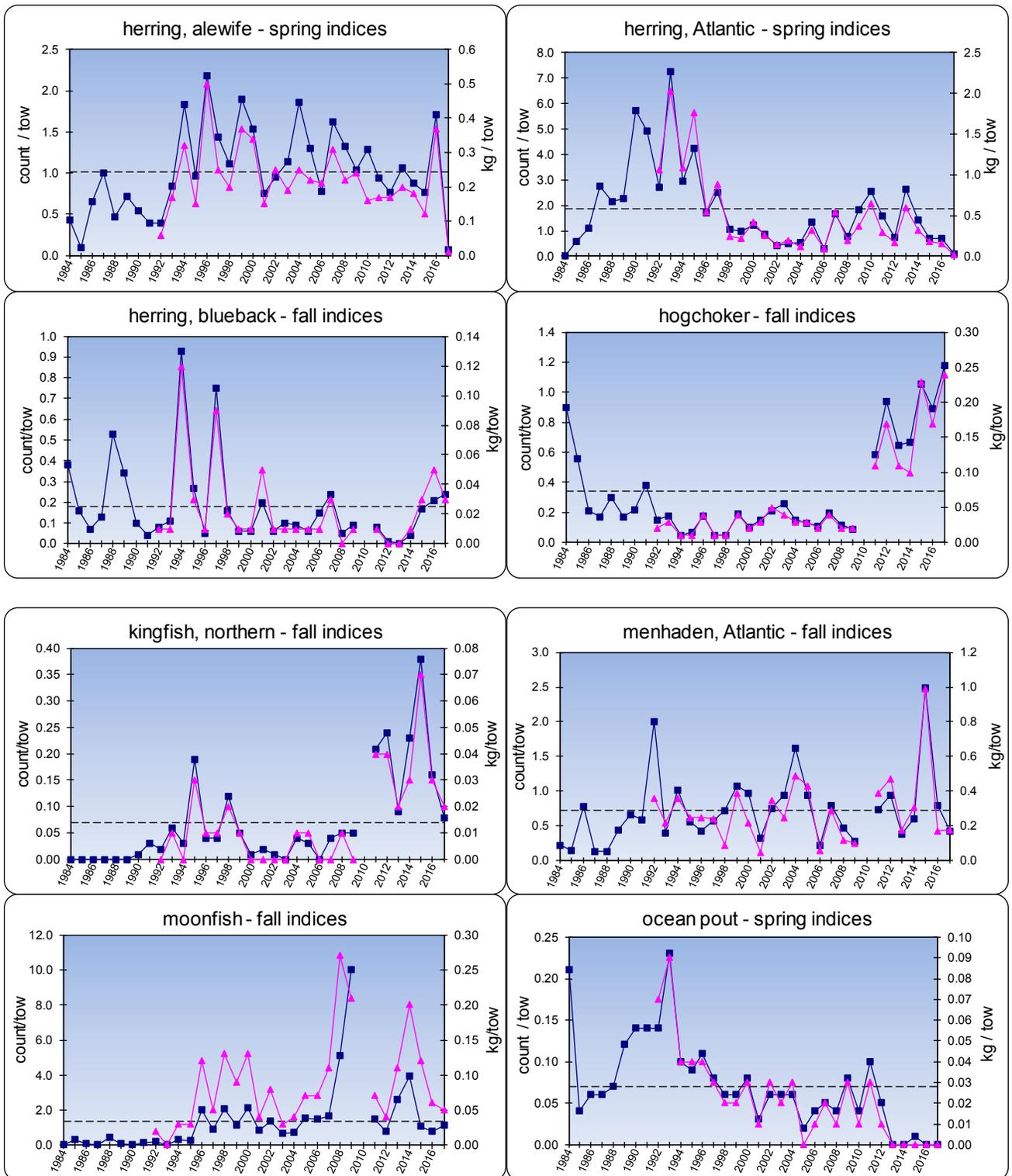
Legend:
■ = count / tow
▲ = kg / tow
 --- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.9. Plots of abundance indices for: flounders (fourspot, summer, windowpane, winter, and winter ages 4+) and hakes (red, silver, and spotted).



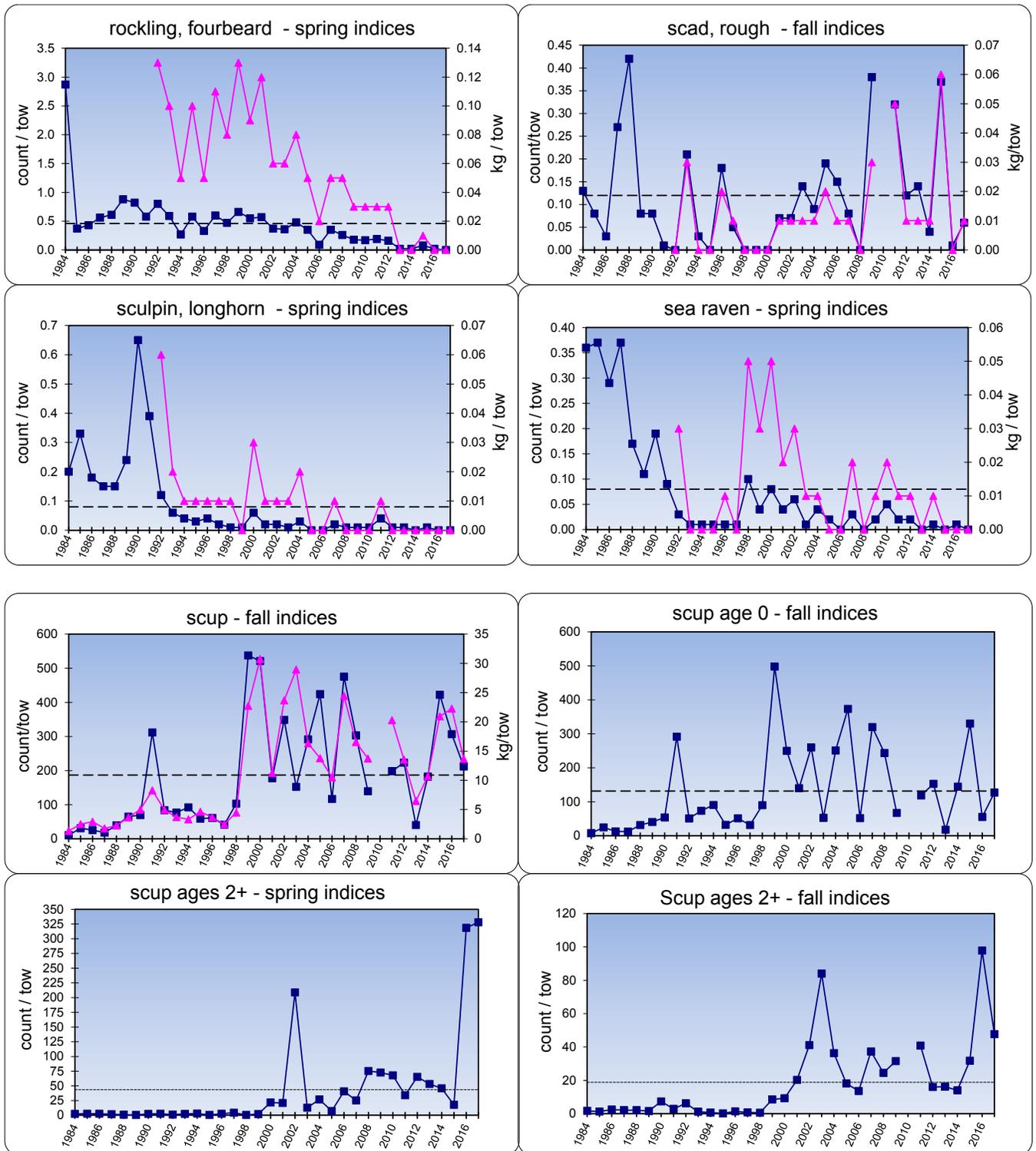
Legend:
■ = count / tow
▲ = kg / tow
 ---- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.10. Plots of abundance indices for: herrings (alewife, Atlantic, and blueback), hogchoker, Northern kingfish, Atlantic menhaden, moonfish, and ocean pout.



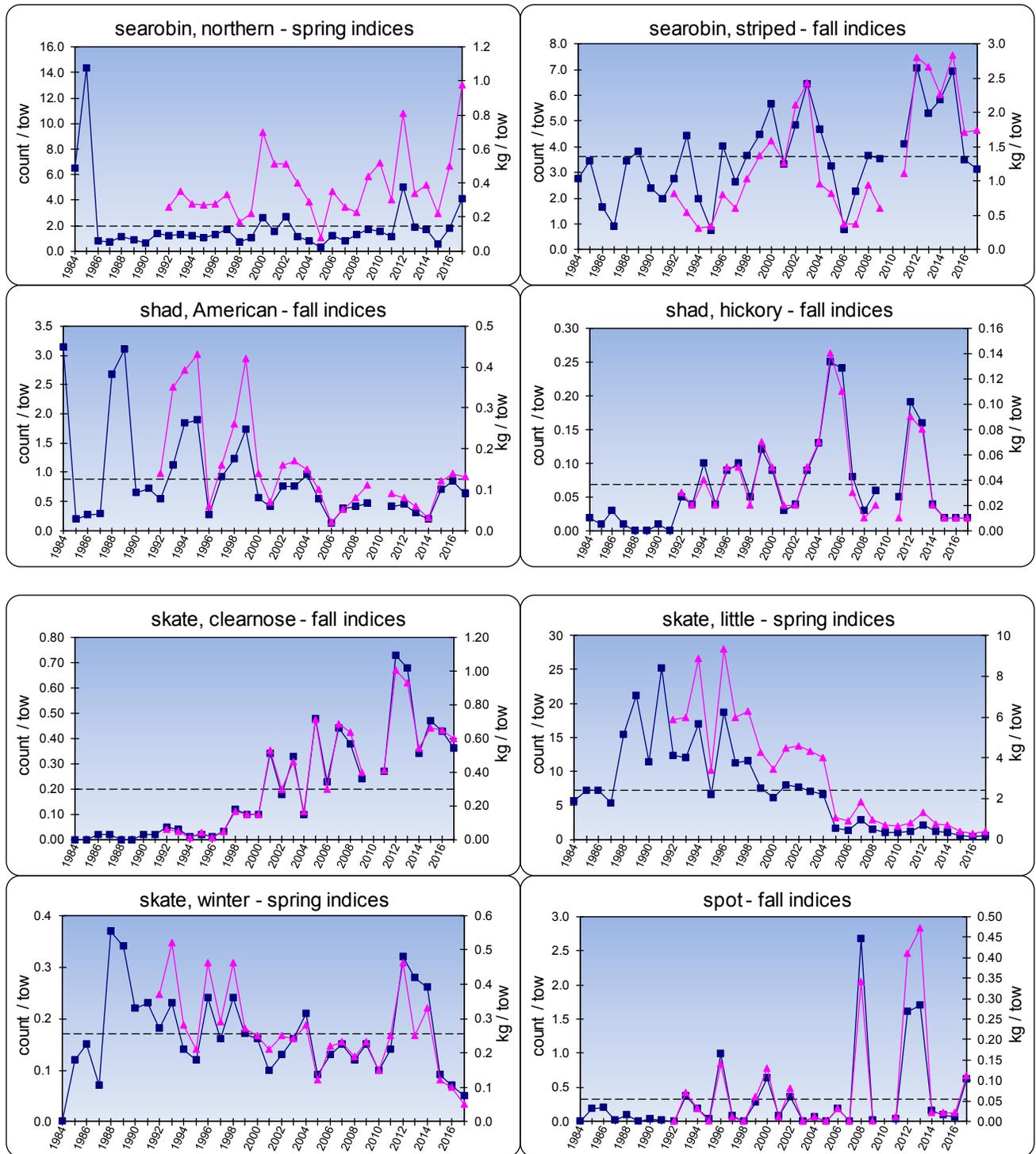
Legend:
■ = count / tow
▲ = kg / tow
 ---- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.11. Plots of abundance indices for: fourbeard rockling, rough scad, longhorn sculpin, sea raven, and scup (all ages, age 0, and ages 2+).



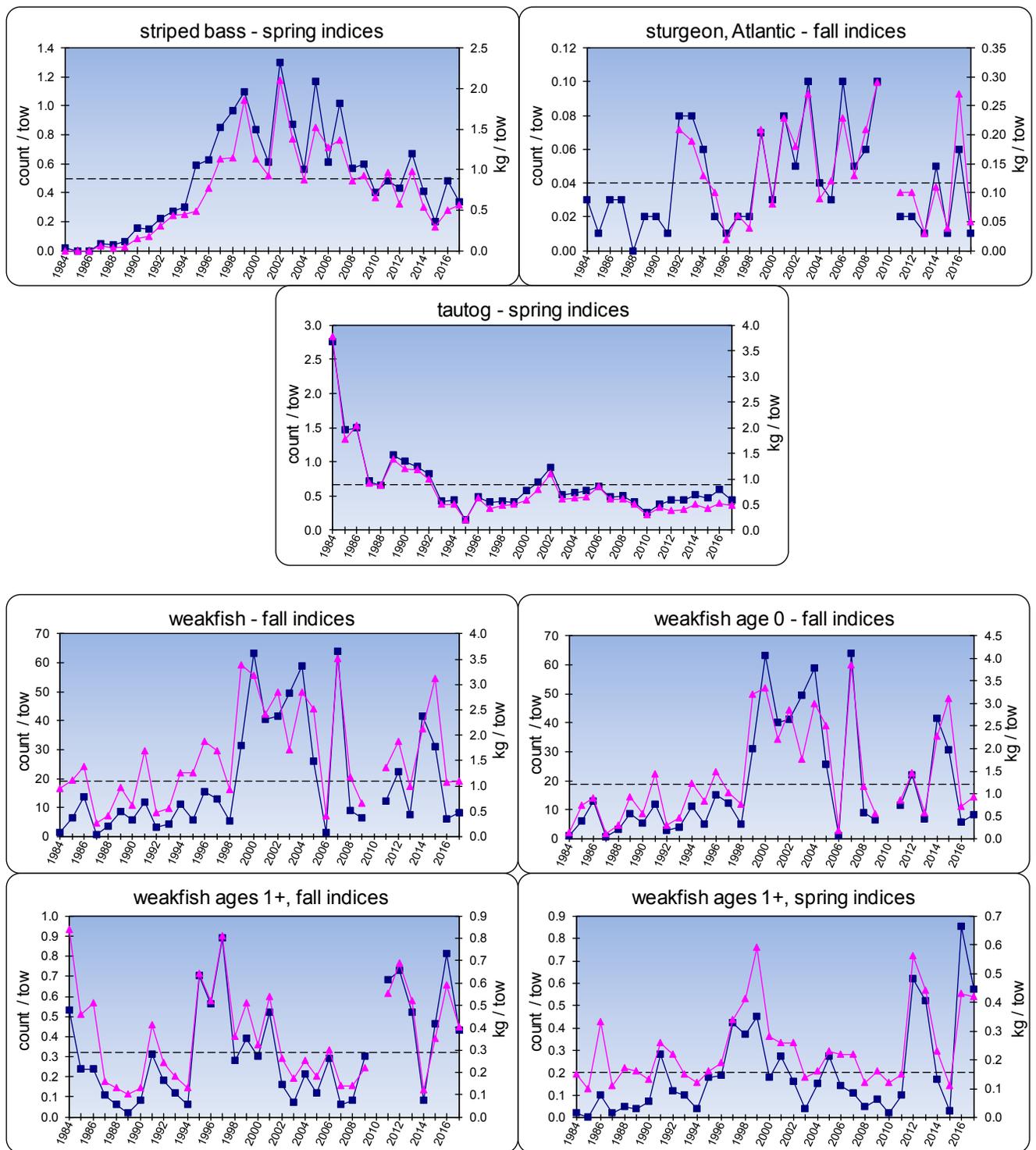
Legend:
■ = count / tow
▲ = kg / tow
 --- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.12. Plots of abundance indices for: searobins (striped and northern), shad (American and hickory), skates (clearnose, little, and winter), and spot.



Legend:
■ = count / tow
▲ = kg / tow
 --- = mean count / tow

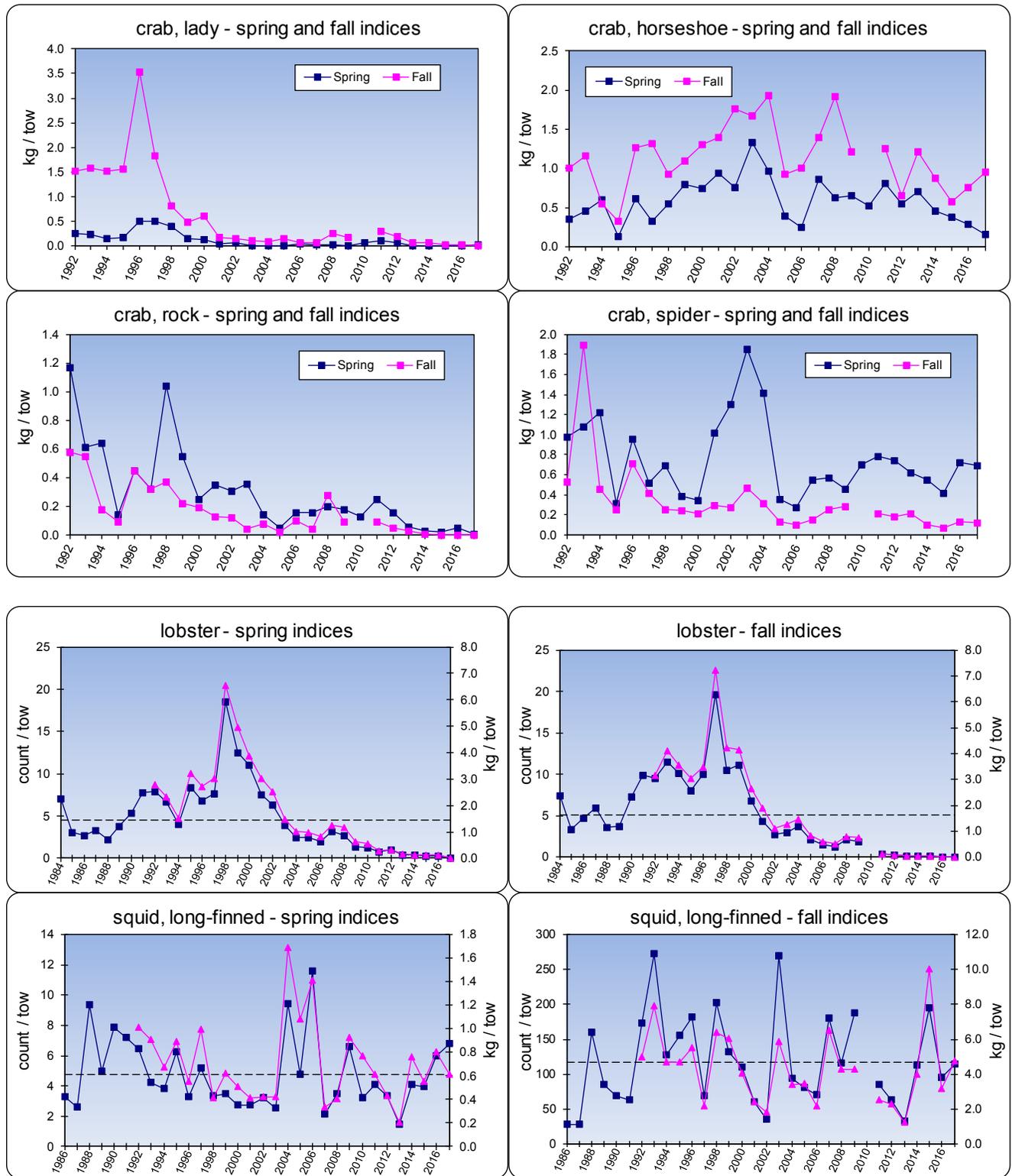
Figure 5.13. Plots of abundance indices for: striped bass, Atlantic sturgeon, tautog, and weakfish (all ages, age 0, and ages 1+).



Legend:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.14. Plots of abundance and biomass indices for: crabs (lady, rock, and spider), horseshoe crab, American lobster, and long-finned squid.



Legend for bottom four graphs:

- = count / tow
- ▲ = kg / tow
- = mean count / tow

Figure 5.15. Mean number of finfish species per sample, spring and fall, 1984-2017. This index measures the diversity of species supported within the Sound's various habitats.

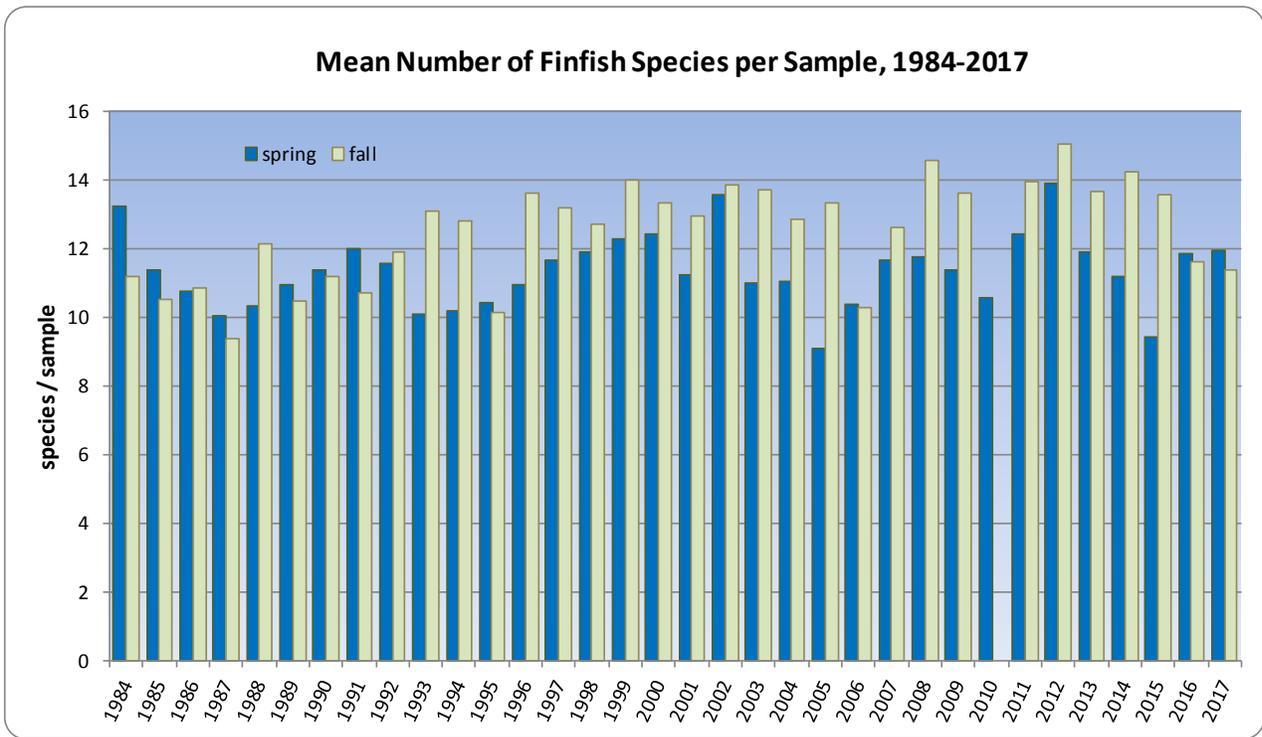


Figure 5.16. Open water forage abundance, 1992-2017. The geometric mean is calculated as the aggregate sample biomass per tow of 14 of the most common forage species sampled in the survey. This index measures the available food base which supports both resident and migratory species. The average since 1992 is 14.71 kg/tow (red line).

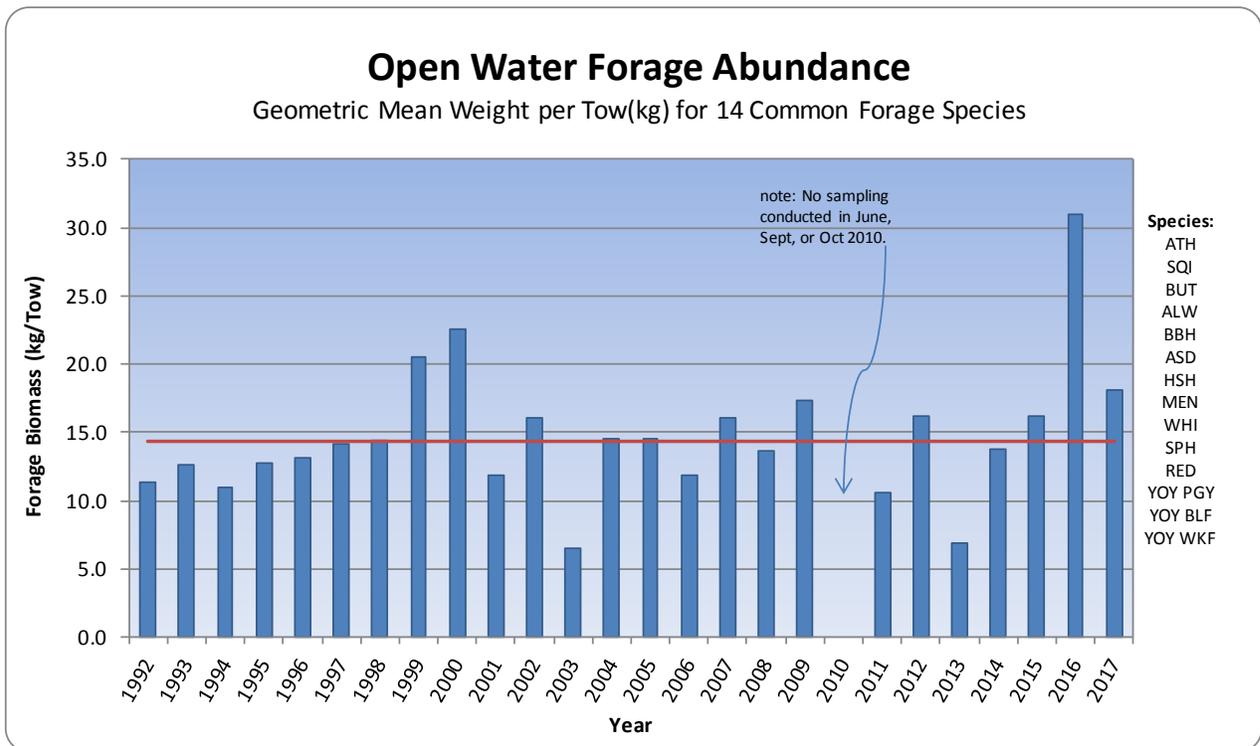


Figure 5.17. Geometric mean biomass of finfish and invertebrates per sample, spring and fall, 1992-2017.
 This index measures the diversity of species supported within the Sound's various habitats.

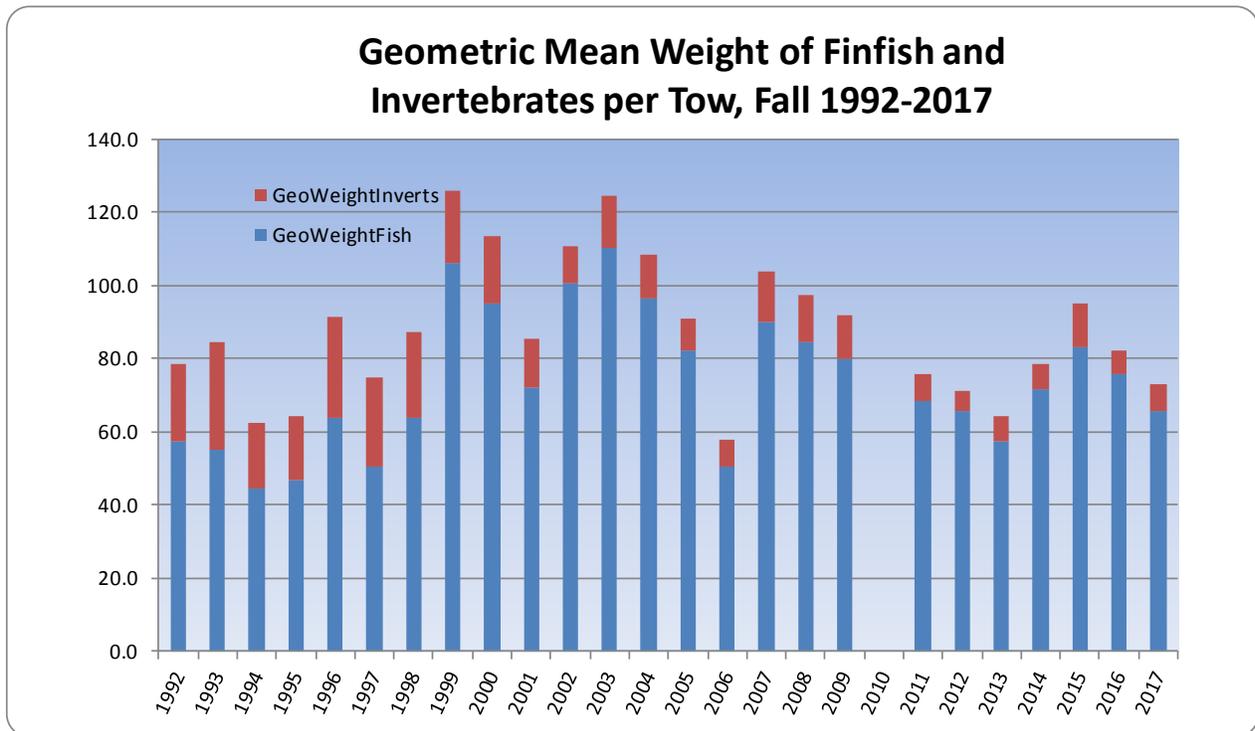
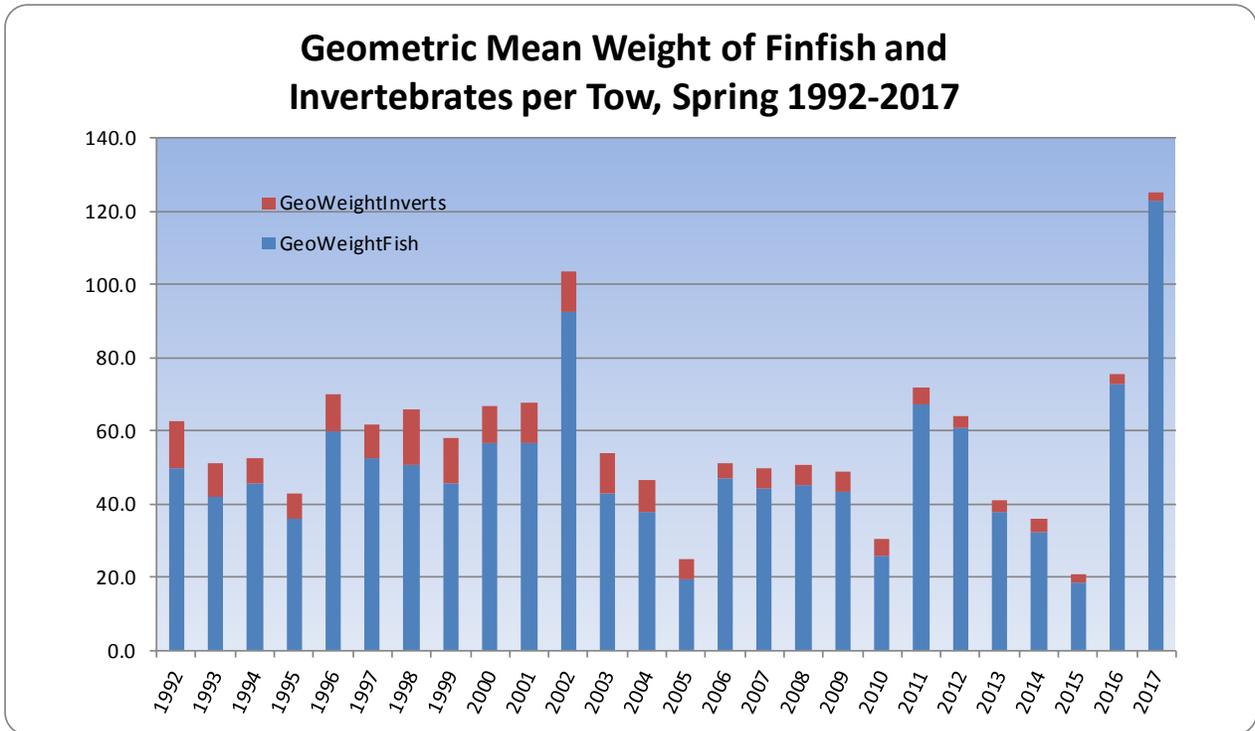
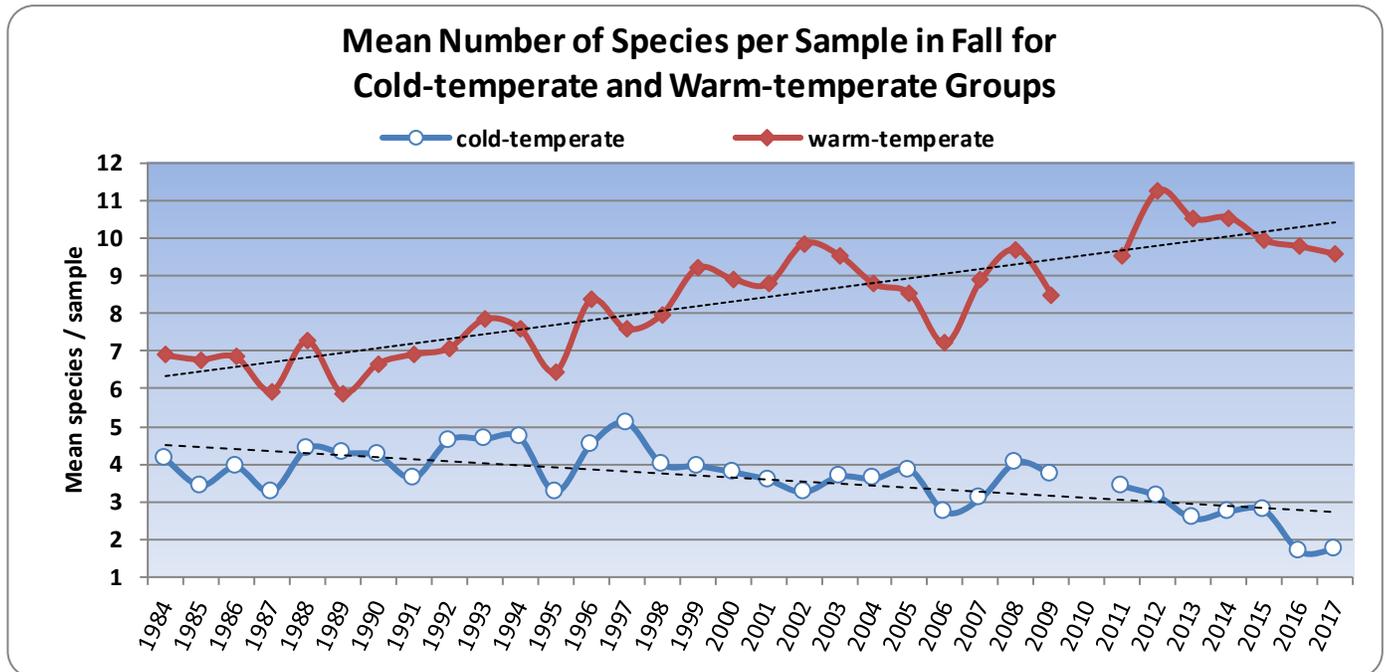
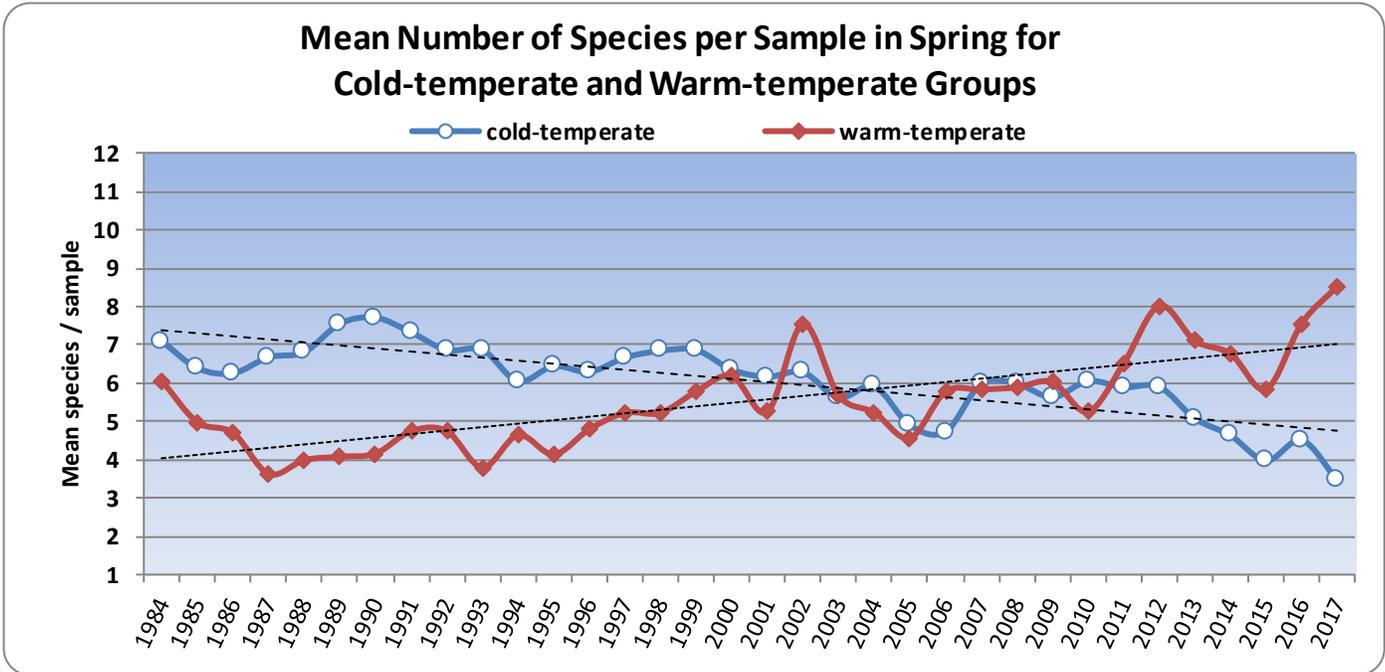


Figure 5.18. Trends in the number of cold temperate versus warm temperate species per sample captured in spring and fall LIS Trawl Surveys. See Appendix 2.5 for list of species included in analysis.



**APPENDICES
LISTS**

Appendix 5.1. List of finfish species identified by A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut (F54R) and other CT DEEP Marine Fisheries programs. LISTS has collected one hundred-eleven (111) finfish species from 1984-2017.

This appendix contains a list of 154 species identified from all sampling programs conducted since 1984 **except** Marine Angler Surveys (Jobs 1-3). Species are listed alphabetically by common name (Nelson et al. 2004). Sampling program abbreviations, survey time periods and gear type are as follows:

Survey Abbreviation	Survey Description	Time Period	Gear Type
CTR	CT River Creel Survey	1997-1998	bus stop creel survey mainstem of CT River
EPA	cooperative sampling in western LIS with EPA	1986-1990	used LISTS net
ESS (F54R)	Estuarine Seine Survey	1988 to present	7.6m (25 ft) beach seine
IS (F54R)	Inshore Survey of Juvenile Winter Flounder	1990-1994	beam trawls (also a little data from 1995-1996)
ISS (non-F54R & F54R)	Inshore Seine Surveys in CT and/or TH rivers	1979 to present	15.2m (50 ft) bag seine set by boat
LISTS (F54R)	Long Island Sound Trawl Survey	1984 to present	14m (50 ft) trawls with 2" codend mesh
MISC	misc sampling conducted on R/V Dempsey	various	various
NCA	"inshore" EPA NCA C2K sampling	2000	skiff trawls
NRRWS	sampling in western end of LIS, the "Narrows"	2000-2007	14m (50 ft) trawls with 2" codend mesh
SNFH (F54R)	Study of Nearshore Finfish Habitat	1995-1996	plankton net
SS (F54R)	Summer Survey	1991-1993, 1996	14m (50 ft) trawls with codend liner in LIS
TN	Trap Net Survey	1997-1998	trap nets in rivers

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
anchovy, bay	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC
anchovy, striped	<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>	LISTS;ESS;IS;SS
banded rudderfish	<i>Seriola zonata</i>	LISTS;ESS
bass, largemouth	<i>Micropterus salmoides</i>	ISS;ESS;TN;CTR
bass, rock	<i>Ambloplites rupestris</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
bass, smallmouth	<i>Micropterus dolomieu</i>	ISS; TN;CTR
bass, striped	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
bigeye	<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	LISTS;IS
bigeye, short	<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	LISTS
black sea bass	<i>Centropristis striata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
blenny, feather	<i>Hypsoblennius hentz</i>	LISTS;ESS
bluefish	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;SS;MISC;EPA;CTR
bluegill	<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	TN;CTR
bonefish	<i>Albula vulpes</i>	ISS
bonito, Atlantic	<i>Sarda sarda</i>	LISTS;EPA
bullhead, brown	<i>Ameiurus nebulosus</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
burrfish, striped	<i>Chilomycterus schoepfi</i>	LISTS;ESS
burrfish, web	<i>Chilomycterus antillarum</i>	ESS
butterfish	<i>Peprilus triacanthus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
carp	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
catfish, channel	<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
catfish, white	<i>Ameiurus catus</i>	NCA;TN;CTR
cod, Atlantic	<i>Gadus morhua</i>	LISTS;SS
cornetfish, bluespotted	<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	LISTS;ESS;IS
cornetfish, red	<i>Fistularia petimba</i>	LISTS;IS
crappie, black	<i>Pomoxis nigromaculatus</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
crappie, white	<i>Pomoxis annularis</i>	TN;CTR
croaker, Atlantic	<i>Micropogonias undulates</i>	LISTS;ISS;IS
cunner	<i>Tautoglabrus adspersus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS; SS;MISC;EPA
cusck-eel, fawn	<i>Lepophidium profundorum</i>	LISTS
cusck-eel, striped	<i>Ophidion marginatum</i>	LISTS;SS
darter, tessellated	<i>Etheostoma olmstedii</i>	ISS
dogfish, smooth	<i>Mustelus canis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA
dogfish, spiny	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;MISC
drum, black	<i>Pogonias cromis</i>	LISTS
eel, American	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;EPA;TN;CTR
eel, conger	<i>Conger oceanicus</i>	LISTS;IS;SS
fallfish	<i>Semotilus corporalis</i>	ISS
filefish, orange	<i>Aluterus schoepfi</i>	LISTS;IS;SS
filefish, planehead	<i>Stephanolepis hispidus</i>	LISTS;EPA
filefish, scrawled	<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	IS
flounder, American plaice	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>	LISTS
flounder, fourspot	<i>Paralichthys oblongus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA

Appendix 5.1 cont.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
flounder, smallmouth	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC
flounder, summer	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
flounder, windowpane	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
flounder, winter	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
flounder, yellowtail	<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>	LISTS;IS
goatfish, dwarf	<i>Upeneus parvus</i>	LISTS
goatfish, red	<i>Mullus auratus</i>	LISTS
goby, code	<i>Gobiosoma robustum</i>	IS
goby, naked	<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>	LISTS;ESS;ISS;IS
goldfish	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	CTR
goosefish	<i>Lophius americanus</i>	LISTS;IS;SS;MISC
grubby	<i>Myoxocephalus aeneus</i>	LISTS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;EPA
gunnel, banded	<i>Pholis fasciata</i>	ESS;IS
gunnel, rock	<i>Pholis gunnellus</i>	LISTS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS
gurnard, flying	<i>Dactylopterus volitans</i>	ESS
haddock	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>	LISTS;SS
hake, red	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA
hake, silver	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;SS;MISC;EPA
hake, spotted	<i>Urophycis regia</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA
harvestfish	<i>Peprilus paru</i>	LISTS
herring, Atlantic	<i>Clupea harengus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;MISC;EPA
herring, Atlantic thread	<i>Opisthonema oglinum</i>	LISTS
herring, alewife	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;SNFH;SS;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
herring, blueback	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;EPA;TN;CTR
herring, round	<i>Etrumeus teres</i>	LISTS;EPA
hogchoker	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA;TN
jack, blue runner	<i>Caranx crysos</i>	LISTS;EPA;ESS;ISS
jack, crevalle	<i>Caranx hippos</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;EPA
jack, yellow	<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;MISC;EPA
killifish, rainwater	<i>Lucania parva</i>	ESS
killifish, striped	<i>Fundulus majalis</i>	ESS;IS
kingfish, northern	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;EPA
lamprey, sea	<i>Petromyzon marinus</i>	LISTS;IS;TN
lizardfish, inshore	<i>Synodus foetens</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;MISC
lookdown	<i>Selene vomer</i>	LISTS;ISS
lumpfish	<i>Cyclopterus lumpus</i>	LISTS;IS;SNFH
mackerel, Atlantic	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>	LISTS;ISS;SS;EPA
mackerel, Spanish	<i>Scomberomorus maculatus</i>	LISTS;SS;EPA
menhaden, Atlantic	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
minnow, sheepshead	<i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i>	ESS;ISS
moonfish	<i>Selene setapinnis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;SS;MISC;EPA
mullet, striped	<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	ISS
mullet, white	<i>Mugil curema</i>	LISTS;ESS;ISS
mummichog	<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	ESS;ISS;IS
needlefish, Atlantic	<i>Strongylura marina</i>	ESS;ISS
ocean pout	<i>Zoarces americanus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;MISC;EPA
oyster toadfish	<i>Opsanus tau</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;EPA
perch, white	<i>Morone americana</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;NCA;TN;CTR
perch, yellow	<i>Perca flavescens</i>	ISS;SNFH;TN;CTR
perch, silver	<i>Bairdiella chrysoura</i>	LISTS;ESS
pickerel, chain	<i>Esox niger</i>	ISS;TN
pike, northern	<i>Esox lucius</i>	ISS;TN;CTR
pinfish	<i>Lagodon rhomboides</i>	LISTS
pipefish, northern	<i>Syngnathus fuscus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;NCA;EPA
pollock	<i>Pollachius virens</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;SNFH;SS;EPA
pompano, African	<i>Alectis ciliaris</i>	LISTS;ISS
puffer, northern	<i>Sphoeroides maculatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS
pumpkinseed	<i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>	ESS;ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
radiated shanny	<i>Ulvaria subbifurcata</i>	SNFH

Appendix 5.1 cont.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Survey
ray, bluntnose stingray	<i>Dasyatis say</i>	LISTS
ray, bullnose	<i>Myliobatis freminvillei</i>	LISTS
ray, roughtail stingray	<i>Dasyatis centroura</i>	LISTS
rockling, fourbeard	<i>Enchelyopus cimbrius</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SNFH;SS;MISC;EPA
salmon, Atlantic	<i>Salmo salar</i>	LISTS;TN
sand lance, American	<i>Ammodytes americanus</i>	LISTS;ESS;IS;SNFH;SS
scad, bigeye	<i>Selar crumenophthalmus</i>	LISTS;SS;MISC
scad, mackerel	<i>Decapterus macarellus</i>	LISTS;SS
scad, rough	<i>Trachurus lathami</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;SS;MISC;EPA
scad, round	<i>Decapterus punctatus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS
sculpin, longhorn	<i>Myoxocephalus octodecemspinosus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ISS;SNFH;MISC
scup	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
sea raven	<i>Hemitripterus americanus</i>	LISTS;SNFH;MISC;EPA
seahorse, lined	<i>Hippocampus erectus</i>	LISTS;ESS;IS
searobin, northern	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SNFH;SS;MISC;EPA
searobin, striped	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
seasnail	<i>Liparis atlanticus</i>	LISTS;SNFH
sennet, northern	<i>Sphyræna borealis</i>	LISTS;ESS
shad, American	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;SS;MISC;EPA;TN;CTR
shad, gizzard	<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;TN
shad, hickory	<i>Alosa mediocris</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ISS;SS;MISC;EPA;CTR
shark, sand tiger shark	<i>Carcharias taurus</i>	LISTS
shark, sandbar (brown) shark	<i>Carcharhinus plumbeus</i>	LISTS
sharksucker	<i>Echeneis naucrates</i>	LISTS
shiner, golden	<i>Notemigonus crysoleucas</i>	ISS;TN
shiner, spottail	<i>Notropis hudsonius</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
silverside, Atlantic	<i>Menidia menidia</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;MISC;EPA
silverside, inland	<i>Menidia beryllina</i>	SNFH
skate, barndoor	<i>Dipturus laevis</i>	LISTS
skate, clearnose	<i>Raja eglanteria</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;IS
skate, little	<i>Leucoraja erinacea</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA;CTR
skate, winter	<i>Leucoraja ocellata</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;SS;MISC
skilletfish	<i>Gobiesox strumosus</i>	ESS
smelt, rainbow	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>	LISTS;ESS;IS;SNFH;SS;TN;CTR
snapper, glasseye	<i>Heteropriacanthus cruentatus</i>	LISTS
snapper, grey	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	ESS;IS
snapper, mahogany	<i>Lutjanus mahogoni</i>	LISTS
spot	<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;MISC;EPA
stargazer, northern	<i>Astroscopus guttatus</i>	LISTS;ESS
stickleback, blackspotted	<i>Gasterosteus wheatlandi</i>	ESS
stickleback, four-spine	<i>Apeltes quadracus</i>	ESS;IS
stickleback, nine-spine	<i>Pungitius pungitius</i>	ESS;IS
stickleback, three-spine	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>	ESS;IS;TN
sturgeon, Atlantic	<i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	LISTS
sucker, white	<i>Catostomus commersonii</i>	ISS;NCA;TN;CTR
tautog	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA
tomcod, Atlantic	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SNFH;SS;EPA;CTR
triggerfish, gray	<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	LISTS
trout, brook	<i>Salvelinus fontinalis</i>	TN;CTR
trout, brown	<i>Salmo trutta</i>	CTR;ISS
walleye	<i>Sander vitreus</i>	TN
weakfish	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>	LISTS;NRRWS;ESS;ISS;IS;SS;NCA;MISC;EPA

Appendix 5.2. Annual total count of finfish, lobster, horseshoe crab and squid taken in the LISTS, 1984-2017.

Counts include all tows- number of tows conducted shown in second row. Refer to Appendix 5.4 for details on number of tows conducted per month. Note: nc = not counted. Anchovy spp., (yoy), Atlantic herring (yoy), and sand lance, (yoy) are estimated.

Common name (number of tows)	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total	
anchovy, bay	nc	548	2,303	443	992	2,434	1,523	814	1,492	2,440	1,128	11,128	475	4,693	1,296	1,350	1,424	399	1,239	1,069	37,189															
anchovy, striped	nc	11	0	216	0	47	0	2	0	0	0	6	1	5	0	1	3	1	0	2	8	0	303													
anchovy, spp (yoy-est)	nc	2,667	15,700	935	1,515	3,410	13,110	3,254	2,179	1,267	8,537	1,135	0	2,382	93	2,004	9,786	19,220	2,536	12,888	102,618															
bigeys	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	12	
bigeys, short	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	20	
black sea bass	34	53	44	24	22	21	39	39	5	20	34	12	27	22	18	50	69	134	394	64	124	42	19	116	122	121	37	91	410	449	1,295	1,109	1,181	980	7,222	
blenny, feather	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
blue runner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	34	0	24	27	0	10	68	15	1	184	
bluefish	9,927	8,946	5,712	3,517	3,857	12,568	8,195	5,845	5,269	6,469	16,245	5,524	6,705	10,815	8,814	7,843	6,135	3,886	3,450	3,766	6,504	6,532	2,100	9,378	1,699	3,657	2	2,765	3,851	1,829	4,457	2,650	2,793	2,408	194,211	
bonito, Atlantic	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
burrfish, striped	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
butterfish	37,137	67,944	44,624	42,519	60,746	94,928	80,778	40,537	95,961	67,087	54,378	64,930	49,360	70,985	136,926	191,100	60,490	45,264	66,550	36,133	94,735	92,996	50,022	49,137	48,766	108,087	2,894	42,141	60,539	29,569	69,372	53,265	65,596	35,814	2,211,310	
cod, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	58	33	10	0	0	0	15	21	109	0	5	5	1	4	266		
Gadus spp. (yoy/larvae)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	34	8	17	0	5	16	2	0	118		
cornetfish, red	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	14	0	0	17		
corrte fish, blue spotted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
crab, horseshoe	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	303	384	420	503	517	450	534	161	109	333	289	340	58	257	199	265	261	159	164	112	6,021
croaker, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	6	0	0	55	
cunner	359	98	97	129	72	268	196	75	30	65	25	41	17	43	65	51	50	51	55	42	21	24	8	16	26	18	11	14	20	20	2	13	4	4	2,028	
cusck-ee, fawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
cusck-ee, striped	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	6	0	3	0	14		
dogfish, smooth	846	919	850	526	564	374	284	193	304	420	361	168	275	167	310	305	467	598	1,019	570	503	467	332	580	328	588	10	613	610	1,051	1,197	1,438	1,338	1,624	20,200	
dogfish, spiny	89	252	173	76	434	99	417	14	6	14	58	0	1	7	18	10	4	48	17	85	38	41	11	32	35	148	3	58	16	21	15	19	9	3	2,272	
drum, black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	
eel, American	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
eel, american (yoy/larvae)	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4														
eel, conger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	20
eel, conger (yoy/larvae)	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2														
filefish, orange	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
filefish, planehead	4	20	1	0	25	13	23	1	0	10	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115
flounder, American plaice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	
flounder, fourspot	2,691	2,759	2,126	2,112	4,653	4,688	4,688	3,553	2,774	1,447	1,674	2,584	2,815	4,122	1,908	1,393	2,590	2,167	1,859	1,877	1,406	889	468	1,094	902	1,036	402	1,400	2,597	1,144	820	386	1,056	366	65,488	
flounder, smallmouth	2	0	2	15	39	13	4	20	12	30	17	19	41	56	97	96	61	98	139	49	50	44	7	48	89	96	31	67	258	128	152	73	148	44	2,046	
flounder, summer	208	249	716	531	414	47	242	263	186	293	282	121	434	486	436	582	555	875	1,356	1,191	644	506	203	733	477	881	517	1,051	980	1,071	859	808	462	354	19,001	
flounder, windowpane	26,200	18,936	22,514	15,588	26,919	31,082	14,738	8,482	2,980	8,526	6,678	3,815	14,116	10,324	6,483	4,643	2,468	3,065	1,991	2,177	2,275	1,982	1,077	4,051	3,511	2,496	2,850	2,831	3,536	2,096	2,191	1,150	1,593	974	264,366	
flounder, winter	13,921	13,851	10,033	22,696	36,706	45,563	59,981	26,623	9,548	16,843	21,461	15,558	22,722	14,701	15,697	10,288	8,867	9,826	6,884	4,676	4,021	4,692	1,699	4,650	4,973	4,068	2,579	3,092	3,365	1,912	1,372	1,340	1,108	112	434,346	
flounder, yellowtail	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
flasseye snapper	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	8	1	6	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	27
goatfish, dwarf	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
goatfish, red	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	1	0	0	29	
goby, naked	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
goosefish	1	8	1	1	1	15	3	8	10	4	8	4	1	2	3	2	1	1	3	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	70	0	155	
grubby	0	1	1	1	5	9	6	0	0	5	1	2	11	5	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	59
gunnel, rock	0	6	0	6	5	10	9	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	1	1	6	2	9	2	1	2	2	29	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	105	
haddock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	7	1	0	0	26	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0	51
hake, red	3,696	1,161	3,061	2,258	3,808	7,365	3,300	2,085	1,606	4,183	546	1,977	872	748	3,015	2,973	2,085																			

Appendix 5.2 cont.

Common name (number of tows)	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total	
lobster, American	5,995	3,549	4,924	6,923	6,032	7,645	9,696	8,524	8,160	12,583	9,123	9,944	9,490	16,467	16,211	13,922	10,481	5,626	3,880	2,923	1,843	1,389	748	1,648	1,096	853	293	230	349	144	178	92	74	12	181,046	
lockdown	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
lumpfish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
mackerel, Atlantic	68	17	20	29	45	376	46	2	4	17	11	1	5	8	13	21	2	0	5	8	0	37	0	9	0	5	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	3	758	
mackerel, Spanish	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	2	1	233	106	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	356
menhaden, Atlantic	161	304	718	600	335	623	407	348	1,115	298	411	318	88	116	306	1,187	492	86	366	799	746	235	28	426	47	69	7	181	426	234	723	1,279	876	239	14,893	
moonfish	7	226	23	7	142	60	10	24	62	6	149	33	921	287	1,188	645	1,817	225	424	133	182	356	381	979	689	2,575	0	640	262	868	2,200	891	265	273	16,931	
mullet, white	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	
ocean pout	26	3	14	14	30	58	39	42	18	66	42	30	26	15	13	17	18	6	13	14	18	3	5	12	9	22	6	27	14	0	0	2	0	0	621	
perch, silver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
perch, white	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	1	0	1	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	8	2	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	32
pinfish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	3
pipefish, northern	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	5	21	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	4	4	2	6	2	4	3	2	0	2	4	4	1	2	1	2	0	0	81
pollock	5	0	3	8	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	18	2	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	57	
pompano, African	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
puffer, northern	1	2	6	0	3	2	2	5	1	28	4	1	3	1	28	14	4	8	6	3	5	5	0	8	0	5	0	9	47	3	10	11	5	4	234	
ray, bluntnose stingray	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	24
ray, bullnose ray	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	
ray, roughtail stingray	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	10
rockling, fourbeard	376	89	184	312	563	686	393	163	150	242	93	169	109	199	133	233	185	251	106	113	173	106	14	87	81	47	35	43	43	3	4	20	3	0	5,408	
rudderfish, banded	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
salmon, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sand lance, American	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	3	25	95	0	2	4	178	4	4	3	19	70	6	0	30	7,495	1,227	13,061	9,535	2	7	12	4	0	7	31,793	
sand lance, (yoj-est)	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	0	1,000	5	0	0	100	1,075	0	430	0	0	0	0	0	5,444	2	3,750	7,932	0	15,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	35,338
scad, bigeye	0	0	0	0	15	63	1	1	0	0	3	0	2	1	1	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	111
scad, mackerel	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	0	4	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	21
scad, rough	34	32	19	89	180	81	41	1	0	100	13	0	35	65	0	0	0	10	10	12	14	62	14	13	0	59	0	150	19	28	5	144	1	7	1,239	
scad, round	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	2	0	4	11	12	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	44	
sculpin, longhorn	14	82	51	32	107	107	263	139	31	11	7	5	7	4	2	2	14	5	3	5	5	0	0	3	2	2	1	9	1	1	0	2	0	0	917	
scup	8,806	18,054	16,449	9,761	12,566	37,642	21,193	45,790	13,646	32,218	38,456	13,985	16,087	9,582	23,742	101,095	101,464	58,325	100,481	26,926	61,521	52,642	28,829	75,881	53,660	46,991	7,157	34,457	53,119	24,961	45,705	80,534	175,632	75,763	1,522,820	
sea raven	57	59	70	88	52	34	44	19	4	1	1	2	2	3	30	9	19	7	11	3	7	3	0	5	0	5	6	3	5	0	1	0	1	0	551	
sea turtle, Kemp's ridley	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
seahorse, lined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
searobin, northern	585	2,267	546	280	605	381	357	609	313	951	878	1,317	672	579	360	547	2,014	1,594	2,123	1,632	784	265	630	691	809	2,012	1,128	803	3,642	1,934	2,584	805	3,178	1,430	39,305	
searobin, striped	1,434	2,295	2,035	1,482	2,086	2,211	2,353	865	857	1,491	1,298	682	1,008	819	1,321	1,690	3,129	2,061	2,394	2,235	1,308	757	366	755	612	1,507	141	1,630	2,973	2,724	2,544	2,728	5,886	3,942	61,619	
seasnail	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
sennet, northern	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	2	0	0	0	8	2	0	5	0	1	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	34
shad, American	1,852	425	642	1,036	3,208	4,007	550	361	380	1,142	1,723	755	501	922	901	987	316	109	593	689	356	177	68	236	405	422	165	271	321	222	162	275	944	230	25,351	
shad, gizzard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
shad, hickory	71	4	7	6	4	40	2	1	12	10	31	6	29	25	40	56	42	14	45	41	39	136	75	37	5	13	2	8	42	33	30	12	18	4	940	
shark, sand tiger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
shark, sandbar (brown)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sharksucker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
silverside, Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	54	3	39	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	0	3	1	5	3	0	123	
skate, bamdoor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
skate, clearnose	0	0	3	2	1	1	3	2	8	8	1	4	1	4	20	22	18	65	59	68	22	102	36	97	37	69	1	56	280	218	104	131	134	73	1,648	
skate, little	2,751	4,614	4,303	3,847	9,471	9,349	11,902	6,479	3,495	6,051	6,714	2,372	6,203	4,068	4,305	3,686	3,340	4,311	4,242	4,071	3,044	1,317	593	1,277	682	709	281	674	1,406	583	770	387	377	113	117,785	
skate, winter	1	20	34	17	114	120	85	50	31	62																										

Appendix 5.2 cont.

Total count of finfish, lobster, horseshoe crab and squid taken in the LISTS, 1984-2017.

Year	Tows	Total Count
1984	200	122,527
1985	246	152,574
1986	316	153,383
1987	320	136,139
1988	320	216,479
1989	320	294,026
1990	297	277,183
1991	200	174,235
1992	160	186,975
1993	240	230,301
1994	240	204,795
1995	200	163,532
1996	200	165,756
1997	200	170,761
1998	200	258,082
1999	200	392,831
2000	200	271,608
2001	200	172,622
2002	200	229,284
2003	200	131,812
2004	199	250,439
2005	200	200,991
2006	120	109,330
2007	200	215,638
2008	120	164,948
2009	200	239,154
2010	78	39,340
2011	172	146,254
2012	200	170,798
2013	200	102,413
2014	199	177,250
2015	200	211,566
2016	196	293,181
2017	144	162,833
	7,087	6,589,040

Appendix 5.3. Annual total weight (kg) of finfish, lobster, horseshoe crab and squid taken in LISTS, 1992-2017.

Weights include all tows – number of tows shown in second row. Refer to Appendix 5.4 for details on number of tows conducted per month. Note: nw = not weighed.

Common name (number of tows)	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total	
anchovy, bay	nw	5.6	12.2	3.6	6.6	13.3	10.3	5.8	8.3	14.5	7.7	35.3	2.8	10.5	8.6	9.4	3.1	8.7	7.7	180.8								
anchovy, striped	nw	nw	nw	nw	0.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0	9.2	
Anchovy, spp (yoy-est)	nw	0.5	4.5	0.8	1.5	2.0	3.0	1.5	0.6	0.8	5.1	0.7	0.0	1.0	0.4	1.3	2.6	3.3	3.1	7.9	40.6							
bigeye	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.6	
bigeye, short	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.1	
black sea bass	1.8	6.4	11.0	4.7	12.1	10.5	10.6	17.2	22.6	74.8	188.3	49.6	40.5	26.4	9.3	46.8	29.8	59.5	20.1	54.2	141.0	181.2	543.3	678.0	823.4	714.8	3,777.9	
blenny, feather	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
blue runner	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	2.3	0.0	1.7	2.7	0.0	0.9	6.7	1.5	0.1	16.3	
bluefish	2,462.9	2,226.1	2,341.7	1,156.1	1,118.2	977.6	899.0	1,218.0	1,408.0	751.2	1,099.7	791.6	2,140.6	1,333.8	358.6	1,801.3	641.4	1,157.4	6.1	584.7	532.7	517.7	522.7	324.4	1,118.7	263.6	27,753.8	
bonito, Atlantic	0.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	
burrfish, striped	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	
butterfish	1,357.3	1,450.1	1,202.2	1,664.5	1,844.7	2,017.2	3,661.1	4,171.6	1,458.3	1,834.0	1,924.2	682.8	1,842.7	2,097.3	1,631.4	1,446.2	1,442.0	3,186.9	166.9	1,600.8	1,891.3	1,252.5	1,707.6	1,011.2	2,036.1	1,426.0	46,006.9	
cod, Atlantic	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.8	4.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.0	2.1	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	4.7	4.9	0.1	0.1	31.2	
Gadus spp. (yoy/lanvae)	nw	1.5	0	0	1.8	0.3	0.4	0	0.4	1.1	0.2	0	0	0	5.7													
corbion, red	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	
corbion, blue spotted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
crab, horseshoe	514.1	807.9	463.1	116.8	717	472.4	489.4	634.1	689.4	870.7	862.9	751	873.4	304.2	205.8	596.4	496.8	645.8	112.2	505.2	385.8	531.8	497.3	288.3	315.5	224.4	13,371.7	
croaker, Atlantic	0.0	2.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.5	0.0	0.0	4.9	
cunner	3.7	6.2	2.1	4.4	2.6	4.1	8.1	5.9	5.3	5.9	7.2	6.7	3.7	4.1	1.3	3.0	3.6	1.8	1.3	1.9	2.8	1.8	0.2	1.8	0.5	0.5	90.5	
cus-eel, fawn	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
cus-eel, striped	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.1	
dogfish, smooth	863.2	1,339.1	934.6	566.8	862.8	527.3	989.8	923.0	1,038.5	1,407.6	2,814.3	1,527.4	1,435.3	1,421.7	1,176.6	2,110.2	1,134.2	2,213.3	34.4	2,031.7	1,833.3	2,162.3	2,799.2	2,804.1	2,785.6	3,391.3	41,127.6	
dogfish, spiny	30.7	58.4	199.6	0.0	2.1	13.7	44.5	51.1	9.9	128.6	48.0	239.5	104.7	102.0	47.0	122.3	127.7	545.7	16.2	203.5	62.8	91.5	62.2	80.8	43.6	15.6	2,451.7	
drum, black	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
eel, American	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	
eel, American (yoy)	nw	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3													
eel, conger	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.3	1.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	6.4	
eel, conger (yoy)	nw	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2												
filefish, orange	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
filefish, planehead	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.6	
flounder, American plaice	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	
flounder, fourspot	382.4	193.6	202.4	402.9	407.2	615.3	306.0	203.9	398.6	362.7	326.9	350.1	309.3	125.9	88.1	224.9	186.3	169.8	92.0	224.2	454.5	203.4	145.0	76.3	175.3	67.9	6,694.9	
flounder, smallmouth	0.6	2.6	1.5	1.2	2.3	2.4	6.4	5.2	2.7	3.8	4.9	3.0	2.8	2.4	0.6	2.6	3.2	4.7	1.4	3.5	7.5	5.2	6.0	3.6	4.2	2.0	86.3	
flounder, summer	142.1	193.1	173.0	79.6	266.4	326.0	431.3	459.8	471.3	628.1	989.3	845.7	627.2	406.1	180.5	590.9	398.0	694.4	229.6	713.0	718.5	726.6	567.4	449.3	386.4	244.0	11,937.6	
flounder, windowpane	286.1	578.9	597.2	356.2	1,223.6	986.1	741.1	594.2	368.8	475.5	343.3	378.8	333.7	177.5	128.9	510.8	524.0	342.8	449.3	395.9	501.1	326.6	365.6	191.1	154.7	127.1	11,458.9	
flounder, winter	1,344.8	1,898.0	2,060.9	1,614.7	3,335.0	2,439.4	2,450.3	2,011.7	1,921.4	1,993.6	1,584.1	1,421.9	839.9	566.1	271.2	951.3	751.9	524.0	450.5	613.8	604.9	576.8	459.7	319.7	261.0	27.7	31,294.3	
flounder, yellowtail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	3.7	
glasseye snapper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	2.0	
goatfish, red	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	
goby, naked	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
goosefish	2.5	0.5	2.0	3.3	0.1	1.6	3.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.7	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	23.3	0.0	40.9	
grubby	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	
gunnel, rock	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	
haddock	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	3.5	
hake, red	127.7	254.4	63.9	145.6	95.5	80.5	217.5	226.5	162.6	109.7	206.6	73.4	51.6	56.0	37.4	200.4	141.3	59.5	64.3	25.1	148.6	61.1	33.5	44.5	50.3	11.9	2,749.4	
hake, silver	22.0	21.9	127.6	61.6	20.0	70.8	88.3	99.6	28.8	152.2	89.6	13.9	27.3	7.1	37.7	14.6	208.5	50.0	35.4	40.3	171.0	23.6	10.6	6.5	32.9	12.3	1,474.1	
hake, spotted	10.3	55.9	32.4	6.5	42.6	19.0	12.2	38.8	92.3	34.9	48.2	70.4	37.8	17.4	24.3	23.9	65.8	32.1	15.8	76.8	64.2	66.8	59.5	40.1	113.8	111.2	1,213.0	
harvestfish	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3 </	

Appendix 5.3 cont.

Common name (number of tows)	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
mackerel, Spanish	1.5	5.3	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	15.6
menhaden, Atlantic	60.6	103.9	87.8	41.9	40.5	38.5	9.2	90.9	31.8	4.7	96.3	344.9	110.7	77.9	5.5	63.9	10.4	18.0	2.7	69.8	144.6	87.5	267.8	361.2	69.4	72.2	2,312.6
moonfish	1.5	0.6	4.1	2.1	11.6	4.6	13.4	9.6	15.0	3.8	7.4	2.3	3.4	6.0	3.5	12.0	13.4	19.5	0.0	6.3	3.6	10.0	23.2	14.6	5.2	4.2	200.9
mullet, white	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
ocean pout	7.7	16.4	9.1	6.5	7.2	4.8	2.7	3.9	4.9	2.3	4.3	2.9	5.4	0.7	0.9	3.2	2.1	4.8	1.4	4.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	98.2
perch, silver	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
perch, white	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8
pinfish	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3
pipefish, northern	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	4.9
pollock	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.1
pompano, African	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
puffer, northern	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.9	3.1	0.3	1.3	0.8	0.9	0.7	14.8
ray, bluntnose stingray	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
ray, bullnose ray	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.7
ray, roughfin stingray	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.6	3.4	0.0	0.0	2.5	24.4	0.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	45.4	0.0	159.2
rookfish, fourbeard	12.8	15.7	8.5	14.7	8.6	17.3	11.6	28.8	14.7	21.5	9.7	9.2	13.0	6.8	1.5	7.6	7.1	3.9	2.9	4.0	3.5	0.2	0.4	2.0	0.3	0.0	226.3
rudderfish, banded	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
salmon, Atlantic	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
sand lance, American	nw	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3	7.2	2.0	5.2	7.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	26.2
sand lance, (joy - est)	nw	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.1	0.2	2.3	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.3
scad, bigeye	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2.3
scad, maskereel	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
scad, rough	0.0	4.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	1.9	0.5	0.7	0.0	2.8	0.0	6.8	1.1	1.3	0.5	7.1	0.1	0.6	34.1
scad, round	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5
sculpin, longhorn	9.0	3.2	1.6	1.3	2.1	0.8	1.0	0.3	5.0	1.5	0.9	2.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	2.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	37.2
scup	837.7	867.9	878.1	770.5	739.4	530.5	740.5	3,641.3	6,679.0	5,828.4	13,814.0	5,221.9	6,801.1	3,080.7	4,636.1	5,333.5	6,509.9	6,332.1	1,971.6	6,759.5	6,170.2	5,945.6	5,161.4	6,045.5	16,006.0	9,616.8	130,919.2
sea raven	3.9	0.6	0.2	0.7	1.5	0.4	11.3	4.9	9.2	4.1	4.1	1.6	2.4	0.5	0.0	3.6	0.0	1.7	1.6	0.9	1.1	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	56.0
sea turtle, Kemp's ridley	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8
seahorse, lined	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
searobin, northern	35.6	97.9	66.7	166.9	57.4	60.4	39.4	52.0	251.2	222.7	267.3	252.2	112.0	21.3	74.5	74.2	58.8	194.3	149.5	85.5	405.2	161.7	225.9	133.2	452.1	196.2	3,914.1
searobin, striped	305.1	260.0	208.6	277.5	278.7	230.5	509.7	497.0	1,036.1	861.0	1,065.0	805.1	465.4	183.7	113.5	217.0	263.0	471.8	66.4	558.7	1,086.4	1,112.5	1,020.8	1,058.2	1,964.4	1,400.0	16,316.1
seasnail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7
sennet, northern	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.9
shad, American	63.3	138.9	165.8	81.4	36.2	66.8	60.2	117.3	25.8	9.6	40.3	40.8	24.2	18.2	6.1	15.8	20.2	28.9	8.6	17.5	25.3	15.3	12.3	24.7	46.2	21.0	1,130.7
shad, gizzard	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
shad, hickory	4.9	4.4	7.6	2.5	10.2	9.1	15.9	19.4	17.1	6.7	19.6	20.1	14.2	43.1	19.1	10.4	1.1	3.6	0.4	1.5	14.1	10.8	10.5	5.5	4.2	1.3	277.3
shark, sand tiger	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.8	0.0	21.8
sharksucker	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
silverside, Atlantic	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	4.6
skate, barmdoor	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
skate, cleamose	10.3	11.3	1.8	11.0	1.7	7.4	36.8	39.4	37.9	132.4	107.3	130.8	48.2	187.1	52.4	193.3	78.1	148.5	4.5	109.8	491.7	387.0	207.7	225.0	228.7	147.1	3,037.2
skate, little	1,389.0	2,534.8	3,091.5	1,055.3	2,801.8	1,945.8	2,085.5	1,829.6	1,604.7	2,022.6	2,121.9	2,187.3	1,689.8	682.5	310.6	697.0	327.4	390.0	148.3	359.4	657.9	317.8	428.2	192.0	193.1	63.0	31,126.8
skate, winter	105.3	220.9	139.2	89.2	212.7	109.7	180.7	89.8	66.5	112.2	133.5	162.1	100.3	59.9	60.0	117.8	140.8	108.5	37.7	101.2	179.8	111.2	133.8	51.8	31.6	34.1	2,890.3
smelt, rainbow	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7
snapper, mahogany	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
spot	0.0	10.6	4.3	0.3	14.1	1.1	0.0	5.7	17.8	1.3	7.2	0.1	0.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	21.3	0.2	0.0	0.7	107.5	195.4	1.8	1.7	1.7	10.5	405.4
squid, long-finned	844.9	1,629.1	965.4	796.4	720.4	515.2	767.0	826.4	582.3	346.2	279.9	573.2	953.4	683.5	326.0	773.6	330.1	648.4	161.4	370.7	333.9	170.8	582.3	1,366.2	464.4	584.5	16,595.6
stargazer, northern	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
striped bass	89.4	210.3	198.6	185.3	373.5	509.9	484.2	815.4	602.6	472.5	855.2	770.3	811.8	675.1	418.7	888.0	456.3	897.4	173.2	721.9	278.0	421.0	407.5	405.2	261.9	186.8	12,570.0
surgeon, Atlantic	244.8	633.6	848.6	145.5	19.9	37.8	189.7	498.6</																			

Appendix 5.4. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1984.
Finfish species are in order of descending count. Number of tows (sample size)=102.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	18,700	31.0	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	48	0.1	.	.
windowpane flounder	13,746	22.8	.	.	spotted hake	46	0.1	.	.
winter flounder	6,847	11.4	.	.	sea raven	32	0.1	.	.
bluefish	6,738	11.2	.	.	ocean pout	25	0	.	.
scup	3,225	5.4	.	.	rough scad	22	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,868	3.1	.	.	longhorn sculpin	12	0	.	.
little skate	1,491	2.5	.	.	black sea bass	11	0	.	.
red hake	1,323	2.2	.	.	moonfish	7	0	.	.
American shad	982	1.6	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	6	0	.	.
blueback herring	925	1.5	.	.	round herring	5	0	.	.
striped searobin	697	1.2	.	.	spiny dogfish	4	0	.	.
silver hake	575	1.0	.	.	American eel	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	534	0.9	.	.	striped bass	2	0	.	.
tautog	472	0.8	.	.	oyster toadfish	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	448	0.7	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	303	0.5	.	.	northern sennet	1	0	.	.
weakfish	260	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	252	0.4	.	.	red goatfish	1	0	.	.
cunner	220	0.4	.	.	Total	60,230			
summer flounder	150	0.2	.	.					
alewife	108	0.2	.	.	Invertebrates				
hickory shad	71	0.1	.	.	American lobster	2865	100	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	67	0.1	.	.	Total	2,865			-

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1985.
Finfish species are in order of descending count. Number of tows (sample size)=126.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	34,512	41.4	.	.	spot	26	0	.	.
scup	12,155	14.6	.	.	round herring	15	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	11,194	13.4	.	.	rough scad	14	0	.	.
winter flounder	7,980	9.6	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	13	0	.	.
bluefish	5,302	6.4	.	.	spiny dogfish	13	0	.	.
weakfish	2,650	3.2	.	.	winter skate	13	0	.	.
northern searobin	2,098	2.5	.	.	alewife	9	0	.	.
little skate	1,705	2.0	.	.	planehead filefish	7	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,289	1.5	.	.	rock gunnel	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,078	1.3	.	.	oyster toadfish	4	0	.	.
red hake	573	0.7	.	.	goosefish	3	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	504	0.6	.	.	ocean pout	3	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	405	0.5	.	.	Atlantic bonito	2	0	.	.
tautog	323	0.4	.	.	crevalle jack	1	0	.	.
American shad	280	0.3	.	.	grubby	1	0	.	.
silver hake	250	0.3	.	.	gray triggerfish	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	175	0.2	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	163	0.2	.	.	orange filefish	1	0	.	.
moonfish	142	0.2	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	100	0.1	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	80	0.1	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	.	.
cunner	51	0.1	.	.	Total	83,395		-	
sea raven	50	0.1	.	.					
fourbeard rockling	44	0.1	.	.					
Atlantic menhaden	38	0	.	.	Invertebrates				
black sea bass	35	0	.	.	American lobster	1589	100	.	.
spotted hake	27	0	.	.	Total	1,589		-	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1986.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=196.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	25,192	28.0	.	.	winter skate	32	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	18,848	20.9	.	.	spotted hake	30	0	.	.
winter flounder	15,341	17.0	.	.	black sea bass	28	0	.	.
scup	7,910	8.8	.	.	spot	25	0	.	.
weakfish	5,427	6.0	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	19	0	.	.
little skate	3,210	3.6	.	.	moonfish	14	0	.	.
bluefish	2,789	3.1	.	.	ocean pout	14	0	.	.
red hake	2,657	3.0	.	.	oyster toadfish	9	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,999	2.2	.	.	hickory shad	6	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,487	1.7	.	.	rough scad	5	0	.	.
striped searobin	886	1.0	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
silver hake	723	0.8	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
tautog	566	0.6	.	.	American eel	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	430	0.5	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	414	0.5	.	.	grubby	1	0	.	.
northern searobin	396	0.4	.	.	northern pipefish	1	0	.	.
American shad	344	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	318	0.4	.	.	smallmouth flounder	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	256	0.3	.	.	striped bass	1	0	.	.
alewife	216	0.2	.	.	Total	90,031		-	
fourbeard rockling	123	0.1	.	.					
cunner	76	0.1	.	.					
sea raven	70	0.1	.	.	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
hogchoker	60	0.1	.	.	American lobster	2,553	28.1	.	.
longhorn sculpin	51	0.1	.	.	long-finned squid	6,537	71.9	.	.
spiny dogfish	47	0.1	.	.	Total	9,090		-	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1987.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
winter flounder	15,600	25.6	.	.	longhorn sculpin	32	0.1	.	.
butterfish	14,674	24.1	.	.	spotted hake	22	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	11,031	18.1	.	.	spiny dogfish	19	0	.	.
scup	5,029	8.3	.	.	ocean pout	14	0	.	.
bluefish	2,611	4.3	.	.	black sea bass	13	0	.	.
little skate	2,140	3.5	.	.	winter skate	13	0	.	.
red hake	1,729	2.8	.	.	striped bass	10	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,628	2.7	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	8	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,298	2.1	.	.	smallmouth flounder	7	0	.	.
silver hake	906	1.5	.	.	moonfish	6	0	.	.
alewife	754	1.2	.	.	rock gunnel	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	543	0.9	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
summer flounder	374	0.6	.	.	spot	3	0	.	.
American shad	371	0.6	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
tautog	363	0.6	.	.	hickory shad	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	329	0.5	.	.	Atlantic bonito	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	257	0.4	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	1	0	.	.
weakfish	248	0.4	.	.	round herring	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	241	0.4	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
northern searobin	220	0.4	.	.	Total	60,862		-	
sea raven	86	0.1	.	.					
blueback herring	79	0.1	.	.	Invertebrates				
cunner	79	0.1	.	.	American lobster	3,544	25.1	.	.
hogchoker	61	0.1	.	.	long-finned squid	10,552	74.9	.	.
rough scad	48	0.1	.	.	Total	14,096		-	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1988.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	45,983	36.7	.	.	ocean pout	30	0	.	.
winter flounder	25,695	20.5	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	24	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	19,497	15.6	.	.	spot	18	0	.	.
scup	10,184	8.1	.	.	black sea bass	17	0	.	.
little skate	6,539	5.2	.	.	striped bass	17	0	.	.
bluefish	3,688	2.9	.	.	yellowtail flounder	6	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	2,478	2.0	.	.	grubby	5	0	.	.
red hake	1,933	1.5	.	.	rock gunnel	5	0	.	.
weakfish	1,287	1.0	.	.	rainbow smelt	5	0	.	.
silver hake	1,210	1.0	.	.	crevalle jack	4	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,194	1.0	.	.	bigeye scad	2	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,193	1.0	.	.	bigeye	2	0	.	.
American shad	1,187	0.9	.	.	planehead filefish	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	474	0.4	.	.	hickory shad	2	0	.	.
tautog	455	0.4	.	.	northern puffer	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	385	0.3	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	2	0	.	.
summer flounder	320	0.3	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	302	0.2	.	.	Atlantic bonito	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	164	0.1	.	.	dwarf goatfish	1	0	.	.
alewife	153	0.1	.	.	goosefish	1	0	.	.
moonfish	137	0.1	.	.	northern pipefish	1	0	.	.
rough scad	128	0.1	.	.	short bigeye	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	103	0.1	.	.	striped cusk-eel	1	0	.	.
winter skate	101	0.1	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
spotted hake	87	0.1	.	.	Total	125,344			-
hogchoker	75	0.1	.	.					
Atlantic menhaden	69	0.1	.	.					
sea raven	50	0	.	.	Invertebrates				
cunner	48	0	.	.	American lobster	2,114	8.5	.	.
spiny dogfish	39	0	.	.	long-finned squid	22,769	91.5	.	.
smallmouth flounder	34	0	.	.	Total	24,883			-

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1989.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	47,089	29.3	.	.	sea raven	34	0	.	.
winter flounder	32,361	20.2	.	.	black sea bass	15	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	25,109	15.6	.	.	rough scad	11	0	.	.
scup	17,391	10.8	.	.	striped bass	11	0	.	.
bluefish	8,649	5.4	.	.	yellow jack	11	0	.	.
little skate	7,079	4.4	.	.	goosefish	9	0	.	.
red hake	5,689	3.5	.	.	smallmouth flounder	9	0	.	.
weakfish	5,496	3.4	.	.	rock gunnel	8	0	.	.
American shad	1,977	1.2	.	.	grubby	7	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	1,877	1.2	.	.	spotted hake	7	0	.	.
striped searobin	1,763	1.1	.	.	rainbow smelt	4	0	.	.
silver hake	1,697	1.1	.	.	planehead filefish	3	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	1,154	0.7	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	.	.
tautog	600	0.4	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	3	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	397	0.2	.	.	bigeye	2	0	.	.
blueback herring	307	0.2	.	.	American eel	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	297	0.2	.	.	short bigeye	2	0	.	.
Atlantic mackerel	237	0.1	.	.	oyster toadfish	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	230	0.1	.	.	white perch	2	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	202	0.1	.	.	northern sennet	1	0	.	.
alewife	190	0.1	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	107	0.1	.	.	banded rudderfish	1	0	.	.
cunner	106	0.1	.	.	Spanish mackerel	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	91	0.1	.	.	Total	160,581			-
winter skate	91	0.1	.	.					
spiny dogfish	66	0	.	.					
ocean pout	58	0	.	.	Invertebrates				
bigeye scad	45	0	.	.	American lobster	3,447	19.9	.	.
moonfish	42	0	.	.	long-finned squid	13,883	80.1	.	.
summer flounder	35	0	.	.	Total	17,330			-

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1990.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
winter flounder	47,184	31.1	.	.	seasnail	8	0	.	.
butterfish	45,373	29.9	.	.	planehead filefish	7	0	.	.
scup	15,393	10.2	.	.	moonfish	7	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	9,825	6.5	.	.	rock gunnel	7	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	8,779	5.8	.	.	yellow jack	7	0	.	.
little skate	6,456	4.3	.	.	grubby	4	0	.	.
bluefish	4,688	3.1	.	.	spot	4	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	3,270	2.2	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	4	0	.	.
silver hake	2,334	1.5	.	.	oyster toadfish	4	0	.	.
red hake	2,237	1.5	.	.	goosefish	3	0	.	.
weakfish	1,921	1.3	.	.	smallmouth flounder	3	0	.	.
striped searobin	866	0.6	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	3	0	.	.
tautog	554	0.4	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
American shad	406	0.3	.	.	lookdown	2	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	299	0.2	.	.	red goatfish	2	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	243	0.2	.	.	rainbow smelt	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	232	0.2	.	.	bigeye scad	1	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	219	0.1	.	.	bigeye	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	209	0.1	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
summer flounder	170	0.1	.	.	mackerel scad	1	0	.	.
cunner	168	0.1	.	.	northern kingfish	1	0	.	.
alewife	160	0.1	.	.	northern puffer	1	0	.	.
spiny dogfish	150	0.1	.	.	red cornetfish	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	84	0.1	.	.	sandbar shark	1	0	.	.
winter skate	61	0	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
blueback herring	46	0	.	.	yellowtail flounder	1	0	.	.
striped bass	45	0	.	.	Total	151,600			-
sea raven	42	0	.	.					
ocean pout	39	0	.	.					
black sea bass	27	0	.	.	Invertebrates				
spotted hake	21	0	.	.	American lobster	5,369	27.0.	.	.
Atlantic mackerel	10	0	.	.	long-finned squid	14,538	73.0.	.	.
rough scad	10	0	.	.	Total	19,907			-

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1991.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	45,790	29.9	.	.	moonfish	24	0	.	.
butterfish	40,537	26.4	.	.	smallmouth flounder	20	0	.	.
winter flounder	26,623	17.4	.	.	sea raven	19	0	.	.
windowpane flounder	8,482	5.5	.	.	spiny dogfish	14	0	.	.
little skate	6,479	4.2	.	.	yellow jack	11	0	.	.
bluefish	5,845	3.8	.	.	goosefish	8	0	.	.
weakfish	4,320	2.8	.	.	northern puffer	5	0	.	.
Atlantic herring	4,003	2.6	.	.	northern kingfish	4	0	.	.
fourspot flounder	3,553	2.3	.	.	Atlantic tomcod	4	0	.	.
red hake	2,085	1.4	.	.	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	.	.
silver hake	1,537	1.0	.	.	clearnose skate	2	0	.	.
striped searobin	865	0.6	.	.	Atlantic mackerel	2	0	.	.
northern searobin	609	0.4	.	.	mackerel scad	2	0	.	.
tautog	501	0.3	.	.	rainbow smelt	2	0	.	.
American shad	361	0.2	.	.	Spanish mackerel	2	0	.	.
Atlantic menhaden	348	0.2	.	.	spot	2	0	.	.
summer flounder	263	0.2	.	.	bigeye scad	1	0	.	.
smooth dogfish	193	0.1	.	.	planehead filefish	1	0	.	.
fourbeard rockling	163	0.1	.	.	hickory shad	1	0	.	.
longhorn sculpin	139	0.1	.	.	red goatfish	1	0	.	.
hogchoker	104	0.1	.	.	rough scad	1	0	.	.
alewife	103	0.1	.	.	sea lamprey	1	0	.	.
cunner	75	0	.	.	oyster toadfish	1	0	.	.
spotted hake	73	0	.	.	Total	153,389			-
winter skate	50	0	.	.					
ocean pout	42	0	.	.	Invertebrates				
black sea bass	39	0	.	.	American lobster	8,524	40.9	.	.
blueback herring	38	0	.	.	long-finned squid	12,322	59.1	.	.
striped bass	38	0	.	.	Total	20,846			-

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1992.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=160.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	95,961	65.7	1,357.3	11.7	black sea bass	5	0	1.8	0
scup	13,646	9.3	837.7	7.2	northern pipefish	5	0	0.4	0
winter flounder	9,548	6.5	1,344.8	11.5	Atlantic mackerel	4	0	1.0	0
bluefish	5,269	3.6	2,462.9	21.1	sea raven	4	0	3.9	0
Atlantic herring	4,565	3.1	797.5	6.8	northern kingfish	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	3,495	2.4	1,389.0	11.9	round herring	2	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	2,980	2.0	286.1	2.5	yellow jack	2	0	0.2	0
fourspot flounder	2,774	1.9	382.4	3.3	Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	1,606	1.1	127.7	1.1	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	1,317	0.9	94.8	0.8	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic menhaden	1,115	0.8	60.6	0.5	Spanish mackerel	1	0	1.5	0
striped searobin	857	0.6	305.1	2.6	Total	146,035		11,648.2	
silver hake	544	0.4	22.0	0.2					
American shad	380	0.3	63.3	0.5	Invertebrates				
northern searobin	313	0.2	35.6	0.3	American lobster	8,160	19.9	1,537.9	28.6
smooth dogfish	304	0.2	863.2	7.4	blue mussel	nc	nc	1,157.1	21.5
tautog	265	0.2	508.3	4.4	long-finned squid	32,780	80.1	844.9	15.7
summer flounder	186	0.1	142.1	1.2	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	514.1	9.6
blueback herring	175	0.1	8.5	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	375.4	7.0
fourbeard rockling	150	0.1	12.8	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	239.1	4.5
alewife	122	0.1	9.2	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	225.5	4.2
spotted hake	68	0	10.3	0.1	spider crab	nc	nc	186.0	3.5
moonfish	62	0	1.5	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	148.6	2.8
hogchoker	61	0	5.6	0	whelks	nc	nc	57.5	1.1
striped bass	42	0	89.4	0.8	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	34.7	0.6
longhorn sculpin	31	0	9.0	0.1	bluecrab	nc	nc	18.1	0.3
winter skate	31	0	105.3	0.9	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	10.3	0.2
cunner	30	0	3.7	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.6	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	30	0	244.8	2.1	common oyster	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
ocean pout	18	0	7.7	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	2.4	0
hickory shad	12	0	4.9	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.7	0
smallmouth flounder	12	0	0.6	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.2	0
goosefish	10	0	2.5	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	1.0	0
clearnose skate	8	0	10.3	0.1	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.4	0
Atlantic tomcod	8	0	1.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
mackerel scad	6	0	0.2	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
spiny dogfish	6	0	30.7	0.3	Total	40,940		5,372	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1993.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	35,361	33.0	847.8	7.1	goosefish	3	0	0.3	0
scup	18,785	17.6	581.4	4.8	American sand lance	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	16,090	15.0	1,855.7	15.4	Atlantic bonito	2	0	6.4	0.1
windowpane flounder	7,953	7.4	547.6	4.6	lumpfish	2	0	0.2	0
Atlantic herring	6,269	5.9	1,119.8	9.3	moonfish	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	5,186	4.8	2,172.3	18.1	sea lamprey	2	0	1.0	0
bluefish	4,402	4.1	1,343.2	11.2	Atlantic salmon	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	3,963	3.7	232.0	1.9	American eel	1	0	1.6	0
fourspot flounder	1,262	1.2	182.3	1.5	northern sennet	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	1,142	1.1	60.3	0.5	orange filefish	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	1,079	1.0	165.4	1.4	round herring	1	0	0.1	0
northern searobin	935	0.9	96.8	0.8	red cornetfish	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	791	0.7	101.1	0.8	red goatfish	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	788	0.7	48.2	0.4	short bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	500	0.5	21.1	0.2	sea raven	1	0	0.6	0
spotted hake	331	0.3	36.7	0.3	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
smooth dogfish	283	0.3	857.6	7.1	Total	107,035		12,012.4	
Atlantic menhaden	271	0.3	94.1	0.8					
fourbeard rockling	241	0.2	15.6	0.1	Invertebrates				
summer flounder	224	0.2	137.9	1.1	American lobster	10,306	20.6	2,173.5	34.4
tautog	157	0.1	308.2	2.6	long-finned squid	39,723	79.4	1,176.5	18.6
Spanish mackerel	136	0.1	2.2	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	945.1	15.0
blueback herring	96	0.1	4.3	0	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	673.8	10.7
rough scad	92	0.1	3.8	0	spider crab	nc	nc	511.2	8.1
striped bass	78	0.1	198.7	1.7	lady crab	nc	nc	428.0	6.8
ocean pout	66	0.1	16.4	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	155.9	2.5
cunner	64	0.1	6.1	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	45.7	0.7
Atlantic sturgeon	60	0.1	633.6	5.3	starfish spp.	nc	nc	37.4	0.6
winter skate	59	0.1	213.2	1.8	boring sponge	nc	nc	36.6	0.6
spot	57	0.1	4.5	0	whelks	nc	nc	34.0	0.5
hogchoker	56	0.1	5.2	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	31.6	0.5
Atlantic silverside	54	0.1	1.0	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	27.6	0.4
northern puffer	23	0	0.4	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	20.0	0.3
smallmouth flounder	23	0	2.1	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.9	0.1
Atlantic croaker	20	0	1.1	0	common oyster	nc	nc	2.0	0
black sea bass	16	0	5.0	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.0	0
spiny dogfish	14	0	58.4	0.5	hard clams	nc	nc	0.9	0
Atlantic mackerel	11	0	0.9	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
longhorn sculpin	11	0	3.2	0	arks	nc	nc	0.7	0
planehead filefish	9	0	0.7	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.4	0
hickory shad	9	0	4.1	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
northern pipefish	9	0	0.4	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.2	0
rainbow smelt	9	0	0.6	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.2	0
crevalle jack	5	0	0.4	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern kingfish	5	0	0.6	0	sand dollar	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	5	0	0.8	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
clearnose skate	4	0	7.7	0.1	polychaetes	nc	nc	0.1	0
white perch	4	0	0.3	0	Total	50,029		6,313	
conger eel	3	0	0.2	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1994.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	33,538	28.7	776.8	6.3	longhorn sculpin	7	0	1.6	0
scup	25,451	21.8	660.8	5.4	grubby	5	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	20,615	17.6	1,992.2	16.2	mackerel scad	4	0	0.4	0
bluefish	7,703	6.6	1,159.8	9.4	Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0
windowpane flounder	6,062	5.2	574.5	4.7	bigeye scad	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	5,604	4.8	2,565.3	20.9	lookdown	2	0	0.2	0
Atlantic herring	3,836	3.3	768.6	6.3	northern puffer	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	3,320	2.8	160.0	1.3	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.3	0
silver hake	1,703	1.5	112.9	0.9	bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	1,494	1.3	195.6	1.6	clearnose skate	1	0	1.8	0
American shad	1,289	1.1	133.2	1.1	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	1,211	1.0	75.0	0.6	northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0
blueback herring	1,052	0.9	26.6	0.2	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	927	0.8	183.6	1.5	sea raven	1	0	0.2	0
northern searobin	800	0.7	63.7	0.5	white perch	1	0	0.3	0
red hake	490	0.4	54.0	0.4	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
smooth dogfish	310	0.3	816.3	6.6	Total	117,002		12,284.5	
Atlantic menhaden	276	0.2	61.4	0.5	Invertebrates				
summer flounder	242	0.2	141.6	1.2	American lobster	7,057	31.6	1,533.9	38.6
tautog	207	0.2	346.5	2.8	long-finned squid	15,299	68.4	594.8	15.0
spotted hake	148	0.1	25.7	0.2	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	386.7	9.7
moonfish	93	0.1	2.6	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	377.5	9.5
fourbeard rockling	92	0.1	8.4	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	338.5	8.5
striped bass	81	0.1	198.6	1.6	spider crab	nc	nc	335.0	8.4
Atlantic sturgeon	60	0.1	848.6	6.9	rock crab	nc	nc	136.8	3.4
spiny dogfish	55	0	186.2	1.5	starfish spp.	nc	nc	124.6	3.1
ocean pout	42	0	9.1	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	51.4	1.3
hogchoker	36	0	3.8	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	34.6	0.9
black sea bass	33	0	10.9	0.1	common oyster	nc	nc	18.4	0.5
winter skate	33	0	101.5	0.8	whelks	nc	nc	14.1	0.4
American sand lance	25	0	0.6	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	9.8	0.2
Spanish mackerel	25	0	1.7	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	4.2	0.1
cunner	18	0	1.3	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	3.7	0.1
smallmouth flounder	15	0	1.3	0	arks	nc	nc	3.0	0.1
hickory shad	14	0	3.7	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	1.9	0
rough scad	13	0	0.2	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.3	0
Atlantic mackerel	11	0	0.9	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	0.6	0
spot	11	0	1.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
rainbow smelt	9	0	0.6	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.3	0
crevalle jack	8	0	0.5	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	8	0	2.0	0	Total	22,356		3,972	
northern kingfish	7	0	0.5	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1995.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	64,930	50.1	1,664.5	15.2	spot	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	15,558	12.0	1,614.7	14.7	Atlantic cod	2	0	0.1	0
scup	13,985	10.8	770.5	7.0	conger eel	2	0	1.2	0
Atlantic herring	9,135	7.0	1,631.7	14.9	haddock	2	0	0.2	0
bluefish	5,524	4.3	1,156.1	10.5	northern pipefish	2	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	3,815	2.9	356.2	3.2	sea raven	2	0	0.7	0
weakfish	2,881	2.2	275.7	2.5	African pompano	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	2,584	2.0	402.9	3.7	crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	2,372	1.8	1,055.3	9.6	grubby	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	1,977	1.5	145.6	1.3	Atlantic mackerel	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	1,941	1.5	61.6	0.6	mackerel scad	1	0	0.1	0
northern searobin	1,317	1.0	166.9	1.5	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	755	0.6	81.4	0.7	oyster toadfish	1	0	0.5	0
striped searobin	682	0.5	277.5	2.5	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	386	0.3	24.6	0.2	Total	129,609		10,966.8	
Atlantic menhaden	318	0.2	41.9	0.4	Invertebrates				
blueback herring	255	0.2	7.5	0.1	American lobster	9,944	29.3	2,141.9	55.1
fourbeard rockling	169	0.1	14.7	0.1	long-finned squid	23,974	70.7	796.4	20.5
smooth dogfish	168	0.1	566.8	5.2	lady crab	nc	nc	535.0	13.8
striped bass	165	0.1	185.3	1.7	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	116.8	3
summer flounder	121	0.1	79.6	0.7	spider crab	nc	nc	95.4	2.5
American sand lance	95	0.1	0.4	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	78.3	2
spotted hake	72	0.1	6.5	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	47.0	1.2
tautog	61	0	95.1	0.9	blue mussel	nc	nc	14.0	0.4
cunner	41	0	4.4	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	12.8	0.3
winter skate	41	0	89.2	0.8	boring sponge	nc	nc	11.2	0.3
Atlantic silverside	39	0	0.9	0	whelks	nc	nc	10.8	0.3
moonfish	33	0	2.1	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	8.1	0.2
yellow jack	32	0	2.1	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	6.0	0.2
ocean pout	30	0	6.5	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	5.8	0.1
northern kingfish	25	0	2.5	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
smallmouth flounder	19	0	1.2	0	arks	nc	nc	1.4	0
hogchoker	17	0	1.7	0	hard clams	nc	nc	0.7	0
black sea bass	12	0	4.7	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
hickory shad	6	0	2.5	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.4	0
Atlantic sturgeon	6	0	145.5	1.3	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
longhorn sculpin	5	0	1.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.2	0
clearnose skate	4	0	11.0	0.1	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	4	0	3.3	0	shore shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
rainbow smelt	4	0	0.3	0	Total	33,918		3,888	
Atlantic tomcod	4	0	0.8	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1996.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	49,360	37.0	1,844.7	12.4	northern puffer	3	0	0.3	0
winter flounder	22,722	17.0	3,335.0	22.5	rock gunnel	3	0	0.2	0
scup	16,087	12.0	739.4	5.0	short bigeye	3	0	0.3	0
windowpane flounder	14,116	10.6	1,223.6	8.2	Atlantic sturgeon	3	0	19.9	0.1
bluefish	6,705	5.0	1,118.2	7.5	bigeye scad	2	0	0.1	0
weakfish	6,375	4.8	414.9	2.8	grubby	2	0	0.2	0
little skate	6,203	4.6	2,801.8	18.9	sea raven	2	0	1.5	0
fourspot flounder	2,815	2.1	407.2	2.7	Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.3	0
alewife	1,402	1.0	134.6	0.9	clearnose skate	1	0	1.7	0
striped searobin	1,008	0.8	278.7	1.9	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	972	0.7	189.8	1.3	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
moonfish	921	0.7	11.6	0.1	goosefish	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	872	0.7	95.5	0.6	sea lamprey	1	0	0.7	0
northern searobin	672	0.5	57.4	0.4	spiny dogfish	1	0	2.1	0
American shad	501	0.4	36.2	0.2	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	489	0.4	20.0	0.1	Total	133,546		14,835.2	
summer flounder	434	0.3	266.4	1.8	Invertebrates				
spotted hake	384	0.3	42.6	0.3	American lobster	9,490	29.5	2,113.5	39.1
smooth dogfish	275	0.2	862.8	5.8	lady crab	nc	nc	1,160.4	21.5
striped bass	232	0.2	373.5	2.5	long-finned squid	22,720	70.5	720.4	13.3
spot	195	0.1	14.1	0.1	horseshoe crab	nc	nc	717.0	13.3
tautog	136	0.1	225.9	1.5	spider crab	nc	nc	293.9	5.4
fourbeard rockling	109	0.1	8.6	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	162.7	3.0
blueback herring	97	0.1	6.2	0	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	42.7	0.8
Atlantic menhaden	88	0.1	40.5	0.3	blue mussel	nc	nc	42.5	0.8
winter skate	88	0.1	212.7	1.4	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	39.4	0.7
hogchoker	45	0	5.4	0	whelks	nc	nc	33.0	0.6
smallmouth flounder	41	0	2.3	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	20.9	0.4
rough scad	35	0	1.5	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	19.2	0.4
hickory shad	29	0	10.2	0.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	15.2	0.3
black sea bass	27	0	12.1	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	6.2	0.1
ocean pout	26	0	7.2	0	arks	nc	nc	4.3	0.1
cunner	17	0	2.6	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	4.3	0.1
striped anchovy	11	0	0.2	0	bluecrab	nc	nc	4.0	0.1
longhorn sculpin	7	0	2.1	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.2	0.1
northern kingfish	6	0	0.6	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.4	0
yellow jack	6	0	0.5	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.3	0
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	0.5	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.1	0
planehead filefish	3	0	0.3	0	Total	32,210		5,405	
mackerel scad	3	0	0.1	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1997.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	70,985	50.3	2,017.2	15.5	American sand lance	2	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	14,701	10.4	2,439.4	18.8	short bigeye	2	0	0.2	0
bluefish	10,815	7.7	977.6	7.5	yellow jack	2	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	10,324	7.3	986.1	7.6	bigeye scad	1	0	0.1	0
scup	9,582	6.8	530.5	4.1	Atlantic cod	1	0	0.3	0
fourspot flounder	4,122	2.9	615.3	4.7	haddock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,068	2.9	1,945.8	15.0	northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	3,904	2.8	362.0	2.8	northern puffer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	3,455	2.4	515.1	4.0	rougtail stingray	1	0	50.6	0.4
silver hake	1,973	1.4	70.8	0.5	sea lamprey	1	0	0.1	0
alewife	1,194	0.8	81.3	0.6	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0
American shad	922	0.7	66.8	0.5	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.3	0
striped searobin	819	0.6	230.5	1.8	Total	141,040		12,974.6	
red hake	748	0.5	80.5	0.6					
blueback herring	630	0.4	16.5	0.1	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
northern searobin	579	0.4	60.4	0.5	American lobster	16,467	55.3	3,800.9	64.6
summer flounder	486	0.3	326.0	2.5	lady crab	nc	nc	592.5	10.1
striped bass	319	0.2	509.9	3.9	long-finned squid	13,048	43.8	515.2	8.8
moonfish	287	0.2	4.6	0	horseshoe crab	204	0.7	472.4	8.0
fourbeard rockling	199	0.1	17.3	0.1	spider crab	nc	nc	188.3	3.2
tautog	190	0.1	271.8	2.1	rock crab	nc	nc	94.1	1.6
smooth dogfish	167	0.1	527.3	4.1	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	88.0	1.5
Atlantic menhaden	116	0.1	38.5	0.3	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	28.0	0.5
spotted hake	77	0.1	19.0	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	21.7	0.4
rough scad	65	0	2.0	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	16.5	0.3
smallmouth flounder	58	0	2.4	0	whelks	22	0.1	14.8	0.3
winter skate	48	0	109.7	0.8	bluecrab	33	0.1	13.6	0.2
cunner	43	0	4.1	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	9.3	0.2
hickory shad	25	0	9.1	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
black sea bass	22	0	10.5	0.1	hard clams	nc	nc	3.8	0.1
hogchoker	15	0	1.8	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
ocean pout	15	0	4.8	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	3.3	0.1
grubby	11	0	0.7	0	northern comb jelly	nc	nc	2.0	0
spot	10	0	1.1	0	arks	nc	nc	1.8	0
Atlantic mackerel	8	0	1.7	0	common oyster	nc	nc	1.8	0
northern kingfish	7	0	0.9	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.9	0
spiny dogfish	7	0	13.7	0.1	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.7	0
Atlantic sturgeon	5	0	37.8	0.3	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.6	0
clearnose skate	4	0	7.4	0.1	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.2	0
longhorn sculpin	4	0	0.8	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.2	0
white perch	4	0	0.9	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.1	0
crevalle jack	3	0	0.6	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
sea raven	3	0	0.4	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.1	0	shore shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	2	0	1.6	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.1	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	Total	29,774		5,882	
round scad	2	0	0.2	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1998.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	136,926	64.0	3,661.1	24.4	goosefish	3	0	3.2	0
scup	23,742	11.1	740.5	4.9	oyster toadfish	3	0	0.9	0
winter flounder	15,697	7.3	2,450.3	16.3	gray triggerfish	2	0	2.3	0
bluefish	8,814	4.1	899.0	6.0	longhorn sculpin	2	0	1.0	0
windowpane flounder	6,483	3.0	741.1	4.9	bigeye scad	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,305	2.0	2,085.5	13.9	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	3,495	1.6	268.2	1.8	mackerel scad	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	3,015	1.4	217.5	1.4	rougtail stingray	1	0	3.4	0
fourspot flounder	1,908	0.9	306.0	2.0	Total	214,025		15,005.7	
silver hake	1,870	0.9	88.3	0.6					
striped searobin	1,321	0.6	509.7	3.4	Invertebrates				
moonfish	1,188	0.6	13.4	0.1	American lobster	16,211	36.7	3,873.9	60.2
American shad	901	0.4	60.2	0.4	long-finned squid	27,443	62.1	767.0	11.9
Atlantic herring	893	0.4	74.6	0.5	horseshoe crab	303	0.7	489.4	7.6
alewife	456	0.2	35.1	0.2	blue mussel	nc	nc	309.0	4.8
summer flounder	436	0.2	431.3	2.9	lady crab	nc	nc	291.2	4.5
striped bass	400	0.2	484.2	3.2	rock crab	nc	nc	241.4	3.8
northern searobin	360	0.2	39.4	0.3	spider crab	nc	nc	157.2	2.4
smooth dogfish	310	0.1	989.8	6.6	lion's mane jellyfish	nc	nc	63.1	1.0
Atlantic menhaden	306	0.1	9.2	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	56.0	0.9
blueback herring	211	0.1	5.1	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	55.6	0.9
tautog	194	0.1	347.1	2.3	boring sponge	nc	nc	24.9	0.4
spotted hake	142	0.1	12.2	0.1	knobbed whelk	51	0.1	22.5	0.3
fourbeard rockling	133	0.1	11.6	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	18.2	0.3
smallmouth flounder	97	0	6.4	0	bluecrab	49	0.1	12.8	0.2
cunner	65	0	8.1	0.1	channeled whelk	40	0.1	10.1	0.2
winter skate	62	0	180.7	1.2	whelks	52	0.1	9.8	0.2
hickory shad	40	0	15.9	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	8.6	0.1
round herring	31	0	0.6	0	mantis shrimp	nc	nc	5.6	0.1
sea raven	30	0	11.3	0.1	common oyster	nc	nc	5.4	0.1
northern puffer	28	0	0.5	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.7	0.1
clearnose skate	20	0	36.8	0.2	arks	nc	nc	2.0	0
black sea bass	18	0	10.6	0.1	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	1.4	0
spiny dogfish	18	0	44.5	0.3	surf clam	nc	nc	1.1	0
Atlantic sturgeon	17	0	189.7	1.3	sea grape	nc	nc	0.8	0
northern kingfish	15	0	1.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	0.7	0
Atlantic mackerel	13	0	1.1	0	boreal squid	18	0	0.7	0
ocean pout	13	0	2.7	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.6	0
hogchoker	12	0	1.9	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	0.5	0
haddock	7	0	0.5	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.4	0
yellow jack	6	0	0.7	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.2	0
grubby	5	0	0.3	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
round scad	4	0	0.3	0	Total	44,167		6,434	
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 1999.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	191,100	54.1	4,171.6	21.9	goosefish	2	0	0.3	0
scup	101,095	28.6	3,641.3	19.1	grubby	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	12,416	3.5	771.3	4.0	northern pipefish	2	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	10,288	2.9	2,011.7	10.6	longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0
bluefish	7,843	2.2	1,218.0	6.4	oyster toadfish	2	0	1.8	0
silver hake	5,126	1.5	99.6	0.5	Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	4,643	1.3	594.2	3.1	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	3,686	1.0	1,829.6	9.6	haddock	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	2,973	0.8	226.5	1.2	round scad	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	2,511	0.7	45.4	0.2	striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	1,690	0.5	497.0	2.6	sharksucker	1	0	0.3	0
alewife	1,393	0.4	107.6	0.6	Spanish mackerel	1	0	0.2	0
fourspot flounder	1,393	0.4	203.9	1.1	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.7	0
Atlantic menhaden	1,187	0.3	90.9	0.5	white perch	1	0	0.4	0
American shad	987	0.3	117.3	0.6	Total	353,203		19,054.7	
moonfish	645	0.2	9.6	0.1					
summer flounder	582	0.2	459.8	2.4					
bay anchovy	548	0.2	5.6	0	Invertebrates				
northern searobin	547	0.2	52.0	0.3	American lobster	13,922	38.1	3,397.9	61.6
striped bass	397	0.1	815.4	4.3	long-finned squid	21,580	59.0	826.4	15.0
spotted hake	381	0.1	38.8	0.2	horseshoe crab	384	1.1	634.1	11.5
smooth dogfish	305	0.1	923.0	4.8	lady crab	nc	nc	159.7	2.9
fourbeard rockling	233	0.1	28.8	0.2	rock crab	nc	nc	118.6	2.2
tautog	217	0.1	326.6	1.7	spider crab	nc	nc	95.4	1.7
striped anchovy	216	0.1	6.1	0	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	78.0	1.4
American sand lance	178	0.1	0.3	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	32.5	0.6
smallmouth flounder	96	0	5.2	0	knobbed whelk	61	0.2	24.8	0.4
hickory shad	56	0	19.4	0.1	bluecrab	89	0.2	21.3	0.4
cunner	51	0	5.9	0	channeled whelk	81	0.2	21.1	0.4
black sea bass	50	0	17.2	0.1	mantis shrimp	376	1.0	19.3	0.4
spot	45	0	5.7	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	19.3	0.4
winter skate	41	0	89.8	0.5	lion's mane jellyfish	61	0.2	16.7	0.3
hogchoker	39	0	5.0	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	14.1	0.3
Atlantic sturgeon	39	0	498.6	2.6	northern moon snail	nc	nc	9.1	0.2
clearnose skate	22	0	39.4	0.2	starfish spp.	nc	nc	8.8	0.2
bigeye scad	21	0	1.4	0	common oyster	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	21	0	3.1	0	arks	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
yellow jack	20	0	1.9	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	1.8	0
blueback herring	19	0	1.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	1.7	0
ocean pout	17	0	3.9	0	hard clams	nc	nc	1.5	0
northern puffer	14	0	1.1	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	1.0	0
spiny dogfish	10	0	51.1	0.3	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	1.0	0
sea raven	9	0	4.9	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.9	0
crevalle jack	8	0	0.7	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.4	0
inshore lizardfish	7	0	0.5	0	sea grape	nc	nc	0.2	0
northern kingfish	6	0	0.6	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern sennet	6	0	0.5	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
planehead filefish	3	0	0.3	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
bigeye	2	0	0.2	0	nemerteans	nc	nc	0.1	0
conger eel	2	0	0.5	0	Total	36,554		5,514	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2000.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	101,464	44.4	6,679.0	34.9	northern kingfish	2	0	0.3	0
butterfish	60,490	26.5	1,458.3	7.6	round scad	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	23,595	10.3	554.5	2.9	bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	8,867	3.9	1,921.4	10.0	Atlantic cod	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,135	2.7	1,408.0	7.3	goosefish	1	0	0.2	0
little skate	3,340	1.5	1,604.7	8.4	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	3,129	1.4	1,036.1	5.4	lined seahorse	1	0	0.1	0
fourspot flounder	2,590	1.1	398.6	2.1	white perch	1	0	0.2	0
windowpane flounder	2,488	1.1	368.8	1.9	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.1	0
red hake	2,393	1.0	162.6	0.8	Total	228,425		19,156.5	
bay anchovy	2,303	1.0	12.2	0.1					
northern searobin	2,014	0.9	251.2	1.3	Invertebrates				
moonfish	1,817	0.8	15.0	0.1	American lobster	10,481	36.0	2,184.5	49.9
alewife	1,572	0.7	96.0	0.5	horseshoe crab	420	1.4	689.4	15.8
spotted hake	1,425	0.6	92.3	0.5	long-finned squid	16,585	57.0	582.3	13.3
Atlantic herring	770	0.3	124.1	0.6	lady crab	nc	nc	308.4	7.1
silver hake	679	0.3	28.8	0.2	spider crab	nc	nc	99.4	2.3
summer flounder	555	0.2	471.3	2.5	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	95.2	2.2
Atlantic menhaden	492	0.2	31.8	0.2	rock crab	nc	nc	60.4	1.4
smooth dogfish	467	0.2	1,038.5	5.4	boring sponge	nc	nc	58.6	1.3
American shad	316	0.1	25.8	0.1	mantis shrimp	1,086	3.7	49.0	1.1
striped bass	293	0.1	602.6	3.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	36.8	0.8
tautog	287	0.1	463.5	2.4	lion's mane jellyfish	223	0.8	36.4	0.8
spot	204	0.1	17.8	0.1	channeled whelk	138	0.5	32.0	0.7
fourbeard rockling	185	0.1	14.7	0.1	knobbed whelk	76	0.3	29.9	0.7
blueback herring	143	0.1	6.8	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	29.0	0.7
black sea bass	69	0	22.6	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	26.0	0.6
smallmouth flounder	61	0	2.7	0	bluecrab	104	0.4	19.3	0.4
cunner	50	0	5.3	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	9.7	0.2
hickory shad	42	0	17.1	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	4.8	0.1
hogchoker	40	0	5.9	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	3.4	0.1
winter skate	31	0	66.5	0.3	hard clams	nc	nc	3.3	0.1
sea raven	19	0	9.2	0	arks	nc	nc	3.1	0.1
clearnose skate	18	0	37.9	0.2	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
ocean pout	18	0	4.9	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.7	0.1
longhorn sculpin	14	0	5.0	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	2.4	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	7	0	79.0	0.4	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	2.3	0.1
oyster toadfish	6	0	2.5	0	common oyster	nc	nc	1.4	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.2	0	sea grape	nc	nc	1.1	0
northern puffer	4	0	0.4	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.2	0
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0	northern comb jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
spiny dogfish	4	0	9.9	0.1	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
rock gunnel	3	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
yellow jack	3	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.1	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic mackerel	2	0	0.8	0	Total	29,113		4,374	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2001.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay anchovy, striped anchovy, and American sand lance and Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	58,325	37.7	5,828.4	30.7	American eel	1	0	0.6	0
butterfish	45,264	29.3	1,834.0	9.7	planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	12,739	8.2	415.0	2.2	goosefish	1	0	0.4	0
winter flounder	9,826	6.4	1,993.6	10.5	naked goby	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,311	2.8	2,022.6	10.6	northern sennet	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	3,986	2.6	751.2	4.0	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	3,945	2.6	152.2	0.8	red goatfish	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	3,065	2.0	475.5	2.5	rougtail stingray	1	0	2.5	0
fourspot flounder	2,167	1.4	362.7	1.9	short bigeye	1	0	0.1	0
striped searobin	2,061	1.3	861.0	4.5	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.2	0
northern searobin	1,594	1.0	222.7	1.2	Total	154,514		18,997.8	
red hake	1,382	0.9	109.7	0.6					
summer flounder	875	0.6	628.1	3.3	Finfish not ranked				
alewife	638	0.4	41.7	0.2	American sand lance, yoy				
spotted hake	606	0.4	34.9	0.2	anchovy spp, yoy				
smooth dogfish	598	0.4	1,407.6	7.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
Atlantic herring	497	0.3	72.6	0.4					
bay anchovy	443	0.3	3.6	0	Invertebrates				
tautog	319	0.2	491.2	2.6	American lobster	5,626	35.1	1,531.2	39.2
blueback herring	279	0.2	11.1	0.1	horseshoe crab	503	3.1	870.7	22.3
fourbeard rockling	251	0.2	21.5	0.1	long-finned squid	9,080	56.6	346.2	8.9
moonfish	225	0.1	3.8	0	spider crab	nc	nc	302.5	7.7
striped bass	214	0.1	472.5	2.5	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	162.9	4.2
black sea bass	134	0.1	74.8	0.4	starfish spp.	nc	nc	154.7	4.0
American shad	109	0.1	9.6	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	86.3	2.2
smallmouth flounder	98	0.1	3.8	0	blue mussel	nc	nc	84.7	2.2
Atlantic menhaden	86	0.1	4.7	0	lady crab	nc	nc	79.0	2.0
hogchoker	85	0.1	10.5	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	57.6	1.5
clearnose skate	65	0	132.4	0.7	knobbed whelk	118	0.7	53.3	1.4
cunner	51	0	5.9	0	channeled whelk	190	1.2	48.0	1.2
spiny dogfish	48	0	128.6	0.7	boring sponge	nc	nc	30.0	0.8
striped anchovy	47	0	1.2	0	lion's mane jellyfish	182	1.1	25.9	0.7
winter skate	38	0	112.2	0.6	northern moon snail	nc	nc	17.5	0.4
inshore lizardfish	21	0	2.2	0	mantis shrimp	304	1.9	16.5	0.4
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	270.6	1.4	bluecrab	38	0.2	6.2	0.2
hickory shad	14	0	6.7	0	sea grape	nc	nc	6.1	0.2
spot	13	0	1.3	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	5.3	0.1
rough scad	10	0	0.7	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	5.0	0.1
northern puffer	8	0	0.7	0	arks	nc	nc	4.0	0.1
sea raven	7	0	4.1	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	3.6	0.1
ocean pout	6	0	2.3	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.0	0.1
round herring	5	0	0.1	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.8	0.1
longhorn sculpin	5	0	1.5	0	common oyster	1	0	1.2	0
fawn cusk-eel	4	0	0.2	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	1.0	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.8	0
American sand lance	4	0	0.3	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.4	0
seasnail	4	0	0.3	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
yellow jack	3	0	0.3	0	bobtail squid	1	0	0.1	0
conger eel	2	0	0.3	0	common razor clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern kingfish	2	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
oyster toadfish	2	0	0.4	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0	Total	16,043		3,907	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2002.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	100,481	47.0	13,814.1	46.0	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
butterfish	66,550	31.1	1,924.2	6.4	northern kingfish	1	0	0.2	0
weakfish	10,713	5.0	442.0	1.5	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	6,884	3.2	1,584.1	5.3	rainbow smelt	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	4,242	2.0	2,121.9	7.1	rougtail stingray	1	0	24.4	0.1
bluefish	3,450	1.6	1,099.7	3.7	Total	213,796		30,062.0	
striped searobin	2,394	1.1	1,065.0	3.5					
northern searobin	2,123	1.0	267.3	0.9	Finfish not ranked				
red hake	2,103	1.0	206.6	0.7	anchovy spp, yoy				
silver hake	2,013	0.9	89.6	0.3	Atlantic herring, yoy				
windowpane flounder	1,991	0.9	343.3	1.1					
fourspot flounder	1,859	0.9	326.9	1.1	Invertebrates				
summer flounder	1,356	0.6	989.3	3.3	blue mussel	nc	nc	2,497.8	43.9
smooth dogfish	1,019	0.5	2,814.3	9.4	American lobster	3,880	29.7	1,005.7	17.7
bay anchovy	992	0.5	6.6	0	horseshoe crab	517	4.0	862.9	15.2
alewife	855	0.4	70.2	0.2	spider crab	nc	nc	348.4	6.1
spotted hake	798	0.4	48.2	0.2	long-finned squid	8,034	61.5	279.9	4.9
American shad	593	0.3	40.3	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	117.0	2.1
tautog	565	0.3	921.1	3.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	91.8	1.6
striped bass	469	0.2	855.2	2.8	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	85.0	1.5
moonfish	424	0.2	7.4	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	83.9	1.5
black sea bass	394	0.2	188.3	0.6	rock crab	nc	nc	74.6	1.3
Atlantic menhaden	366	0.2	96.3	0.3	flat claw hermit crab	36	0.3	55.8	1.0
Atlantic herring	365	0.2	63.9	0.2	channeled whelk	174	1.3	43.6	0.8
smallmouth flounder	139	0.1	4.9	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	40.3	0.7
fourbeard rockling	106	0	9.7	0	knobbed whelk	40	0.3	19.1	0.3
hogchoker	100	0	13.3	0	bluecrab	84	0.6	16.1	0.3
blueback herring	68	0	2.4	0	lion's mane jellyfish	71	0.5	12.3	0.2
clearnose skate	59	0	107.3	0.4	mantis shrimp	226	1.7	11.2	0.2
cunner	55	0	7.2	0	arks	nc	nc	7.8	0.1
spot	52	0	7.2	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
hickory shad	45	0	19.6	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	7.3	0.1
winter skate	45	0	133.5	0.4	sea grape	nc	nc	5.3	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	275.3	0.9	hard clams	3	0	5.2	0.1
spiny dogfish	17	0	48.0	0.2	mud crabs	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
ocean pout	13	0	4.3	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	2.3	0
yellow jack	13	0	1.4	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	1.6	0
sea raven	11	0	4.1	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	1.0	0
rough scad	10	0	0.7	0	surf clam	nc	nc	1.0	0
oyster toadfish	8	0	4.7	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.5	0
northern puffer	6	0	0.3	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.4	0
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	2.5	0	common oyster	nc	nc	0.4	0
short bigeye	5	0	0.2	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.4	0
goosefish	3	0	0.6	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
American sand lance	3	0	0.1	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	3	0	0.9	0	bobtail squid	1	0	0.1	0
northern sennet	2	0	0.2	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	0.1	0
Atlantic bonito	1	0	2.4	0	sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0	Total	13,067		5,691	
gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0					
grubby	1	0	0.1	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2003.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=160.

species	count	%	weight	%	Species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	25,483	34.4	524.6	3.7	barndoor skate	1	0	0.4	0
scup	17,552	23.7	4,389.3	30.6	Planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	5,596	7.6	131.9	0.9	rainbow smelt	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,245	5.7	1,276.5	8.9	sea lamprey	1	0	1.3	0
bluefish	3,717	5.0	655.0	4.6	Spanish mackerel	1	0	2.1	0
little skate	2,867	3.9	1,554.1	10.8	Total	74,107		14,323.6	
bay anchovy	2,254	3.0	12.5	0.1					
windowpane flounder	1,858	2.5	333.9	2.3	Finfish not ranked				
fourspot flounder	1,658	2.2	327.7	2.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
striped searobin	1,529	2.1	687.0	4.8	Atlantic herring, yoy				
northern searobin	1,468	2.0	240.7	1.7					
summer flounder	1,151	1.6	825.0	5.8	Invertebrates				
red hake	681	0.9	31.1	0.2	Horseshoe crab	399	1.7	670.5	23.2
alewife	608	0.8	49.4	0.3	spider crab	nc	nc	640.6	22.2
smooth dogfish	552	0.7	1,508.8	10.5	American lobster	1,958	8.3	479.7	16.6
spotted hake	527	0.7	41.6	0.3	long-finned squid	19,231	81.9	421.3	14.6
Atlantic herring	448	0.6	87.8	0.6	boring sponge	nc	nc	107.5	3.7
American shad	305	0.4	23.5	0.2	rock crab	nc	nc	80.9	2.8
silver hake	217	0.3	8.3	0.1	starfish spp.	nc	nc	73.7	2.6
striped bass	215	0.3	542.1	3.8	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	61.3	2.1
tautog	210	0.3	325.4	2.3	channeled whelk	334	1.4	58.8	2.0
Atlantic menhaden	121	0.2	16.1	0.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	54.3	1.9
fourbeard rockling	111	0.1	9.0	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	1,307	5.6	40.6	1.4
blueback herring	98	0.1	3.4	0	knobbed whelk	96	0.4	35.1	1.2
moonfish	97	0.1	1.3	0	sea grape	nc	nc	31.1	1.1
hogchoker	89	0.1	8.3	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	20.9	0.7
black sea bass	57	0.1	45.7	0.3	blue mussel	nc	nc	19.7	0.7
Atlantic cod	57	0.1	2.7	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	16.8	0.6
clearnose skate	55	0.1	105.9	0.7	lady crab	nc	nc	12.0	0.4
smallmouth flounder	38	0.1	2.4	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	9.6	0.3
winter skate	38	0.1	90.6	0.6	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	8.8	0.3
cunner	36	0	5.9	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	6.8	0.2
haddock	26	0	1.3	0	arks	nc	nc	6.5	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	23	0	391.9	2.7	mud crabs	nc	nc	6.5	0.2
hickory shad	22	0	10.3	0.1	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	6.0	0.2
American sand lance	19	0	0.2	0	mantis shrimp	110	0.5	4.9	0.2
ocean pout	14	0	2.9	0	bluecrab	24	0.1	4.3	0.1
rough scad	12	0	0.5	0	hard clams	nc	nc	3.9	0.1
oyster toadfish	9	0	5.0	0	star coral	nc	nc	1.9	0.1
spiny dogfish	7	0	34.8	0.2	coastal mud shrimp	4	0	0.7	0
rock gunnel	6	0	0.4	0	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.6	0
round scad	4	0	0.3	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.4	0
glasseye snapper	3	0	0.1	0	northern red shrimp	2	0	0.4	0
conger eel	3	0	1.1	0	Japanese shore crab	4	0	0.3	0
Atlantic mackerel	3	0	0.3	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.1	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	sand dollar	1	0	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	common razor clam	1	0	0.1	0
northern puffer	2	0	0.2	0	moon jelly	nc	nc	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.9	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
sea raven	2	0	1.3	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.1	0
striped anchovy	2	0	0.1	0	Total	23,471		2,887	
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2004.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=199.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	94,735	46.7	1,842.7	9.7	American plaice	1	0	0.1	0
scup	61,521	30.3	6,801.1	35.7	conger eel	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	17,505	8.6	426.9	2.2	gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,504	3.2	2,140.6	11.2	goosefish	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,021	2.0	839.9	4.4	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	3,044	1.5	1,689.8	8.9	rougtail stingray	1	0	4.1	0
windowpane flounder	2,275	1.1	333.7	1.8	oyster toadfish	1	0	0.8	0
bay anchovy	1,523	0.8	10.3	0.1	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
silver hake	1,417	0.7	27.3	0.1	Total	202,887		19,056.6	
fourspot flounder	1,406	0.7	309.3	1.6					
striped searobin	1,308	0.6	465.4	2.4	<u>Finfish not ranked</u>				
alewife	859	0.4	56.1	0.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
Atlantic herring	851	0.4	58.3	0.3	Atlantic herring, yoy				
red hake	829	0.4	51.6	0.3					
northern searobin	784	0.4	112.0	0.6	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
Atlantic menhaden	746	0.4	110.7	0.6	long-finned squid	23,022	86.5	953.4	28.8
summer flounder	644	0.3	627.2	3.3	horseshoe crab	534	2.0	873.4	26.4
smooth dogfish	503	0.2	1,435.3	7.5	American lobster	1,843	6.9	481.5	14.5
striped bass	378	0.2	811.8	4.3	spider crab	nc	nc	355.5	10.7
American shad	356	0.2	24.2	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	250.2	7.6
tautog	232	0.1	353.7	1.9	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	50.9	1.5
spotted hake	230	0.1	37.8	0.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	42.4	1.3
blueback herring	218	0.1	6.5	0	channeled whelk	199	0.7	42.3	1.3
moonfish	182	0.1	3.4	0	starfish spp.	nc	nc	41.7	1.3
fourbeard rockling	173	0.1	13.0	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	41.7	1.3
black sea bass	124	0.1	40.5	0.2	rock crab	1	0.0	35.2	1.1
hogchoker	83	0	9.5	0	lion's mane jellyfish	803	3.0	34.0	1.0
American sand lance	70	0	0.2	0	common slipper shell	nc	nc	22.9	0.7
winter skate	53	0	100.3	0.5	sea grape	nc	nc	16.4	0.5
smallmouth flounder	50	0	2.8	0	lady crab	nc	nc	14.5	0.4
hickory shad	39	0	14.2	0.1	northern moon snail	nc	nc	11.5	0.3
spiny dogfish	38	0	104.7	0.5	knobbed whelk	21	0.1	7.7	0.2
Atlantic cod	33	0	4.7	0	mantis shrimp	159	0.6	7.0	0.2
clearnose skate	22	0	48.2	0.3	arks	nc	nc	7.0	0.2
cunner	21	0	3.7	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	5.4	0.2
ocean pout	18	0	5.4	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	4.7	0.1
rough scad	14	0	0.7	0	bluecrab	13	0	2.8	0.1
round scad	11	0	0.3	0	hard clams	nc	nc	2.3	0.1
spot	8	0	0.9	0	surf clam	5	0	1.0	0
Atlantic sturgeon	8	0	117.6	0.6	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.8	0
haddock	7	0	0.6	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.6	0
sea raven	7	0	2.4	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	0.6	0
northern kingfish	5	0	0.5	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.5	0
northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0	rubbery bryzoan	nc	nc	0.4	0
longhorn sculpin	5	0	3.4	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
seasnail	4	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.3	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.2	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.1	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.2	0	sea cucumber	2	0	0.1	0
white perch	2	0	0.5	0	Total	26,603		3,309.4	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2005.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	92,996	52.2	2,097.3	16.8	haddock	2	0	0.2	0
scup	52,642	29.6	3,080.7	24.7	seasnail	2	0	0.2	0
weakfish	9,191	5.2	449.9	3.6	glasseye snapper	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	6,532	3.7	1,333.8	10.7	inshore lizardfish	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,692	2.6	566.1	4.5	lookdown	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	1,982	1.1	177.5	1.4	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
little skate	1,317	0.7	682.5	5.5	Total	178,073		12,474.3	
Atlantic herring	1,168	0.7	131.1	1.1					
bay anchovy	814	0.5	5.8	0	Finfish not ranked				
striped searobin	757	0.4	183.7	1.5	anchovy spp, yoy				
alewife	742	0.4	47.6	0.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
fourspot flounder	688	0.4	125.9	1					
red hake	585	0.3	56.0	0.4	Invertebrates				
summer flounder	506	0.3	406.1	3.3	blue mussel	nc	nc	971.0	32.6
striped bass	469	0.3	675.1	5.4	long-finned squid	17,542	83.2	683.5	22.9
smooth dogfish	467	0.3	1,421.7	11.4	American lobster	1,389	6.6	364.3	12.2
moonfish	356	0.2	6.0	0	horseshoe crab	161	0.8	304.2	10.2
northern searobin	265	0.1	21.3	0.2	starfish spp.	nc	nc	198.4	6.7
Atlantic menhaden	235	0.1	77.9	0.6	lion's mane jellyfish	1,806	8.6	97.3	3.3
spotted hake	234	0.1	17.4	0.1	spider crab	nc	nc	92.0	3.1
tautog	179	0.1	269.2	2.2	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	64.6	2.2
American shad	177	0.1	18.2	0.1	lady crab	nc	nc	48.8	1.6
silver hake	165	0.1	7.1	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	26.1	0.9
hickory shad	136	0.1	43.1	0.3	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	23.1	0.8
blueback herring	111	0.1	5.4	0	channeled whelk	101	0.5	23.0	0.8
fourbeard rockling	106	0.1	6.8	0.1	common slipper shell	nc	nc	12.2	0.4
clearnose skate	102	0.1	187.1	1.5	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	11.0	0.4
rough scad	62	0	1.9	0	knobbed whelk	23	0.1	9.7	0.3
hogchoker	61	0	8.7	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	9.3	0.3
smallmouth flounder	44	0	2.4	0	ribbed mussel	nc	nc	7.6	0.3
black sea bass	42	0	26.4	0.2	hard clams	nc	nc	7.2	0.2
spiny dogfish	41	0	102.0	0.8	northern moon snail	nc	nc	4.7	0.2
Atlantic mackerel	37	0	5.7	0	sea grape	nc	nc	4.5	0.2
winter skate	31	0	59.9	0.5	mantis shrimp	64	0.3	3.8	0.1
yellow jack	28	0	3.0	0	arks	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
cunner	24	0	4.1	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	3.4	0.1
round scad	12	0	0.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.5	0.1
Atlantic cod	10	0	0.9	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	2.1	0.1
rock gunnel	9	0	0.6	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	1.1	0
Atlantic sturgeon	9	0	152.7	1.2	purple sea urchin	nc	nc	0.7	0
northern sennet	8	0	0.7	0	bluecrab	3	0	0.6	0
American sand lance	6	0	0.2	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.4	0
northern puffer	5	0	0.3	0	surf clam	nc	nc	0.4	0
northern kingfish	4	0	0.6	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	sand dollar	1	0	0.2	0
ocean pout	3	0	0.7	0	northern red shrimp	nc	nc	0.2	0
sea raven	3	0	0.5	0	boreal squid	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	Japanese shore crab	5	0	0.1	0
gizzard shad	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
goosefish	2	0	0.7	0	common oyster	nc	nc	0.1	0
grubby	2	0	0.2	0	Total	21,096		2,982.1	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in LISTS in 2006.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=120.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	50,022	54.3	1,631.4	15.5					
scup	28,829	31.3	4,636.1	44.2					
bluefish	2,100	2.3	358.6	3.4	<u>Finfish not ranked</u>				
winter flounder	1,699	1.8	271.2	2.6	anchovy spp, yoy				
bay anchovy	1,492	1.6	8.3	0.1	Atlantic herring, yoy				
silver hake	1,267	1.4	37.7	0.4	American sand lance (yoy)				
windowpane flounder	1,077	1.2	128.9	1.2					
northern searobin	630	0.7	74.5	0.7					
red hake	625	0.7	37.4	0.4					
little skate	593	0.6	310.6	3	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
alewife	573	0.6	49.5	0.5	long-finned squid	7,802	83.4	326	32.5
fourspot flounder	466	0.5	88.1	0.8	horseshoe crab	109	1.2	205.8	20.5
striped searobin	366	0.4	113.5	1.1	American lobster	748	8	197.9	19.7
moonfish	361	0.4	3.5	0	boring sponge	nc	nc	51.3	5.1
smooth dogfish	332	0.4	1,176.6	11.2	spider crab	nc	nc	50.6	5
spotted hake	321	0.3	24.3	0.2	lion's mane jellyfish	558	6	45.4	4.5
weakfish	241	0.3	52.2	0.5	rock crab	nc	nc	40.4	4
summer flounder	203	0.2	180.5	1.7	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	17.8	1.8
tautog	186	0.2	301.4	2.9	blue mussel	nc	nc	7.6	0.8
striped bass	144	0.2	418.7	4	channeled whelk	41	0.4	7.6	0.8
hickory shad	75	0.1	19.1	0.2	lady crab	nc	nc	7.5	0.7
American shad	68	0.1	6.1	0.1	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	6.8	0.7
Atlantic herring	66	0.1	10.3	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	5.9	0.6
blueback herring	63	0.1	2.5	0	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	5.7	0.6
clearnose skate	36	0	52.4	0.5	starfish spp.	nc	nc	4.8	0.5
Atlantic menhaden	28	0	5.5	0.1	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	4	0.4
winter skate	23	0	60	0.6	common slipper shell	nc	nc	3.9	0.4
hogchoker	22	0	3.2	0	mantis shrimp	70	0.7	3.4	0.3
Atlantic sturgeon	21	0	368.7	3.5	mud crabs	nc	nc	2.1	0.2
black sea bass	19	0	9.3	0.1	blue crab	11	0.1	1.8	0.2
fourbeard rockling	14	0	1.5	0	knobbed whelk	5	0.1	1.2	0.1
rough scad	14	0	0.5	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	0.6	0.1
spot	14	0	1.2	0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	0.6	0.1
spiny dogfish	11	0	47	0.4	moon jelly	2	0	0.5	0
cunner	8	0	1.3	0	sea grape	nc	nc	0.5	0
smallmouth flounder	7	0	0.6	0	arks	nc	nc	0.4	0
ocean pout	5	0	0.9	0	purple sea urchin	2	0	0.4	0
glasseye snapper	4	0	0.1	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
inshore lizardfish	4	0	0.4	0	hard clams	1	0	0.3	0
northern pipefish	3	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.3	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.1	0	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	0.2	0
yellow jack	2	0	0.1	0	fan worm tubes	nc	nc	0.2	0
Atlantic bonito	1	0	3.2	0	northern moon snail	nc	nc	0.2	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	surf clam	1	0	0.2	0
goosefish	1	0	1.2	0	brown shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
pollock	1	0	0.1	0	ghost shrimp	nc	nc	0.1	0
oyster toadfish	1	0	1.2	0	Japanese shore crab	nc	nc	0.1	0
yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.4	0	northern cyclocardia	nc	nc	0.1	0
Total	92,042		10,500.2		Total	9,352		1,002.6	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2007.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	75,681	42.6	5,333.5	30.4	grubby	1	0	0.1	0
butterfish	49,137	27.6	1,446.2	8.2	pollock	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	17,386	9.8	584.8	3.3	rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	9,378	5.3	1,801.3	10.3	striped burrfish	1	0	0.5	0
winter flounder	4,550	2.6	951.3	5.4	sea lamprey	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	4,051	2.3	510.8	2.9	yellowtail flounder	1	0	1.0	0
red hake	2,788	1.6	200.4	1.1					
bay anchovy	2,440	1.4	14.5	0.1	Finfish not ranked				
Atlantic herring	1,932	1.1	234.2	1.3	anchovy spp, yoy				
alewife	1,537	0.9	101.3	0.6	Atlantic herring, yoy				
little skate	1,277	0.7	697.0	4.0	American sand lance (yoy)				
fourspot flounder	1,094	0.6	224.9	1.3					
moonfish	979	0.6	12.0	0.1	Invertebrates				
striped searobin	755	0.4	217.0	1.2	long-finned squid	24,212	88.2	773.6	30.8
summer flounder	733	0.4	590.9	3.4	horseshoe crab	333	1.2	596.4	23.7
northern searobin	691	0.4	74.2	0.4	American lobster	1,648	6.0	396.5	15.8
smooth dogfish	580	0.3	2,110.2	12.0	spider crab	nc	nc	165.5	6.6
Atlantic menhaden	426	0.2	63.9	0.4	lion's mane jellyfish	660	2.4	129.8	5.2
striped bass	422	0.2	888.0	5.1	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	107.4	4.3
spotted hake	340	0.2	23.9	0.1	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	84.5	3.4
silver hake	290	0.2	14.6	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	41.4	1.6
tautog	280	0.2	551.4	3.1	channeled whelk	196	0.7	33.4	1.3
American shad	236	0.1	15.8	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	27.5	1.1
blueback herring	156	0.1	9.1	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	20.4	0.8
black sea bass	116	0.1	46.8	0.3	starfish spp.	nc	nc	20.3	0.8
clearnose skate	97	0.1	193.3	1.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	17.7	0.7
fourbeard rockling	87	0	7.6	0	blue crab	68	0.2	13.0	0.5
hogchoker	78	0	11.4	0.1	mantis shrimp	264	1.0	12.1	0.5
smallmouth flounder	48	0	2.6	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	11.5	0.5
winter skate	44	0	117.8	0.7	lady crab	nc	nc	11.5	0.5
hickory shad	37	0	10.4	0.1	knobbed whelk	23	0.1	11.1	0.4
spiny dogfish	32	0	122.3	0.7	common slipper shell	nc	nc	9.3	0.4
American sand lance	30	0	0.3	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	4.3	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	336.4	1.9	northern moon snail	nc	nc	4.3	0.2
cunner	16	0	3.0	0	sand shrimp	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
rough scad	13	0	0.7	0	sea grape	nc	nc	3.5	0.1
ocean pout	12	0	3.2	0	arks	2	0	2.7	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	9	0	0.8	0	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	2.5	0.1
glasseye snapper	8	0	0.7	0	hard clams	1	0	2.2	0.1
northern puffer	8	0	0.5	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	1.4	0.1
striped anchovy	6	0	0.1	0	common oyster	nc	nc	1.1	0
sea raven	5	0	3.6	0	surf clam	10	0	1.0	0
oyster toadfish	5	0	2.0	0	anemones	16	0.1	0.6	0
yellow jack	5	0	0.4	0	purple sea urchin	2	0	0.6	0
northern kingfish	4	0	0.4	0	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	0.5	0
round scad	3	0	0.3	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.4	0
longhorn sculpin	3	0	0.8	0	water jelly	1	0	0.3	0
American eel	2	0	0.9	0	jonah crab	1	0	0.2	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.2	0
mackerel scad	2	0	0.1	0	blood star	nc	nc	0.1	0
northern sennet	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	green sea urchin	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0	Japanese shore crab	nc	nc	0.1	0
gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0	tunicates, misc	1	0	0.1	0
Total	177,841		17,540.3		Total	27,441		2,512.7	

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2008.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=120.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	53,560	38	6,509.9	45.7	sea lamprey	1	0	0.8	0
butterfish	48,766	34.6	1,442.0	10.1	striped anchovy	1	0	0.1	0
American sand lance	7,495	5.3	7.2	0.1	Total	140,777		14,239.8	
silver hake	6,587	4.7	208.5	1.5					
winter flounder	4,973	3.5	751.9	5.3	Finfish not ranked				
windowpane flounder	3,511	2.5	524.0	3.7	anchovy spp, yoy				
weakfish	2,531	1.8	116.1	0.8	Atlantic herring, yoy				
red hake	1,723	1.2	141.3	1.0	American sand lance (yoy)				
bluefish	1,699	1.2	641.4	4.5					
spotted hake	1,267	0.9	65.8	0.5	Invertebrates				
bay anchovy	1,128	0.8	7.7	0.1	horseshoe crab	289	2.2	496.8	29.2
alewife	931	0.7	51.1	0.4	long-finned squid	10,490	80.5	330.1	19.4
fourspot flounder	902	0.6	186.3	1.3	American lobster	1,096	8.4	314.1	18.5
northern searobin	809	0.6	58.8	0.4	spider crab	nc	nc	145.8	8.6
moonfish	689	0.5	13.4	0.1	rock crab	nc	nc	64.0	3.8
little skate	682	0.5	327.4	2.3	bushy bryozoan	nc	nc	54.2	3.2
striped searobin	612	0.4	263.0	1.8	lady crab	nc	nc	36.3	2.1
summer flounder	477	0.3	398.0	2.8	starfish spp.	nc	nc	32.1	1.9
American shad	405	0.3	20.2	0.1	boring sponge	nc	nc	30.1	1.8
Atlantic herring	356	0.3	52.1	0.4	channeled whelk	177	1.4	29.3	1.7
smooth dogfish	328	0.2	1,134.2	8.0	mixed sponge species	nc	nc	27.8	1.6
spot	308	0.2	21.3	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc	nc	24.6	1.4
striped bass	199	0.1	456.3	3.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc	nc	22.8	1.3
tautog	179	0.1	309.4	2.2	common slipper shell	nc	nc	15.7	0.9
black sea bass	122	0.1	29.8	0.2	lion's mane jellyfish	520	4	14.3	0.8
smallmouth flounder	89	0.1	3.2	0	mantis shrimp	244	1.9	9.1	0.5
fourbeard rockling	81	0.1	7.1	0	sea grape	nc	nc	6.6	0.4
blueback herring	74	0.1	3.2	0	arks	124	1	6.1	0.4
winter skate	51	0	140.8	1.0	knobbed whelk	17	0.1	5.9	0.3
Atlantic menhaden	47	0	10.4	0.1	blue mussel	nc	nc	5.8	0.3
hogchoker	38	0	5.6	0	northern moon snail	1	0	5.6	0.3
clearnose skate	37	0	78.1	0.5	sand shrimp	nc	nc	4.0	0.2
spiny dogfish	35	0	127.7	0.9	blue crab	16	0.1	3.8	0.2
cunner	26	0	3.6	0	mud crabs	nc	nc	3.5	0.2
inshore lizardfish	10	0	0.5	0	rubbery bryozoan	nc	nc	3.1	0.2
ocean pout	9	0	2.1	0	common oyster	1	0	2.1	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	7	0	111.3	0.8	hard clams	8	0.1	1.4	0.1
hickory shad	5	0	1.1	0	purple sea urchin	15	0.1	0.9	0.1
feather blenny	4	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	21	0.2	0.7	0
white perch	4	0	0.1	0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc	nc	0.6	0
northern kingfish	3	0	0.4	0	surf clam	9	0.1	0.6	0
oyster toadfish	3	0	1.9	0	red bearded sponge	nc	nc	0.4	0
Atlantic silverside	2	0	0.2	0	Jonah crab	2	0	0.4	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	star coral	nc	nc	0.3	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	sea cucumber	2	0	0.3	0
yellowtail flounder	2	0	0.4	0	tunicates, misc	nc	nc	0.3	0
Atlantic croaker	1	0	0.1	0	anemones	nc	nc	0.2	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
glasseye snapper	1	0	0.1	0	green crab	1	0	0.1	0
pollock	1	0	0.1	0	moon jelly	1	0	0.1	0
rougtail stingray	1	0	3.0	0	northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0
					Total	13,036		1,700.1	

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2009.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	108,087	53.6	3,186.9	17	striped cusk-eel	1	0	0.1	0
scup	46,991	23.3	6,332.1	33.8	spot	1	0	0.2	0
bay anchovy	11,128	5.5	35.3	0.2	northern stargazer	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic herring	6,330	3.1	239.2	1.3	Atlantic tomcod	1	0	0.1	0
winter flounder	4,068	2	524.0	2.8	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	3,657	1.8	1,157.4	6.2	yellow jack	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	2,604	1.3	108.7	0.6	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.2	0
moonfish	2,575	1.3	19.5	0.1	Total	201,476		18,750	
windowpane flounder	2,496	1.2	342.8	1.8					
northern searobin	2,012	1	194.3	1	Finfish not ranked				
striped searobin	1,507	0.7	471.8	2.5	anchovy spp, yoy				
American sand lance	1,227	0.6	2.0	0	Atlantic herring, yoy				
alewife	1,175	0.6	96.0	0.5	American sand lance (yoy)				
fourspot flounder	1,036	0.5	169.8	0.9					
silver hake	947	0.5	50.0	0.3	Invertebrates				
red hake	897	0.4	59.5	0.3	long-finned squid	24,130	91.4	648.4	30.2
summer flounder	881	0.4	694.4	3.7	horseshoe crab	340	1.3	645.8	30
little skate	709	0.4	390.0	2.1	American lobster	853	3.2	244	11.3
smooth dogfish	588	0.3	2,213.3	11.8	spider crab	.	.	144.1	6.7
striped bass	466	0.2	897.4	4.8	lion's mane jellyfish	641	2.4	89.3	4.2
American shad	422	0.2	28.9	0.2	lady crab	.	.	63.6	3
spotted hake	327	0.2	32.1	0.2	rock crab	.	.	42.4	2
blueback herring	291	0.1	14.6	0.1	common slipper shell	.	.	37	1.7
tautog	163	0.1	285.4	1.5	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	33.8	1.6
spiny dogfish	148	0.1	545.7	2.9	bushy bryozoan	.	.	33.3	1.5
black sea bass	121	0.1	59.5	0.3	starfish spp.	.	.	26.6	1.2
smallmouth flounder	96	0	4.7	0	channeled whelk	127	0.5	26	1.2
clearnose skate	69	0	148.5	0.8	hydroid spp.	.	.	25.7	1.2
Atlantic menhaden	69	0	18.0	0.1	knobbed whelk	39	0.1	11.6	0.5
rough scad	59	0	2.8	0	mantis shrimp	215	0.8	10.7	0.5
fourbeard rockling	47	0	3.9	0	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	9	0.4
winter skate	44	0	108.5	0.6	northern moon snail	.	.	7.2	0.3
hogchoker	39	0	4.5	0	anemones	.	.	5.6	0.3
blue runner	34	0	2.3	0	mixed sponge species	.	.	5.4	0.3
ocean pout	22	0	4.8	0	sea grape	.	.	5.0	0.2
Atlantic sturgeon	18	0	286.6	1.5	boring sponge	.	.	4.2	0.2
cunner	18	0	1.8	0	blue crab	19	0.1	4.1	0.2
pollock	18	0	0.8	0	sand shrimp	.	.	3.8	0.2
Atlantic cod	15	0	1.0	0	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	3.5	0.2
hickory shad	13	0	3.6	0	blue mussel	8	0	3.5	0.2
northern kingfish	7	0	0.4	0	mud crabs	.	.	3.1	0.1
glasseye snapper	6	0	0.6	0	common oyster	1	0	3.1	0.1
Atlantic mackerel	5	0	0.4	0	arks	2	0	2.5	0.1
northern sennet	5	0	0.4	0	surf clam	18	0.1	1.7	0.1
northern puffer	5	0	0.4	0	hard clams	4	0	1.1	0.1
sea raven	5	0	1.7	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.8	0
striped anchovy	5	0	0.4	0	purple sea urchin	4	0	0.8	0
Atlantic silverside	3	0	0.3	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	0.6	0
oyster toadfish	3	0	0.8	0	star coral	.	.	0.2	0
inshore lizardfish	2	0	0.2	0	ghost shrimp	2	0	0.2	0
northern pipefish	2	0	0.2	0	coastal mud shrimp	2	0	0.1	0
rock gunnel	2	0	0.2	0	northern cyclocardia	1	0	0.1	0
longhorn sculpin	2	0	0.3	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
crevalle jack	1	0	0.1	0	sea cucumber	1	0	0.1	0
planehead filefish	1	0	0.1	0	tunicates, misc	1	0	0.1	0
round scad	1	0	0.1	0	Total	26,409		2,148.2	

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2010.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=78.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
American sand lance	13,061	35.3	5.2	0.1	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
scup	7,157	19.3	1,971.6	44.3	long-finned squid	1,906	62.9	161.4	28.4
butterfish	2,894	7.8	166.9	3.7	horseshoe crab	58	1.9	112.2	19.8
windowpane flounder	2,850	7.7	449.3	10.1	American lobster	293	9.7	83.6	14.7
winter flounder	2,579	7.0	450.5	10.1	spider crab	.	.	81.6	14.4
silver hake	1,747	4.7	35.4	0.8	bushy bryozoan	.	.	23.1	4.1
Atlantic herring	1,318	3.6	179.0	4	rock crab	.	.	16.7	2.9
northern searobin	1,128	3	149.5	3.4	starfish spp.	.	.	15.1	2.7
red hake	990	2.7	64.3	1.4	common slipper shell	.	.	11.2	2
spotted hake	665	1.8	15.8	0.4	lion's mane jellyfish	401	13.2	7.8	1.4
summer flounder	517	1.4	229.6	5.2	lady crab	.	.	7.7	1.4
bay anchovy	475	1.3	2.8	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	6.8	1.2
fourspot flounder	402	1.1	92.0	2.1	hydroid spp.	.	.	6.7	1.2
little skate	281	0.8	148.3	3.3	channeled whelk	33	1.1	4.5	0.8
alewife	172	0.5	14.3	0.3	northern moon snail	.	.	4.1	0.7
American shad	165	0.4	8.6	0.2	blue mussel	.	.	3.1	0.5
striped searobin	141	0.4	66.4	1.5	common oyster	.	.	2.9	0.5
blueback herring	101	0.3	3.4	0.1	sea grape	.	.	2.7	0.5
striped bass	71	0.2	173.2	3.9	sand shrimp	.	.	2.3	0.4
tautog	53	0.1	83.1	1.9	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	2.3	0.4
black sea bass	37	0.1	20.1	0.5	blue crab	10	0.3	2.0	0.4
fourbeard rockling	35	0.1	2.9	0.1	arks	.	.	1.6	0.3
hogchoker	34	0.1	4.4	0.1	mud crabs	.	.	1.6	0.3
smallmouth flounder	31	0.1	1.4	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	1.2	0.2
rock gunnel	29	0.1	0.5	0	mantis shrimp	19	0.6	1.1	0.2
Atlantic cod	21	0.1	2.1	0	Unknown Jellyfish	300	9.9	0.8	0.1
winter skate	16	0	37.7	0.8	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	0.5	0.1
cunner	11	0	1.3	0	anemones	5	0.1	0.4	0.1
smooth dogfish	10	0	34.4	0.8	surf clam	2	0.1	0.4	0.1
Atlantic menhaden	7	0	2.7	0.1	knobbed whelk	1	0	0.3	0.1
ocean pout	6	0	1.4	0	mixed sponge species	.	.	0.3	0.1
sea raven	6	0	1.6	0	northern comb jelly	1	0	0.2	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	purple sea urchin	4	0.1	0.2	0
spiny dogfish	3	0	16.2	0.4	boring sponge	.	.	0.1	0
bluefish	2	0	6.1	0.1	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.1	0
hickory shad	2	0	0.4	0	coastal mud shrimp	.	.	0.1	0
pollock	2	0	0.1	0	star coral	.	.	0.1	0
American plaice	1	0	0.1	0	hard clams	.	.	0.1	0
Atlantic silverside	1	0	0.1	0	sea cucumber	.	.	0.1	0
Atlantic sturgeon	1	0	5.6	0.1	Total	3,033		567.0	
clearnose skate	1	0	4.5	0.1	Note: nc= not counted				
longhorn sculpin	1	0	0.4	0					
weakfish	1	0	1.0	0					
Total	37,029		4,455						

Finfish not ranked

- anchovy spp, yoy
- Atlantic herring, yoy
- American sand lance (yoy)

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2011.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=172.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	42,141	36.7	1,600.8	9.9	striped burrfish	1	0	0.5	0
scup	34,458	30.0	6,759.0	41.7	striped anchovy	1	0	0.1	0
American sand lance	9,535	8.3	7.5	0.0	silver perch	1	0	0.1	0
bay anchovy	4,693	4.1	10.5	0.1	oyster toadfish	1	0	0.2	0
winter flounder	3,092	2.7	613.8	3.8	white perch	1	0	0.1	0
windowpane flounder	2,831	2.5	395.9	2.4	white mullet	1	0	0.1	0
bluefish	2,765	2.4	584.7	3.6	yellowtail flounder	1	0	0.3	0
weakfish	2,583	2.3	192.6	1.2	Total	114,706		16,210.3	
striped searobin	1,630	1.4	558.7	3.4					
Atlantic herring	1,482	1.3	199.4	1.2	<u>Finfish not ranked</u>				
fourspot flounder	1,400	1.2	224.2	1.4	anchovy spp, yoy				
summer flounder	1,051	0.9	713.0	4.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
silver hake	948	0.8	40.3	0.2	American sand lance (yoy)				
northern searobin	803	0.7	85.5	0.5					
spotted hake	725	0.6	76.8	0.5	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
little skate	674	0.6	359.4	2.2	horseshoe crab	257	1.7	505.2	33.5
moonfish	640	0.6	6.3	0	long-finned squid	13,020	86.4	370.7	24.6
smooth dogfish	613	0.5	2,031.7	12.5	spider crab	.	.	151.8	10.1
alewife	512	0.4	29.8	0.2	lady crab	.	.	132.4	8.8
red hake	278	0.2	25.1	0.2	American lobster	230	1.5	52.0	3.4
American shad	271	0.2	17.5	0.1	rock crab	.	.	45.5	3.0
striped bass	243	0.2	721.9	4.5	hydroid spp.	.	.	30.5	2.0
Atlantic menhaden	181	0.2	69.8	0.4	mantis shrimp	971	6.4	29.6	2.0
rough scad	150	0.1	6.8	0	bushy bryozoan	.	.	24.9	1.7
hogchoker	147	0.1	16.8	0.1	knobbed whelk	62	0.4	23.8	1.6
Atlantic cod	109	0.1	9.2	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	22.1	1.5
tautog	106	0.1	151.7	0.9	channeled whelk	99	0.7	19.0	1.3
black sea bass	91	0.1	54.2	0.3	starfish spp.	.	.	14.4	1.0
blueback herring	72	0.1	3.2	0	blue crab	69	0.5	12.4	0.8
smallmouth flounder	67	0.1	3.5	0	lion's mane jellyfish	345	2.3	11.3	0.7
spiny dogfish	58	0.1	203.5	1.3	mixed sponge species	.	.	11.0	0.7
clearnose skate	56	0	109.8	0.7	blue mussel	1	0	6.7	0.4
inshore lizardfish	43	0	4.6	0	northern moon snail	.	.	5.6	0.4
fourbeard rockling	43	0	4.0	0	boring sponge	.	.	5.5	0.4
winter skate	37	0	101.2	0.6	hard clams	.	.	5.3	0.4
northern kingfish	34	0	3.7	0	common slipper shell	.	.	5.2	0.3
ocean pout	27	0	4.5	0	sand shrimp	.	.	4.5	0.3
blue runner	24	0	1.7	0	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	3.5	0.2
cunner	14	0	1.9	0	mud crabs	.	.	2.6	0.2
northern puffer	9	0	0.9	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	1.7	0.1
longhorn sculpin	9	0	2.0	0	common oyster	1	0	1.6	0.1
hickory shad	8	0	1.5	0	sea grape	.	.	1.5	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	5	0	181.9	1.1	arks	.	.	1.4	0.1
pollock	5	0	0.5	0	surf clam	7	0	1.0	0.1
spot	5	0	0.7	0	purple sea urchin	3	0	0.6	0
crevalle jack	4	0	0.4	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	0.3	0
grubby	4	0	0.1	0	northern comb jelly	.	.	0.3	0
northern pipefish	4	0	0.3	0	anemones	6	0	0.2	0
rock gunnel	4	0	0.2	0	star coral	.	.	0.2	0
conger eel	3	0	1.1	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
sea raven	3	0	0.9	0	common razor clam	1	0	0.1	0
striped cusk-eel	2	0	0.2	0	ghost shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
Atlantic tomcod	2	0	0.2	0	northern red shrimp	1	0	0.1	0
American plaice	1	0	0.1	0	polychaetes	.	.	0.1	0
Atlantic croaker	1	0	0.2	0	tunicates, misc	.	.	0.1	0
northern sennet	1	0	0.1	0	water jelly	1	0	0.1	0
round scad	1	0	0.1	0	Total	15,076		1,505.0	
rougtail stingray	1	0	13.0	0.1					

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2012.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	60,539	37.9	1,891.3	10.8	longhorn sculpin	1	0	0.2	0
scup	53,119	33.2	6,170.2	35.1	white perch	1	0	0.2	0
silver hake	7,519	4.7	171.0	1.0	white mullet	1	0	0.1	0
weakfish	6,785	4.2	409.2	2.3	Total	159,770		17,570.3	
bluefish	3,851	2.4	532.7	3.0					
northern searobin	3,642	2.3	405.2	2.3	Finfish not ranked				
windowpane flounder	3,536	2.2	501.1	2.9	anchovy spp, yoy				
winter flounder	3,365	2.1	604.9	3.4	Atlantic herring, yoy				
striped searobin	2,973	1.9	1,086.4	6.2	American sand lance (yoy)				
fourspot flounder	2,597	1.6	454.5	2.6					
red hake	1,720	1.1	148.6	0.8	Invertebrates				
little skate	1,406	0.9	657.9	3.7	horseshoe crab	199	1.7	385.8	30.6
bay anchovy	1,296	0.8	8.6	0.0	long-finned squid	9,767	84.5	333.9	26.5
summer flounder	980	0.6	718.5	4.1	spider crab	.	.	162.4	12.9
spot	858	0.5	107.5	0.6	American lobster	349	3.0	70.0	5.6
alewife	708	0.4	47.0	0.3	boring sponge	.	.	47.9	3.8
spotted hake	626	0.4	64.2	0	lady crab	.	.	45.3	3.6
smooth dogfish	610	0.4	1,833.3	10.4	rock crab	.	.	40.7	3.2
Atlantic herring	571	0.4	61.5	0.4	mantis shrimp	846	7.3	26.6	2.1
Atlantic menhaden	426	0.3	144.6	0.8	bushy bryozoan	.	.	20.4	1.6
black sea bass	410	0.3	141.0	0.8	flat claw hermit crab	.	.	18.3	1.5
hogchoker	340	0.2	30.7	0.2	blue crab	72	0.6	14.5	1.2
American shad	321	0.2	25.3	0.1	knobbed whelk	36	0.3	13.8	1.1
clearnose skate	280	0.2	491.7	3	channeled whelk	76	0.7	13.7	1.1
moonfish	262	0.2	3.6	0.0	blue mussel	1	0.0	9.4	0.7
smallmouth flounder	258	0.2	7.5	0.0	common slipper shell	.	.	9.4	0.7
striped bass	170	0.1	278.0	1.6	mixed sponge species	.	.	7.4	0.6
tautog	135	0.1	128.9	0.7	Tubularia, spp.	.	.	5.0	0.4
winter skate	97	0.1	179.8	1	hydroid spp.	.	.	4.8	0.4
northern kingfish	59	0.0	8.4	0	lion's mane jellyfish	50	0.4	4.4	0.3
northern puffer	47	0.0	3.1	0.0	mud crabs	.	.	3.9	0.3
blueback herring	46	0	1.6	0.0	starfish spp.	.	.	3.3	0.3
fourbeard rockling	43	0	3.5	0	northern red shrimp	118	1.0	3.0	0.2
hickory shad	42	0	14.1	0	northern moon snail	.	.	1.8	0.1
blue runner	27	0	2.7	0.0	sand shrimp	.	.	1.7	0.1
cunner	20	0	2.8	0	arks	.	.	1.4	0.1
rough scad	19	0	1.1	0	hard clams	3	0	1.3	0.1
spiny dogfish	16	0	62.8	0	red bearded sponge	.	.	1.2	0.1
ocean pout	14	0	2.0	0	sea grape	.	.	1.1	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	7	0	154.2	1	deadman's fingers sponge	.	.	0.8	0.1
sea raven	5	0	1.1	0	purple sea urchin	7	0	0.8	0
northern sennet	3	0	0.3	0	common oyster	.	.	0.8	0
striped anchovy	3	0	0.2	0.0	surf clam	10	0.1	0.8	0
crevalle jack	2	0	0.2	0	star coral	.	.	0.4	0
goosefish	2	0	0.8	0	rubbery bryozoan	.	.	0.4	0
pinfish	2	0	0.2	0	sea cucumber	3	0	0.4	0
round herring	2	0	0.1	0	tunicates, misc	16	0	0.4	0
American sand lance	2	0	0.2	0	water jelly	4	0	0.3	0
African pompano	1	0	0.1	0	coastal mud shrimp	1	0	0.2	0
conger eel	1	0	0.3	0	northern comb jelly	.	.	0.1	0
gizzard shad	1	0	0.1	0	moon jelly	.	.	0.1	0
northern pipefish	1	0	0.1	0	Total	11,558		1,257.9	
rock gunnel	1	0	0.1	0					
roughtail stingray	1	0	5.0	0					

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2013.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year gadids, bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	29,569	35.4	1,252.5	7.9					
scup	24,961	29.9	5,945.6	37.5					
Atlantic herring	3,566	4.3	321.2	2.0					
striped searobin	2,724	3.3	1,112.5	7.0					
windowpane flounder	2,096	2.5	326.6	2.1					
weakfish	1,964	2.4	203.7	1.3					
northern searobin	1,934	2.3	161.7	1.0					
spot	1,917	2.3	195.4	1.2					
winter flounder	1,912	2.3	576.8	3.6					
bluefish	1,829	2.2	517.7	3.3					
bay anchovy	1,350	1.6	6.8	0.0					
fourspot flounder	1,144	1.4	203.4	1.3					
summer flounder	1,071	1.3	726.6	4.6					
smooth dogfish	1,051	1.3	2,162.3	13.6					
spotted hake	927	1.1	66.8	0.4					
moonfish	868	1.0	10.0	0.1					
red hake	849	1.0	61.1	0.4					
little skate	583	0.7	317.8	2.0					
silver hake	519	0.6	23.6	0.1					
black sea bass	449	0.5	181.2	1.1					
alewife	376	0.5	34.1	0.2					
hogchoker	250	0.3	27.2	0.2					
Atlantic menhaden	234	0.3	87.5	0.6					
American shad	222	0.3	15.3	0.1					
clearnose skate	218	0.3	387.0	2.4					
striped bass	200	0.2	421.0	2.7					
tautog	161	0.2	160.8	1.0					
smallmouth flounder	128	0.2	5.2	0.0					
winter skate	91	0.1	111.2	0.7					
blueback herring	68	0.1	4.3	0.0					
hickory shad	33	0.0	10.8	0.1					
rough scad	28	0.0	1.3	0.0					
red goatfish	21	0.0	0.5	0.0					
spiny dogfish	21	0.0	91.5	0.6					
cunner	20	0.0	1.8	0.0					
northern kingfish	14	0.0	2.3	0.0					
American sand lance	7	0.0	0.1	0.0					
haddock	5	0.0	0.4	0.0					
oyster toadfish	5	0.0	0.9	0.0					
Atlantic sturgeon	4	0.0	98.0	0.6					
Atlantic silverside	3	0.0	0.3	0.0					
northern puffer	3	0.0	0.3	0.0					
fourbeard rockling	3	0.0	0.2	0.0					
bullnose ray	2	0.0	5.7	0.0					
harvestfish	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
northern pipefish	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
conger eel	1	0.0	1.2	0.0					
Atlantic croaker	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
glasseye snapper	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
pollock	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
round scad	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
red cornetfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
longhorn sculpin	1	0.0	0.4	0.0					
striped anchovy	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
northern stargazer	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
Total	83,413		15,843.7						
					Finfish not ranked				
					anchovy spp, (yoy)				
					Atlantic herring, (yoy)				
					American sand lance (yoy)				
					gadid spp, (yoy)				
					Invertebrates				
					blue mussel	3	0.0	622.1	31.9
					horseshoe crab	265	3.4	531.8	27.3
					long-finned squid	5,393	69.6	170.8	8.8
					spider crab	nc		156.5	8.0
					lion's mane jellyfish	1,067	13.8	150.0	7.7
					common slipper shell	nc		61.0	3.1
					American lobster	144	1.9	37.3	1.9
					bushy bryozoan	nc		26.8	1.4
					boring sponge	nc		26.1	1.3
					mantis shrimp	646	8.3	21.6	1.1
					flat claw hermit crab	nc		21.4	1.1
					knobbed whelk	51	0.7	18.7	1.0
					channeled whelk	95	1.2	18.6	1.0
					hydroid spp.	nc		13.2	0.7
					lady crab	nc		13.2	0.7
					rock crab	nc		13.0	0.7
					blue crab	52	0.7	10.4	0.5
					Tubularia, spp.	nc		6.7	0.3
					common oyster	nc		5.3	0.3
					mud crabs	nc		3.5	0.2
					sand shrimp	nc		2.9	0.1
					northern moon snail	nc		2.9	0.1
					surf clam	8	0.1	2.4	0.1
					starfish spp.	1	0.0	2.1	0.1
					sea grape	nc		2.1	0.1
					arks	nc		1.9	0.1
					hard clams	6	0.1	0.9	0.0
					comb jelly spp	nc		0.8	0.0
					red bearded sponge	nc		0.6	0.0
					rubbery bryozoan	nc		0.5	0.0
					purple sea urchin	10	0.1	0.5	0.0
					coastal mud shrimp	4	0.1	0.3	0.0
					deadman's fingers sponge	nc		0.3	0.0
					mixed sponge species	nc		0.3	0.0
					star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
					sea cucumber	2	0.0	0.2	0.0
					fan worm tubes	nc		0.1	0.0
					ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					Japanese shore crab	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					northern red shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					ribbed mussel	nc		0.1	0.0
					Total	7,750		1,947.4	

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2014.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year gadids, bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=199.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
butterfish	69,372	45.3	1,707.6	10.6					
scup	45,705	29.9	5,161.4	31.9					
weakfish	10,477	6.8	334.8	2.1					
bluefish	4,457	2.9	522.7	3.2					
northern searobin	2,584	1.7	225.9	1.4					
striped searobin	2,544	1.7	1,020.8	6.3					
moonfish	2,200	1.4	23.2	0.1					
windowpane flounder	2,191	1.4	365.6	2.3					
Atlantic herring	1,838	1.2	91.2	0.6					
bay anchovy	1,424	0.9	9.4	0.1					
winter flounder	1,372	0.9	459.7	2.8					
black sea bass	1,295	0.8	543.3	3.4					
smooth dogfish	1,197	0.8	2,799.2	17.3					
summer flounder	859	0.6	567.4	3.5					
fourspot flounder	820	0.5	145.0	0.9					
little skate	770	0.5	428.2	2.6					
Atlantic menhaden	723	0.5	267.8	1.7					
alewife	555	0.4	43.2	0.3					
spotted hake	505	0.3	59.5	0.4					
red hake	398	0.3	33.5	0.2					
silver hake	323	0.2	10.6	0.1					
striped bass	255	0.2	407.5	2.5					
hogchoker	246	0.2	27.8	0.2					
tautog	194	0.1	192.5	1.2					
American shad	162	0.1	12.3	0.1					
smallmouth flounder	152	0.1	6.0	0.0					
clearnose skate	104	0.1	207.7	1.3					
winter skate	82	0.1	133.8	0.8					
blueback herring	58	0.0	4.2	0.0					
northern kingfish	51	0.0	3.2	0.0					
hickory shad	30	0.0	10.5	0.1					
inshore lizardfish	30	0.0	2.8	0.0					
spot	20	0.0	1.8	0.0					
spiny dogfish	15	0.0	62.2	0.4					
Atlantic sturgeon	13	0.0	272.4	1.7					
American sand lance	12	0.0	0.2	0.0					
blue runner	10	0.0	0.9	0.0					
northern puffer	10	0.0	1.3	0.0					
striped cusk-eel	6	0.0	0.6	0.0					
Atlantic cod	5	0.0	0.3	0.0					
rough scad	5	0.0	0.5	0.0					
planehead filefish	4	0.0	0.4	0.0					
fourbeard rockling	4	0.0	0.4	0.0					
crevalle jack	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
Atlantic croaker	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
cunner	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
Atlantic mackerel	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
silver perch	2	0.0	0.2	0.0					
oyster toadfish	2	0.0	0.6	0.0					
Atlantic silverside	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
black drum	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
blue spotted cornetfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
lookdown	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
mackerel scad	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
northern pipefish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
round scad	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
red goatfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
banded rudderfish	1	0.0	0.4	0.0					
sea raven	1	0.0	1.5	0.0					
white perch	1	0.0	0.2	0.0					
Total	153,100		16,173.8						
					Finfish not ranked				
					anchovy spp. (yoy)				
					Atlantic herring. (yoy)				
					American sand lance (yoy)				
					gadid spp. (yoy)				
					Invertebrates				
					longfin inshore squid	13,436	86.3	582.3	37.9
					horseshoe crab	261	1.7	497.3	32.4
					spider crab	nc		145.6	9.5
					blue mussel	nc		52.2	3.4
					lion's mane jellyfish	1,262	8.1	48.2	3.1
					American lobster	178	1.1	31.5	2.1
					bushy bryozoan	nc		24.8	1.6
					mixed sponge species	nc		20.6	1.3
					common slipper shell	nc		18.8	1.2
					mantis shrimp	332	2.1	14.4	0.9
					flat claw hermit crab	nc		14.0	0.9
					knobbed whelk	34	0.2	12.3	0.8
					lady crab	nc		9.3	0.6
					sea grape	nc		7.3	0.5
					channeled whelk	29	0.2	5.9	0.4
					hydroid spp.	nc		5.3	0.3
					rock crab	nc		4.8	0.3
					northern moon snail	nc		4.6	0.3
					Tubularia, spp.	nc		4.6	0.3
					boring sponge	nc		4.3	0.3
					sand shrimp	nc		4.1	0.3
					blue crab	18	0.1	3.0	0.2
					arks	nc		2.7	0.2
					mud crabs	nc		2.6	0.2
					starfish spp.	2	0.0	1.6	0.1
					ribbed mussel	nc		1.6	0.1
					comb jelly spp	nc		1.4	0.1
					star coral	nc		0.7	0.0
					purple sea urchin	4	0.0	0.6	0.0
					surf clam	4	0.0	0.5	0.0
					coastal mud shrimp	1	0.0	0.3	0.0
					rubbery bryozoan	nc		0.3	0.0
					tunicates, misc	nc		0.3	0.0
					anemones	5	0.0	0.2	0.0
					brown shrimp	2	0.0	0.2	0.0
					common razor clam	1	0.0	0.2	0.0
					hard clams	nc		0.2	0.0
					common oyster	nc		0.2	0.0
					red bearded sponge	nc		0.1	0.0
					deadman's fingers sponge	nc		0.1	0.0
					ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					water jelly	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
					Total	15,571		1,529.2	

Note: nc= not counted

Appendix 5.4. cont. . Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2015.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year gadids, bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=200.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	80,534	49.3	6,045.5	38.7	round scad	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
butterfish	53,265	32.6	1,011.2	6.5	rock gunnel	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
weakfish	10,077	6.2	530.4	3.4	rougtail stingray	1	0.0	7.8	0.0
striped searobin	2,728	1.7	1,058.2	6.8	short bigeye	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
bluefish	2,650	1.6	324.4	2.1	sea lamprey	1	0.0	1.2	0.0
smooth dogfish	1,438	0.9	2,804.1	17.9	Atlantic thread herring	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
winter flounder	1,340	0.8	319.7	2.0	Total	163,223		15,625	
Atlantic menhaden	1,279	0.8	361.2	2.3	Finfish not ranked				
windowpane flounder	1,150	0.7	191.1	1.2	anchovy spp, (yoy)				
black sea bass	1,109	0.7	678.0	4.3	Atlantic herring, (yoy)				
moonfish	891	0.5	14.6	0.1	American sand lance (yoy)				
summer flounder	808	0.5	449.3	2.9	gadid spp, (yoy)				
northern searobin	805	0.5	133.2	0.9	Invertebrates				
Atlantic herring	630	0.4	71.8	0.5	longfin inshore squid	28,266	97.0	1366.2	69.6
alewife	485	0.3	30.5	0.2	horseshoe crab	159	0.5	288.3	14.7
red hake	480	0.3	44.5	0.3	spider crab	nc		133.3	6.8
bay anchovy	399	0.2	3.1	0.0	common slipper shell	nc		29.8	1.5
little skate	387	0.2	192.0	1.2	American lobster	92	0.3	24.0	1.2
fourspot flounder	386	0.2	76.3	0.5	knobbed whelk	37	0.1	15.7	0.8
tautog	308	0.2	339.7	2.2	bushy bryozoan	nc		10.1	0.5
spotted hake	302	0.2	40.1	0.3	mantis shrimp	187	0.6	9.8	0.5
American shad	275	0.2	24.7	0.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc		8.1	0.4
hogchoker	255	0.2	31.2	0.2	sea grape	1	0.0	7.8	0.4
blueback herring	249	0.2	7.1	0.0	boring sponge	nc		7.6	0.4
striped bass	187	0.1	405.2	2.6	lion's mane jellyfish	347	1.2	6.5	0.3
rough scad	144	0.1	7.1	0.0	mixed sponge species	nc		6.3	0.3
clearnose skate	131	0.1	225.0	1.4	channeled whelk	26	0.1	5.8	0.3
silver hake	100	0.1	6.5	0.0	blue crab	22	0.1	4.7	0.2
northern kingfish	97	0.1	7.1	0.0	blue mussel	nc		4.2	0.2
smallmouth flounder	73	0.0	3.6	0.0	northern moon snail	1	0.0	4.0	0.2
blue runner	68	0.0	6.7	0.0	hydroid spp.	nc		3.9	0.2
winter skate	30	0.0	51.8	0.3	rock crab	nc		3.8	0.2
fourbeard rockling	20	0.0	2.0	0.0	sand shrimp	nc		3.7	0.2
spiny dogfish	19	0.0	80.8	0.5	mud crabs	nc		2.9	0.1
red cornetfish	14	0.0	0.6	0.0	starfish spp.	nc		2.5	0.1
spot	14	0.0	1.7	0.0	lady crab	nc		2.4	0.1
cunner	13	0.0	1.8	0.0	arks	nc		1.5	0.1
hickory shad	12	0.0	5.5	0.0	common oyster	nc		0.8	0.0
northern puffer	11	0.0	0.8	0.0	rubbery bryozoan	nc		0.7	0.0
Atlantic croaker	6	0.0	1.5	0.0	Tubularia, spp.	nc		0.5	0.0
Atlantic silverside	5	0.0	0.4	0.0	coastal mud shrimp	2	0.0	0.4	0.0
Atlantic cod	5	0.0	4.7	0.0	surf clam	2	0.0	0.4	0.0
crevalle jack	4	0.0	0.4	0.0	red bearded sponge	nc		0.3	0.0
Atlantic mackerel	4	0.0	0.4	0.0	deadman's fingers sponge	nc		0.3	0.0
American sand lance	4	0.0	0.1	0.0	fan worm tubes	nc		0.3	0.0
bigeye scad	3	0.0	0.3	0.0	hard clams	1	0.0	0.3	0.0
planehead filefish	2	0.0	0.2	0.0	polychaetes	nc		0.3	0.0
glasseye snapper	2	0.0	0.1	0.0	brown shrimp	2	0.0	0.2	0.0
goosefish	2	0.0	0.1	0.0	comb jelly spp	nc		0.2	0.0
ocean pout	2	0.0	0.5	0.0	star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
northern pipefish	2	0.0	0.2	0.0	ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.2	0.0
longhorn sculpin	2	0.0	0.7	0.0	purple sea urchin	2	0.0	0.2	0.0
striped anchovy	2	0.0	0.1	0.0	anemones	nc		0.1	0.0
oyster toadfish	2	0.0	0.9	0.0	sand dollar	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
yellowtail flounder	2	0.0	0.7	0.0	common razor clam	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Atlantic sturgeon	1	0.0	15.8	0.1	tunicates, misc	nc		0.1	0.0
bigeye	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	Total	29,150		1,958.6	
conger eel	1	0.0	0.3	0.0	Note: nc= not counted				
mahogany snapper	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
round herring	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					

Appendix 5.4. cont. . Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2016.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year gadids, bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=196.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	175,632	63.4	16,006.2	56.2					
butterfish	65,596	23.7	2,036.1	7.1					
striped searobin	5,886	2.1	1,964.4	6.9	Finfish not ranked				
weakfish	4,689	1.7	297.6	1.0	anchovy spp, (yoy)				
northern searobin	3,178	1.1	452.1	1.6	Atlantic herring, (yoy)				
alewife	2,811	1.0	132.0	0.5	American sand lance (yoy)				
bluefish	2,793	1.0	1,118.7	3.9	gadid spp, (yoy)				
spotted hake	2,456	0.9	113.8	0.4	Invertebrates				
windowpane flounder	1,593	0.6	154.7	0.5	longfin inshore squid	12,424	94.1	464.4	41.1
smooth dogfish	1,338	0.5	2,785.6	9.8	horseshoe crab	164	1.2	315.5	28.0
bay anchovy	1,239	0.4	8.7	0.0	spider crab	nc		140.6	12.5
black sea bass	1,181	0.4	823.4	2.9	lion's mane jellyfish	221	1.7	72.1	6.4
winter flounder	1,108	0.4	261.0	0.9	American lobster	74	0.6	25.2	2.2
fourspot flounder	1,056	0.4	175.3	0.6	common slipper shell	nc		19.2	1.7
American shad	944	0.3	46.2	0.2	bushy bryozoan	nc		11.2	1.0
silver hake	891	0.3	32.9	0.1	mantis shrimp	206	1.6	9.5	0.8
Atlantic menhaden	876	0.3	69.4	0.2	knobbed whelk	23	0.2	8.8	0.8
red hake	668	0.2	50.3	0.2	flat claw hermit crab	nc		8.7	0.8
summer flounder	462	0.2	386.4	1.4	boring sponge	nc		7.4	0.7
blueback herring	448	0.2	12.2	0.0	rock crab	nc		6.8	0.6
little skate	377	0.1	193.1	0.7	channeled whelk	29	0.2	6.0	0.5
hogchoker	354	0.1	41.8	0.1	hydroid spp.	nc		5.9	0.5
Atlantic herring	340	0.1	37.1	0.1	blue crab	20	0.1	5.0	0.4
tautog	306	0.1	288.5	1.0	hard clams	22	0.2	3.2	0.3
moonfish	265	0.1	5.2	0.0	mud crabs	nc		2.5	0.2
striped bass	167	0.1	261.9	0.9	mixed sponge species	nc		1.9	0.2
smallmouth flounder	148	0.1	4.2	0.0	sand shrimp	nc		1.8	0.2
clearnose skate	134	0.0	228.7	0.8	lady crab	nc		1.7	0.2
goosefish	70	0.0	23.3	0.1	Tubularia, spp.	nc		1.5	0.1
northern kingfish	31	0.0	4.8	0.0	northern moon snail	nc		1.3	0.1
hickory shad	18	0.0	4.2	0.0	arks	3	0.0	1.3	0.1
winter skate	17	0.0	31.6	0.1	starfish spp.	1	0.0	0.9	0.1
blue runner	15	0.0	1.5	0.0	blue mussel	1	0.0	0.8	0.1
Atlantic sturgeon	12	0.0	318.3	1.1	common oyster	5	0.0	0.6	0.1
spot	12	0.0	1.7	0.0	surf clam	1	0.0	0.5	0.0
spiny dogfish	9	0.0	43.6	0.2	comb jelly spp	nc		0.2	0.0
striped anchovy	8	0.0	0.5	0.0	star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
northern puffer	5	0.0	0.9	0.0	ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.2	0.0
cunner	4	0.0	0.5	0.0	anemones	nc		0.1	0.0
inshore lizardfish	4	0.0	0.3	0.0	bobtail squid	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
oyster toadfish	4	0.0	1.7	0.0	red bearded sponge	nc		0.1	0.0
Atlantic silverside	3	0.0	0.3	0.0	common razor clam	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
fourbeard rockling	3	0.0	0.3	0.0	Japanese shore crab	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
striped cusk-eel	3	0.0	0.1	0.0	polychaetes	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
northern sennet	2	0.0	0.2	0.0	tunicates, misc	nc		0.1	0.0
bluntnose stingray	1	0.0	0.6	0.0	purple sea urchin	nc		0.1	0.0
Atlantic cod	1	0.0	4.9	0.0	water jelly	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
crevalle jack	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	Total	13,200		1,125.8	
haddock	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	Note: nc= not counted				
pinfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
pollock	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
rougthead stingray	1	0.0	45.4	0.2					
rough scad	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
sea raven	1	0.0	0.2	0.0					
sand tiger shark	1	0.0	21.8	0.1					
Total	277,166		28,495						

Appendix 5.4. cont. . Total number and weight (kg) of finfish and invertebrates caught in 2017.

Finfish species are in order of descending count. Invertebrate species are in order of descending weight (nc = not counted). Young-of-year gadids, bay and striped anchovy are neither separated by species or quantified; young-of-year Atlantic herring and American sand lance are not quantified. Number of tows (sample size)=144.

species	count	%	weight	%	species	count	%	weight	%
scup	75,763	56.4	9,616.8	51.4					
butterfish	35,814	26.7	1,426.0	7.6	<u>Finfish not ranked</u>				
weakfish	5,904	4.4	311.2	1.7	anchovy spp, (yoy)				
striped searobin	3,942	2.9	1,400.0	7.5	Atlantic herring, (yoy)				
bluefish	2,408	1.8	263.6	1.4	American sand lance (yoy)				
smooth dogfish	1,624	1.2	3,391.3	18.1	gadid spp, (yoy)				
northern searobin	1,430	1.1	196.2	1.0					
spotted hake	1,253	0.9	111.2	0.6	<u>Invertebrates</u>				
bay anchovy	1,069	0.8	7.7	0.0	longfin inshore squid	14,186	96.5	584.5	54.5
black sea bass	980	0.7	714.8	3.8	horseshoe crab	112	0.8	224.4	20.9
windowpane flounder	974	0.7	127.1	0.7	spider crab	nc		129.4	12.1
hogchoker	391	0.3	50.1	0.3	boring sponge	nc		46.9	4.4
fourspot flounder	366	0.3	67.9	0.4	common slipper shell	nc		20.8	1.9
summer flounder	354	0.3	244.0	1.3	bushy bryozoan	nc		12.1	1.1
silver hake	309	0.2	12.3	0.1	flat claw hermit crab	nc		8.3	0.8
moonfish	273	0.2	4.2	0.0	knobbed whelk	36	0.2	7.3	0.7
Atlantic menhaden	239	0.2	72.2	0.4	mantis shrimp	173	1.2	7.3	0.7
American shad	230	0.2	21.0	0.1	blue crab	18	0.1	4.1	0.4
red hake	152	0.1	11.9	0.1	American lobster	12	0.1	4.0	0.4
spot	114	0.1	10.5	0.1	lion's mane jellyfish	102	0.7	3.7	0.3
little skate	113	0.1	63.0	0.3	lady crab	nc		3.5	0.3
winter flounder	112	0.1	27.7	0.1	blue mussel	nc		2.7	0.3
blueback herring	89	0.1	3.5	0.0	channeled whelk	18	0.1	2.4	0.2
tautog	77	0.1	99.0	0.5	sand shrimp	nc		1.6	0.1
clearnose skate	73	0.1	147.1	0.8	hard clams	5	0.0	1.2	0.1
striped bass	73	0.1	186.8	1.0	comb jelly spp	24	0.2	1.2	0.1
smallmouth flounder	44	0.0	2.0	0.0	hydroid spp.	nc		1.1	0.1
alewife	38	0.0	2.0	0.0	arks	6	0.0	1.1	0.1
winter skate	19	0.0	34.1	0.2	mud crabs	nc		1.1	0.1
northern kingfish	11	0.0	2.3	0.0	northern moon snail	nc		1.0	0.1
Atlantic herring	10	0.0	1.1	0.0	rock crab	nc		0.8	0.1
American sand lance	7	0.0	0.1	0.0	surf clam	10	0.1	0.8	0.1
rough scad	7	0.0	0.6	0.0	red bearded sponge	nc		0.5	0.0
Atlantic cod	4	0.0	0.1	0.0	purple sea urchin	3	0.0	0.4	0.0
cunner	4	0.0	0.5	0.0	star coral	nc		0.2	0.0
hickory shad	4	0.0	1.3	0.0	anemones	nc		0.1	0.0
northern puffer	4	0.0	0.7	0.0	ghost shrimp	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Atlantic mackerel	3	0.0	1.3	0.0	jingle shell clams	1	0.0	0.1	0.0
spiny dogfish	3	0.0	15.6	0.1	common oyster	nc		0.1	0.0
black drum	2	0.0	0.2	0.0	mixed sponge species	nc		0.1	0.0
Atlantic sturgeon	1	0.0	60.9	0.3	Total	14,707		1,072.9	
blue runner	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	Note: nc= not counted				
bigeye	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
crevalle jack	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
glasseye snapper	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
inshore lizardfish	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
naked goby	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
Spanish mackerel	1	0.0	0.1	0.0					
oyster toadfish	1	0.0	0.3	0.0					
Total	134,295		18,710.9						

Appendix 5.5: Endangered Species Interactions: One (1) Atlantic sturgeon was captured on one (1) of the 144 tows completed in 2017; a lower encounter rate (0.69%) than average for the LISTS time series of tows (2.3%). The capture occurred at a site off the North shore of Long Island in 60-90' of water over mud bottom, and was reported to NMFS within 24 hours. The fish was released alive and uninjured. Details are provided below:

Sample	Date	Site	Tow Start	Duration (min)	Species	Total Length	Fork Length	Weight (kg)	Left Pec T-bar	Dorsal T-bar	PIT	Tissue Sample	Photo	Release time	Release lat (N)	Release lon (W)
FA2017013	9/25/2017	59-24	11:15	30	ATS	2,275	2,020	*			ADDED	YES	YES	12:10	40.9903	72.7898
* fish was too large to weigh																

Appendix 5.6: Cold and warm temperate species captured in LISTS. Thirty-three (33) species are included in the cold temperate group, while thirty-four (34) species are included in the warm temperate group. Cold temperate species are defined as being more abundant north of Cape Cod, MA than south of New York, behaviorally adapted to cold temperatures including subfreezing but prefers ~3-15⁰C, and spawns at lower end of temperature tolerance. Warm temperate species are defined as being more abundant south of New York than north of Cape Cod, MA, behaviorally avoids temperatures < 7-10⁰C; prefers ~11-22⁰C, and spawns at higher end of temperature tolerance.

Cold Temperate Group		Warm Temperate Group	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
alewife	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>	American eel	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>
American plaice	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>	American shad	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>
Atlantic herring	<i>Clupea harengus</i>	Atlantic bonito	<i>Sarda sarda</i>
Atlantic cod	<i>Gadus morhua</i>	Atlantic croaker	<i>Micropogonias undulates</i>
Atlantic mackerel	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>	Atlantic silversides	<i>Menidia menidia</i>
Atlantic salmon	<i>Salmo salar</i>	black seabass	<i>Centropristis striata</i>
Atlantic seasnail	<i>Liparis atlanticus</i>	blueback herring	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>
Atlantic sturgeon	<i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	bluefish	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Atlantic tomcod	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>	butterfish	<i>Peprilus triacanthus</i>
bamdoor skate	<i>Dipturus laevis</i>	clearnose skate	<i>Raja eglanteria</i>
cunner	<i>Tautoglabrus adspersus</i>	conger eel	<i>Conger oceanicus</i>
fawn cusk-eel	<i>Lepophidium profundorum</i>	gizzard shad	<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>
fourspot flounder	<i>Hippoglossina oblonga</i>	hickory shad	<i>Alosa mediocris</i>
grubby	<i>Myoxocephalus aeneus</i>	hogchoker	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>
haddock	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>	lined seahorse	<i>Hippocampus erectus</i>
little skate	<i>Leucoraja erinacea</i>	menhaden	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>
longhorn sculpin	<i>Myoxocephalus octodecemspinosus</i>	naked goby	<i>Gobiosoma bosc</i>
lumpfish	<i>Cyclopterus lumpus</i>	northern kingfish	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>
monkfish (goosefish)	<i>Lophius americanus</i>	northern puffer	<i>Sphaeroides maculatus</i>
northern pipefish	<i>Syngnathus fuscus</i>	northern searobin	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>
ocean pout	<i>Zoarces americanus</i>	oyster toadfish	<i>Opsanus tau</i>
pollock	<i>Pollachius virens</i>	scup (porgy)	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>
rainbow smelt	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>	sea lamprey	<i>Petromyzon marinus</i>
red hake	<i>Urophycis chuss</i>	smallmouth flounder	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>
rock gunnel	<i>Pholis gunnellus</i>	smooth dogfish	<i>Mustelus canis</i>
rockling	<i>Enchelyopus cimbrius</i>	spot	<i>Leiostomus xanthurus</i>
searaven	<i>Hemitripterus americanus</i>	spotted hake	<i>Urophycis regia</i>
spiny dogfish	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>	striped bass	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>
whiting (silver hake)	<i>Merluccius bilinearis</i>	striped cusk-eel	<i>Ophidion marginatum</i>
windowpane	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>	striped searobin	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>
winter flounder	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>	summer flounder	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>
winter skate	<i>Leucoraja ocellata</i>	tautog (blackfish)	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>
yellowtail flounder	<i>Limanda ferruginea</i>	white perch	<i>Morone Americana</i>
		weakfish	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>

JOB 6: STUDIES IN CONSERVATION ENGINEERING

JOB 6: STUDIES IN CONSERVATION ENGINEERING

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JOB 6: STUDIES IN CONSERVATION ENGINEERING

GOAL

Evaluate new technologies and methodologies for potential inclusion in the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey or other Surveys of this Project.

OBJECTIVES

- 1) *Characterize catch composition and selectivity patterns using different gear combinations for Connecticut's marine fishery-independent monitoring surveys. Particular emphasis will be placed on evaluating modern trawl net design/materials and door combinations for potential use on the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey.*
- 2) *Evaluate impacts of gear changes on associated thirty-year time series data which are used in numerous coastal stock assessments, management decisions, essential fish habitat analysis and climate change studies.*
- 3) *Assess electronic data acquisition systems for fisheries research for potential benefits of modernizing the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey or other Surveys of this Project.*
- 4) *Assess new software applications to integrate the components of an onboard electronic data acquisition system with a computerized database for data collection and QA/QC for the Long Island Sound Trawl Survey or other Surveys of this Project.*

INTRODUCTION

Work during this segment focused on Objectives 3 and 4, however future segments may focus on other Objectives.

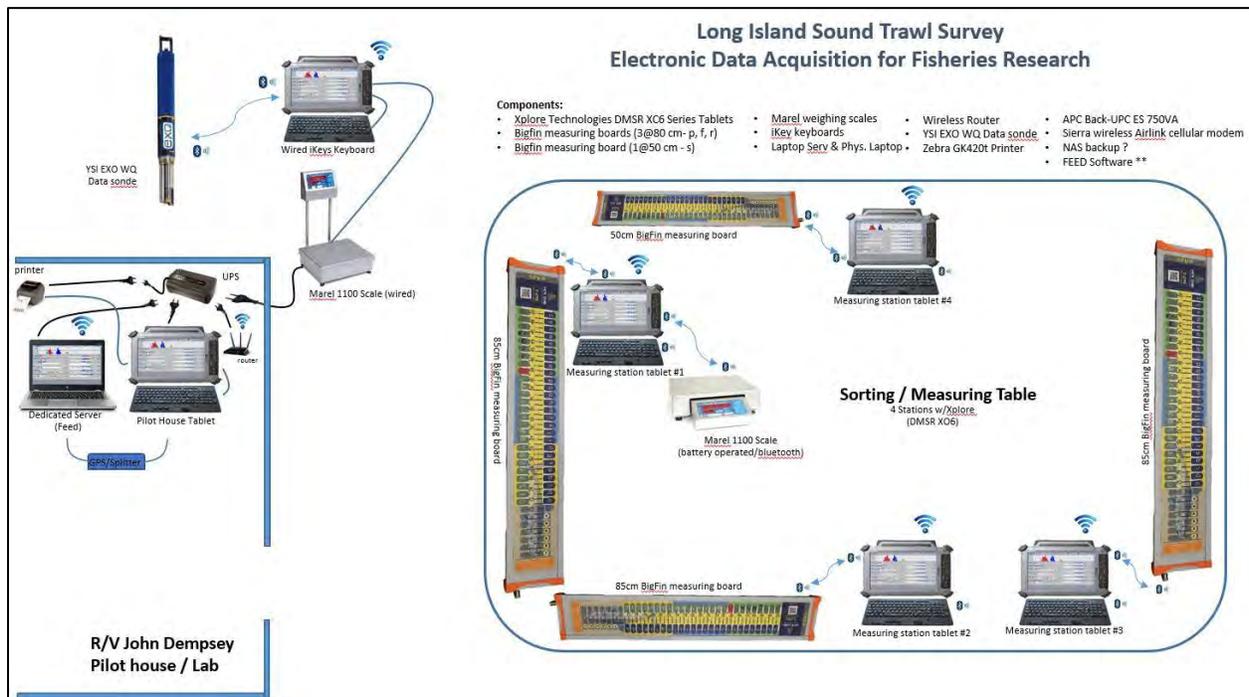
Long Island Sound Trawl Survey (LISTS) staff are attempting to upgrade the data collection processes that have been in place since the inception of the survey 33 years ago. Although paper and pencil for recording data on research vessels has worked well for LISTS for decades, a number of similar fish surveys along the coast have been using electronic data acquisition hardware and software successfully for quite some time. Some surveys, notably the Northeast Federal bottom trawl surveys, have been mostly digital for over a decade now. Recent improvements in software and hardware are making a digital onboard system more realistic for the LISTS. Project staff canvassed staff from other surveys and investigated the components that would be required to configure a mostly wireless data collection system for the 50' R/V John Dempsey that would likely include an onboard computer network of electronic scales, measuring boards and mobile devices. Although electronic fisheries data acquisition systems can be expensive, they typically improve the accuracy and efficiency of fisheries independent surveys by streamlining sampling procedures and decreasing transcription errors at sea, as well as decreasing or eliminating data entry and key punch errors and QA/QC procedures in the office. All of these improvements result in better quality data being available more quickly for fisheries management decisions.

METHODS

Two main aspects of LISTS make it difficult for LISTS to mimic the setup on the other Surveys. The first issue is the smaller vessel with much less deck space available to LISTS compared to other surveys. Other surveys have enough deck space to accommodate metal tables with windshields affixed to the deck while still having deck space to spill the codend and sort the catch. For LISTS, the sorting table becomes the measuring table once sorting is completed, so measuring workstations cannot be left set up on deck in between tows. Thus, any components for measuring stations need to be easily set up and taken down multiple times each day.

The second main issue for LISTS is that all of the gear has to be removed from the research vessel so gear for the Long Island Sound Ambient Water Quality Monitoring Program (Job 10) can be loaded. This means that, even if measuring stations could be affixed to the deck for the trawl survey, they would need to be removed for the water survey. This unloading/loading of gear occurs at least ten times each year and frequently there is only a few hours available to complete the transition.

The other large-scale trawl surveys that were canvassed about their electronic data acquisition systems were primarily set up with hardwired components on semi-permanent workstations. LISTS' need to be able to easily and quickly set up and remove components for electronic measuring stations means components need to be wireless and/or Bluetooth capable as much as possible.



Schematic of how the components of an electronic data acquisition system might be situated on the R/V John Dempsey.

RESULTS

After designing and fabricating temporary mounting brackets for a limited number of tablets, keyboards and measuring boards, the LISTS project staff began to field test the new electronic system. LISTS project staff was satisfied with the electronic system for standard species processing on board (such as, species counts, weights and lengths). However more attention needs to be given to the non-standard species processing (such as subsampling and ageing protocols) in addition to post processing procedures prior to full implementation. At this point, the LISTS project staff is comfortable switching to the new electronic data acquisition system as the primary method for standard species processing during the next project segment. LISTS also relied fully on the new YSI EXO water quality Data Sonde for this segment and anticipates doing the same for the next segment.

There is still a significant amount of work to be done before there is a complete new system in place. Custom brackets for the measuring boards need to be designed and fabricated and pilot house storage for the electronic system needs to be addressed, as well.

The customized software application is still being developed to coordinate all of the electronic components and incorporate LISTS protocols for data collected from each sample, data storage and quality assurance. Information on current LISTS protocols for sampling, sub-sampling, recording data at sea, data entry, and database management (including data dictionary and error checking procedures) have been shared with the contractor who is developing a custom FEED application for LISTS. The software developer has been quite responsive to requests for changes to the applications and development is moving along well. During this project segment, LISTS received thirteen application updates from the contractor.

MODIFICATIONS

Due to the nature of evaluating new technologies, it is not known ahead of time which ideas will be implemented. Therefore, the specific Objectives of this Job are likely to change over time. In the next segment of the Project, we expect to implement portions of the new electronic data acquisition system in lieu of paper field notes for the majority of data collected during standard LISTS operations. There will continue to be beta testing of new hardware and software components as they become available. As this occurs, long-standing protocols for data collection and processing may need to be modified.

JOB 8: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY

JOB 8: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY

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Beach seining with 25' bag seine.

JOB 8: ESTUARINE SEINE SURVEY

GOAL

To monitor the abundance and size composition of near-shore young-of-year and forage fish resources, with physical habitat parameters, in order to evaluate the effects of fishing and environmental conditions on the distribution and abundance of marine resources in Long Island Sound.

OBJECTIVES

- 1) *Provide an annual index of recruitment for winter flounder (Age0, 1+), all finfish species taken, and all crab species.*
- 2) *Provide an annual total count for all finfish taken.*
- 3) *Provide an index for shallow subtidal forage species abundance.*

METHODS

Eight sites (Figure 8.1) are sampled during September using an eight-meter (25 ft.) bag seine with 6.4mm (0.25 in.) bar mesh. Area swept is standardized to 4.6 m (15 ft.), width by means of a taut spreader rope and a 30m (98 ft.), measured distance, parallel to, or at a 45° angle to the shoreline, against the current or tide if present. At each site, six seine hauls are taken within two hours before and after low slack tide during daylight hours. All sites have been sampled since 1988 except Milford which was added in 1990.

Finfish, crabs, and other invertebrates taken in each sample are identified to species or lowest practical taxon (full listing given in Appendix 8.1, 8.2) and counted. One exception is inland silverside, which are not separated from Atlantic silverside because they are rare and difficult to identify. Qualitative counts were used for menhaden when abundant ($n > 1000$) to minimize discard mortality. Winter flounder are measured to total length (mm), and classified as young-of-year (YOY) if less than 12 cm and age 1+ if 12cm or larger. The age of flounder near this size was verified in 1990-1992 by examination of the sagittal otolith. Physical data recorded at each seine location included water temperature and salinity at one-meter depth. The geometric (retransformed natural log) mean catch per standard haul is calculated for total finfish catch and individually for the 22 most abundant species, with separate indices for young-of-year (YOY) and winter flounder age 1 and older. Winter flounder YOY catch is also reported for each site. Confidence intervals (95%) for each geometric mean are retransformations of the corresponding log intervals. Frequency of occurrence is given as a percentage of all samples taken each year.

Diversity in the catch, or species richness, was computed for finfish species captured in the Survey over the time series. Species were divided into three groups based on their temperature preferences and seasonal spawning habits as documented in the literature. Criteria used to assign species into a cold temperate group, warm temperate group, or subtropical group are listed in Job 5.

RESULTS

A total of 48 seine hauls were taken in 2017 at eight sites, yielding a total catch of 8,881 fish of 28 species and 11,234 invertebrates of 12 species. Geometric mean catch of all finfish (fish/haul) was 185, well above the 30-year time series median (eighth highest) of 145 fish/haul (Figure 8.2). Although total catch varies considerably from year to year, the increasing trend is significant ($df=29$, $r^2=0.11$, $p=0.048$). Dominant species contributing to this increase include young-of-year (YOY) black sea bass, tautog, scup (porgy), northern kingfish, menhaden and a resurgence of five forage species.

Geometric means were calculated for 22 species commonly captured since the survey began in 1988 (Table 8.1). The most frequently caught species was Atlantic silverside, which occurred in all samples, followed by striped killifish, menhaden, mummichog, sheepshead minnow, black sea bass, scup, northern kingfish, tautog, and YOY winter flounder (Table 8.2). This rank order has changed from previous years, with a notable increase in forage fish species and winter flounder YOY in 2017 (Figure 8.3).

Scup, black sea bass and northern kingfish occurrence and abundance increased well above the 29 year time series average in 2016 and 2017 (Tables 8.1 and 8.2). Occurrence of tautog, cunner and sheepshead minnow also ranked high in the time series. Windowpane flounder was again absent in 2017 after re-occurring at low abundance in 2011 and 2014, but absent in 2009-10, 2012-13, and 2015-16 (Table 8.1).

Relative Abundance of Juvenile Winter Flounder and Tautog

The 2017 index of YOY winter flounder (1.03 fish/haul) is 40% greater than the 2016 index and continues a modest increase from the lowest abundance recorded in 2013 (Table 8.3, Figure 8.3). The time series has a significant negative trend ($r^2=0.36$, $p<0.001$, $df=29$), and indicates that a relatively strong year class has not been produced since 1996 (Table 8.1, Figure 8.3). As in previous years, highest abundance was seen at eastern sites (Groton, Waterford) and Greenwich. One (Bridgeport) of the eight sites had no catch (Table 8.3) and the frequency of occurrence of this species is decreased over the time series (Figure 8.3) indicating that juvenile production has contracted in several areas of the Sound. Mean length of YOY winter flounder captured at all sites in 2017 was 58mm and shows no trend over the 30-year time series, ranging from 47.3 to 71.1mm.

The 2017 index of YOY tautog (1.3 fish/haul) was above the series average of 1.0 tautog /haul, a decrease from 2014, 2015 which was the highest abundance in the time series (Table 8.1, Figure 8.4). Overall, the time series has a significant increasing trend ($r^2=0.25$, $p=0.004$, $df=29$). Relatively abundant year classes have been produced in 1998-99, 2002-04, 2007-08, 2012 and 2014-15, 2017. The frequency of occurrence of this species has also increased over the time series (Figure 8.4) indicating that juvenile production and survival is improving in several areas of the Sound.

Presence of Other Important Recreational Finfish

YOY scup and black seabass are recent additions to the seine survey (Table 8.1, Figures 8.5 and 8.6). Scup occurred in 1999 but the highest relative abundance has been in the last four years of the time series. In 2015, 2017 the species was present in record numbers and the 2016 index (1.3 fish/haul) is still above the time series mean (0.8 fish/haul).

YOY black sea bass first appeared in Survey catches in 1991 and every year since 1998, reaching their record highest abundance in 2015 (2.8 fish/haul). The 2016 index (5.8 fish/haul) is third highest behind 2014 and 2015. The 2017 index was 3.2 fish/haul, the sixth highest in the times series and slightly lower than 2016 index of abundance.

YOY bluefish show a pattern similar to black seabass, first appearing in the catch in 1991 and almost consistently since 1998. Their abundance increased dramatically in 2014 and 2015, returning to abundance near the time series mean (0.26 fish/haul) in 2016 (Table 8.4). No juvenile bluefish (snappers) were captured in 2017, making it the eighth time in the 30-year time series that no snappers were seen.

Relative Abundance of Forage Species

Seine survey catches are numerically dominated by forage species, defined here as short-lived, highly fecund species that spend the majority of their life cycle inshore where they are common food items for piscivorous fish. An index of forage fish abundance was generated using the catch of four of the most common forage species caught: Atlantic silverside, striped killifish, mummichog, and sheepshead minnow (Figure 8.7). The 2017 index (107 fish /haul), above the series average of (100 fish/haul) for the time series, increasing from 2016 (99 fish/haul) and decreasing from the 2015 index which was the second highest in the time series.

Although numerically driven by the abundance of silverside, all four forage fish species increased in abundance and occurrence in 2015-2017 and were at or above their time series mean. Over the 30 year time series, the forage index has shown considerable variability, common for short-lived forage species, with no significant trend (r^2 0.06, $p=0.12$, Figure 8.7).

Relative Abundance of Invertebrate Species

A total of 11,239 invertebrates of 12 species or taxon groups were captured in 2017 (Table 8.6, Appendix 8.2), a total similar to 2016. Five crab species were present in the seine hauls, along with two shrimp species, one gastropod and bivalve. Mud snail, comb jellyfish, shore shrimp, hermit crab, sand shrimp, and green crab were the most abundant and at greater than 50% occurrence (Table 8.3).

Eleven blue crabs were captured in 2017. Blue crabs were captured at Groton, Waterford, Clinton and Milford sites but continued at relatively low abundance in 2016, 2017 (n=11 crabs) down from a time series high in 2009 (n=333 crabs). No Asian shore crabs were captured in 2017. The Asian shore crab re-appeared in 2015, with only one captured at the Old Lyme site. The shore shrimp returned to moderate abundance in 2016, 2017, after increasing substantially in 2014-15, while sand shrimp decreased significantly (Table 8.3). Spider crab abundance has also increased nearly ten-fold since 2011 compared to earlier years, with the highest catch in 2017.

MODIFICATIONS

None.

Beach seining with 25' bag seine at the Old Lyme site.



Table 8.1: Geometric mean catch of finfish species commonly captured in seine samples, 1988-2017.

See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

Species	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
alewife	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
American sand lance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American shad	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Atlantic menhaden	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	1.0	8.2
Atlantic silverside	68.2	31.6	45.0	88.5	51.2	42.7	37.7	27.0	17.7	23.1	74.3	102.5	99.7	36.1	80.1	113.6
Atlantic tomcod	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
black sea bass	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.2
blueback herring	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
bluefish	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
cunner	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
fourspine stickleback	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
grubby	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5
inshore lizardfish	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
mummichog	2.8	1.6	1.1	1.9	1.6	3.7	3.3	0.7	1.2	0.5	2.0	0.8	3.2	1.4	3.4	2.9
naked goby	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
northern kingfish	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2
northern pipefish	0.7	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.5	1.0	0.4	2.1	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.3
northern puffer	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.7
rainbow smelt	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
scup	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.6
sheepshead minnow	0.8	1.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.7
smallmouth flounder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
striped bass	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
striped killifish	11.9	7.9	5.9	4.2	3.1	4.9	5.1	3.9	2.0	1.5	7.2	4.5	8.6	7.5	14.5	14.9
striped searobin	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.9	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.7
summer flounder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
tautog	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.9	1.3	0.5	0.6	1.5	1.1
weakfish	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
windowpane flounder	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
winter flounder-age 1+	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
winter flounder YOY	15.4	1.7	2.9	5.2	11.9	5.7	14.2	10.1	19.2	7.5	9.2	8.7	4.3	1.3	3.1	8.1

Table 8.1 continued: Geometric mean catch of finfish species commonly captured in seine samples, 1988-2017.

See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
alewife	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
American sand lance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
American shad	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.137	0	0
Atlantic menhaden	0.415	0.212	0.403	0.593	0.067	0.305	0.029	0.082	0.029	0.084	1.195	9.935	0.404	0.548
Atlantic silverside	85.069	81.321	37.679	74.852	57.458	66.844	96.866	66.481	44.983	34.952	64.755	114.54	73.042	75.858
Atlantic tomcod	0.015	0.029	0	0	0.015	0	0	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0
black sea bass	0.441	0.137	0.501	0.628	0.262	1.096	0.367	3.18	5.249	3.666	10.812	16.315	5.757	3.173
blueback herring	0	0	0	0.049	0	0	0.029	0	0.015	0	0	0.053	0	0
bluefish	0.19	0.059	0.172	0	0.044	0.336	0.015	0.2	0.431	0.146	0.794	3.423	0.343	0
cunner	0.483	0.292	0.136	0.472	0.1	0.236	0.136	0.029	0.386	0.015	0.53	0.091	0	0.221
fourspine stickleback	0.049	0	0.023	0	0	0.047	0	0.029	0	0	0.145	0	0.029	0.044
grubby	1.257	0.839	0.348	0.274	0.195	0.456	0.282	0.657	0.23	0.236	0.22	0.162	0.015	0.298
inshore lizardfish	0.044	0	1.948	0.173	0.275	0.21	0.122	0.159	0.225	0.132	1.648	0.409	0	0.372
mumichog	2.277	1.536	2.483	7.263	2.926	3.76	1.748	3.138	1.603	0.869	4.976	5.302	2.197	3.291
naked goby	0.029	0	0.122	0	0.023	0	0	0.023	0.059	0.053	0.078	0.038	0.015	0.062
northern kingfish	0.317	0.113	0.015	0.015	0.243	0.299	0.54	0.23	0.52	0.684	1.079	0.956	0.103	0.766
northern pipefish	0.741	0.53	0.624	0.816	0.745	1.863	0.587	1.099	1.379	1.713	2.604	1.986	0.501	0.81
northern puffer	0.675	0.541	0.372	1.236	0.245	0.343	0.4	0.352	0.891	1.086	1.078	1.393	0.22	0.227
rainbow smelt	0.204	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scup	0.242	0.885	0.059	0.987	0.058	1.915	0.107	0.157	2.147	0.122	2.557	9.448	1.258	2.533
sheepshead minnow	0.515	0.227	0.225	3.346	1.203	0.536	0.309	0.534	0.825	0.189	0.566	0.332	0.501	0.548
smallmouth flounder	0	0	0.015	0	0.141	0.213	0.059	0.937	0.425	0.506	0.1	0.154	0.1	0.015
striped bass	0	0	0	0	0.015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
striped killifish	12.894	19.431	7.086	21.159	21.702	12.33	15.921	28.746	5.33	3.834	14.543	17.12	10.179	10.353
striped searobin	0.485	0.178	0.091	0.323	0.274	0.782	0.175	0.053	0.08	0.165	1.064	0.721	0.015	0.029
summer flounder	0	0	0.202	0.083	0.116	0.015	0.059	0	0.075	0.1	0.044	0.135	0.015	0.023
tautog	1.356	0.744	0.385	2.422	1.044	0.361	0.397	0.291	1.27	0.59	3.513	4.808	1.107	1.321
weakfish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.034	0	0	0
windowpane flounder	0.195	0.168	0.044	0.029	0.152	0	0.029	0.034	0	0	0.029	0	0	0
winter flounder	0.132	0.165	0.106	0.078	0.148	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029	0	0.044	0.029	0.015	0.044
winter flounder YOY	10.959	5.634	0.93	4.729	1.969	0.771	0.965	1.12	0.291	0.275	0.47	0.637	0.633	1.029

Table 8.2: Frequency of occurrence of finfish species commonly captured in seine samples, 1988-2017.

See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

Species	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
alewife	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.02
American sand lance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
American shad	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Atlantic menhaden	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.19	0.06	0.10	0.04	0.00	0.06	0.06	0.15	0.10	0.02	0.27	0.58
Atlantic silverside	0.97	0.93	0.96	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	0.96	0.94	0.92	0.98	0.94	1.00	0.92	1.00	0.96
Atlantic tomcod	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
black sea bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.25	0.17	0.13
blueback herring	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.13	0.04	0.00	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.06
bluefish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.13	0.46	0.04	0.13	0.02	0.10
cunner	0.17	0.19	0.04	0.10	0.15	0.00	0.23	0.15	0.13	0.02	0.21	0.23	0.19	0.15	0.13	0.17
fourspine stickleback	0.17	0.19	0.00	0.23	0.15	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.13	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.00	0.00
grubby	0.33	0.07	0.04	0.10	0.31	0.06	0.33	0.25	0.19	0.29	0.17	0.27	0.10	0.17	0.21	0.29
inshore lizardfish	0.06	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.06	0.17	0.19	0.56	0.04	0.00
mummichog	0.47	0.48	0.35	0.40	0.38	0.50	0.42	0.35	0.42	0.15	0.42	0.29	0.44	0.42	0.54	0.44
naked goby	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.08	0.02	0.02
northern kingfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.04	0.15	0.04	0.13	0.10	0.08	0.04	0.13	0.04	0.15
northern pipefish	0.42	0.31	0.37	0.63	0.35	0.50	0.58	0.33	0.44	0.33	0.73	0.48	0.54	0.48	0.19	0.25
northern puffer	0.08	0.24	0.09	0.27	0.08	0.31	0.17	0.40	0.15	0.06	0.10	0.19	0.35	0.17	0.35	0.31
rainbow smelt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
scup	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.23	0.35	0.25
sheepshead minnow	0.31	0.31	0.09	0.21	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.17	0.10	0.15	0.19
smallmouth flounder	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.13	0.10	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.21	0.06	0.13	0.00	0.00
striped bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
striped killifish	0.78	0.67	0.65	0.73	0.58	0.65	0.58	0.69	0.54	0.40	0.75	0.67	0.63	0.71	0.85	0.81
striped searobin	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.48	0.10	0.02	0.10	0.35	0.60	0.38	0.10	0.29	0.25	0.40
summer flounder	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.10	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tautog	0.22	0.05	0.22	0.42	0.31	0.19	0.33	0.33	0.13	0.17	0.38	0.46	0.23	0.40	0.54	0.50
weakfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
windowpane flounder	0.31	0.10	0.13	0.23	0.23	0.19	0.17	0.19	0.35	0.23	0.13	0.13	0.06	0.00	0.02	0.10
winter flounder –age 1+	0.25	0.12	0.00	0.15	0.08	0.23	0.17	0.19	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.06	0.15	0.04	0.02	0.00
winter flounder YOY	0.97	0.71	0.74	0.92	0.98	0.88	0.98	0.94	1.00	0.94	0.92	0.88	0.77	0.58	0.79	0.85

Table 8.2 cont.: Frequency of occurrence of finfish species commonly captured in seine samples, 1988-2017. See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
alewife	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
American sand lance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
American shad	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.04	0	0.13
Atlantic menhaden	0.08	0.06	0.13	0.17	0.02	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.23	0.54	0.10	100
Atlantic silverside	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.98	1	1	1	1.00	0
Atlantic tomcod	0.02	0.02	0	0	0.02	0	0	0.06	0	0	0	0	0	0
black sea bass	0.25	0.08	0.23	0.23	0.15	0.27	0.13	0.58	0.75	0.58	0.77	0.9	0.88	0.77
blueback herring	0	0	0	0.02	0	0	0.02	0	0.02	0	0	0.02	0	0
bluefish	0.15	0.04	0.08	0	0.02	0.15	0.02	0.1	0.21	0.08	0.23	0.77	0.21	0
cunner	0.29	0.21	0.13	0.25	0.1	0.17	0.08	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.31	0.1	0	0.13
fourspine stickleback	0.02	0	0.02	0	0	0.02	0	0.04	0	0	0.15	0	0.04	0.06
grubby	0.5	0.46	0.27	0.15	0.19	0.27	0.21	0.42	0.23	0.2	0.19	0.15	0.02	0.19
inshore lizardfish	0.06	0	0.6	0.13	0.19	0.15	0.13	0.1	0.15	0.13	0.6	0.25	0	0.29
mummichog	0.35	0.27	0.48	0.65	0.48	0.5	0.4	0.42	0.35	0.27	0.54	0.65	0.40	0.5
naked goby	0.04	0	0.08	0	0.02	0	0	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.04
northern kingfish	0.17	0.1	0.02	0.02	0.19	0.17	0.23	0.13	0.29	0.35	0.4	0.38	0.10	0.40
northern pipefish	0.48	0.25	0.29	0.42	0.23	0.52	0.4	0.44	0.6	0.6	0.69	0.75	0.31	0.5
northern puffer	0.4	0.31	0.29	0.44	0.23	0.23	0.21	0.31	0.42	0.38	0.48	0.31	0.21	0.23
rainbow smelt	0.08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scup	0.13	0.29	0.04	0.29	0.02	0.38	0.04	0.06	0.42	0.08	0.48	0.71	0.38	0.71
sheepshead minnow	0.15	0.15	0.06	0.4	0.27	0.13	0.1	0.13	0.25	0.07	0.17	0.13	0.13	0.15
smallmouth flounder	0	0	0.02	0	0.13	0.15	0.06	0.4	0.17	0.29	0.06	0.15	0.13	0.02
striped bass	0	0	0	0	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
striped killifish	0.73	0.96	0.65	0.88	0.94	0.75	0.9	0.98	0.65	0.58	0.88	0.88	0.79	0.85
striped searobin	0.38	0.13	0.13	0.27	0.19	0.4	0.17	0.06	0.08	0.15	0.49	0.29	0.02	0.04
summer flounder	0	0	0.19	0.06	0.15	0.02	0.04	0	0.08	0.12	0.06	0.13	0.02	0.02
tautog	0.54	0.42	0.17	0.54	0.42	0.35	0.31	0.23	0.6	0.33	0.63	0.83	0.67	0.5
weakfish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.02	0	0	0
windowpane flounder	0.21	0.15	0.06	0.04	0.1	0	0.04	0.02	0	0	0.04	0	0	0
winter flounder 1+	0.17	0.21	0.15	0.08	0.15	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0	0.06	0.04	0.02	0.06
winter flounder YOY	0.98	0.94	0.46	0.92	0.71	0.52	0.6	0.63	0.27	0.23	0.33	0.46	0.35	0.48

Table 8.3: Mean catch of young-of-year winter flounder at eight sites sampled by seine, 1988-2017.

BPT=Bridgeport, CLT=Clinton, GRT=Groton, GRW=Greenwich, MIL=Milford, OLM=Old Lyme, WTF=Waterford

Year	BPT	CLT	GRT	GRW	MIL	NHH	OLM	WTF	All Sites
1988	*18.72	2.73	11.39	9.63	-	38.66	58.19	29.57	15.4
1989	1.70	1.14	1.53	0.70	-	2.14	2.04	2.99	1.7
1990	3.97	0.19	2.21	0.51	1.62	5.69	16.83	2.64	2.9
1991	1.77	4.10	5.62	1.99	2.46	6.45	15.32	18.25	5.2
1992	3.34	5.53	6.25	9.42	4.29	40.15	47.99	32.52	11.9
1993	1.22	1.40	8.59	4.33	3.62	11.47	13.34	16.66	5.7
1994	4.46	8.11	38.36	4.26	4.62	35.34	61.65	21.03	14.2
1995	1.94	3.19	30.28	7.22	1.77	18.93	34.23	36.58	10.1
1996	7.67	11.81	15.67	*12.61	*6.58	*49.29	91.34	30.53	*19.2
1997	2.87	6.61	23.69	3.43	1.64	3.79	52.01	11.25	7.5
1998	1.24	4.03	17.63	8.12	0.91	22.37	57.19	21.89	9.2
1999	1.04	2.60	25.7	7.95	3.49	0.94	*137.07	36.12	8.7
2000	2.14	0.51	0.76	6.65	0.78	1.74	48.34	*41.56	4.3
2001	0.20	1.12	4.12	1.24	0.59	0	0.91	9.10	1.3
2002	0.91	2.66	3.06	5.08	0.26	1.08	15.55	8.98	3.1
2003	1.88	4.61	*45.78	5.88	0.89	1.70	51.13	32.30	8.1
2004	1.00	*18.36	33.84	11.27	3.36	33.06	11.13	13.04	11.0
2005	1.94	11.14	16.7	7.71	5.14	1.64	4.06	7.30	5.6
2006	0.12	1.38	5.53	0.12	0	0	3.30	1.29	0.9
2007	0.78	5.65	17.90	4.44	0.78	6.42	7.89	7.11	4.7
2008	0.51	2.45	10.84	0.51	0	1.57	2.62	5.94	2.0
2009	0.91	1.62	2.29	0.12	0.51	0.12	0.12	1.75	0.8
2010	0.41	1.11	1.71	1.33	0.12	0.41	1.88	1.57	1.0
2011	0.12	0.98	1.18	2.26	0.78	0.12	4.27	1.45	1.1
2012	0	0.26	0.70	0.76	0	0.12	0.26	0.44	0.3
2013	0	0	1.14	0.26	0	0	0.65	0.57	**0.28
2014	0.12	0.12	1.82	0.26	0.12	0.12	1.35	0.65	0.47
2015	0	0.59	1.96	0.70	0.12	0.12	0.51	2.40	0.64
2016	0.12	0	1.49	0.20	0	0	1.14	6.03	0.63
2017	0	0.12	13.53	0.91	0.26	0.26	0.12	4.19	1.03

*record high for a site/year.

**record low for time-series

Table 8.4: Total catch of finfish species commonly captured in seine samples, 1988-2017. See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

Species	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
Atlantic Menhaden	3	2	2	4	1,074	3	9	2		11	2,003	377	1,236	1	1,284	5,098	1,117	75	117	144	21	54	3	43	2	14	3,404	3,948	150	703	20,904
Atlantic Silverside	4,750	3,316	5,356	6,383	5,468	5,263	6,311	2,352	1,942	3,249	6,345	10,120	8,738	4,417	5,730	13,278	5,122	5,089	3,267	5,087	3,245	4,156	7,063	4,657	4,142	3,958	3,832	7,549	6,459	4,869	161,513
Black Sea Bass				10			41	43			27	14	2	687	63	27	110	15	82	109	33	304	86	489	783	1,197	1,950	1,794	500	338	8,704
Bluefish			3	194	10		5	2			3	24	1		13	5	23	8	30		7	53	1	26	54	17	194	289	45		1,007
Cunner	15	27	2	5	19		42	24	63	1	23	142	26	15	110	15	54	35	18	58	8	28	15	2	42	1	73	7		28	898
Fourspine Stickleback	33	76		183	11	21	1		3		24	3	1	7			9		2			8		2			13		2	3	402
Grubby	111	3	2	7	61	6	38	19	21	28	17	55	15	73	33	95	143	76	31	32	16	51	25	55	18	19	18	16	1	35	1,120
Inshore Lizardfish	5		2			4	6			46	6	16	15	103	2		3		169	18	26	22	10	16	23	11	135	38		30	706
Mummichog	1,031	197	171	765	573	1,256	1,943	78	149	190	396	115	1,008	246	811	702	637	543	398	1,203	498	857	299	775	329	199	1,098	999	519	676	18,661
Naked Goby			1	4				1			1	1		4	2	2	2		13		2			2	4	4	6	5	1	7	62
Northern Kingfish				3	4	23	2	9	3	10	7	6	5	17	5	21	38	11	1	1	23	42	76	30	54	81	149	113	10	142	886
Northern Pipefish	65	23	33	106	120	82	117	52	241	38	295	141	96	189	87	25	72	92	82	75	156	307	49	248	152	204	413	142	48	63	3,813
Northern Puffer	4	22	13	34	4	37	15	40	25	5	5	13	63	14	79	101	75	93	34	241	19	41	51	28	98	202	97	448	18	17	1,936
Northern Searobin		2	1				1	1					3	40	24	5	4	13	2	10			1	9		6	35	105		45	307
Rainwater Killifish									3	4			2		6	35	53	19	3										4	55	184
Scup												1		58	172	131	50	154	6	170	14	413	21	30	375	18	485	1,573	198	212	4,081
Sheepshead Minnow	174	815	5	345	4	1	2	30		14	19	12	267	59	402	276	205	28	104	1,439	304	203	82	219	238	59	154	60	742	352	6,614
Smallmouth Flounder	1			1		8	14	7	2	5		40	3	12					1		14	21	5	114	63	49	15	13	7	1	396
Striped Killifish	1,511	1,383	748	659	465	773	1,923	520	269	289	1,066	539	1,797	1,494	1,698	3,410	1,548	1,470	1,063	1,994	1,874	1,508	1,300	1,964	720	493	1,158	1,531	1,482	961	37,610
Striped Searobin	22	12	5	94	5	71	5	1	9	40	178	51	7	33	33	62	38	19	6	32	36	82	14	4	7	14	121	84	1	2	1,088
Summer Flounder						2	6		1		1								16	8	8	1	6		6	7	3	11	1	2	79
Tautog	23	5	23	72	32	16	104	88	42	19	135	174	67	59	153	140	145	64	93	321	131	25	33	27	123	73	467	446	75	140	3,315
Windowpane Flounder	49	4	22	19	35	30	9	13	71	50	12	10	4		1	5	15	15	3	2	17		2	4			2			394	
Winter Flounder 1+	12	6		7	6	14	13	12	21	282	9	4	7	2	3		9	11	7	6	13	2	2	2	2		3	2	1	3	461
Winter Flounder YOY	900	117	276	410	1,055	483	1,401	916	1,486	874	999	1,497	708	138	302	1,310	914	470	110	365	190	72	71	86	22	24	48	48	74	140	15,506

Table 8.5: Total catch of finfish species infrequently captured in seine samples, 1988-2017. See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names

Species	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total	
Alewife							1								28	1																30
American Eel	1	3					1				5													1		2	15				28	
American Sand Lance					1		10																13								24	
American Shad		18	1									151																42			212	
Anchovy, spp (YOY)																					15								3,051		3,066	
Atlantic Needlefish																						2							1		3	
Atlantic Tomcod						3					1						1	3				1			8						17	
Banded Gunnel											2	3					4	2	3	1	3			1							19	
Banded Rudderfish																							1								1	
Bay Anchovy								4	69		27			1	11		1	12					1				520	24			670	
Blue Spotted Coronet Fish												1														2					3	
Blueback Herring		26																		9			3	1	1		11				51	
Burrfish, Striped				15	2		1			1	9	142	3	8	2	17											4				214	
Butterfish												1																21			22	
Creville Jack	6							1															1								8	
Feather Blenny																									36					7	43	
Flying Gurnard																				1											1	
Gizzard Shad																								4								4
Grey Snapper			1																													1
Hogchoker							2																									3
Lined Seahorse							4			1			2							2	7	2	1	2					1	4	26	
Little Skate										1					1																	2
Moonfish																														16	16	
Northern Sennet																			1													1
Northern Star Gazer		5																														5
Oyster Toadfish	5			1						1	1			1		1	2	1	1	1	2	1				6	2	4	2	4	36	
Pumpkin Seed				2													3															5
Rainbow Smelt							5	2									34															41
Rock Gunnel			1		1	1	1			3							1						1									9
Smooth Dogfish			1																													1
Spot																											6					6
Striped Anchovy																							3									3
Striped Bass												1				6								1								8
Threespine Stickleback													11																			11
Weakfish																15											4					19
Web Burrfish																			1					1								2
White Mullet	1	1	8		3										1					7	7	11		75	68				15	31	250	
White Perch																		3														20
Yellow Jack																								1								1

Table 8.6: Total catch of invertebrate species captured in seine samples, 2004-2017.*See Appendix 8.2 for complete taxonomic names.*

Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Blue crab	1	2	84	31	4	333	35	23	27	18	17	18	6	11
Boreal squid				1										
Brown shrimp			11										3	
Channeled whelk							1				3			
Common slipper shell			13											
Flat-claw hermit crab	761	532	703	153	244	539	558	441	283	367	562	308	2878	829
Green crab	234	266	341	147	644	176	308	228	175	253	273	213	256	460
Horseshoe crab													1	
Japanese shore crab	1		1	1				6	1			1	1	
Jonah crab						2								
Lady crab	298	119	66	195	92	42	19	24	18	13	41	102	12	20
Mantis shrimp									1					
Mole crab	1	5												
Moon Jellyfish							319						461	16
Mud crabs	60	55	74	30	85	67	308	80	80	1100	43	142	9	1
Mud snail	948	2071	4478	3569	3810	3128	2699	2683	3072	5787	6938	11132	11687	6061
Northern comb jelly						346	36			3620	1200		185	1648
Northern moon snail														6
Oyster drill			38											
Rock crab	2						1							
Sand shrimp	278	373	1027	525	2625	762	902	1507	246	1794	662	207	33	518
Scallop (bay)											3	3	1	2
Shore shrimp	990	404	1149	707	1390	535	619	762	402	511	1011	4795	478	1517
Spider crab	4	5	6	1	3	1	7	33	13	20	14	45	53	161
Squid (longfin)												6		
Starfish spp.							1							

Figure 8.1: Sampling locations of the Estuarine Seine Survey.

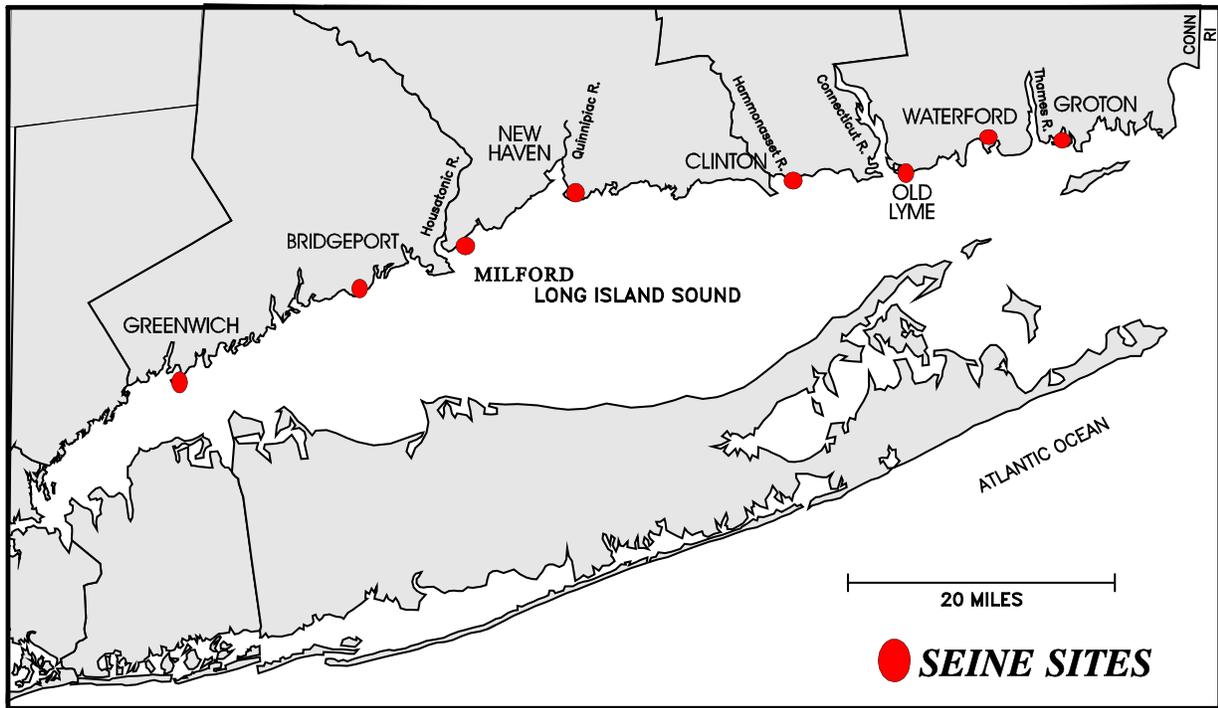
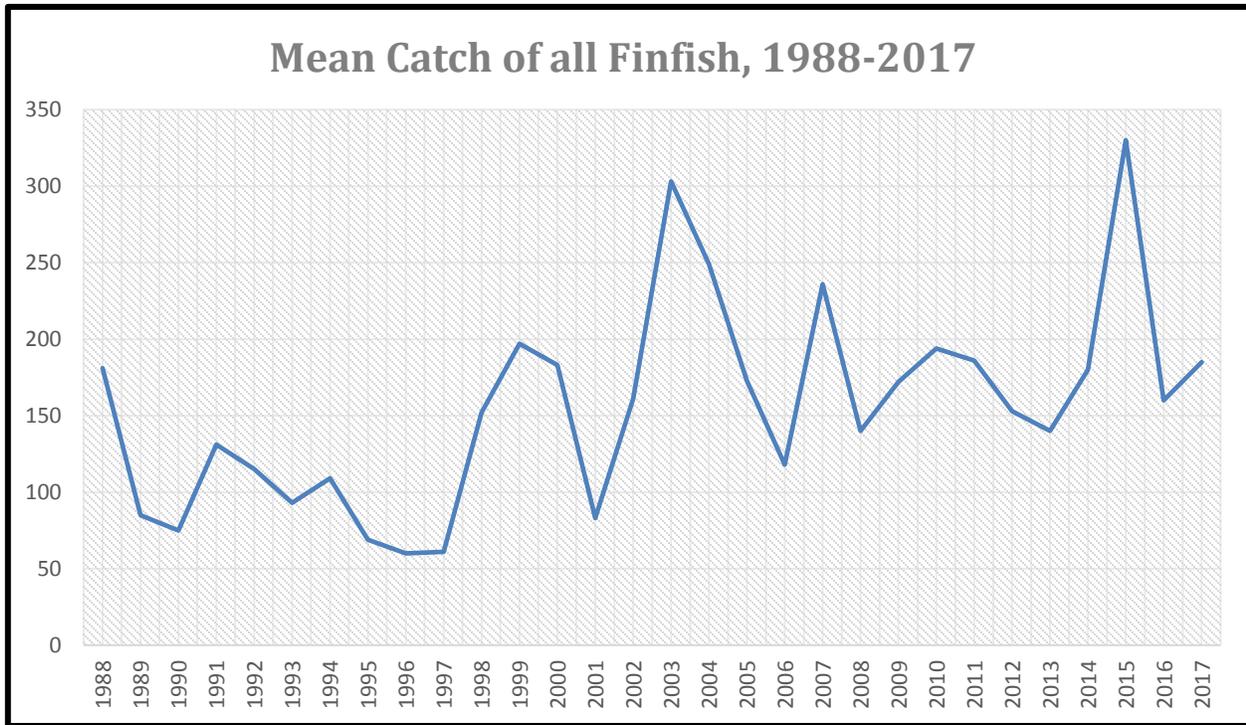


Figure 8.2: Mean catch of all finfish captured in seine samples, 1988-2017. Geometric mean catch (numbers) per haul includes samples at all sites. Note that sampling at the Milford site began in 1990.



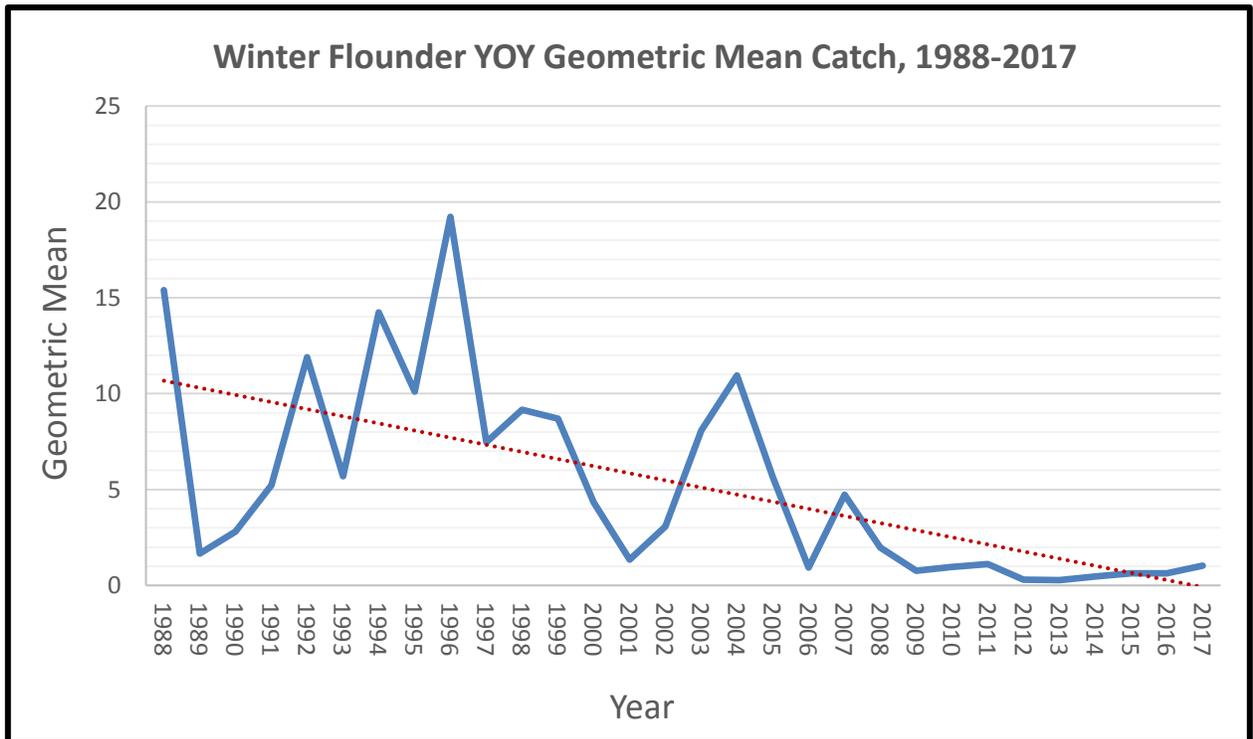


Figure 8.3: Mean catch and occurrence of young-of-year winter flounder, 1988-2017. *The negative trend (dashed line) is significant ($r^2 = 0.36$, $p < 0.001$, $df = 29$).*

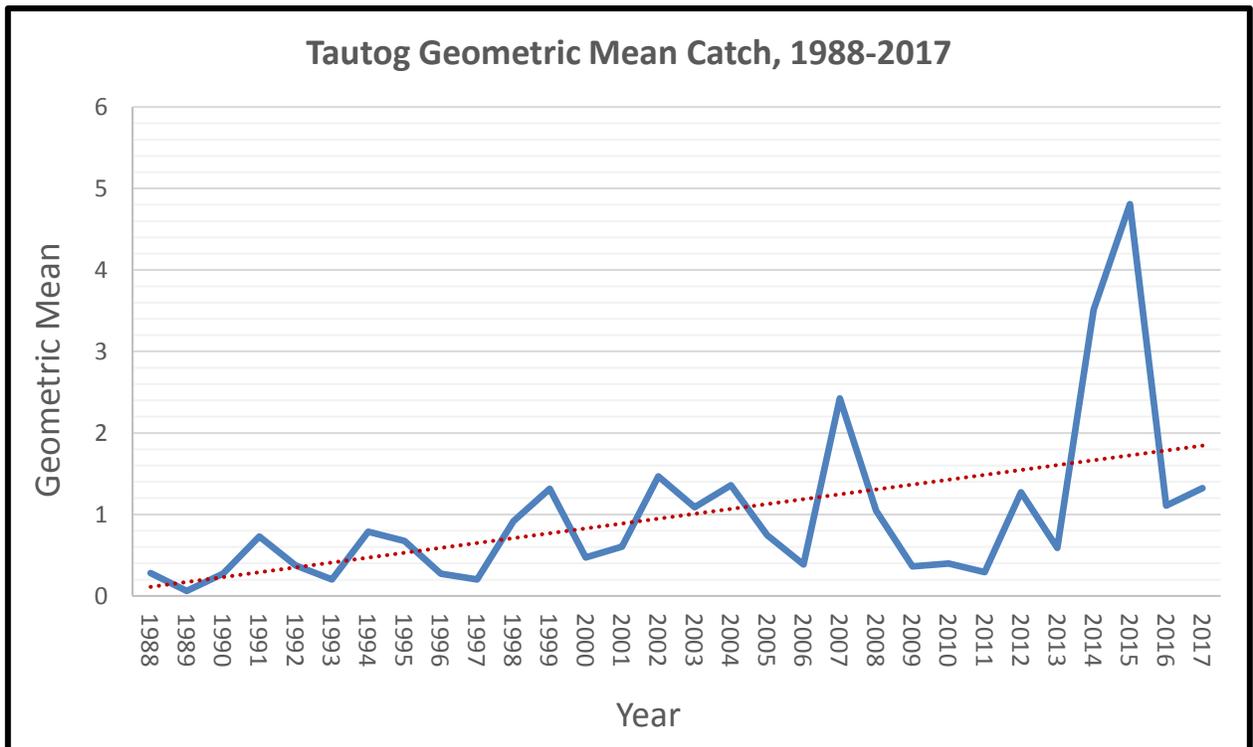


Figure 8.4: Mean catch and occurrence of young-of-year tautog, 1988-2017. *The positive trend (dashed line) is significant ($r^2 = 0.25$, $p = 0.003$, $df = 29$).*

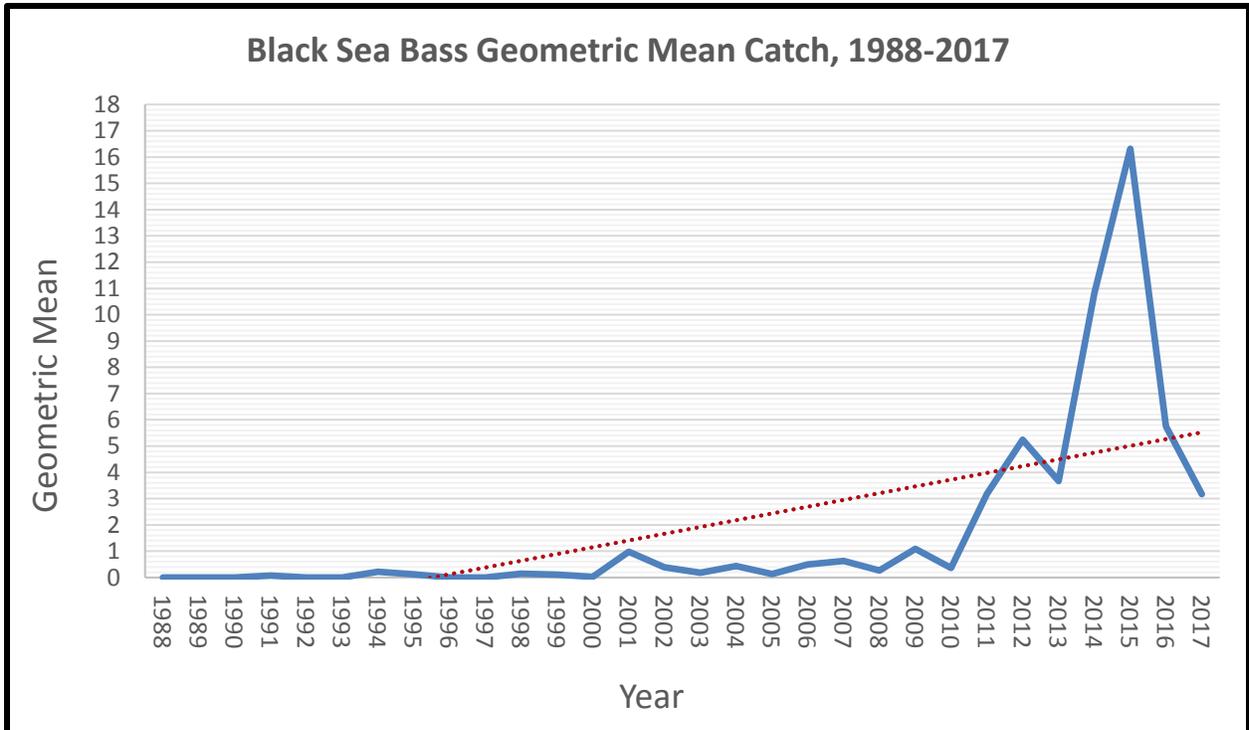


Figure 8.5: Mean catch of black seabass young-of-year, 1988-2017.

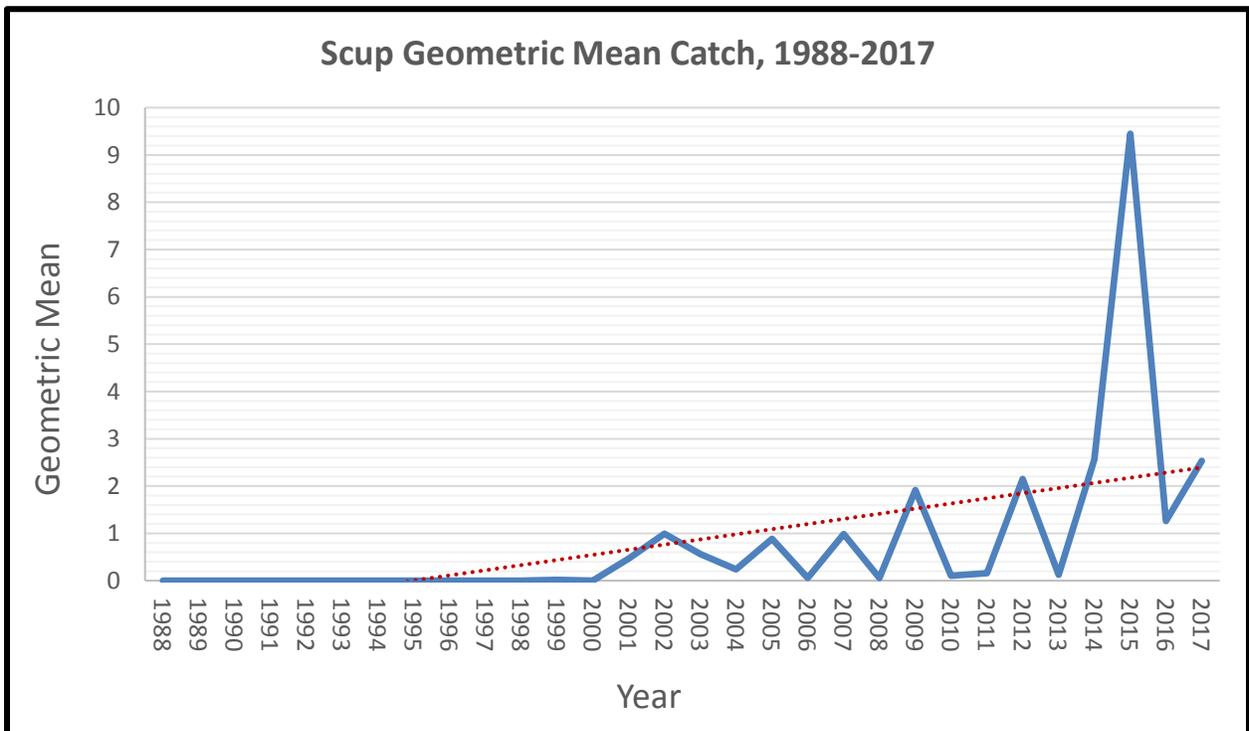


Figure 8.6: Mean catch of scup young-of-year, 1988-2017. Annual percent of hauls catching one or more scup are also shown.

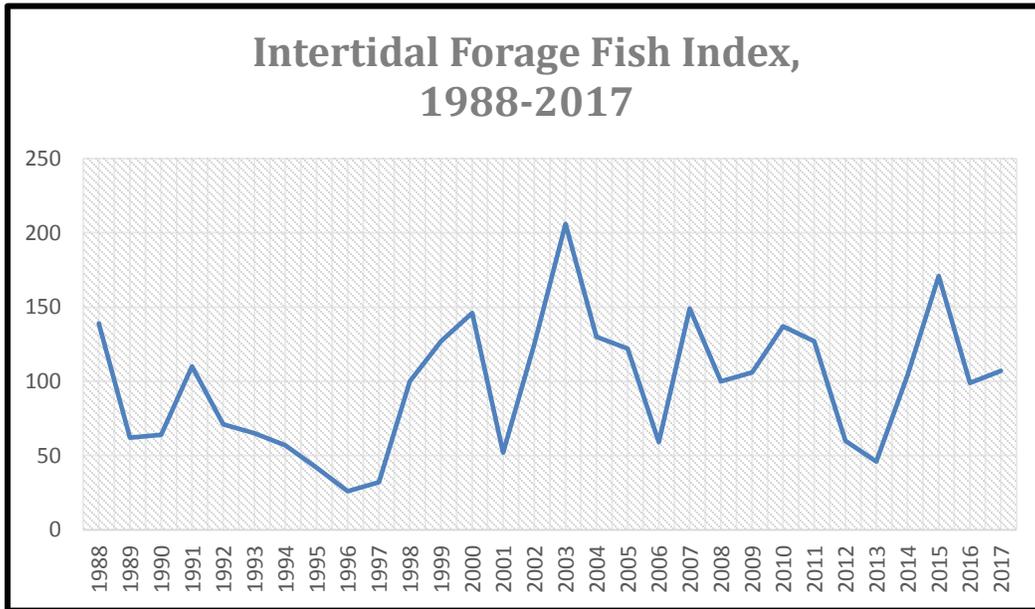


Figure 8.7: Mean catch of forage fish, 1988-2017. Forage species included in the index are *Atlantic silversides*, *striped killifish*, *mummichog*, and *sheepshead minnow*. See Appendix 8.1 for complete taxonomic names.

1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
139	62	64	110	71	65	57	42	26	32	100	127	146	52	125
2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
206	130	122	59	149	100	106	137	127	60	46	104	171	99	107

Appendix 8.1: Finfish species captured in the Estuarine Seine Survey, 1988-2017.

<u>COMMON NAME</u>	<u>SPECIES CODE</u>	<u>SCIENTIFIC NAME</u>
Alewife	ALW	<i>Alosa pseudoharengus</i>
American eel	EEL	<i>Anguilla rostrata</i>
American shad	ASD	<i>Alosa sapidissima</i>
American sand lance	ASL	<i>Ammodytes americanus</i>
Atlantic needlefish	ANF	<i>Strongylura marina</i>
Atlantic silversides	ASS	<i>Menidia menidia</i>
Atlantic tomcod	TOM	<i>Microgadus tomcod</i>
Banded gunnel	BGN	<i>Pholis fasciata</i>
Banded rudderfish	RUD	<i>Seriola zonata</i>
Bay anchovy	ACH	<i>Anchoa mitchilli</i>
Black-spot stickleback	BSS	<i>Gasterosteus wheatlandi</i>
Black sea bass	BSB	<i>Centropristis striata</i>
Blueback herring	BBH	<i>Alosa aestivalis</i>
Bluefish	BLF	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Blue spotted coronetfish	BSC	<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>
Crevalle jack	CRJ	<i>Caranx hippos</i>
Cunner	CUN	<i>Tautoglabrus adspersus</i>
Feather Blenny	FBL	<i>Hypsoblennius hentzi</i>
Flying Gurnard	FGD	<i>Dactylopterus volitans</i>
Four-spine stickleback	FSS	<i>Apeltes quadracus</i>
Gizzard Shad	GIZ	<i>Dorosoma cepedianum</i>
Gray snapper	GRA	<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>
Grubby	GRB	<i>Myoxocephalus aeneus</i>
Hogchoker	HOG	<i>Trinectes maculatus</i>
Inshore lizardfish	LIZ	<i>Synodens foetens</i>
Little skate	LSK	<i>Raja erinacea</i>
Menhaden	MEN	<i>Brevoortia tyrannus</i>
Moonfish	MOO	<i>Mene maculata</i>
Mummichog	MUM	<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>
Naked goby	NKG	<i>Gobiosoma boscii</i>
Nine-spine stickleback	NSS	<i>Pungitius pungitius</i>
Northern kingfish	NKF	<i>Menticirrhus saxatilis</i>
Northern pipefish	PIP	<i>Syngnathus fuscus</i>
Northern puffer	PUF	<i>Sphaeroides maculatus</i>
Northern searobin	NSR	<i>Prionotus carolinus</i>
Northern stargazer	STR	<i>Astroscopus guttatus</i>
Pumpkinseed	PUM	<i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>
Rainbow smelt	RSM	<i>Osmerus mordax</i>
Rainwater killifish	RWK	<i>Lucania parva</i>
Rock gunnel	RGN	<i>Pholis gunnellus</i>
Northern seahorse	SEH	<i>Hippocampus erectus</i>
Northern sennet	NOS	<i>Sphyaena borealis</i>
Scup	PGY	<i>Stenotomus chrysops</i>
Sheepshead minnow	SHM	<i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i>
Shorthorn Sculpin	SHS	<i>Myoxocephalus scorpius</i>
Skilletfish	SKL	<i>Gobiesox strumosus</i>
Smallmouth flounder	SMF	<i>Etropus microstomus</i>
Smooth dogfish	SMD	<i>Mustelus canis</i>
Spotted hake	SPH	<i>Urophycis regius</i>
Striped anchovy	STA	<i>Anchoa hepsetus</i>
Striped bass	STB	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>
Striped burrfish	SBF	<i>Chilomycterus schoepfi</i>
Striped killifish	SKF	<i>Fundulus majalis</i>
Striped searobin	SSR	<i>Prionotus evolans</i>
Summer flounder	SFL	<i>Paralichthys dentatus</i>
Tautog	BKF	<i>Tautoga onitis</i>
Three-spine stickleback	TSS	<i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i>

Appendix 8.1, continued:

Toadfish	TDF	<i>Opsanus tau</i>
Weakfish	WKF	<i>Cynoscion regalis</i>
Web Burrfish	WBF	<i>Chilomycterus antillarum</i>
White mullet	WML	<i>Mugil curema</i>
Windowpane flounder	WPF	<i>Scophthalmus aquosus</i>
Winter flounder (YOY)	WFO	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>
Winter flounder (AGE 1+)	WFL	<i>Pseudopleuronectes americanus</i>
Yellow jack	YJK	<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>

Appendix 8.2: Invertebrate species captured in the Estuarine Seine Survey, 1988-2017.

<u>COMMON NAME</u>	<u>SPECIES CODE</u>	<u>SCIENTIFIC NAME</u>
Bay Scallop	SCA	<i>Argopecten irradians</i>
Blue crab	BCR	<i>Callinectes sapidus</i>
Brown Shrimp	BNS	<i>Panaeus aztecus</i>
Chaneled Whelk	CHW	<i>Busycotypus canaliculatus</i>
Northern Comb Jelly	COM	<i>Bolinopsis infundibulum</i>
Green crab	GCR	<i>Carcinus maenas</i>
Hermit crab	HER	<i>Pagurus spp.</i>
Horseshoe crab	HSC	<i>Limulus polyphemus</i>
Japanese crab	JCR	<i>Hemigrapsus sanguineus</i>
Lady crab	LCR	<i>Ovalipes ocellatus</i>
Mantis shrimp	MAN	<i>Squilla empusa</i>
Moon Jelly	MOJ	<i>Aurelia aurita</i>
Mud crab	BMC	<i>Panopeus spp.</i>
Mole crab	MLR	<i>Emerita talpoida</i>
Mud snail	MSN	<i>Nassarius obsoletus</i>
Rock crab	RCR	<i>Cancer irroratus</i>
Sand shrimp	CRG	<i>Crangon septemspinosa</i>
Sea Star	STF	<i>Asterias forbesi</i>
Shore shrimp	PAL	<i>Palaemonetes spp.</i>
Shortfin Squid	ILL	<i>Illex illecebrosus</i>

JOB 10: COOPERATIVE INTERAGENCY RESOURCE MONITORING

2017 Long Island Sound Hypoxia Season Review



Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106
Robert J. Klee, Commissioner



Interstate Environmental Commission
2800 Victory Boulevard, Building 6S Room 106 College of Staten
Island—CUNY Campus
Staten Island, NY 10314



New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission
650 Suffolk St, Lowell, MA 01854

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Introduction

Designated as an estuary of national significance by Congress in 1987, Long Island Sound is home to a diverse network of flora and fauna, and over 4 million people. It is an estuary of recreational, commercial, and socioeconomic value. The Sound is bordered by the states of Connecticut and New York and has a watershed area extending through Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine and Quebec that encompasses over 16,000 square miles and 9 million people. Over time, the Sound has been subject to the effects of increased nutrient loading as a result of urbanization and changes in land use (Latimer *et al.*, 2014). Seasonal weather



patterns, particularly during the summer months, exacerbate the effects of nutrient loading, causing hypoxic conditions in the Sound; most prominently in the Western Basin. This, in turn, negatively impacts the water quality of the Sound, the ecosystem services and resources it provides, and the habitat that is home to many species. In response to the critical need to document summer hypoxic conditions in Long Island Sound and its embayments, as defined in the Long Island Sound Study's Comprehensive Conservation and Management Plan, the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CT DEEP) and the Interstate Environmental Commission (IEC), have monitored dissolved oxygen, as well as key water quality parameters relevant to hypoxia, in Long Island Sound since 1991.

This report presents a summary of *in situ* and surface chl-a data collected by CT DEEP and IEC during the 2017 hypoxia season. Based on the 25 years of hypoxia monitoring, the LIS hypoxia season extends from June to September. Data from the Long Island Sound Integrated Coastal Observing System (LISICOS) are presented with permission for informational purposes. Sampling and analyses were conducted under EPA-approved Quality Assurance Project Plans.

The CT DEEP and IEC Long Island Sound (LIS) Water Quality Monitoring Programs are synoptic in nature and are intended to characterize water quality conditions over a broad area (the entire Sound). Both programs support long term monitoring databases designed to detect changes in hypoxia due to changing conditions (*e.g.*, management actions, climate change, productivity). Both programs also provide data (*e.g.* nutrients, BOD, TSS, chlorophyll a) not currently available from fixed station buoy applications. In addition, CTDEEP provides limited biological data (plankton communities).

The LISICOS water quality sensors are attached to fixed locations and provide a holistic view of the conditions over a more detailed span of time (*i.e.*, data measured every 15 minutes from one station as opposed to every two weeks). The LISICOS continuously recording buoys have shown instances where vertical mixing within the water column raises the DO concentrations above the hypoxic threshold of 3.0 milligrams per liter (mg/L) for extended periods of time (*e.g.*, days). These episodic conditions are not captured by CT DEEP or IEC surveys.

As such, CT DEEP and IEC data provide a snapshot of hypoxic conditions during a specific timeframe while the LISICOS data provide a continuous measurement of hypoxia at specific buoy locations. Together these monitoring programs are better able to characterize the extent and duration of hypoxia across LIS. Both types of data contribute to a better understanding of hypoxia in LIS.

What is Hypoxia?

The term "hypoxia" means low dissolved oxygen ("DO") concentrations in the water. The DO concentration of a body of water can vary naturally, however; hypoxia is often driven by anthropogenic processes such as nutrient pollution (eutrophication, Figure 1). Marine organisms need oxygen to live, and low concentrations, depending on the duration and the size of the area affected, can have serious consequences for a marine ecosystem.

As defined by the Long Island Sound Study, hypoxia exists when DO drops below a concentration of 3.0 mg/L, although research suggests that there may be adverse effects to organisms above this level depending upon the length of exposure (EPA, 2000 and Simpson *et al.*, 1995).

The Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection (CTDEEP), the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC), and the Interstate Environmental Commission (IEC) have water quality criteria for dissolved oxygen. These criteria, designed to protect the states' waters from degradation, define hypoxia as DO concentrations below 3.0 mg/L. Low oxygen levels can occur naturally in estuaries during the summer, when calm weather conditions prevent the mixing of the water column that replenishes bottom water oxygen during the rest of the year. However, excess nitrogen can exacerbate hypoxia beyond that which may be caused by natural conditions.

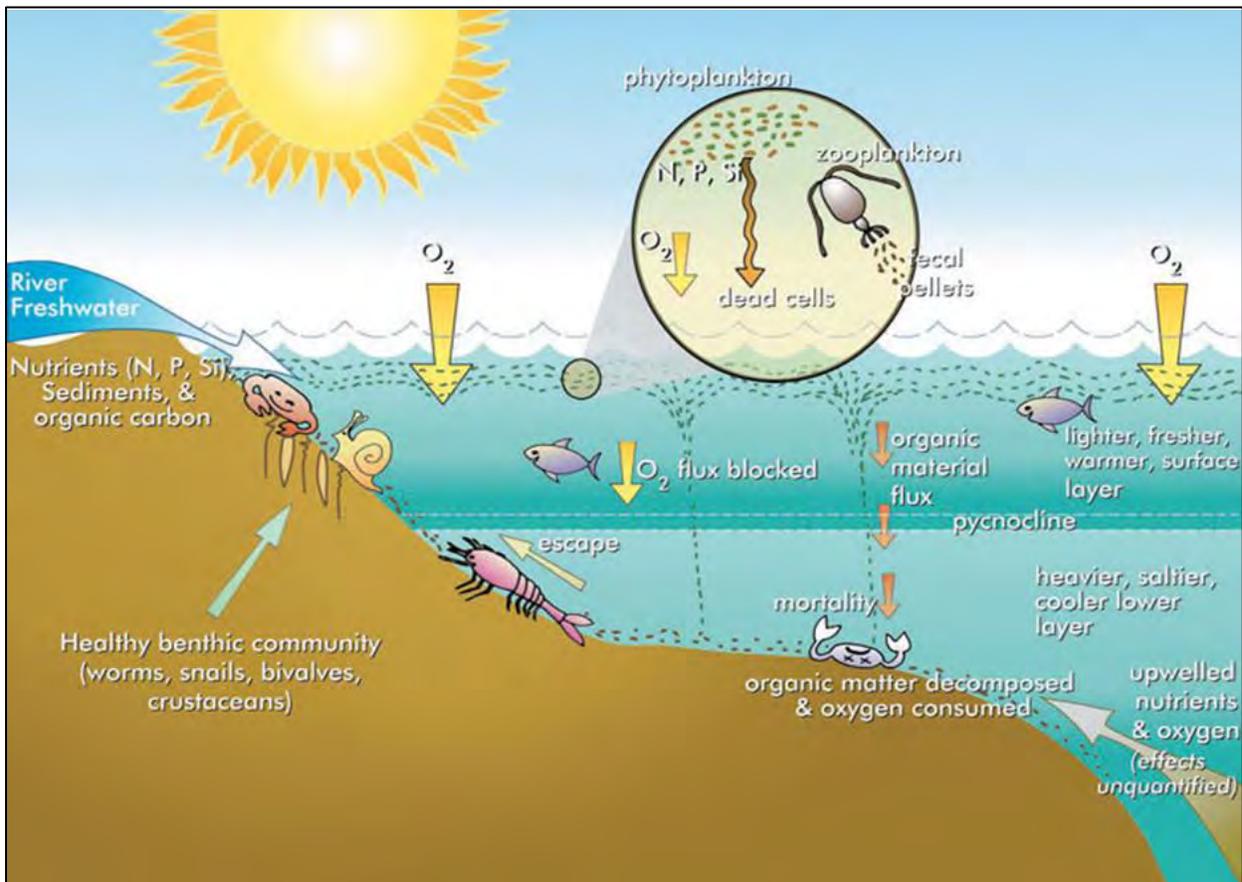


Figure 1: biogeochemical cycles in aquatic environments; from: https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2015-03/eutro_big.jpg

Factors that May Influence Dissolved Oxygen in LIS

In LIS, water temperature plays a major role in the ecology of the Sound especially in the timing and severity of the summer hypoxia event. IEC’s monitoring program records water temperature and salinity data weekly from June to September while CT DEEP’s monitoring program records water temperatures and salinity year-round. Data collected during IEC’s weekly summer surveys and CT DEEP’s hypoxia monitoring cruises are used to help estimate the extent of favorable conditions for the onset, extent, and end of the hypoxic event. The conceptual diagram below, while developed for Chesapeake Bay, applies to Long Island Sound. In LIS, there are two key contributors to hypoxia: nutrient enrichment and water column stratification due to temperature and salinity gradients. Nutrients, especially nitrogen, flow into the Sound from numerous sources including point sources like wastewater treatment plants and nonpoint sources such as stormwater runoff.

This nutrient enrichment leads to excessive growth of phytoplankton, particularly in the spring. Temperature can stimulate or impede phytoplankton growth. As the plankton die, they begin to decay and settle to the bottom. Bacterial decomposition breaks down the organic material from the algae, using up oxygen in the process.

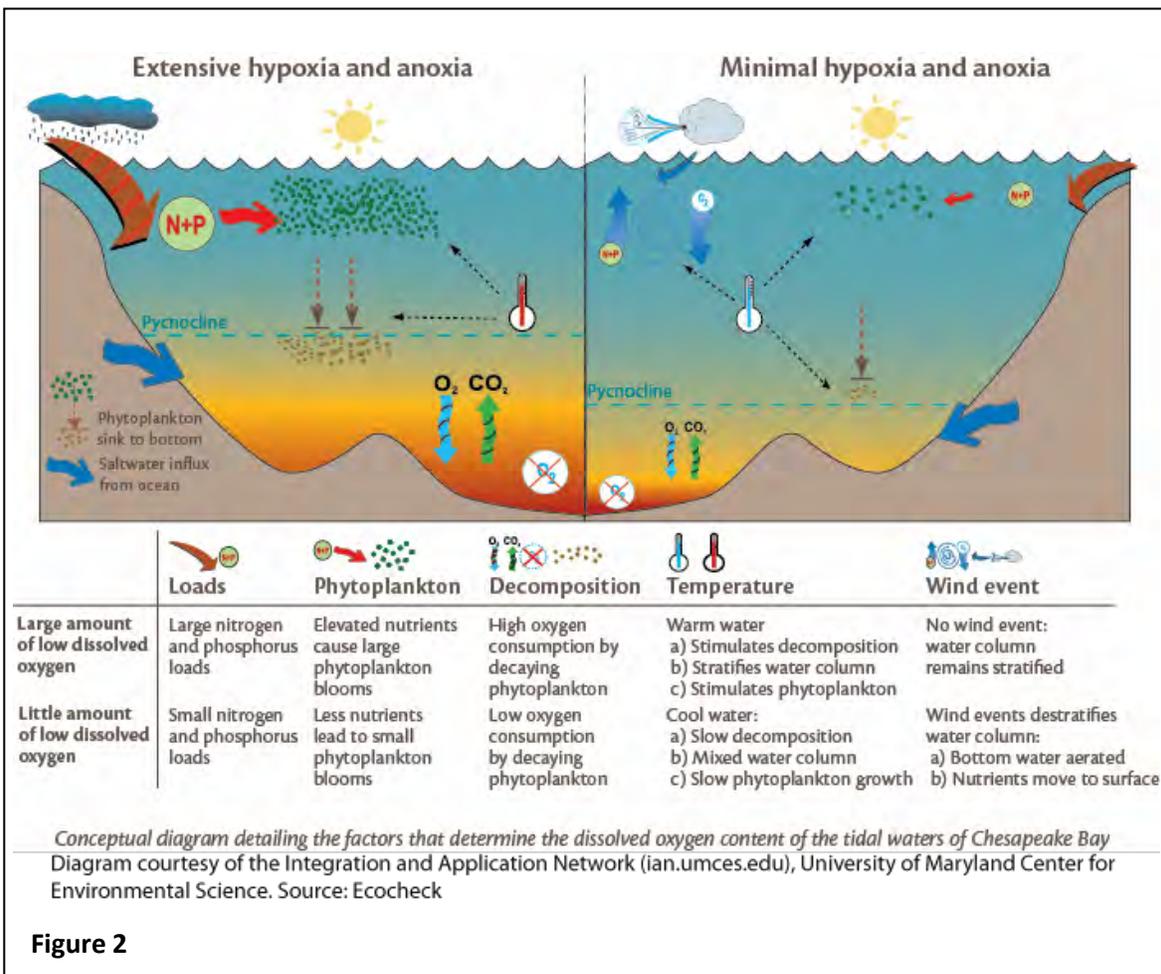


Figure 2

Recent History of Hypoxia in LIS

Each summer low oxygen levels render hundreds of square miles of bottom water unhealthy for aquatic life. Dissolved oxygen levels follow seasonal patterns with a decrease in bottom water concentrations over the course of the summer. Hypoxic conditions during the summer are mainly confined to the Narrows and Western Basin of Long Island Sound (Figure 3). Those areas comprise the section of the Sound west of a line from Stratford, CT to Port Jefferson, NY. The maximum extent of the hypoxic area typically occurs in early August.

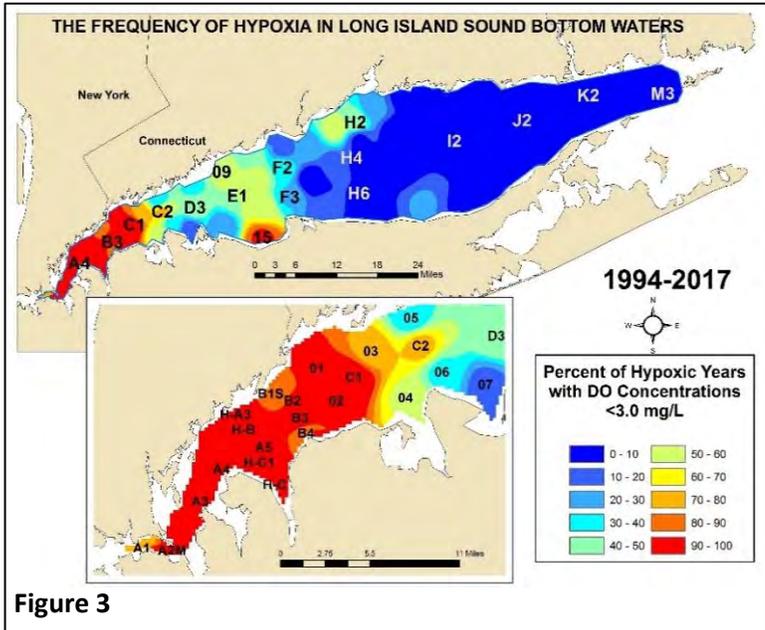


Figure 3

EPA, NY and CT implemented the *Total Maximum Daily Load to Achieve Water Quality Standards for Dissolved Oxygen in Long Island Sound (2000 TMDL)* which has resulted in significant progress in reducing open water Sound hypoxic conditions. Across Connecticut and New York, 106 wastewater treatment plants have been upgraded and 40 million fewer pounds of nitrogen have entered the Sound (51.5% reduction).

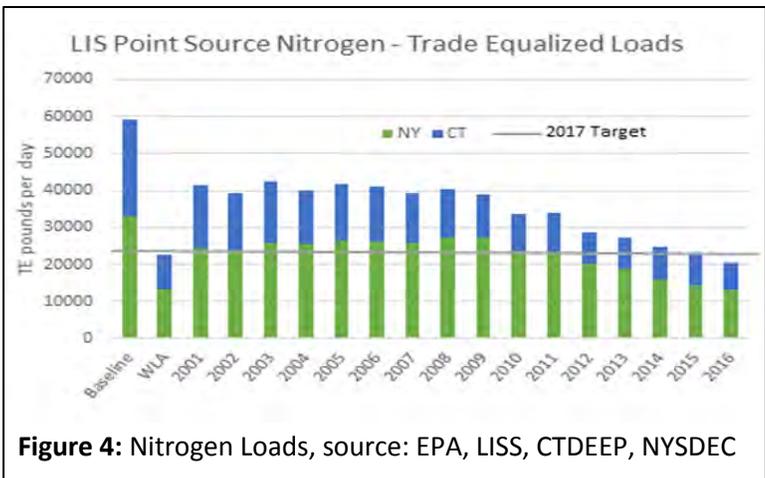


Figure 4: Nitrogen Loads, source: EPA, LISS, CTDEEP, NYSDEC

EPA estimates a 40% reduction in the five-year rolling average area of hypoxia across the Sound, compared to pre-TMDL levels (EPA 2015).

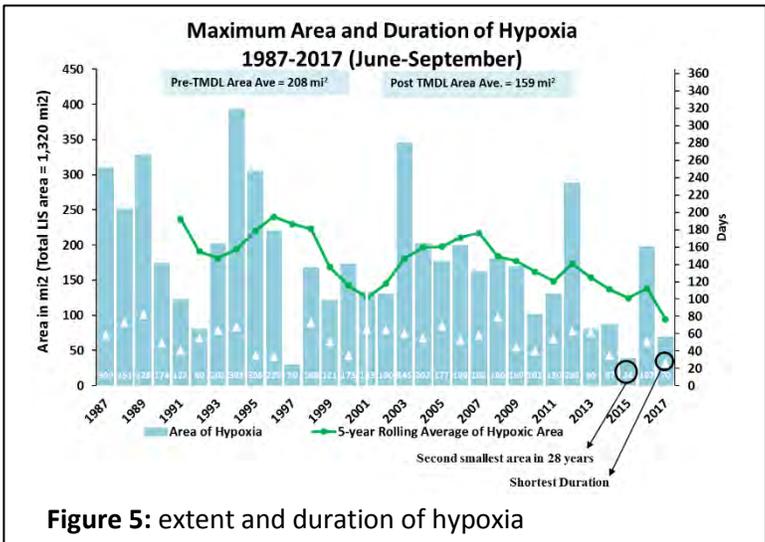


Figure 5: extent and duration of hypoxia

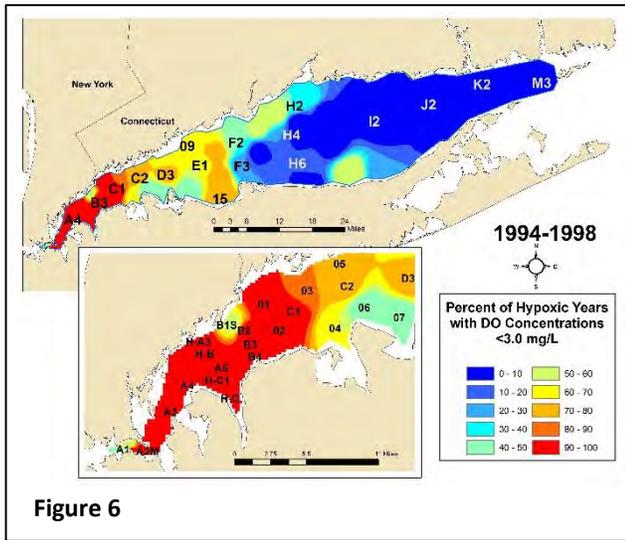


Figure 6

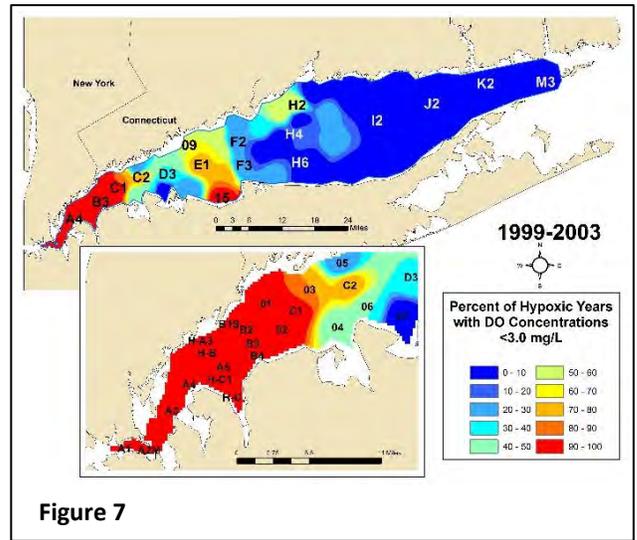


Figure 7

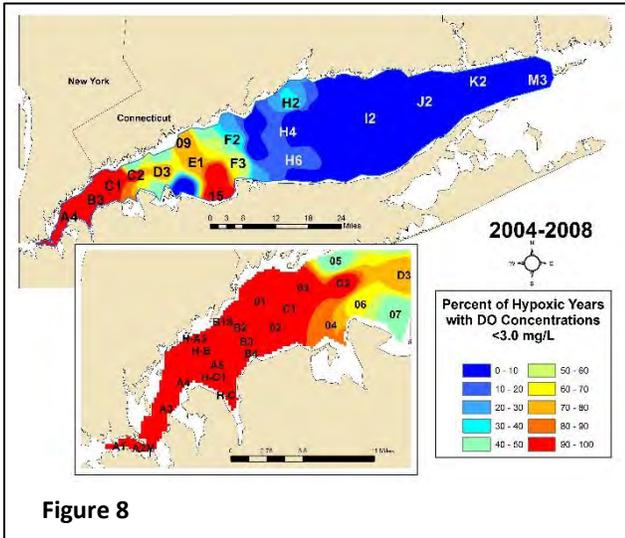


Figure 8

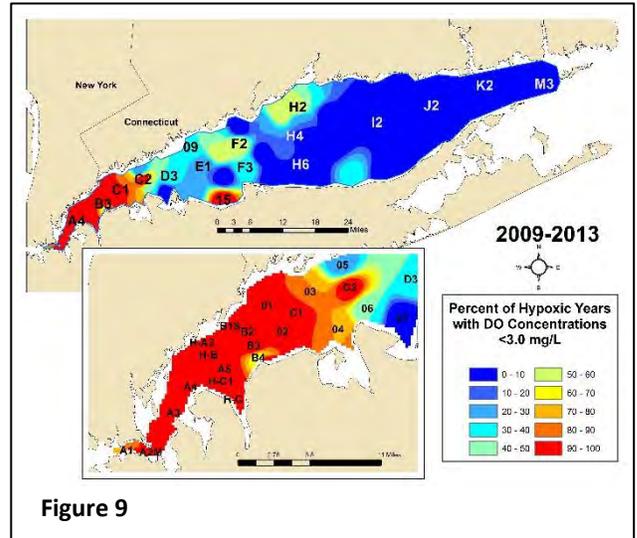


Figure 9

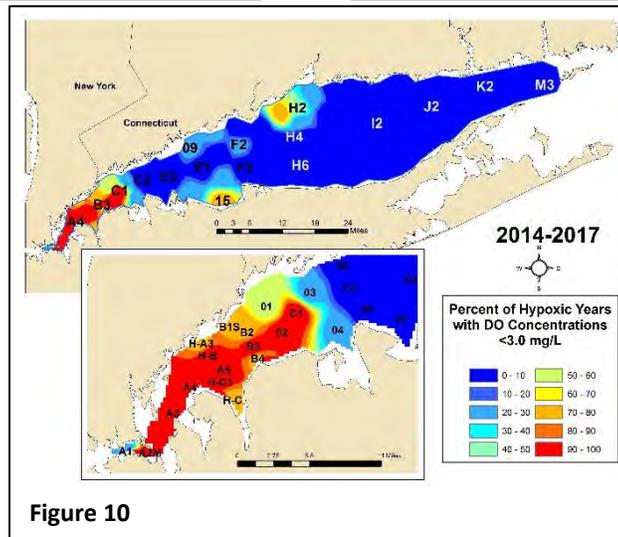


Figure 10

Figures 6-10 display the percentage of years when dissolved oxygen concentrations at each station were below 3.0 mg/L in the bottom waters of Long Island Sound in five-year intervals. The maps show the area of hypoxia reducing in the Western Sound (Stations 09, E1, D3). While hypoxia continues to persist in the Narrows (Stations A4, B3, C1) the inclusion of IEC data shows that hypoxia in the narrows is localized to specific stations.

Habitat Impairment Associated with Hypoxia

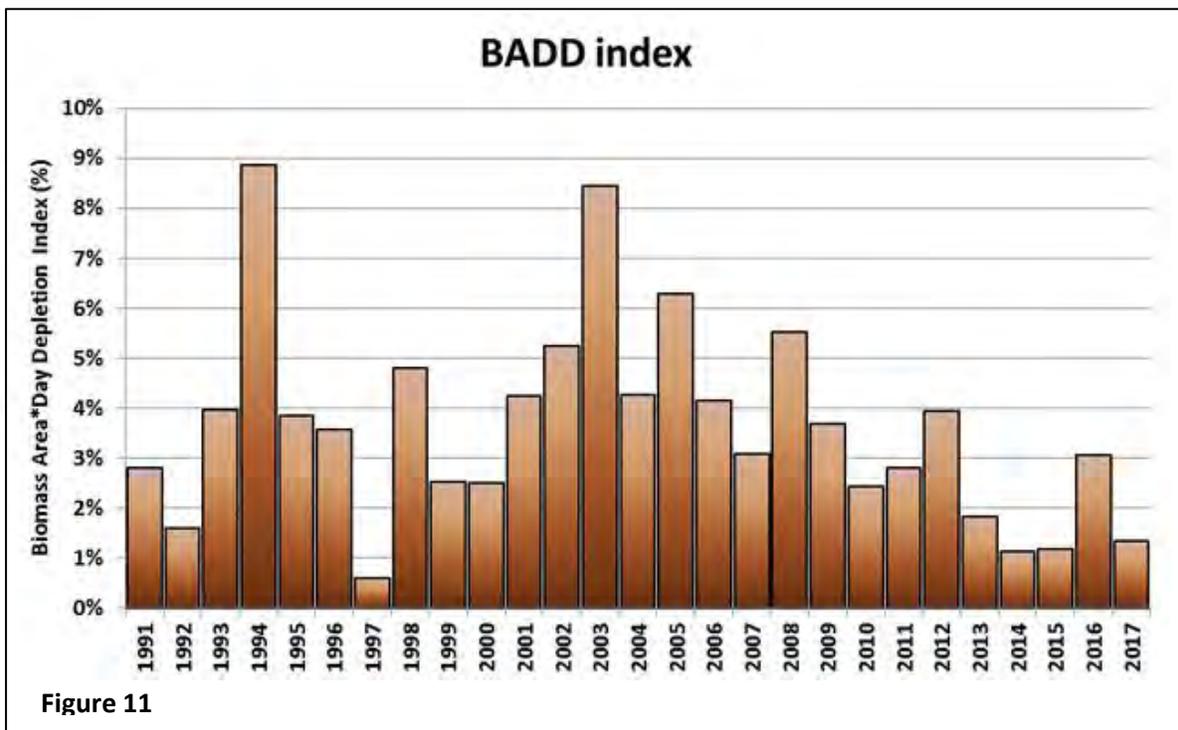
The following description of the “Biomass Area-Day Depletion (BADD) index of habitat impairment was excerpted from an article written by CT DEEP Marine Fisheries Biologist Penny Howell for the July/August 2014 edition of CT Wildlife Magazine.

For Long Island Sound, DO levels below 3 mg/L are considered hypoxic, causing mobile animals to leave and sessile animals to die or be physically or behaviorally impaired. However, DO can become limiting below 4.8 mg/L for sensitive fish species, such as whiting and scup, while more tolerant species, such as butterfish, bluefish, lobster and Atlantic herring, are not affected until DO falls below 2 mg/L (Simpson et al, 1995, 1996).

An index of habitat impairment, “Biomass Area-Day Depletion” (BADD) was developed by CT DEEP Marine Fisheries Division based on extensive sampling in the Sound from 1986-1993 (Simpson et al, 1995,1996). Instead of individual species’ responses to low oxygen, an aggregate response of 18 demersal (bottom-dwelling) finfish species was calculated as a general index of the impact on living resources to low oxygen conditions at or near the bottom of the Sound. The total weight, or biomass, of these demersal finfish species captured in samples taken at various levels of low DO was quantified and the percent reduction in biomass from that captured in fully oxygenated water was computed. These studies showed that the finfish biomass is reduced by 100% (total avoidance) in waters with DO less than 1.0 mg/L. In waters with 1.0-1.9 mg/L DO, biomass is reduced by 82%, while a 41% reduction occurs at 2.0-2.9 mg/L DO, and a 4% reduction occurs at 3.0-3.9 mg/L DO (Simpson et al, 1995, 1996).

For each survey the total area of the Sound encompassing each 1-mg interval of DO is calculated and the depletion percentage applied. These area depletions are summed over the number of days they persist during the designated hypoxia season. The summed area-day depletion is then expressed as a percentage of the total available area (total sample area of 2,723 km²) multiplied times the total season (94 days). A maximum BADD index of 100% would result from severe hypoxia occurring over the entire study area for the entire hypoxia season.

In an average year, hypoxic waters cover ~440 km² (169 miles²) for 55 days and result in a BADD impairment index of 2.5%. In the worst year (1994), hypoxia spread over 1,000 km² (395 miles²) for the entire season, resulting in a BADD index of almost 9%. In 2017, the BADD index was 1.34% down from 3.05% in 2016.



2017 Summer Weather Conditions

The Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC) at Cornell University is tasked with disseminating climate data and information for 12 states. This climate information is useful as physical processes influence the timing and duration of hypoxia. The summer of 2017 was variable. The season started out slightly warmer than normal with above average rainfall. August wrapped up the season on the dry side with below average temperatures. September brought cooler than normal temperatures this fall and shifted into October with some record setting warm days at multiple climate sites. June and July were 0.2°F above normal while August was 1.3°F below normal, and September was 3.0°F above normal. Consequently, the summer of 2017 (June-August) was 0.3°F above average. Warm temperatures continued into November where the region as a whole was 2.0°F above normal. The average maximum summer (June-August) 2017 air temperatures at climate sites around Long Island Sound ranged from 81.1°F in Bridgeport, CT to 82.8 °F at LaGuardia Airport in Queens, NY and at Islip, NY on Long Island.

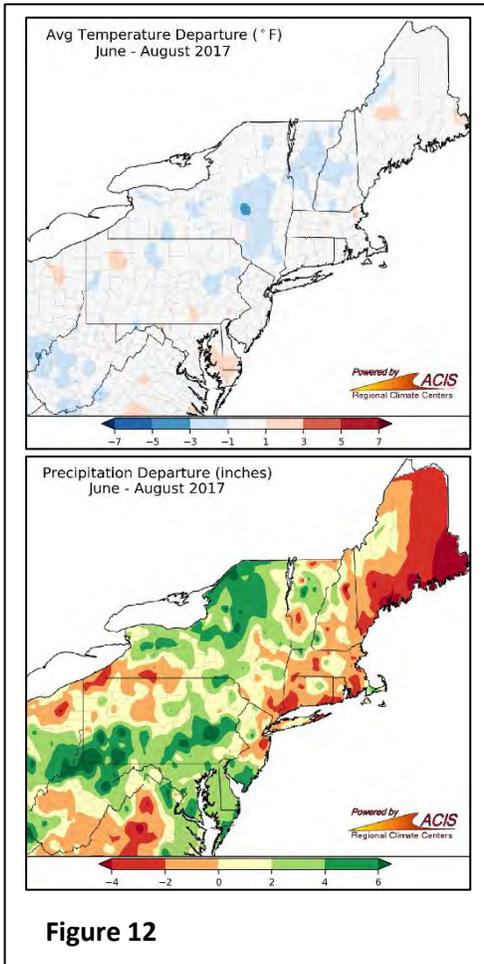


Figure 12

The Northeast received 107% of its normal precipitation for June through August. At the beginning of June (week June 6, 2017), the U.S. Drought Monitor indicated that 100% (cumulative percent area) of the Northeast was not in any drought category with the region receiving over 100% of its precipitation in June and up to 122% of its precipitation in July. There were multiple record setting rainfall events which occurred in Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, and New Jersey causing flooding and harmful algal blooms. A rare Nor'easter hit the region around July 27. By Mid-August ~10% of the region was abnormally dry. Transitioning into fall ~8% of the Northeast moved into moderate drought.

Comparatively, last year's summer season was considerably drier with extreme drought (category D3) covering over 5% of the region in September 2016 (figure 13, below). Across Long Island Sound, precipitation totals varied widely from site to site and month to month.

Across the coastal areas of Connecticut and New York, summer rainfalls were slightly below normal ranging from 78%-97% of normal for June, 79%-75% of normal for July and 59%-93% of normal for August. However, as a whole Connecticut and New York had over 100% of their normal precipitation for June and July.

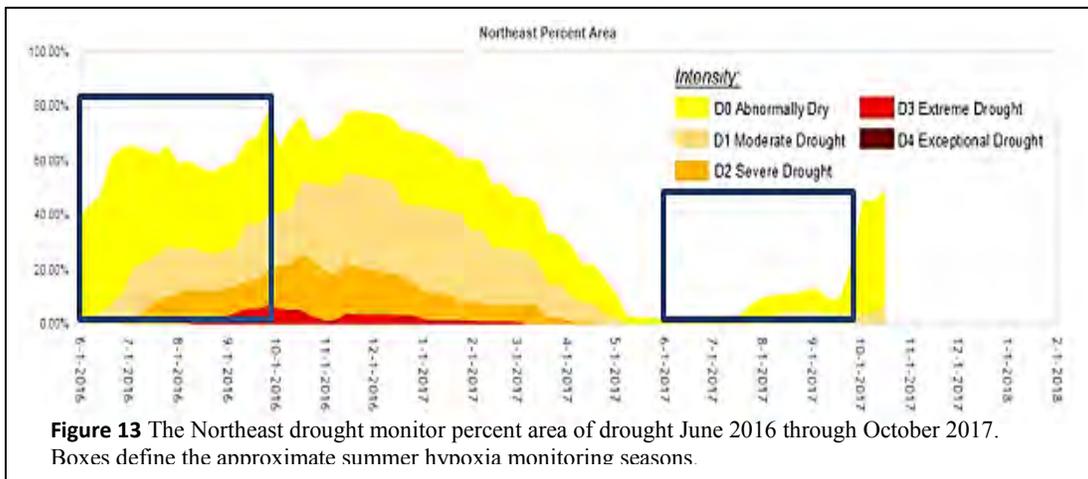


Figure 13 The Northeast drought monitor percent area of drought June 2016 through October 2017. Boxes define the approximate summer hypoxia monitoring seasons.

CT DEEP Program Overview

Since 1991, the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection (CT DEEP, formerly the Department of Environmental Protection, (CTDEP) has conducted an intensive year-round water quality monitoring program on Long Island Sound (LIS).

Water quality is monitored at up to forty-eight (48) sites by staff aboard the Department's Research Vessel *John Dempsey*. Data from the surveys are used to quantify and identify annual trends and differences in water quality parameters relevant to hypoxia (low dissolved oxygen), especially nutrients, temperature, and chlorophyll. These data are also used to evaluate the effectiveness of the management program to reduce nitrogen concentrations. During the summer (June -September) CT DEEP conducts additional summer hypoxia surveys at bi-weekly intervals to better define the areal extent and duration of hypoxia.

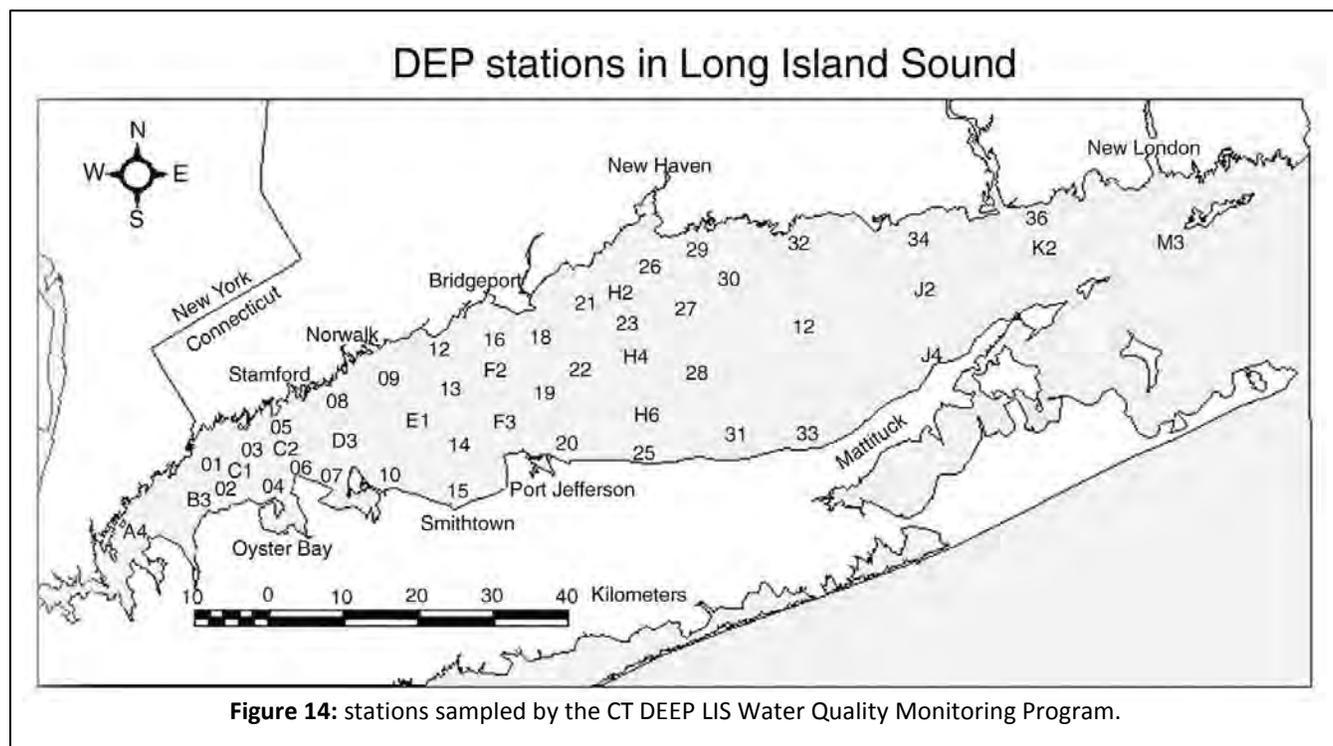


Figure 14: stations sampled by the CT DEEP LIS Water Quality Monitoring Program.

CT DEEP Methods

In situ data and nutrient samples are collected monthly year round from 17 sites. Bi-weekly hypoxia surveys start in mid-June and end in September with up to 48 stations sampled during each survey for *in situ* parameters. All samples are collected and analyzed under EPA-approved Quality Assurance Project Plans.

Dissolved oxygen, temperature, pH, and salinity data are collected *in situ* (on site in the water column) using an electronic instrument called a Conductivity Temperature Depth recorder (CTD). The CTD, a Sea-Bird model SBE-19 SeaCat Profiler equipped with auxiliary dissolved oxygen, photosynthetically-active radiation (PAR) and pH sensors, is attached to a Rosette Sampler. The Rosette is lowered off the stern of the R/V John Dempsey through the water column at a rate of approximately 0.2 meters per second, measurements are recorded every 0.5 seconds, creating a surface to bottom water column profile. *In situ* data are reviewed in real-time with measurements recorded on field data sheets at three distinct depths (near bottom = 1 m off the bottom, bottom= 5 m off the bottom, and surface = 2 m below the surface).



Water samples for nutrient analysis are collected using Niskin water sampling bottles that are attached to the Rosette Sampler. The bottles are remotely triggered from the shipboard lab, allowing a water sample to be collected from any specified depth. CT DEEP samples are collected as the Rosette is retrieved (i.e., on the upcast) from two depths- at 5 meters above the bottom (referred to as Bottom samples) and 2 meters below the surface (referred to as Surface samples). Samples are filtered aboard the mini laboratory and preserved for later analyses at the University of Connecticut's Center for Environmental Science and Engineering in Storrs, Connecticut.



Samples are analyzed for dissolved silica, particulate silica, particulate carbon, dissolved organic carbon, dissolved nitrogen, particulate nitrogen, ammonia, nitrate + nitrite, particulate phosphorus, total dissolved phosphorus, orthophosphate, chlorophyll a, biochemical oxygen demand, and total suspended solids.

Since 2002, CT DEEP has collected zooplankton samples from six stations and phytoplankton from ten stations across Long Island Sound. The samples are sent to researchers at the University of Connecticut who identify species composition, abundance, community structure, and spatial and temporal distribution throughout the Sound.

IEC Program Overview

The Interstate Environmental Commission (IEC) is a tri-state water and air pollution control agency located in Staten Island, NY on the College of Staten Island campus. Established in 1936, the IEC serves the states of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. The IEC's area of jurisdiction runs west from New Haven, CT, and Port Jefferson, NY, on Long Island Sound. As of 2012, IEC has been in a temporary host relationship with the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (NEIWPCC).



IEC has conducted monitoring in the far Western Long Island Sound and the Upper East River since 1991. Since 2014, IEC's monitoring program has implemented modifications, including the collection of nutrients, to align it with CT DEEP's program. The overall goal of IEC's seasonal monitoring program is to effectively measure key water quality indicators identified by the Long Island Sound Study (LISS), such as dissolved oxygen and nutrients, which are important for understanding, and mitigating, hypoxia in the far western Long Island Sound. IEC's WLIS monitoring program, including sampling and analytical methods, is outlined in a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) that is revised annually and approved by EPA Region 1.

IEC's monitoring program is conducted between June and September when dissolved oxygen concentrations in western Long Island Sound are typically at their lowest levels. This allows for better characterization of hypoxia and identification of critical areas in the far western Sound.

IEC collects *in situ* data from 22 stations in the far western (Narrows) portion of the Sound on a weekly basis (see figure 15). *In situ* parameters include water temperature, dissolved oxygen, salinity, pH, and water clarity (Secchi disk depth). In addition, IEC collects biweekly samples for chlorophyll a, biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS), and a suite of nutrient parameters. More information about IEC and its monitoring program can be found below or on the IEC website: (<http://www.iec-nynjct.org>).

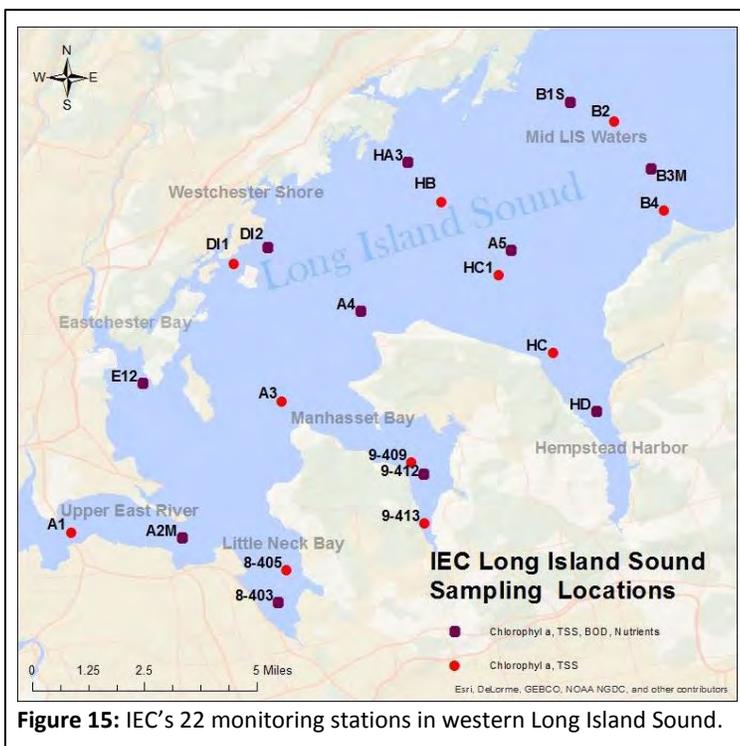


Dissolved oxygen data from 13 of IEC's 22 stations are incorporated into hypoxia maps and areal estimates that are presented in this report. These 13 stations (A1, A2M, A3, A4, HA3, HB, A5, HC1, HC, B1S, B2, B3M, B4) represent open water portions of the western Narrows. DO data collected from IEC's embayment stations were not utilized in areal estimates. Additionally, data collected from six IEC stations (A1, A2M, A3, A4, A5, B3) are presented along with data from seven of CT DEEP's stations (A4, B3, D3, F3, H4, I2, and M3) to examine the west to east spatial patterns of temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, and chlorophyll a concentrations across the Sound. These stations are along an axial transect that approximates the thalweg of the Sound. Supplemental IEC data from Little Neck Bay, Manhasset Bay and Hempstead Harbor appear in Appendix A of this report. Additional IEC data are available upon request and in IEC's weekly season summaries.

IEC Methods

Dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity, and pH data are collected using a YSI EXO 1 Multiparameter Sonde at bottom, mid, and surface depths at all 22 stations on a weekly basis from June through September. For stations with a depth of less than 10 meters, only surface and bottom measurements are collected. In addition, data collection includes recording observations of percent cloud cover, sea state, and the measurement of water clarity (Secchi disk depth) as well as weather and precipitation data.

Surface grab samples (within one meter of the surface) are collected on a biweekly basis June through September for chlorophyll a and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) at all 22 stations and a suite of nutrient parameters and Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) at 11 of the 22 stations. Figure 15 highlights where sample collection takes place and for which parameters. Samples collected for chlorophyll a and TSS are collected directly into a clean, dry, 1000-mL polypropylene sample bottle and are stored in the dark. BOD and nutrient samples are collected using a clean, dry, 2000-mL polypropylene sample bottle. All samples are kept at $\leq 4^{\circ}\text{C}$ during collection and transport to the IEC laboratory. The IEC laboratory is a National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) certified environmental testing laboratory.



The 11 stations selected for BOD and nutrient sampling (added to the program in 2014) were chosen based on feedback and input from the Long Island Sound Study Water Quality Monitoring Workgroup.

The specific nutrient parameters that are analyzed include ammonia, nitrate+nitrite, particulate nitrogen, orthophosphate/DIP, total dissolved phosphorus, particulate phosphorus, dissolved organic carbon, particulate carbon, dissolved silica, and biogenic silica. chlorophyll a, TSS, BOD and all nutrient parameters (with the exception of dissolved organic carbon and particulate carbon) are analyzed at the IEC laboratory. Samples for dissolved organic carbon and particulate carbon analysis are subcontracted to the University of Maryland's Center for Environmental Science, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory, Nutrient Analytical Services Laboratory in Solomons, MD. Further information on sampling and analytical methods can be found in the EPA-approved QAPP *Ambient Water Quality Monitoring in Far Western Long Island Sound, version 3.0*.

LISICOS

The Long Island Sound Integrated Coastal Observing System (LISICOS) was established in 2003 as a component of a regional/national ocean observing system. The system was conceptualized as part of a water quality monitoring program that combined the traditional ship-based point sampling surveys with continuous, real-time sampling stations. Funding for the program was first provided through the Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Monitoring for Public Access and Community Tracking (EMPACT) grant program and is now provided, in part, by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

The initial goal was to develop “a capability to observe and understand the LIS ecosystem and predict its response to natural and anthropogenic changes.”



LISICOS monitors water quality parameters (*e.g.*, salinity, temperature, dissolved oxygen, surface waves, photosynthetically available radiation, chlorophyll) and meteorological parameters (*e.g.*, wind speed, direction, barometric pressure, wave height) at up to eight stations across the Sound. Sensors are attached to a moored buoy at various depths (surface, mid, bottom). Data are transmitted every 15 minutes in real-time via satellite where they are stored in a database and uploaded to the LISICOS website:

<http://lisicos.uconn.edu/index.php>.

The system is maintained by the University of Connecticut.

2017 Important Facts

CT DEEP conducted seven surveys during the summer of 2017 between June 6th and September 1st. Over the course of the season, fifteen (15) stations exhibited hypoxia. Of the 275 site visits completed in 2017 hypoxic conditions were found during three surveys.

IEC conducted twelve surveys during the summer of 2017 between June 27th and September 11th. Hypoxic conditions were found during five surveys (embayment stations included). Fifteen stations exhibited hypoxic conditions over the course of the season.

Table 1: Extent and Duration of Hypoxia

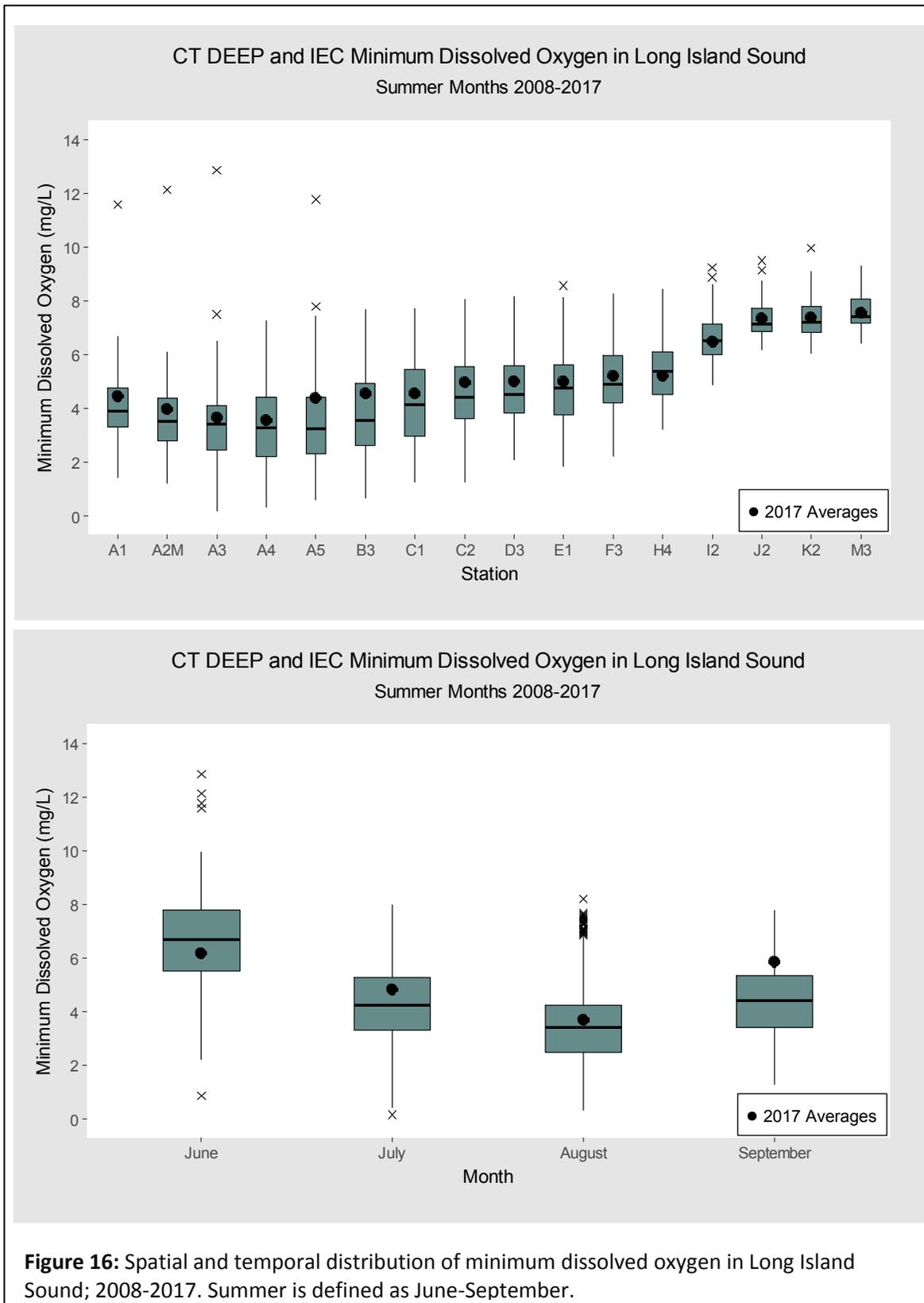
Cruise*	Start Date	End Date	Number of stations sampled*	Number of hypoxic stations	Hypoxic Area (mi ²)	Min DO Observed	Station with Min DO
WQJUN17	6/5/2017	6/8/2017	17	0	0.00	6.67	A4
HYJUN17	6/20/2017	6/21/2017	23	0	0.00	4.65	A4
IEC Run #1	6/27/2017	6/27/2017	13	2		0.86	A4
WQJUL17	7/5/2017	7/7/2017	34	0	0.00	3.65	A4
IEC Run #2	7/5/2017	7/5/2017	13	0		2.36	H-C
IEC Run #3	7/11/2017	7/11/2017	14	0		3.35	A4
HYJUL17	7/18/2017	7/20/2017	40	6	69.9	2.14	O2
IEC Run #4	7/18/2017	7/18/2017	13	1		2.97	B2
IEC Run #5	7/26/2017	7/26/2017	13	0		3.86	A1
WQAUG17	7/31/2017	8/2/2017	43	0	0.00	3.37	F3
IEC Run #6	8/1/2017	8/1/2017	13	0		3.69	H-C1
IEC Run #7	8/8/2017	8/8/2017	13	4		2.45	A3
IEC Run #8	8/15/2017	8/15/2017	13	13		1.53	A5
HYAUG17	8/14/2017	8/16/2017	40	5	44.13	1.11	A4
IEC Run #9	8/22/2017	8/22/2017	13	8		1.90	A4
WQSEP17	8/28/2017	9/1/2017	40	3	42.39	2.46	A4
IEC Run #10	8/31/2017	8/31/2017	13	0		4.56	A2M
IEC Run #11	09/05/2017	9/05/2017	13	0		3.00	A4
HYSEP17	No Survey	No Survey	-	-	-	-	-
IEC Run #12	9/11/2017	9/11/2017	13	0		5.56	A2M

NC= Not calculated

Bold= highest area of hypoxia

*IEC samples 22 stations, however only 13 stations are included

CTDEEP and IEC have been collecting summer dissolved oxygen data across the Sound since 1991. Recent data from the past ten years (2008-2017) are presented in box plots in figure 16 to demonstrate the spatial (top) and temporal (bottom) variability. Moving from West to East, DO concentrations in Long Island Sound typically increase. The average DO from each survey tends to decrease in late June and then rebounds in late August.



Timing and Duration of Hypoxia: 1991 – 2017

Start dates and end dates for the hypoxic events are estimated by plotting CT DEEP and IEC data from stations A4 and B3 in an Excel spreadsheet and then using a line with markers chart to interpolate when the DO concentration drops below/rises above 3.0 mg/L. The 2017 hypoxic event was estimated to have begun on July 18th. There was a clear period between July 21st and August 6th when DO concentrations rose above 3.0 mg/L and remained above this threshold for 18 days. This is also evident in data collected by the LISICOS Execution Rocks Buoy (Figures 18-20). This increase is partly attributable to a rare summertime Nor'easter that swept through the area July 27-31 (NWS 2017, NYC Patch 2017). DO concentrations decreased below the hypoxia threshold again on August 7th and remained there for another 23 days, until the 29th of August when concentrations climbed above the 3.0 mg/L threshold. Compared to the previous 24 years, 2017 was the SHORTEST event lasting 26 days, and was well below the average of 53 days.

Table 2: 2017 Duration Estimates

	Estimated Start Date	Estimated End Date	Duration (days)
Event #1	7/18/2017	7/20/2017	3
Event #2	8/7/2017	8/29/2017	23
Total			26

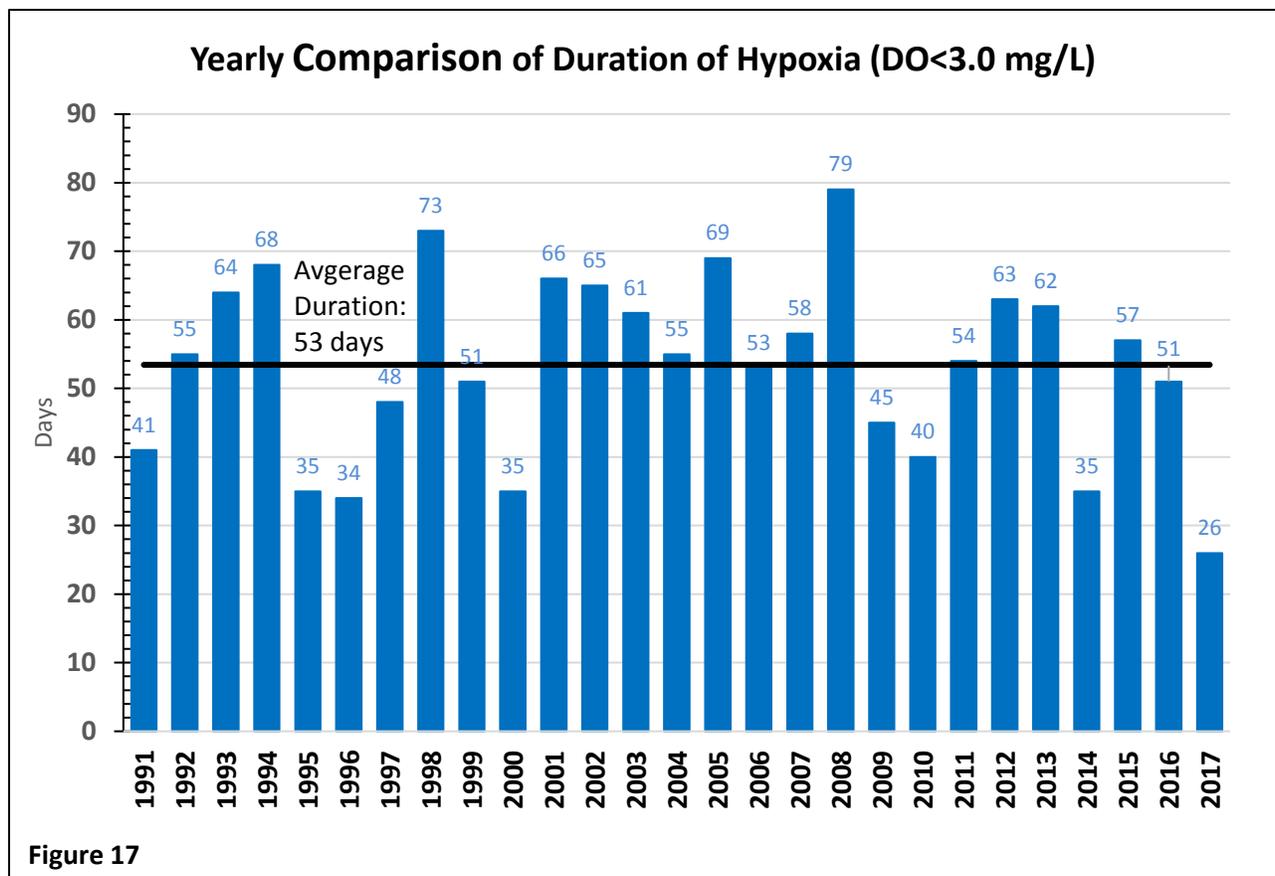


Table 3: Onset and Duration of Hypoxia, 1991-2017 (CT DEEP data only)

Year	Estimated Start Date	Estimated End Date	Maximum Area mi ²	Duration (days)
1991	July 19	Aug 28	122	41
1992	July 7	Aug 30	80	55
1993	July 9	Sept 10	202	64
1994	July 1	Sept 6	393	68
1995	July 12	Aug 16	305	35
1996	Aug 10	Sept 12	220	34
1997	July 27	Sept 12	30	48
1998	July 5	Sept 16	168	73
1999	July 2	Aug 21	121	51
2000	July 2	Aug 6	173	35
2001	July 10	Sept 14	133	66
2002	June 25	Aug 28	130	65
2003	July 5	Sept 3	345	61
2004	July 20	Sept 12	202	55
2005	July 14	Sept 20	177	69
2006	July 6	Aug 27	199	53
2007	July 16	Sept 11	162	58
2008	July 3	Sept 19	180.1	79
2009	July 19	Sept 1	169.1	45
2010	July 5	August 13	101.1	40
2011	July 6	August 28	130.3	54
2012	July 10	Sept 10	288.5	63
2013	July 8	Sept 7	80.7	62
2014*	July 24	Sept 9	87.1	35
2015	July 16	Sept 10	38.3	57
2016*	July 8	Sept 3	197.5	51
2017*	July 18	Aug 29	69.9	26
Average	July 12	Sept 4	166.8 mi ²	53
Deviation	±10 days	±11 days	±88.3 mi ²	±14 days

Table 3 displays the onset, duration, and end of the hypoxic events from 1991 through 2017 based on CT DEEP data only. This table will be updated in the future once historic (1991-2015) hypoxia maps are updated to include IEC data.

Using the LISS dissolved oxygen standard of 3.0 mg/L, the average date of onset was July 12 (±10 days), the average end date was September 4 (±12 days), and the average duration was 55 days (±13 days).

The earliest onset of hypoxia (red text) occurred on **June 25, 2002** and the latest end date (green text) occurred on **September 20, 2005**.

The maximum area of hypoxia was **393 square miles** (blue text) and occurred in 1994. The longest hypoxic event occurred in 2008 (magenta text) and lasted **79** days. The shortest hypoxic event occurred in 2017 and lasted **26** days (orange text).

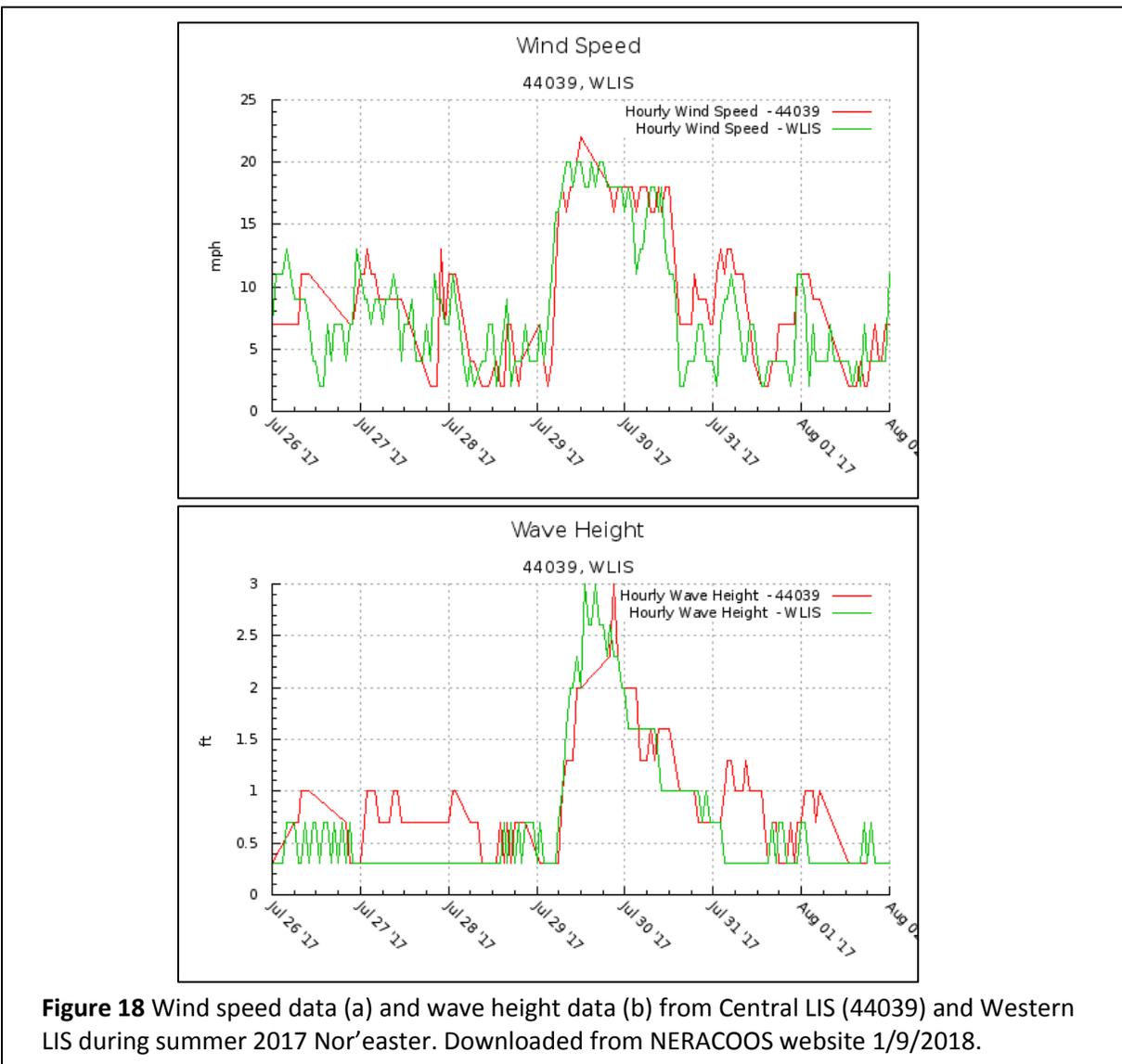
* In 2014, 2016, and 2017 there were clear periods where the DO concentration rose above the 3.0 mg/L threshold in the early/middle part of August before dipping again during late August and early September.

Continuous Dissolved Oxygen Data

LISICOS Buoys 2017

Real-time bottom dissolved oxygen data collected by the LISICOS buoys in Western Long Island Sound are depicted in Figures 19 and 20. While real-time data were not available from the buoys in 2017, the sensors still logged the data internally. Data were periodically uploaded by UConn staff during maintenance cruises. The data show the clear period in late July/early August when dissolved oxygen concentrations rose above the 3.0 mg/L threshold. This is partly a result of a summertime Nor'easter that swept through the area. Figure 18 shows the wind speeds and wave heights recorded by the buoys during this storm event.

The climatology from both the Execution Rocks buoy and the Western Sound buoy are also presented in the Figures 19-20. The continuous data are represented by a blue line on the Execution graph and an orange line on the Western Sound graph. The average of the 10-year dataset is represented by a black line and the variability observed over the historical station record is the gray shading.



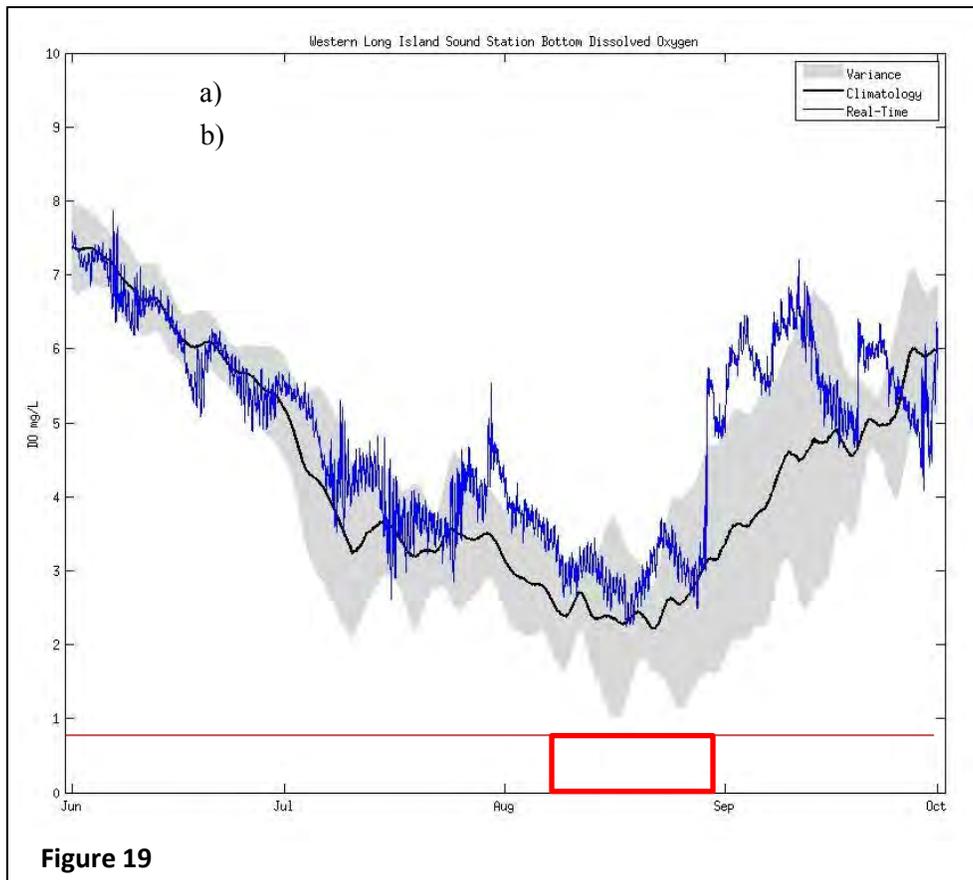


Figure 19

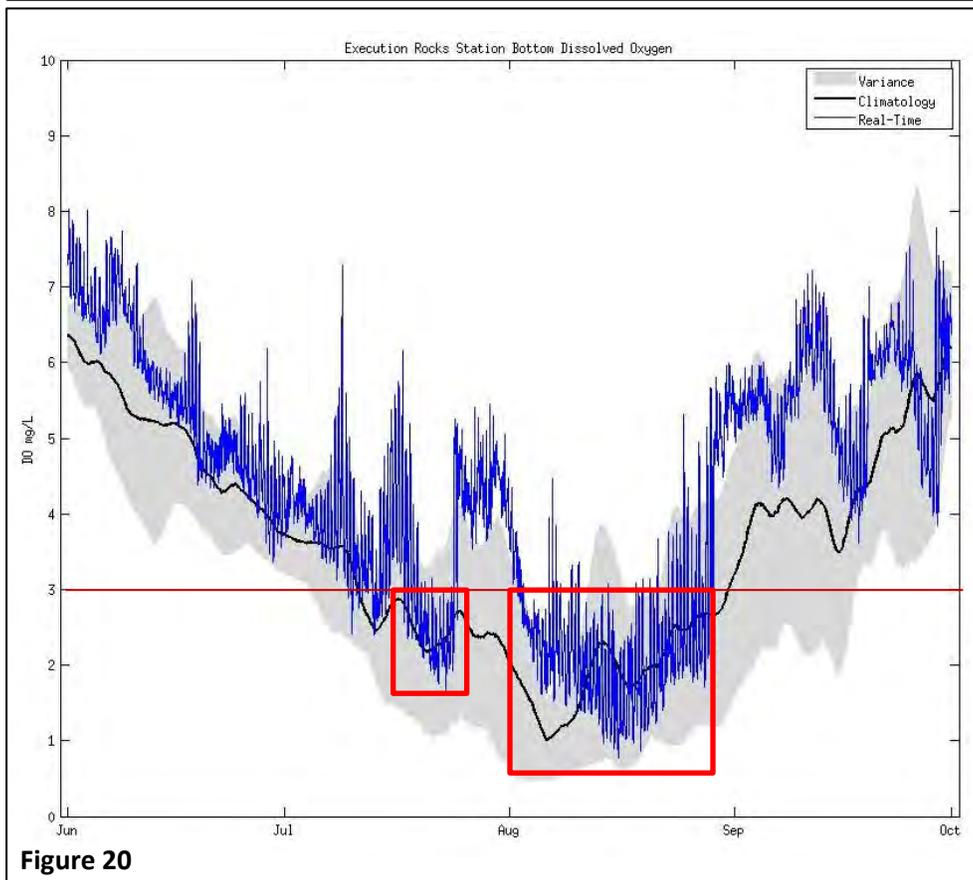


Figure 20

Based on LISICOS Western LIS Buoy Data Collected Between June 1 to October 1

(See Red Box Figure 19)

Estimated Dates	8/9-8/11, 8/14-8/21, 8/26-8/28
Duration below 3.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	10.88
Duration below 2.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	0
Duration below 1.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	0
Minimum DO value (mg/L)	2.25 (August 18)

Based on LISICOS Execution Rocks Buoy Data Collected Between June 1 to October 1

(See Red Boxes Figure 20)

Estimated Dates Event #1	7/17/17-7/24/17
Estimated Dates Event #2	8/2/17-8/29/17
Duration below 3.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	31.31
Duration below 2.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	12.45
Duration below 1.0 mg/L (cumulative days)	0.35
Minimum DO value (mg/L)	0.78 (August 16)

*Data obtained from T. Fake, UCONN, 12/21/17. Duration is calculated by LISICOS by summing the time (in days) of the number of samples where DO was below the specified value (T. Fake, pers comm. 18 October 2012). **Data are provisional and subject to change.***

Area Estimates

The peak hypoxic event occurred during **IEC Run #8 and the HYJUL17** cruises between 18 and 20 July. Based on the *traditional CT DEEP stations only interpolation*, the **maximum area was 69.9 square miles**. Compared to the previous 24-year average, 2017 was below average in area (see figure below). The lowest dissolved oxygen concentration (1.11 mg/L) documented by CT DEEP during 2017 occurred on 7/18/17 at Station A4. The lowest dissolved oxygen concentration documented by IEC during 2017 (excluding embayment stations and A4 in early June) occurred on 7/15/17 was 1.53 mg/L at Station A5. The Execution Rock Buoy recorded its' lowest reading, 0.78 mg/L, on 8/16/17.

The maximum areal estimate (figure 21) is still based on the traditional CT DEEP only data to maintain the continuity of the long-term data set and because the entire previous 24-year dataset has not been re-interpolated using both the CT DEEP and IEC stations.

Table 4 demonstrates the differences in the areal estimates between using CT DEEP data alone and CT DEEP data combined with IEC data. Differences in areal estimates are attributed to the increase in spatial coverage in the Western Sound. By increasing the spatial coverage, the map interpolation software used to create the maps places less emphasis (weighting) on stations A4 and B3. For example, if one looks at the areal estimates for the WQAUG17/IEC Run 8 event, CT DEEP only data provides an estimate of 4.8 square miles of the bottom water with DO concentrations less than 2.0 mg/L. Adding in the IEC data increases the estimate to 18.4 square miles. Looking at the maps from the HYAUG17 and Survey #8 helps to further illustrate this. On the IEC only map (top left) one can see that there are 3 stations with concentrations in the 1-1.99 mg/L range. The CT DEEP only map (top right) uses data from only two stations, A4 and B3, to interpolate that area in the 1-1.99 mg/L range.

Table 4 demonstrates the differences in the areal estimates between using CT DEEP data alone and CT DEEP data combined with IEC data.

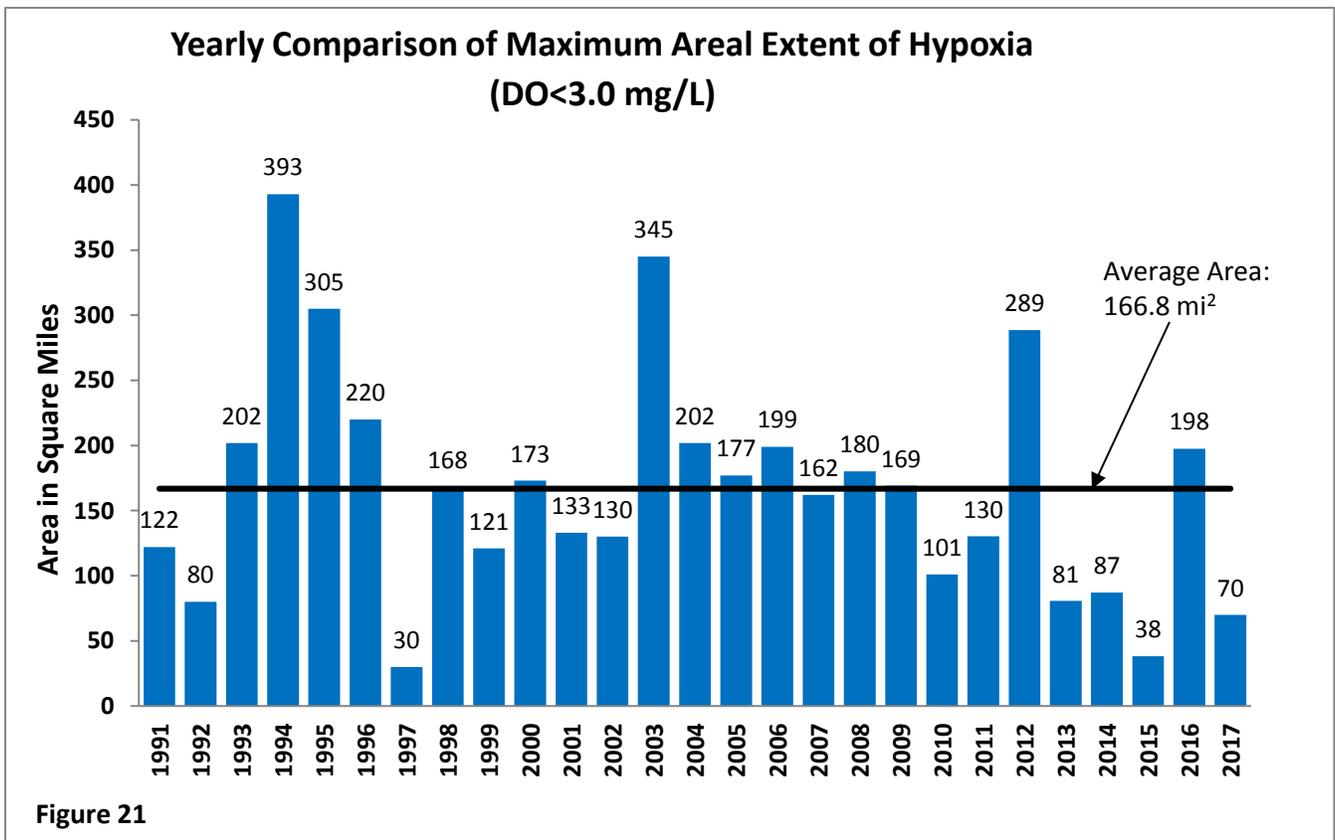


Figure 21

Table 4: CT DEEP and IEC Hypoxia Areal Extent (mi²)

Survey	Area <1.0 mg/L		Area <2.0 mg/L		Area <3.0 mg/L		Area <4.8 mg/L	
	DEEP	IEC & DEEP						
WQJUN17	0	--	0	--	0	--	0	--
HYJUN17	0	--	0	--	0	0	15.64	--
WQJUL17 & IEC Survey #2	0	0	0	0	0	2.20	85.95	79.42
HYJUL17 & IEC Survey #4	0	0	0	0	69.9	42.55	504.3	508.77
WQAUG17 & IEC Survey #6	0	0	0	0	0	0	475.68	453.28
HYAUG17 & IEC Survey #8	0	0	4.8	18.42	44.13	63.71	484.17	502.28
WQSEP17 & IEC Survey #10	0	0	0	0	42.39	5.67	218.50	194.60
HYSEP17	No DEEP Survey							

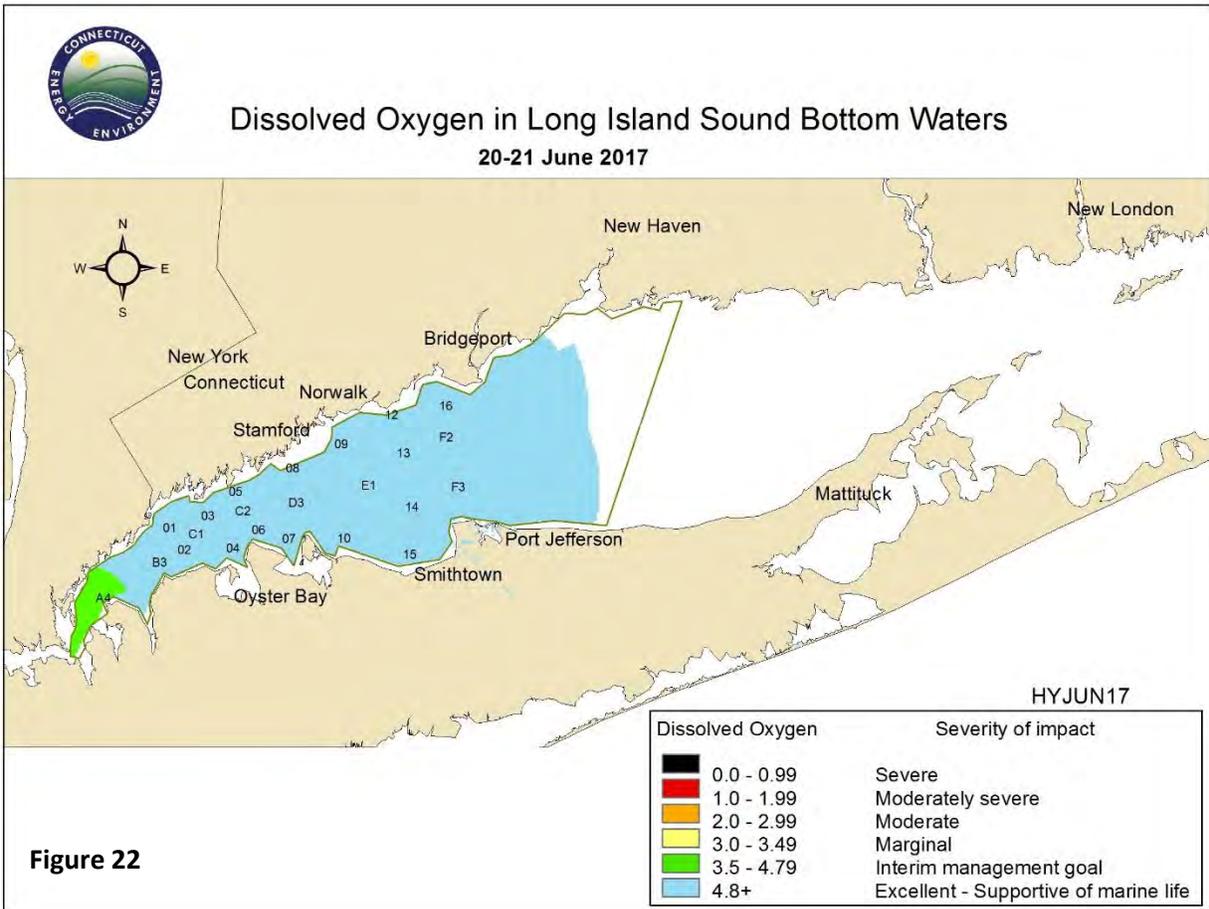
Hypoxia Maps

The following maps depict the development of hypoxia based on CT DEEP and IEC data through the 2017 season. Data for all surveys are available upon request.

A combination of maps has been created for each IEC and CT DEEP survey; this includes combined maps for overlapping surveys. The following 13 IEC stations were incorporated in the combined maps: A1, A2M, A3, A4, A5, B1S, B2, B3M, B4, H-A3, H-B, H-C, H-C1. As IEC and DEEP share two stations (A4 and B3), the data from these stations were averaged together to create the new combined maps. IEC stations in embayments (*i.e.*, DI1, DI2, 9-409, 9-412, 9-413, E-12, 8-405, 8-403, and H-D) were not included in the combined maps. While areal estimates were calculated using these combined hypoxia maps and are presented in this report, they are to be considered for informational purposes only. It is inappropriate to utilize the combined areal estimates as the official hypoxic area for 2017 as they are not comparable to the previous 23 years of estimates. DEEP is in the process of updating all the areal estimates from 1991 to the present utilizing historical datasets from IEC. Once completed the datasets would again be comparable. During the WQJUN17 survey conducted June 5-8, all CT DEEP stations had DO concentrations above 4.8 mg/L; therefore, no maps were produced.

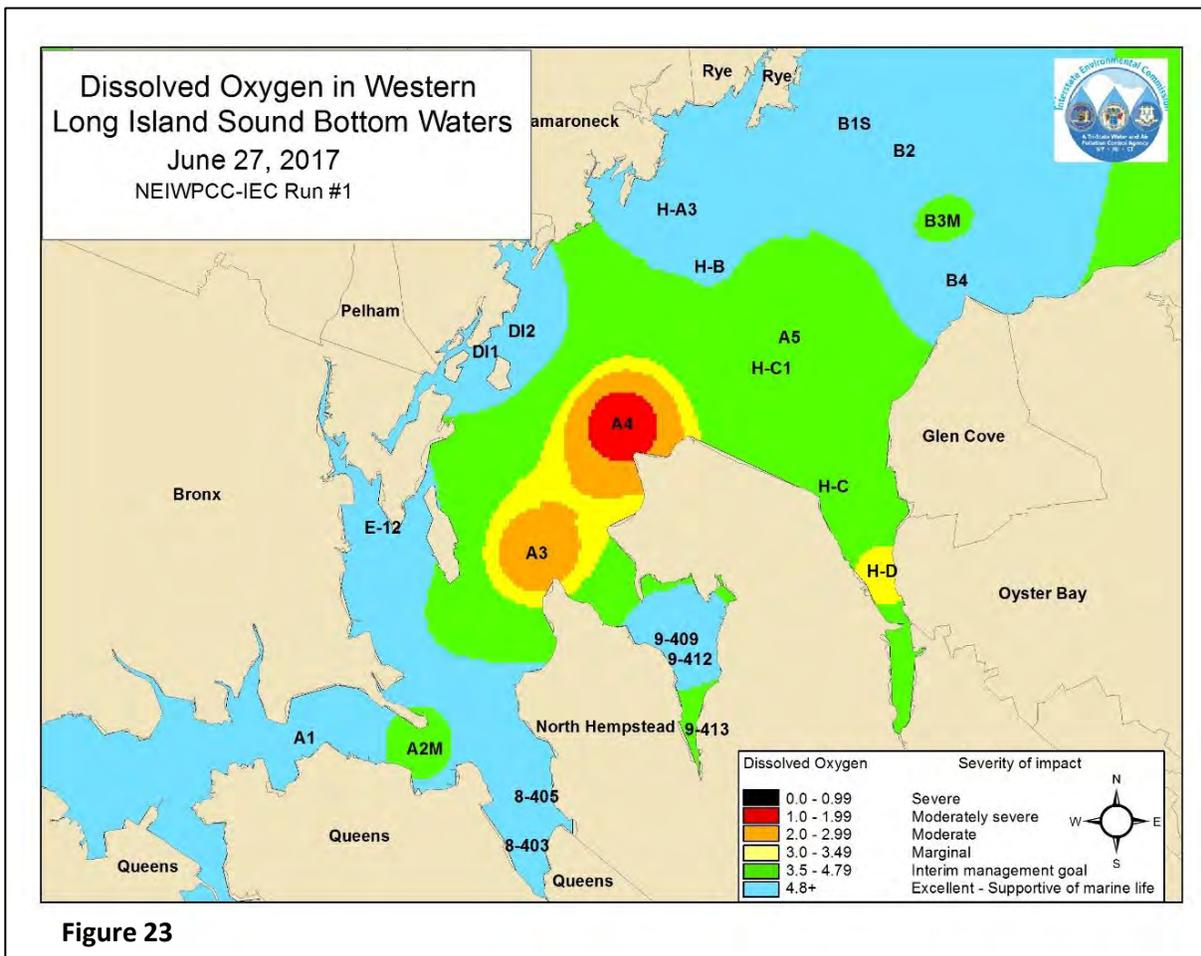
HYJUN17

CT DEEP sampled 23 stations during the HYJUN17 survey that was conducted 20-21 July 2017. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was at station A4 with a concentration of 4.65 mg/L. There were 40.5 km² of bottom water that had dissolved oxygen concentrations less than 4.8 mg/L during the HYJUN17 survey.



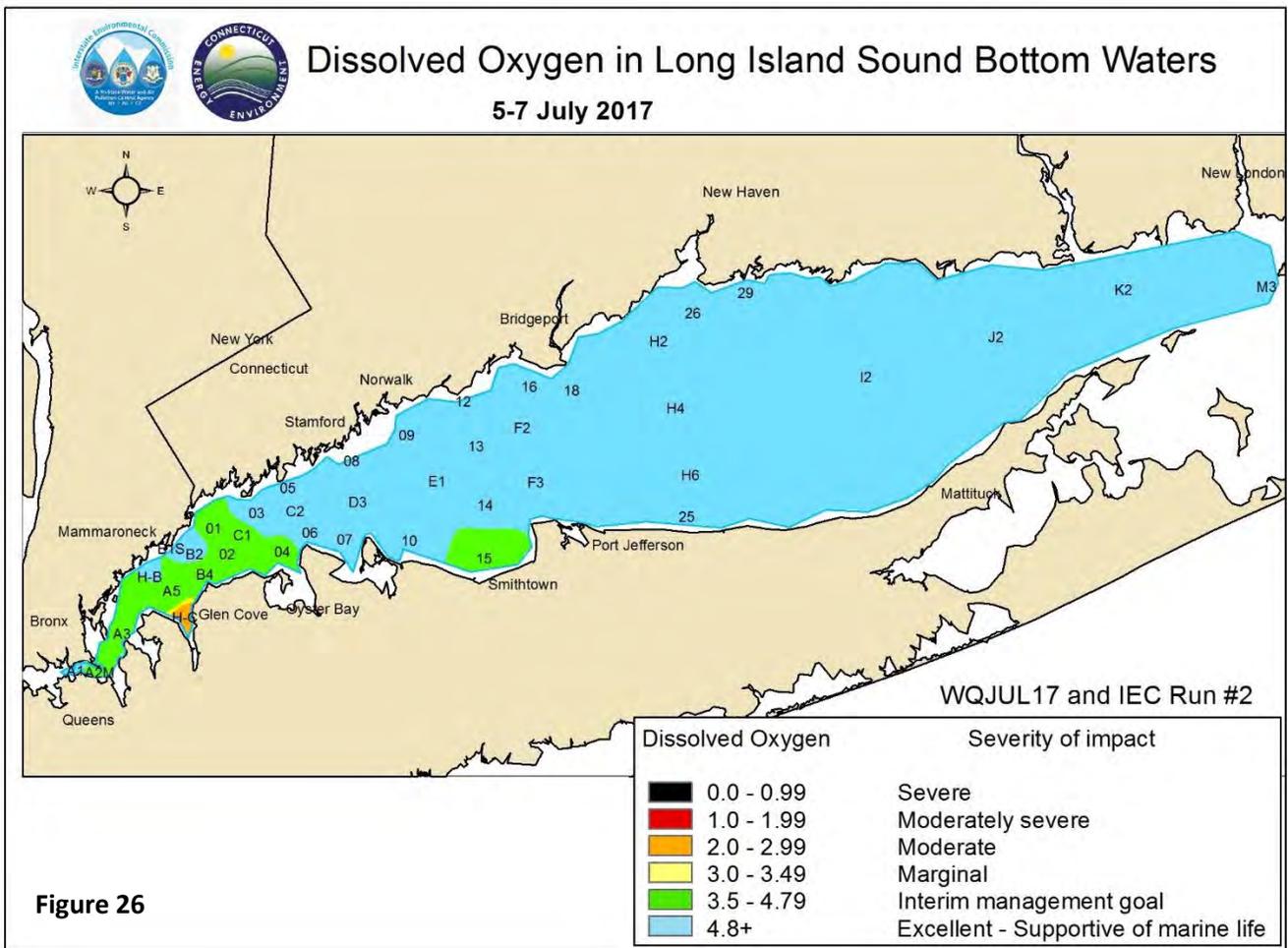
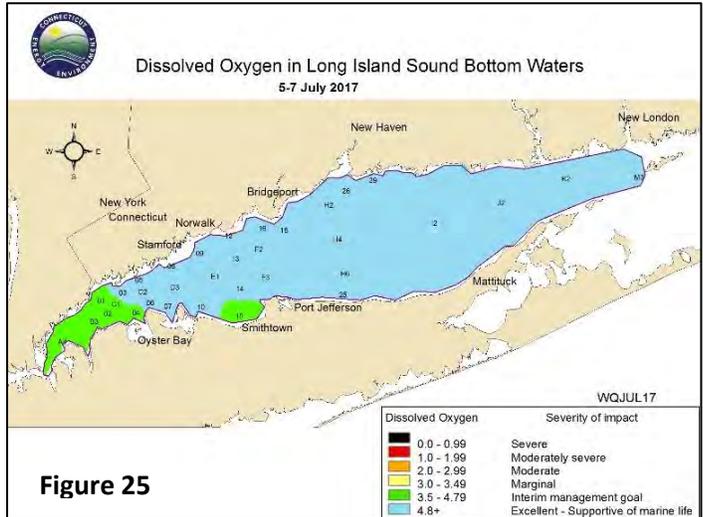
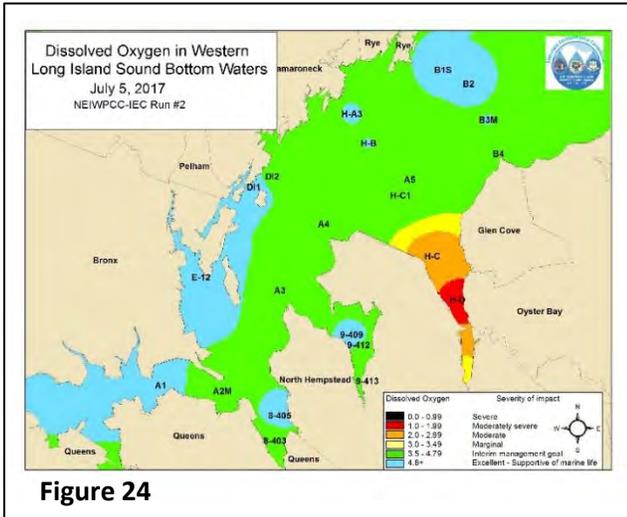
IEC Run #1

IEC conducted its first survey on June 28th, four stations had concentrations below 4.8 mg/L; A4, H-C1, A5, and A3. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was at station A4 with a concentration of 0.86 mg/L. However, this value is considered an outlier and was not used to calculate the start date or duration of the 2017 Hypoxia Season. The historic lowest dissolved oxygen concentration recorded by IEC at Station A4 during a June survey was 2 mg/L in 2004 and the historic lowest dissolved oxygen concentration recorded by CT DEEP at Station A4 during an HYJUN survey was 2.84 mg/L also in 2004.



CT DEEP WQJUL17 and IEC Run #2

During the WQJUL17 and IEC Run #2 surveys dissolved oxygen concentrations in the bottom waters of LIS were less than 4.8 mg/L at six CT DEEP stations and ten IEC stations.



IEC Run #3

IEC conducted its third survey (Run #3) on July 11th. Two stations (A4 and H-C) had concentrations below 3.5 mg/L. Twelve (12) additional stations had concentrations below 4.8 mg/L. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was at station A4 with a concentration of 3.35 mg/L.

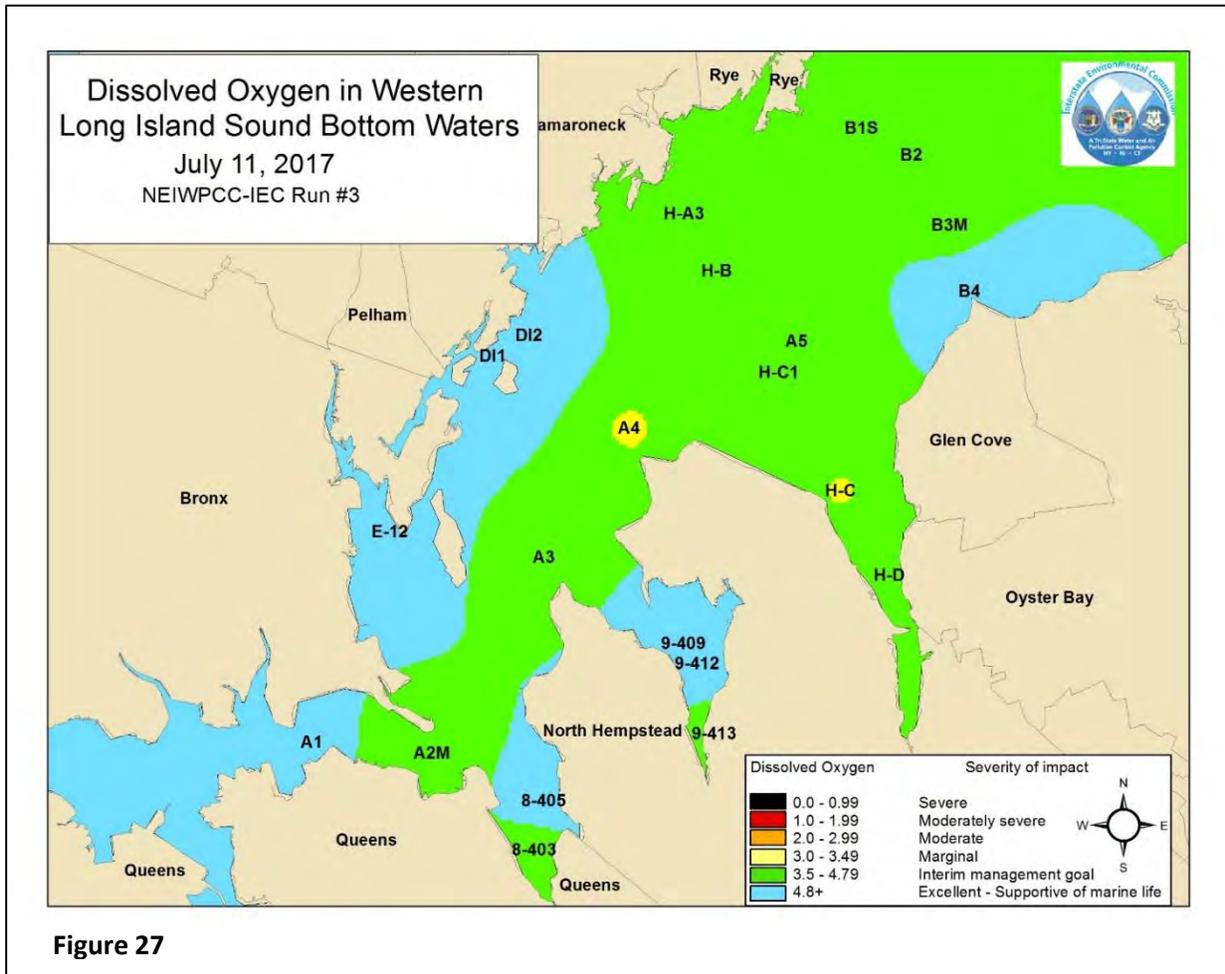


Figure 27

CT DEEP HYJUL17 and IEC Run #4

During IEC's fourth survey (Run #4) on 18 July, only four stations exhibited DO concentrations above 4.8 mg/L (Figure 28). Two stations were below 3.0 mg/L and four stations were below 3.5 mg/L. During the CT DEEP HYJUL17 survey, DO concentrations dropped below 4.8 mg/L at 20 stations with one station below 3.5 mg/L and six stations below 3.0 mg/L.

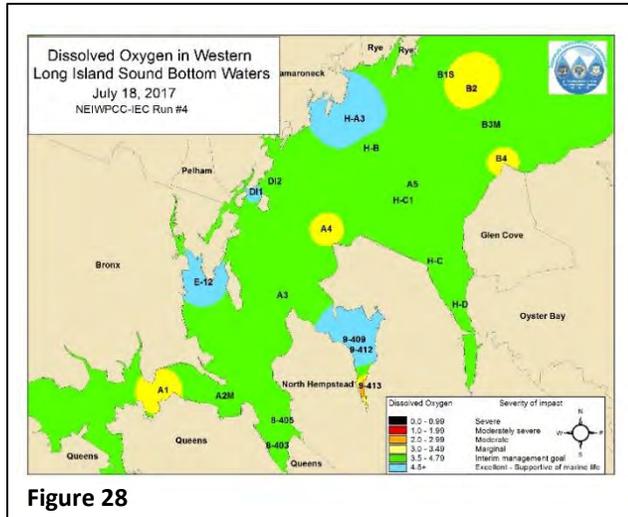


Figure 28

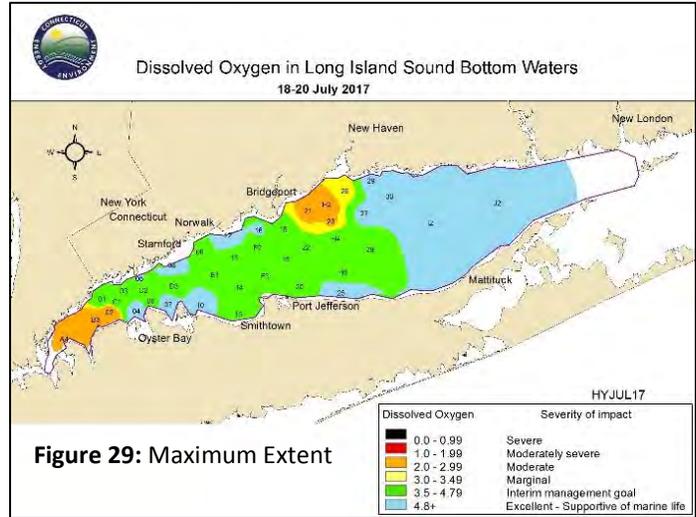


Figure 29: Maximum Extent

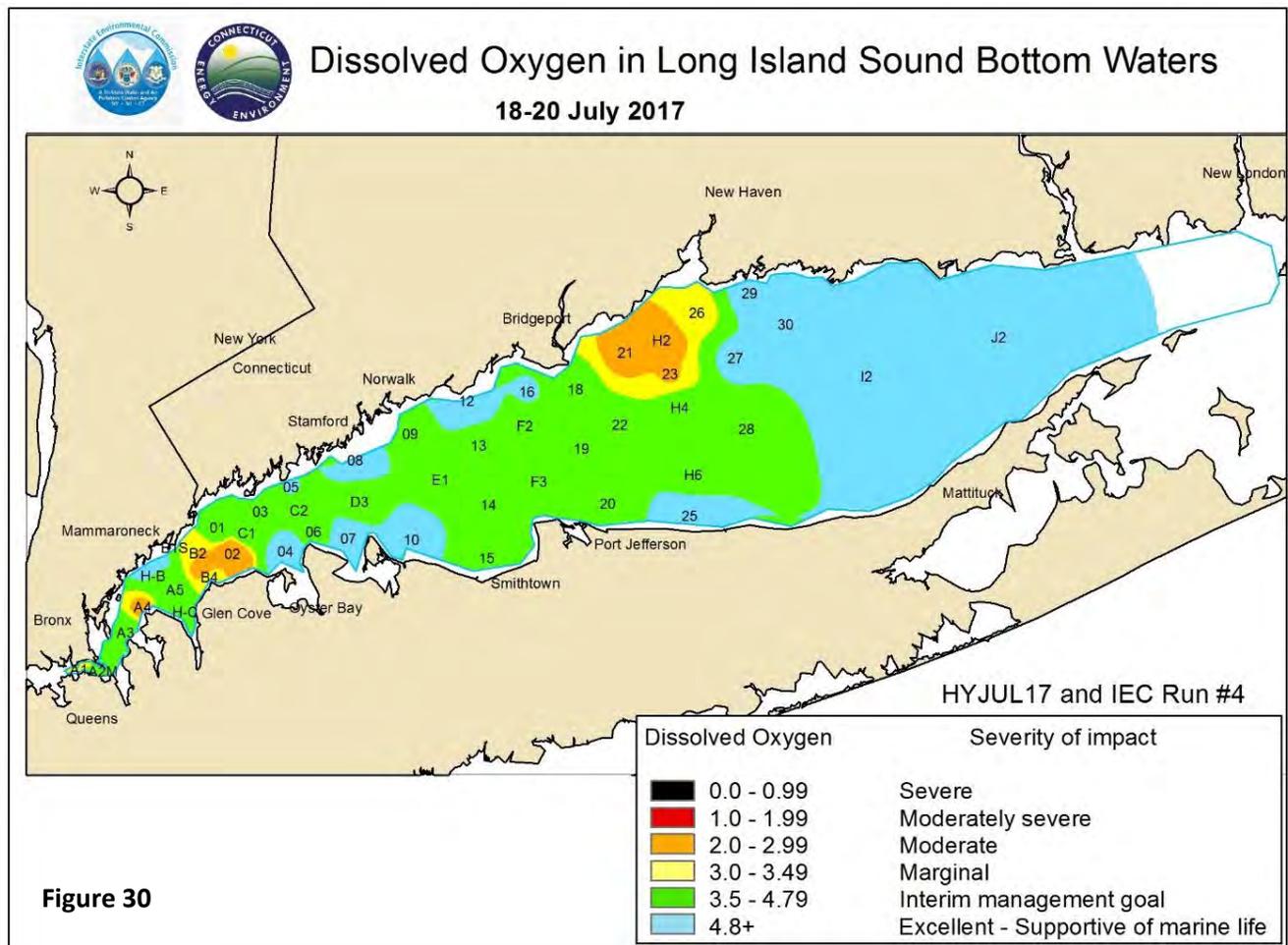
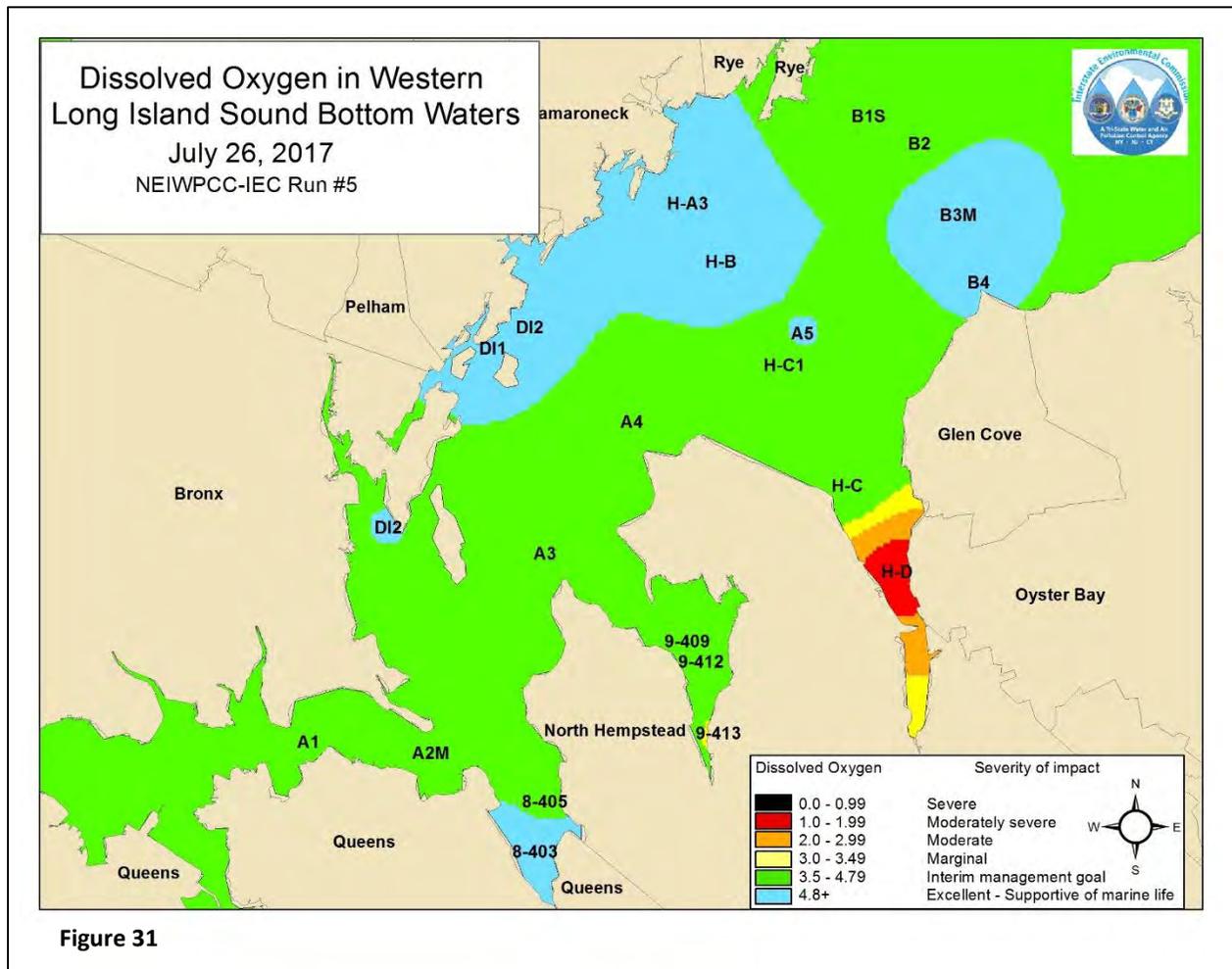


Figure 30

IEC Run #5

IEC conducted its fifth survey on July 26th. DO measurements at 11 stations were less than 4.8 mg/L. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was 1.23 mg/L at H-D.



CT DEEP WQAUG17 and IEC Run #6

During the CT DEEP WQAUG17 survey, conditions improved with dissolved oxygen concentrations at all stations above 3.0 mg/L. CT DEEP Stations 19 and F3 remained below 3.5 mg/L. Twenty-two (22) stations were less than 4.8 mg/L. During the sixth IEC survey only one embayment station was below 3.0 mg/L and 15 stations were less than 4.8 mg/L.

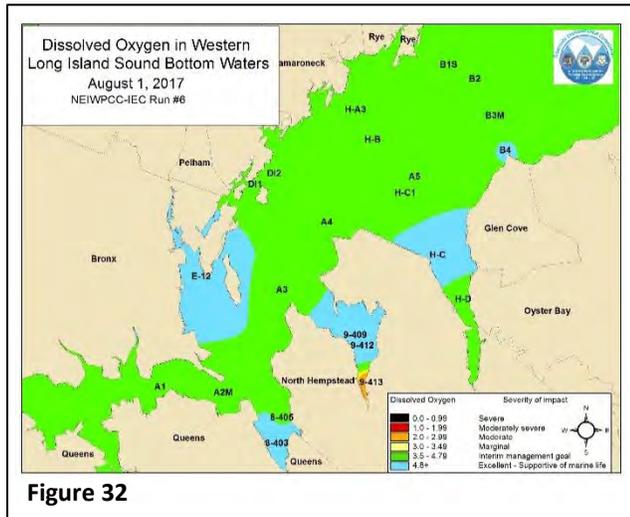


Figure 32

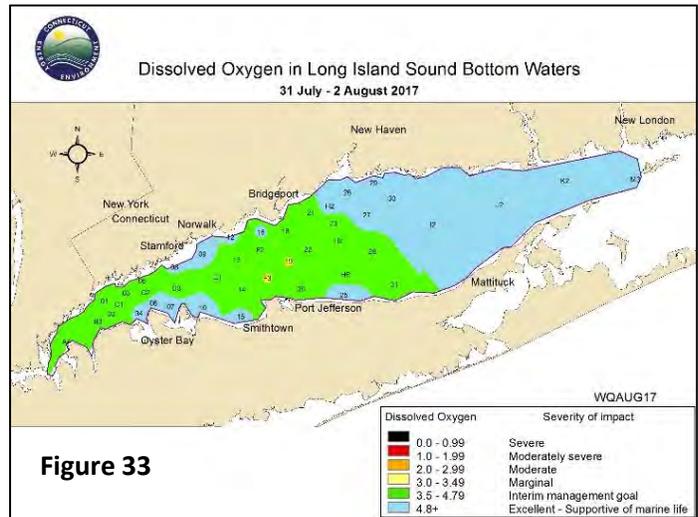


Figure 33

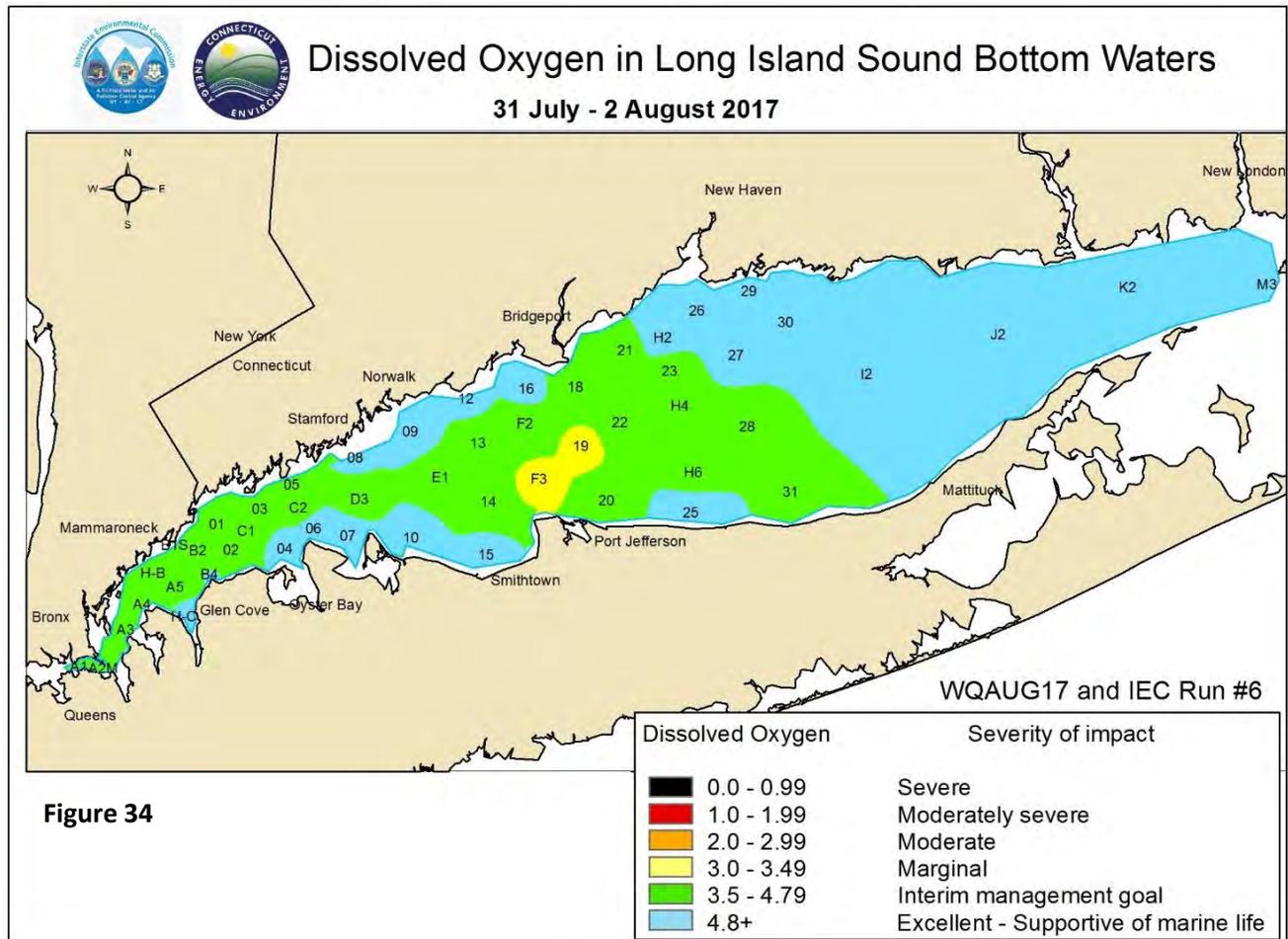
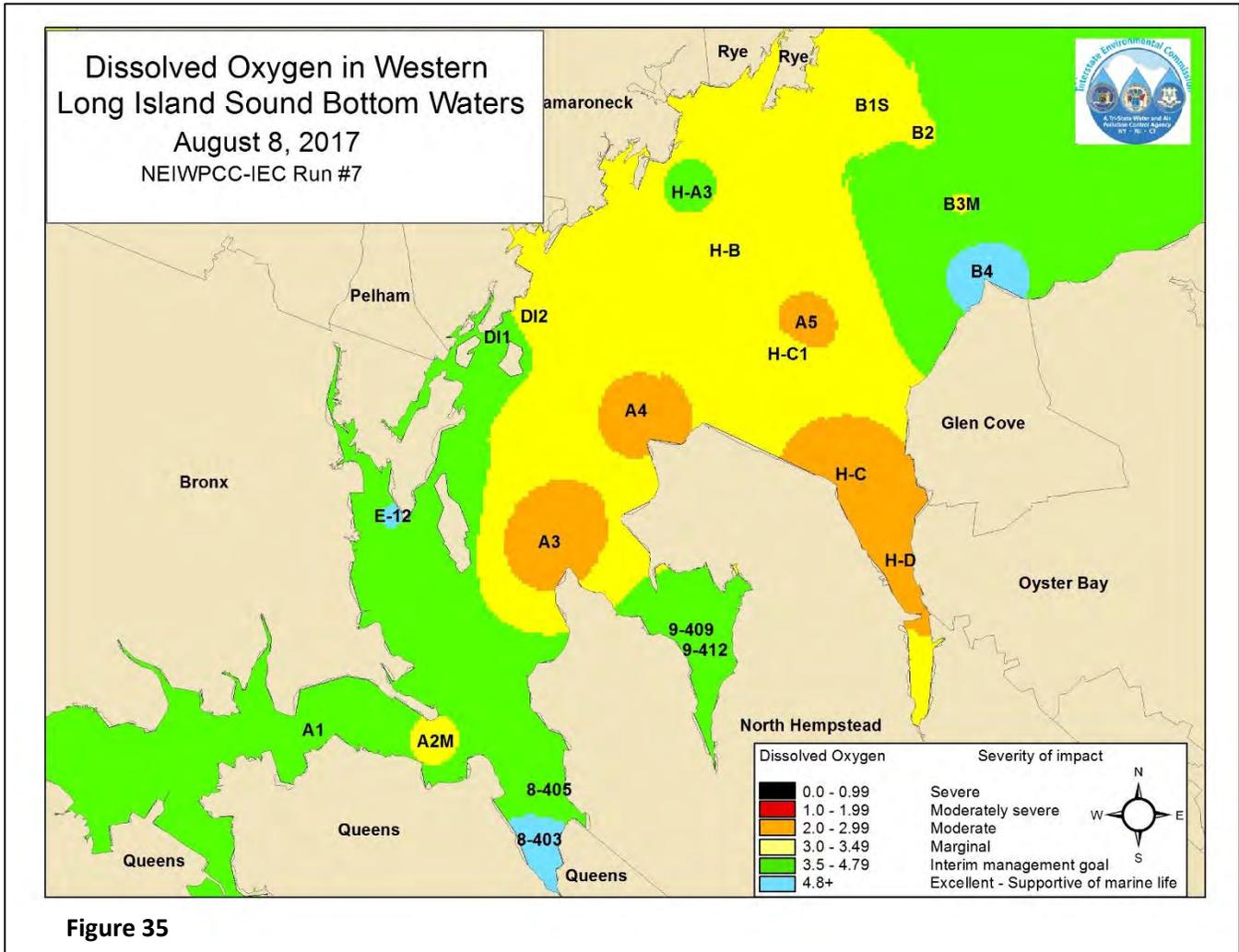


Figure 34

IEC Run #7

IEC conducted its seventh survey (Run #7) on August 8th. DO concentrations were below 4.8 mg/L at five stations (A3, A4, A5, H-C, and H-D). Seven additional stations had concentrations below 3.5 mg/L. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was at Station A5 with a concentration of 2.45 mg/L.



CT DEEP HYAUG17 and IEC Run #8

During the HYAUG17 survey, CT DEEP recorded one station, A4, with a DO concentration less than 2.0 mg/L, and IEC documented four stations with DO below 2.0 mg/L. CT DEEP also logged 4 stations with concentrations less than 3.0 mg/L, and IEC measured DO's less than 3.0 mg/L at 11 stations.

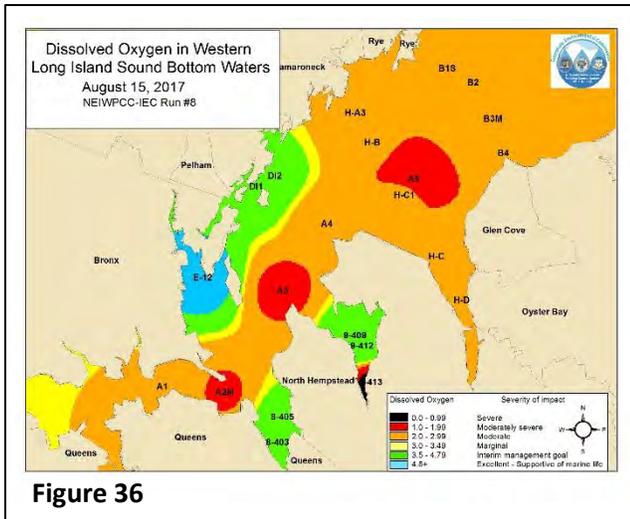


Figure 36

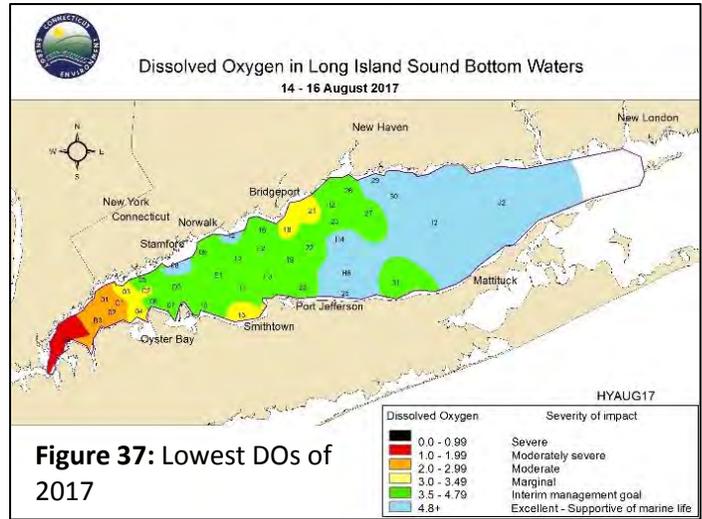


Figure 37: Lowest DOs of 2017

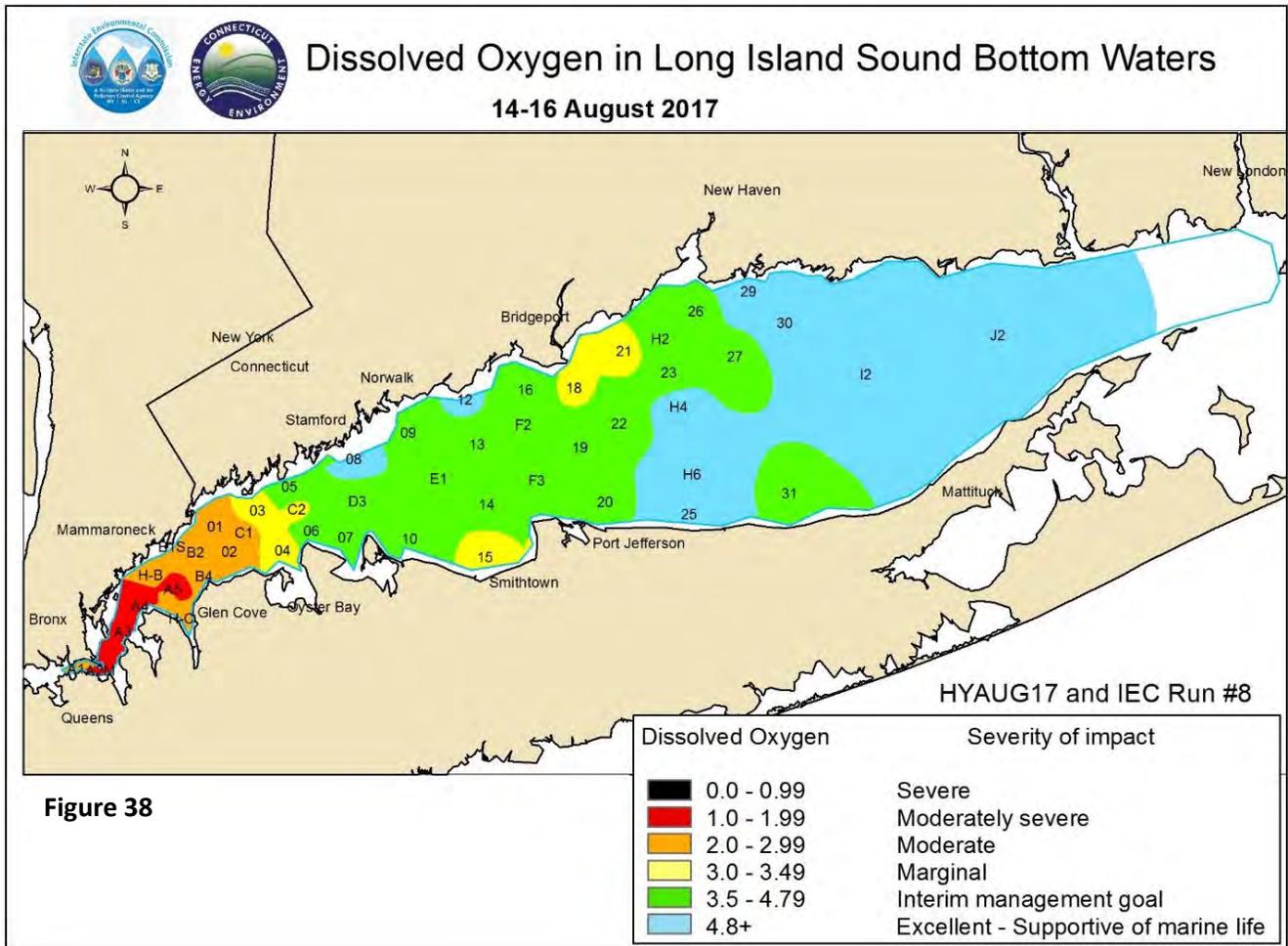


Figure 38

IEC Run #9

IEC conducted its ninth survey on August 22nd. Two stations exhibited DO concentrations below 2.0 mg/L (A4 and 9-413). Nine additional stations remained below 3.0 mg/L. The lowest dissolved oxygen recorded during this survey was at station 9-413 with a concentration of 0.90 mg/L.

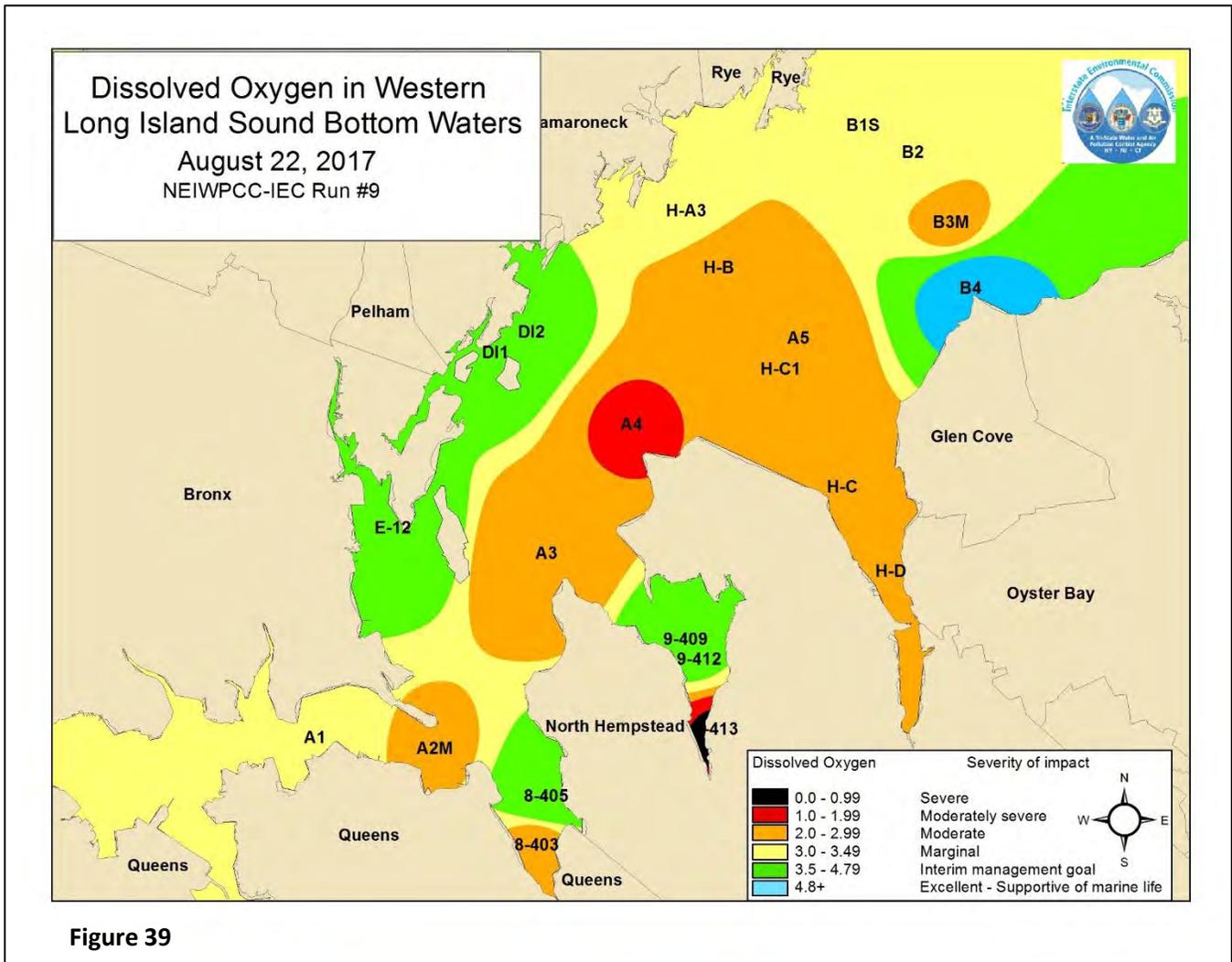


Figure 39

CT DEEP WQSEP17 and IEC Run #10

Hypoxic conditions persisted in the Western Sound during the WQSEP17 survey and IEC Run #10. During the WQSEP17 survey Stations A4, B3, and 02 were still below 2.0 mg/L. Station C1 was less than 3.5 mg/L. During the IEC survey only one embayment station, 9-413 remained below 3.0 mg/L and Station H-D was less than 3.5 mg/L.

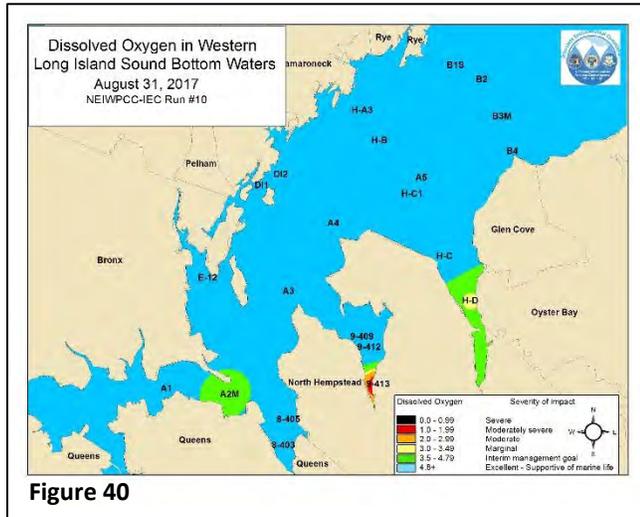


Figure 40

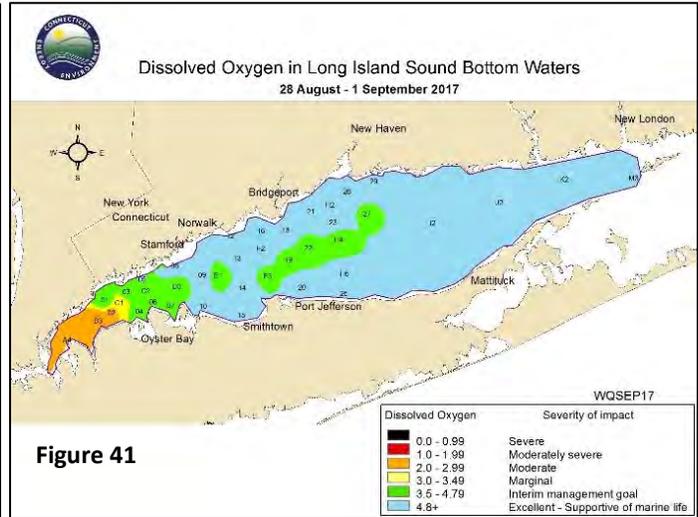


Figure 41

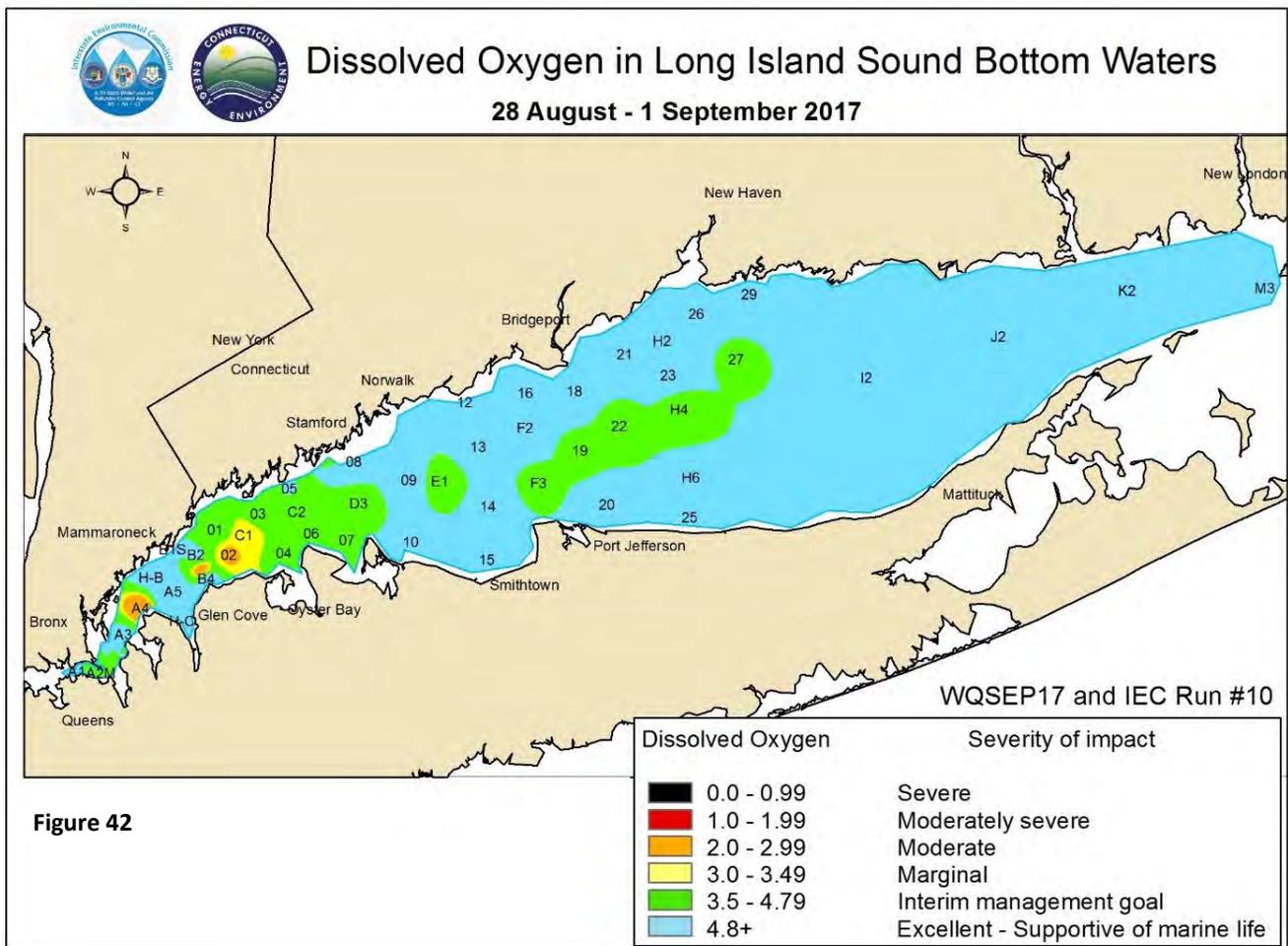
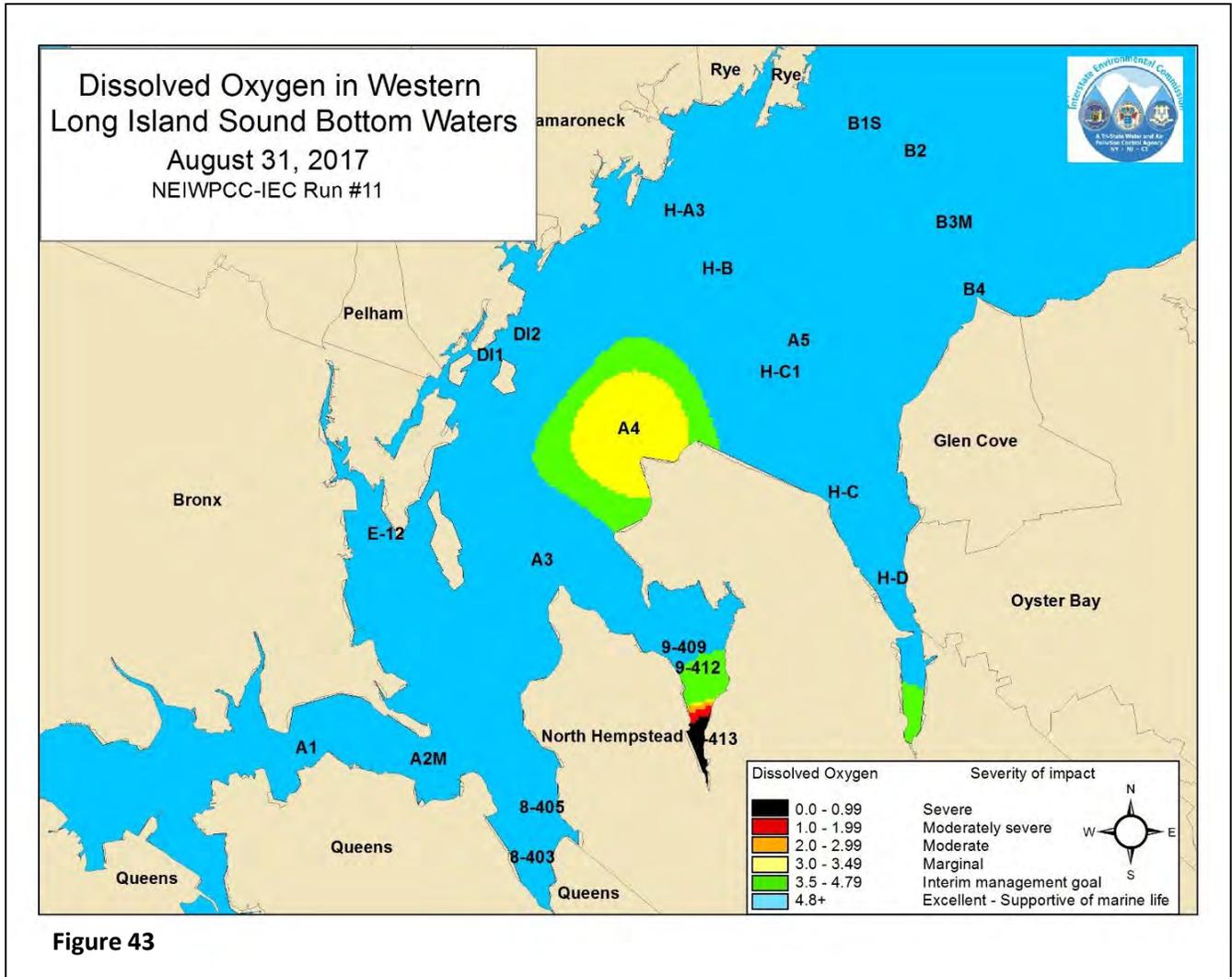


Figure 42

IEC Run #11

IEC conducted its eleventh survey on September 5th. The bottom waters of Western Long Island Sound showed marked improvement; only three Stations had concentrations below 4.8 mg/L. The dissolved oxygen concentration at Station A4 was 3.0 mg/L and Station 9-413 was at 0.62 mg/L. There was no CT DEEP HYSEP17 survey due to engine trouble with the R/V Patricia Lynn.



IEC Run #12

During IEC's final survey of 2017, dissolved oxygen concentrations at all stations were above 3 mg/L. The lowest DO recorded was 4.36 mg/L at Station 9-413.

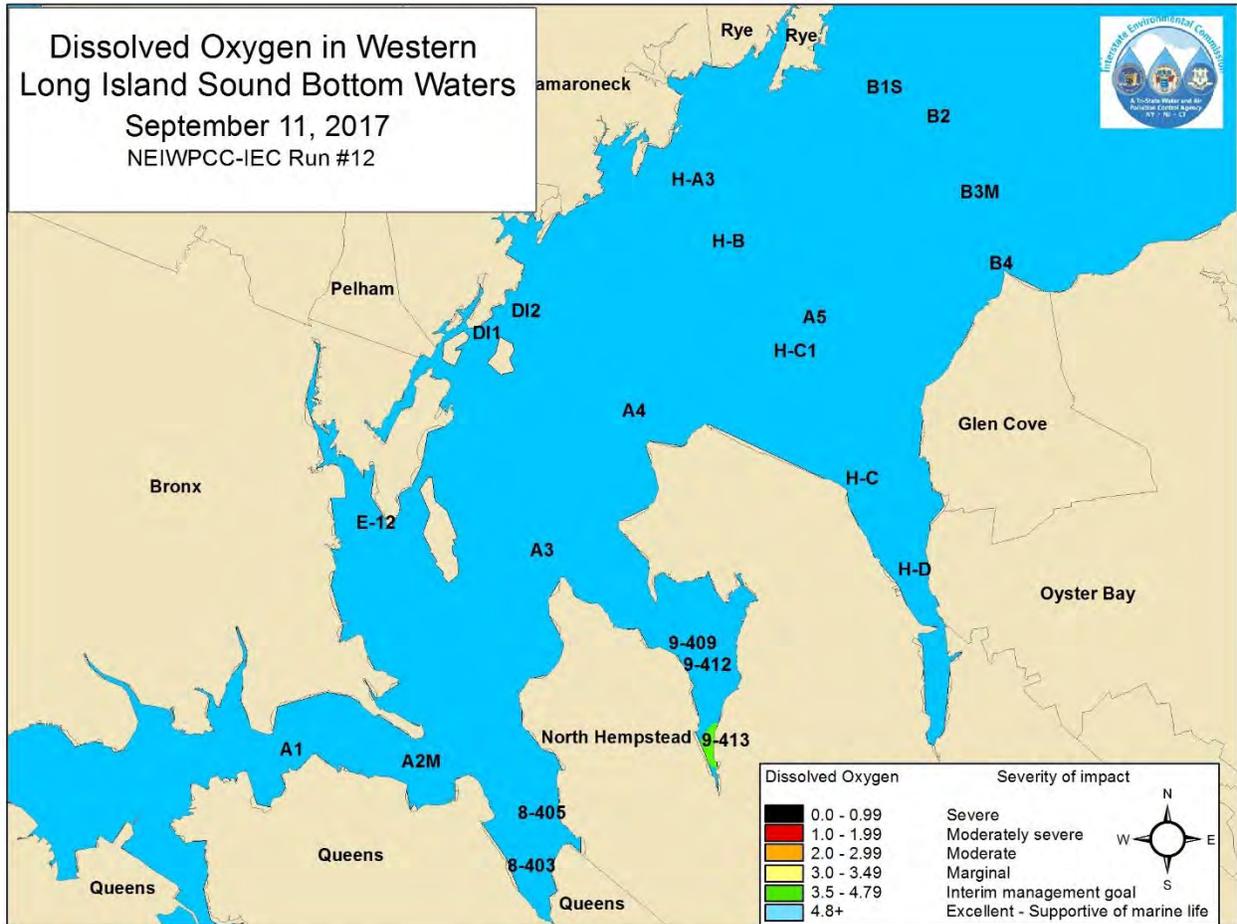


Figure 44

Area of Dissolved Oxygen Below the Chronic Criterion for Growth and Protection of Aquatic Life for LIS

Aquatic organisms can be impacted by a combination of low dissolved oxygen concentrations, exposure, and extended duration of low DO events (See Habitat Impairment Associated with Hypoxia, Page 7 and USEPA 2000). CT DEEP and NYS DEC have each established Dissolved Oxygen Chronic Exposure Criteria for the protection of aquatic life (CT DEEP 2015 and NYS DEC 2008). DO concentrations greater than or equal to 4.8 mg/L meets the chronic criterion for growth and protection of aquatic life. Organisms can tolerate DO concentrations less than 4.8 mg/L for short periods of time, without significant impacts.

Figure 45 illustrates the maximum area of bottom waters within Long Island Sound with DO concentrations between 3.0 and 4.8 mg/L based on biweekly sampling by CT DEEP. (This graph will be updated in the future once historic (1991-2015) hypoxia maps are updated to include IEC data.) This figure is intended to highlight that large areas of LIS bottom waters have concentrations of dissolved oxygen that, while not hypoxic, are less than optimal to protect the growth and development of exposed organisms. It is not intended for use in assessing if the bottom waters of LIS meet the states' chronic DO criteria.

In 2017, the maximum area of LIS bottom waters between 3.0 and 4.8 mg/L occurred during the WQAUG17 survey and was estimated at 476 square miles. From 1991-2017, the area affected by concentrations between 3.0 and 4.8 mg/L averages 493 square miles and varies slightly from 398 to 601 square miles.

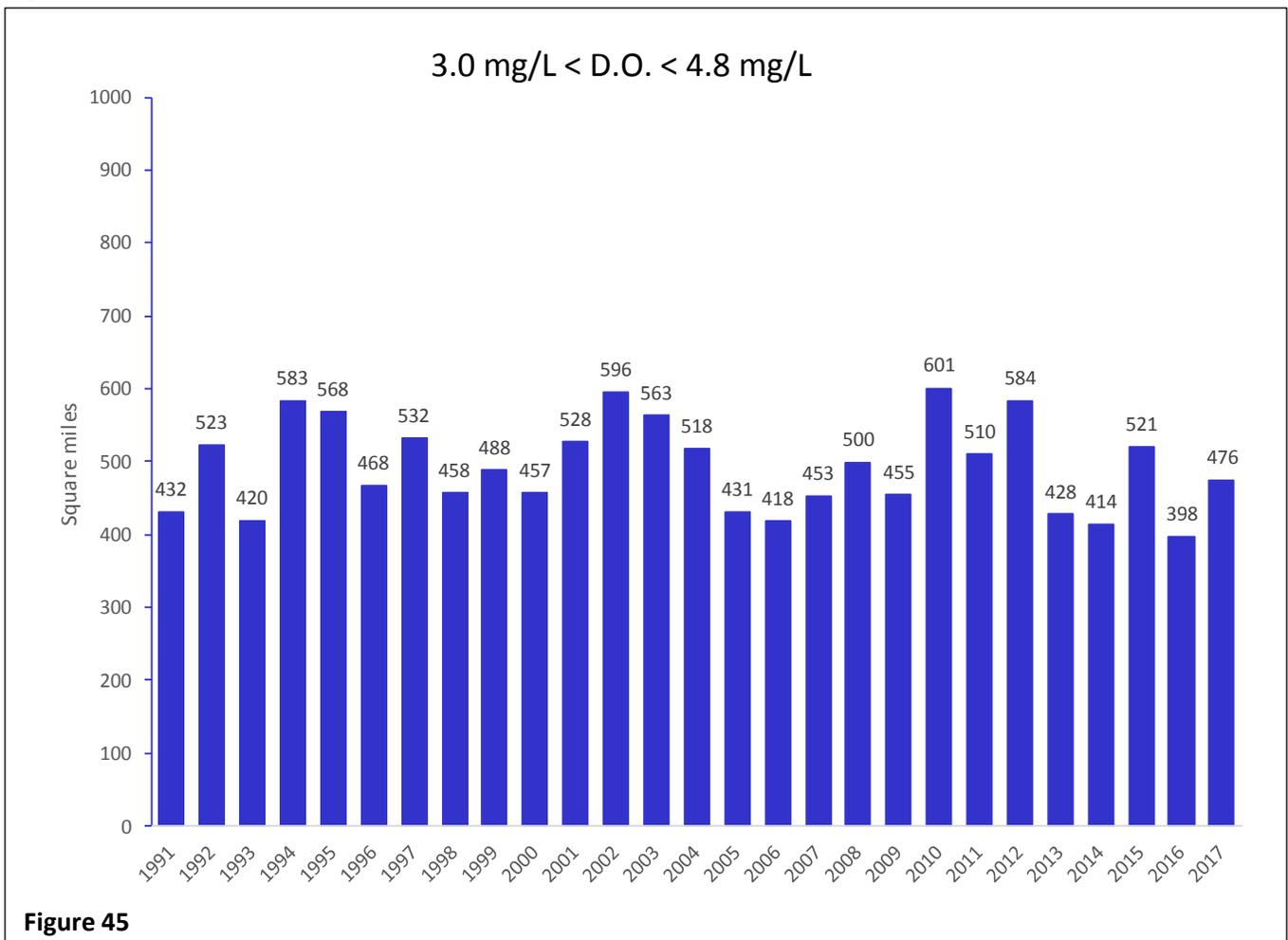


Figure 45

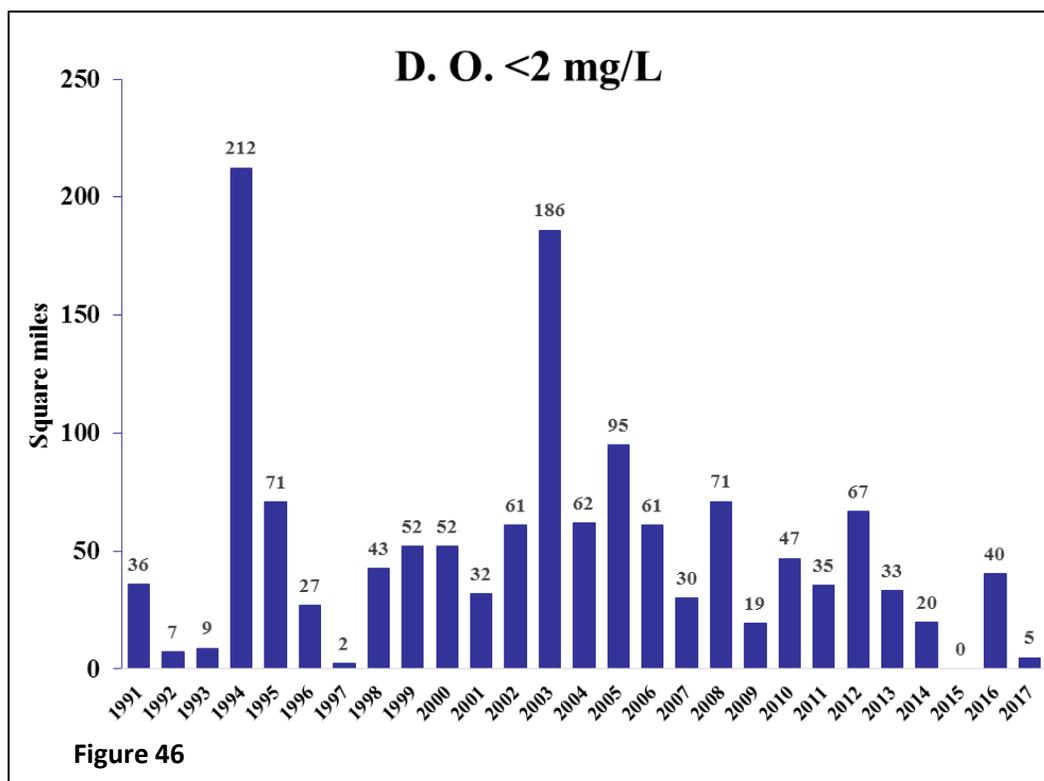
Severe Hypoxia

The Long Island Sound Study provides information on LIS hypoxia for inclusion in EPA's *Report on the Environment* (ROE, EPA 2017). The ROE reports on "the best available indicators of information on national conditions and trends in air, water, land, human health, and ecological systems..." The *Report on the Environment* tracks trends in the Gulf of Mexico and LIS as examples of coastal areas experiencing hypoxia. The ROE uses 2.0 mg/L as a benchmark to liken conditions in the Gulf of Mexico to LIS. In this report, the term severe hypoxia is used to describe DO < 2.0 mg/L and is discussed below.

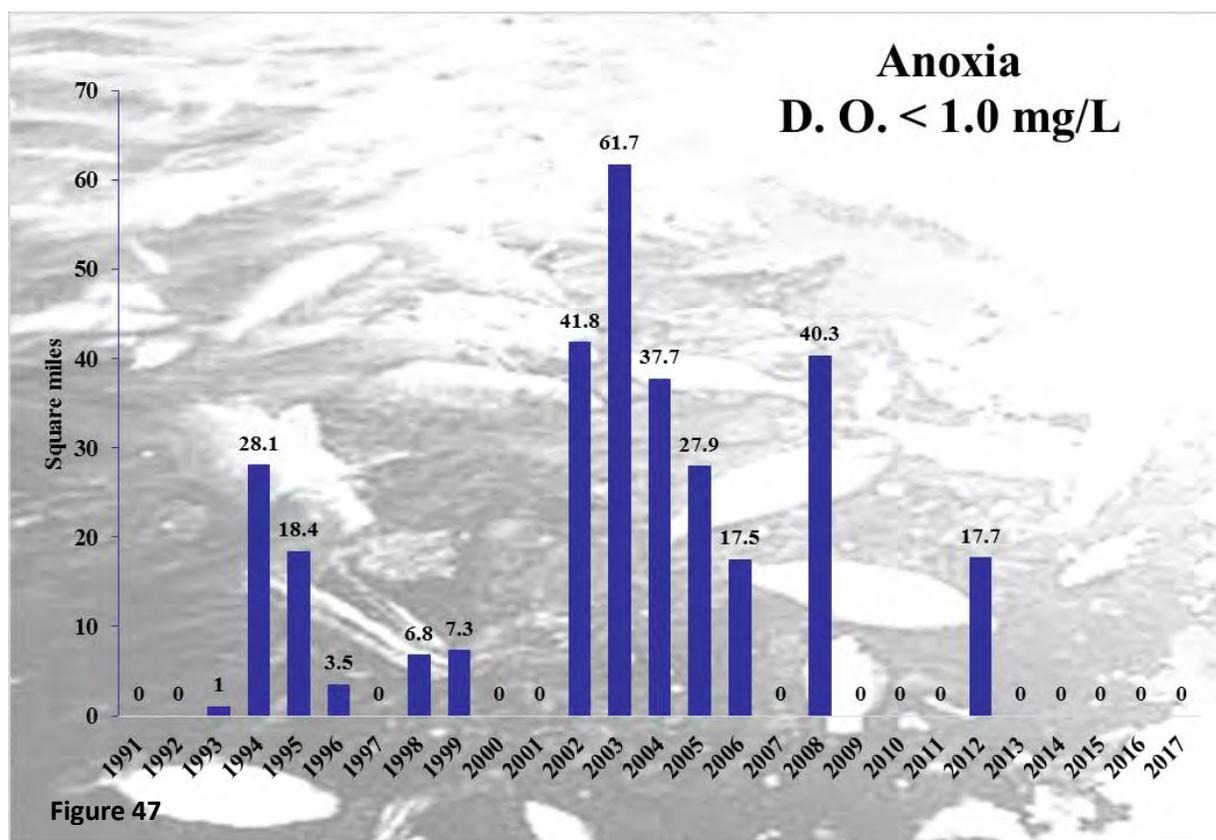
Figure 46 illustrates the maximum area of bottom waters of Long Island Sound with DO concentrations less than 2.0 mg/L. Based on CT DEEP data, in 2017, bottom water dissolved oxygen concentrations were less than 2.0 mg/L over 4.8 square miles. This is a decrease over last year when concentrations in the bottom waters dropped below 2.0 mg/L across 40 square miles. (DEEP data). The average area with concentrations less than 2.0 mg/L, calculated from 1991-2017, is 51.23 mi². In 2017, based on CT DEEP estimates, there were 10 days with DO <2.0 mg/L. At the LISICOS Execution Rocks buoy, there were 12.45 cumulative days below 2.0 mg/L.

In LIS, 1994 and 2003 appear to be years when severe hypoxia (DO <2.0 mg/L) was especially prevalent. 1994 had cold winter bottom water temperatures and an unusually warm June which led to strong stratification. The highest average Delta T in July 1994 was 8.54°C. 2003 was the second hottest summer since 1895 and the 28th wettest which also led to the Sound being strongly stratified. Strong stratification (Delta T greater than 4°C) lasted for four months in 1994 (May-August) and only one month (July) in 2003.

In comparison, the 31-year average size of the hypoxic zone in the northern Gulf of Mexico is roughly 5,424 mi² (larger than the State of Connecticut). The 2017 hypoxic zone covered 8,776 mi² and was the largest size measured since the standardized mapping cruises began in July 1985. For additional information on the Gulf of Mexico hypoxic zone please visit their website at <http://www.gulfhypoxia.net>. The 2017 hypoxia forecast for the Gulf of Mexico released in June predicted the hypoxic zone would cover 10,089 mi² (Turner and Rabalais, 2017).



Anoxia



For management purposes, the Long Island Sound Study defines anoxia as DO concentrations less than 1 mg/L. This chart illustrates the maximum area of bottom waters in LIS with DO concentrations less than 1.0 mg/L based on biweekly sampling by CT DEEP.

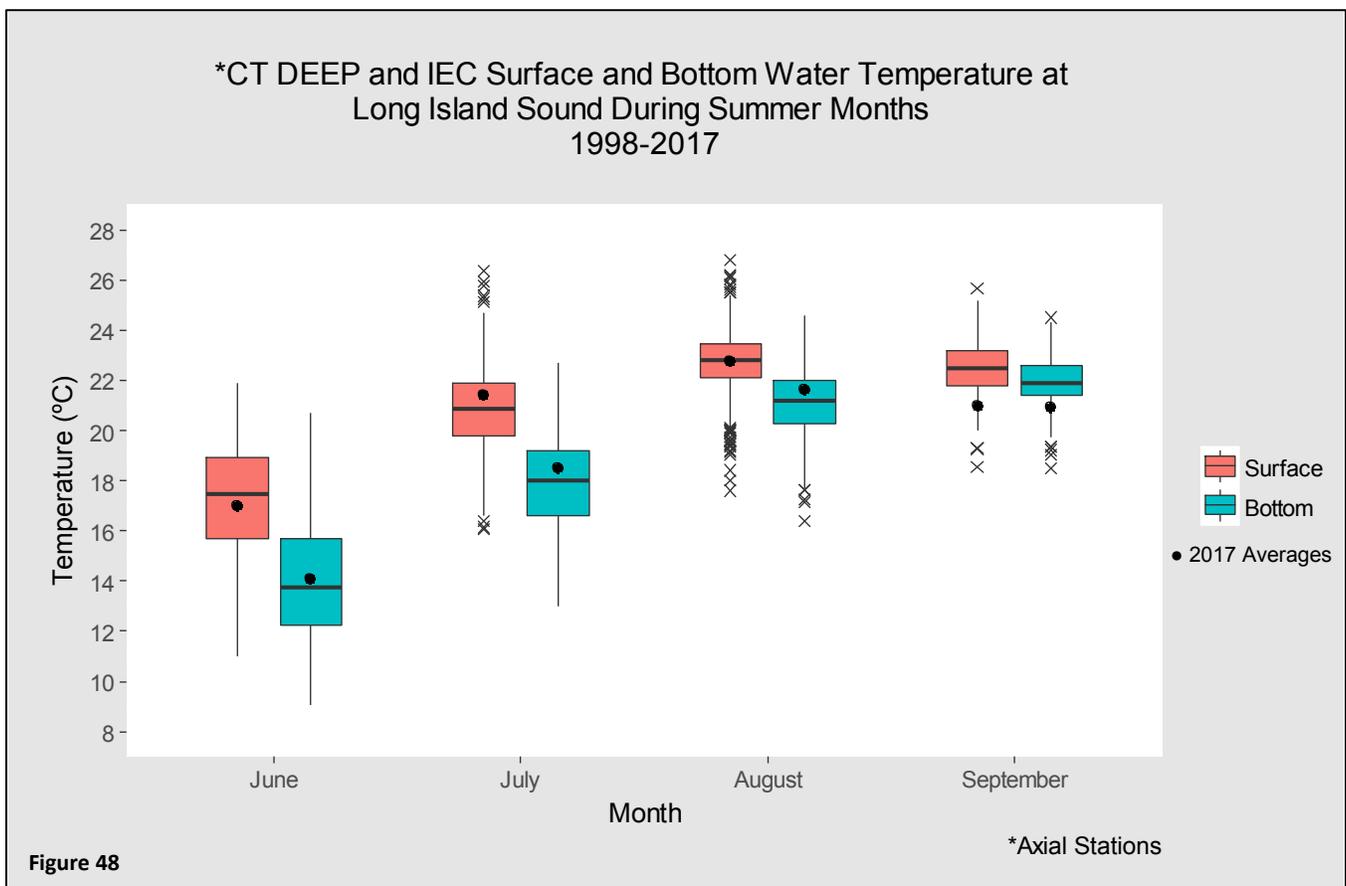
In 14 of the past 27 years, there was no anoxia reported by CT DEEP. It is important to note that IEC and LISICOS have documented anoxic conditions during years when CTDEEP has not. In 2009 and 2010, IEC documented two stations that were anoxic (Stations B3 and B2 in 2009, and in 2010 Stations B3 and H-D). In 2011, the LISICOS Execution Rocks buoy (Station A4) captured a minimum DO of 0.61 mg/L. This year (2017), the LISICOS Execution Rocks buoy (Station A4) documented a minimum DO of 0.78 mg/L.

Prior to 2002, the average area of bottom waters affected by anoxia was 5.9 mi². From 2002-2008 the average area affected was 32.4 mi². From 2009 to 2017, the average area affected was 1.97 mi². The overall average area affected from 1991-2016 is 11.47 mi². The greatest area with DO below 1 mg/L (62 square miles) was during the summer of 2003.

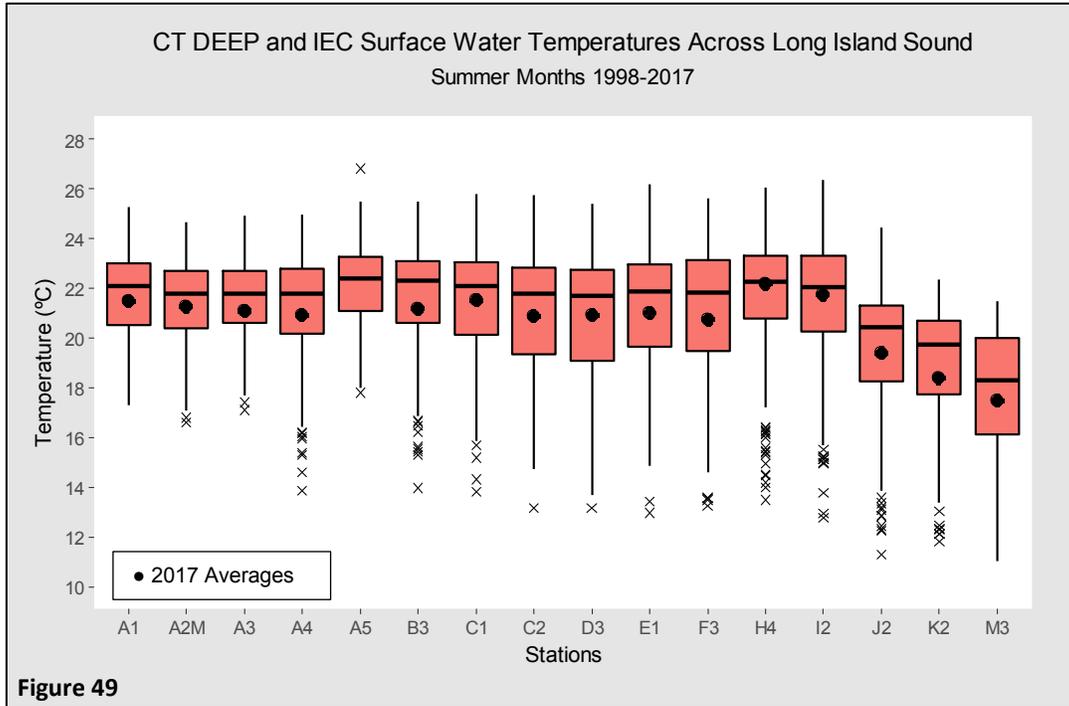
Water Temperature

Water temperature plays a major role in the timing and severity of the summer hypoxia event. Water temperature differences in the Western Sound during the summer months are particularly influential in contributing to the difference in dissolved oxygen content between surface and bottom waters. The density stratification of the water column creates a barrier between the surface and bottom waters, and it is this barrier, the pycnocline (where the change in density with depth is at its greatest), that prevents mixing between the layers.

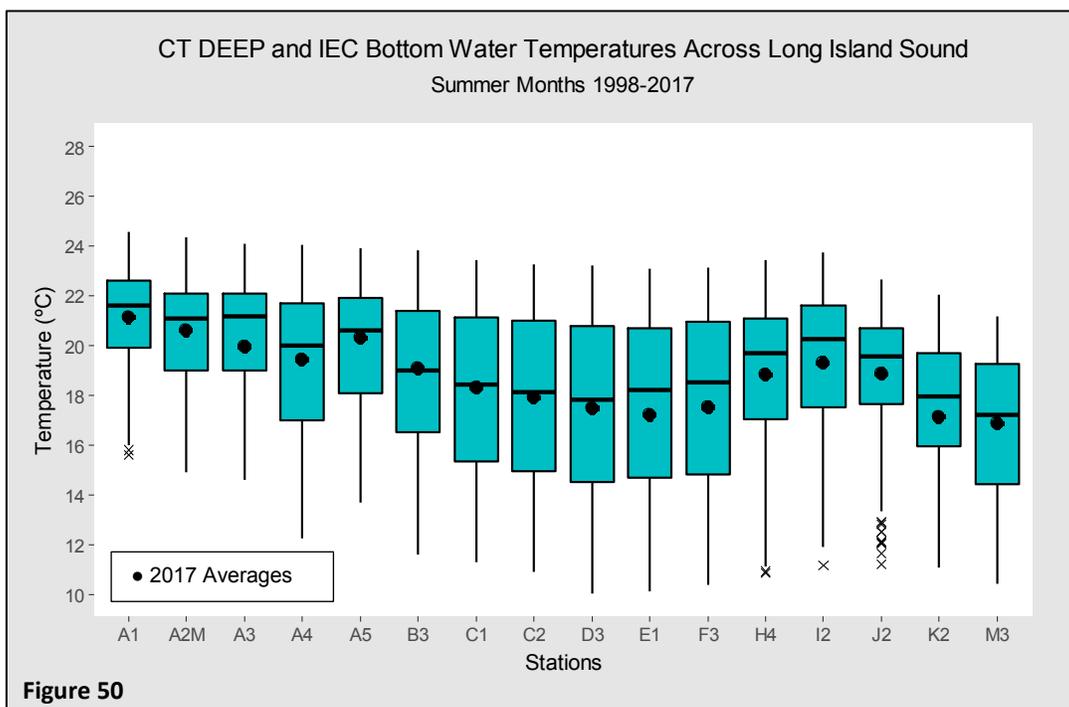
CT DEEP collects temperature data year-round while IEC monitors during the summer months (June-September). Average surface and bottom water data collected by both programs from 2008-2017 are presented in Figure 48. The water column is usually already stratified by June and remains that way until late August/early September.



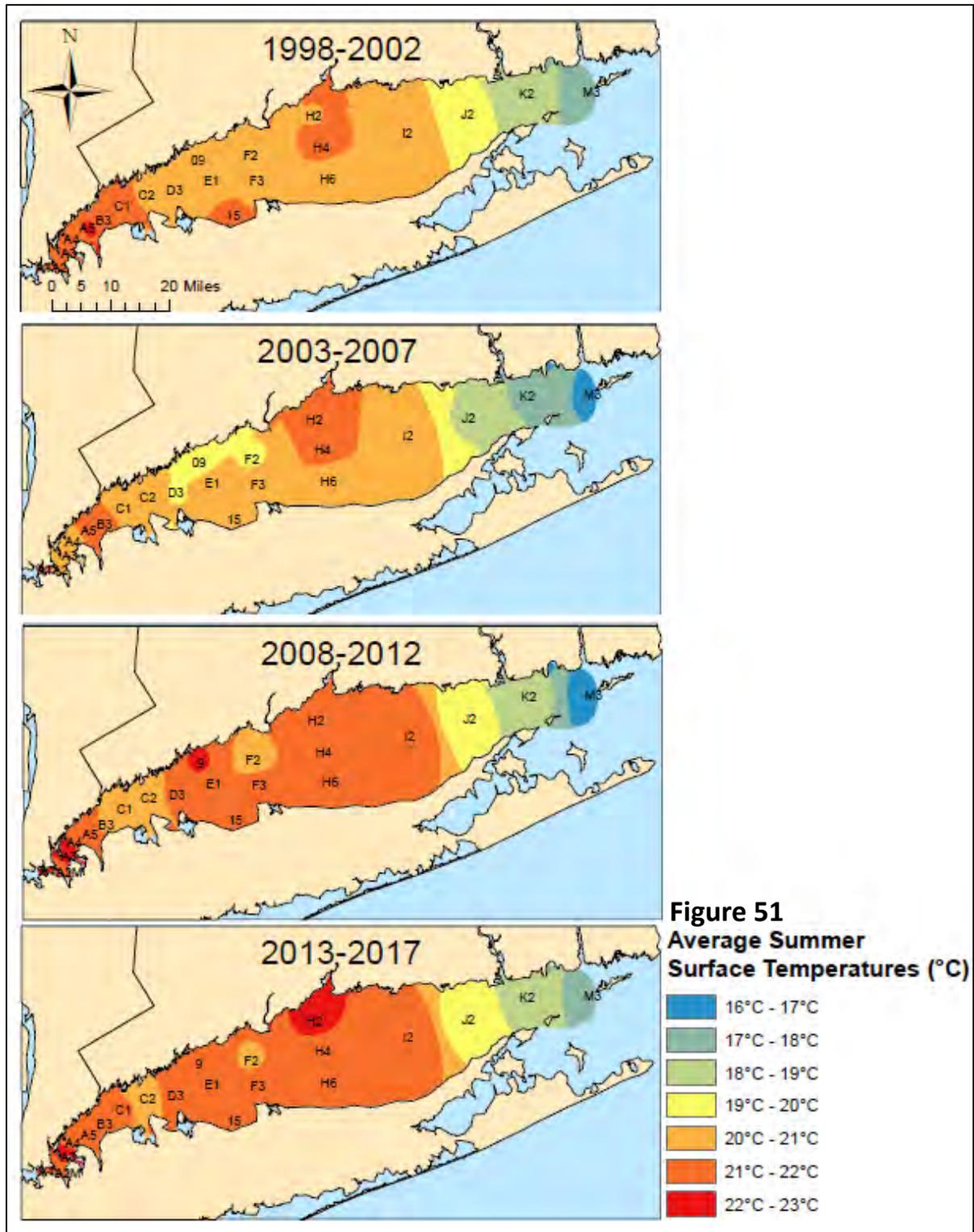
Looking at LIS summer surface temperature data spatially reveals there is only about a 1.5°C difference between the mean temperatures across the Western and Central Sound (Stations A1-I2). The average summer temperatures at Stations J2, K2, and M3 are up to 4.8°C cooler, showing the influence of mixing with cooler offshore Atlantic water. Over the 10-year period, Station A5 exhibited the warmest mean temperature while Station M3 was the coolest. The maximum temperature recorded was almost 27°C at Station A5, while the coolest was 11°C at station M3.



Average summer bottom water temperatures across the Sound are a bit more variable, but generally are warmer in the Western Sound and cooler in the Eastern Sound. The maximum bottom temperature was 24.6° at Station A1. The minimum bottom water temperature was 8.6 °C at Station M3.



The average surface temperatures of Long Island Sound during the summer months were also examined in 5-year blocks. The average surface temperature of Long Island Sound between Western and Central Long Island Sound (Station A1 to I2) appears to have increased by about 1°C.



Delta T and Stratification

The temperature difference between the bottom waters and the surface waters is known as “Delta T”. This Delta T, along with salinity differences, creates a density difference, or density gradient, resulting in a separation or stratification, of water layers. Stratification hinders the oxygenated surface waters from circulating downward and mixing with the oxygen starved bottom waters. The pycnocline, or zone where water density increases rapidly with depth due to the changes in temperatures and salinity, inhibits oxygenated surface waters from mixing with oxygen depleted bottom waters, exacerbating hypoxia. The pycnocline typically develops in LIS in late spring/early summer when rapid surface water warming exceeds the rate of warming in the bottom waters. The pycnocline generally persists into early fall when it is disrupted by strong winds associated with storms which lead to mixing or cooling air temperatures. With the dissolution of the pycnocline, hypoxic conditions are alleviated or eliminated. The smallest Delta T’s occur during the winter when the water column is well mixed. The largest Delta T’s occur during the early summer. The greater the Delta T the greater is the potential for hypoxia to be more severe.

Figures 54-55 show computer interpolations along the west-east axis of LIS generated from profile data collected during two surveys by CT DEEP and IEC. During the mid-July IEC and DEEP surveys, surface water temperatures had warmed to an average of 23.2°C while the bottom water remained cooler around an average of 19.4°C. This set up the largest differences in temperatures between the surface and bottom waters with Delta T’s between 0 and 8.04°C and the largest extent of hypoxic conditions. The second graph shows how the water column was thermally stratified during the mid-August survey when dissolved oxygen concentrations were at their lowest. The Western Sound typically has higher Delta T’s due to the limited flushing capacity, bathymetry, and geology. In the east where cooler, oxygen rich, off-shore ocean water mixes with the Sound water, Delta T’s are much lower and hypoxia rarely occurs. This year the Central Sound had the highest Delta T’s.

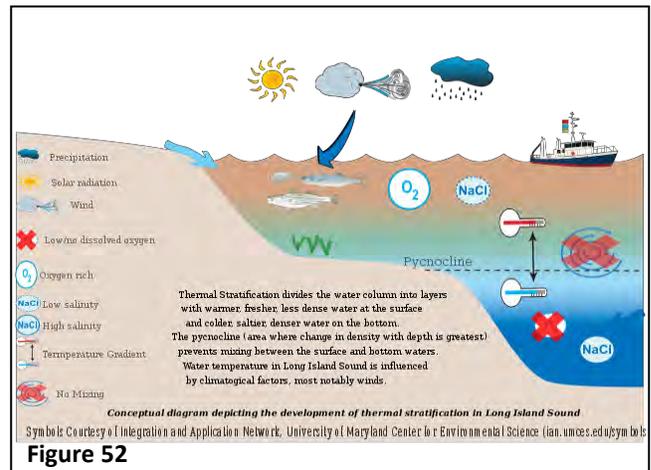


Figure 52

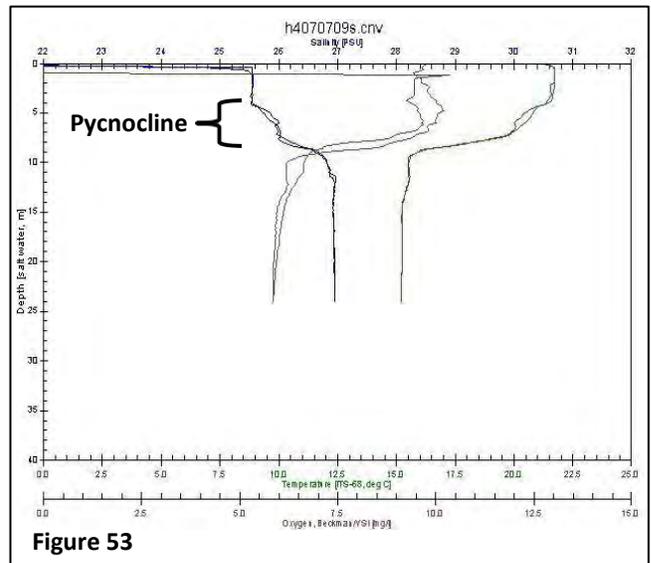
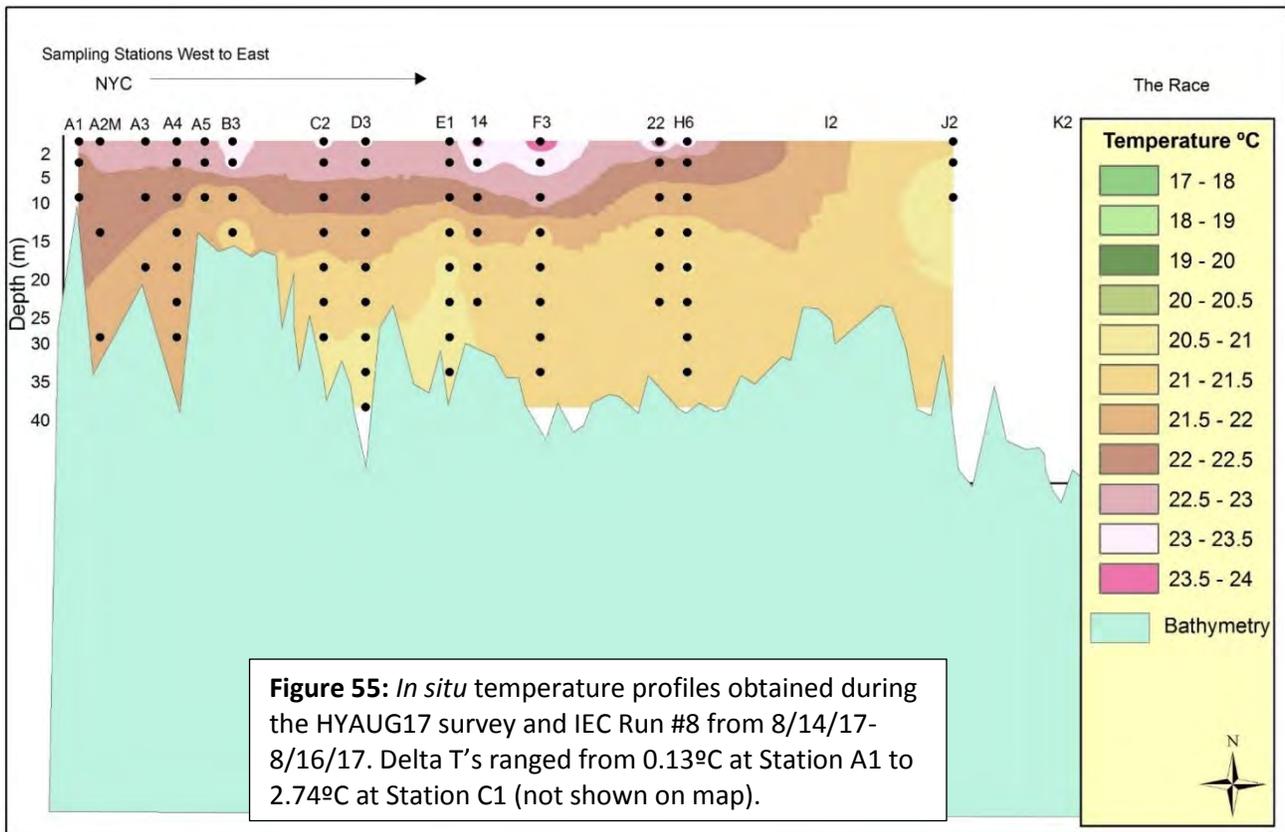
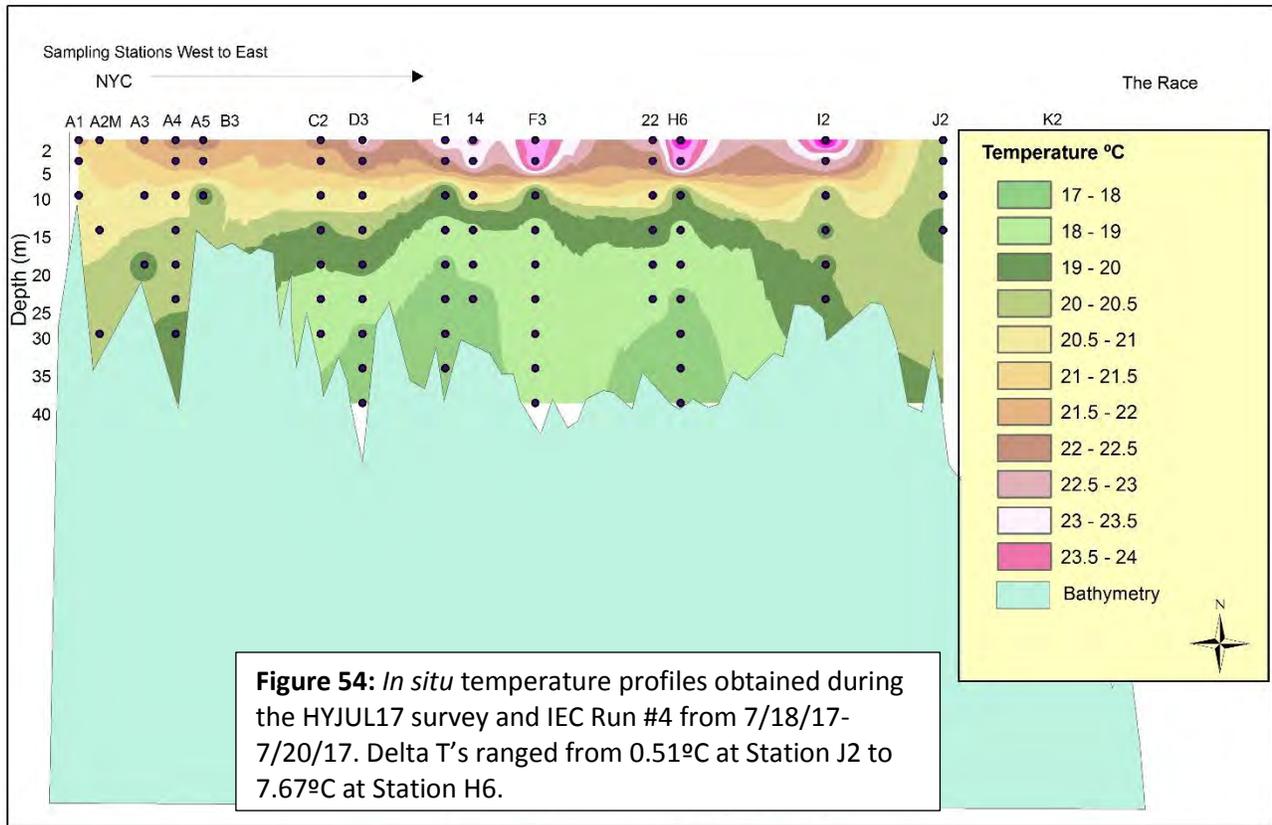
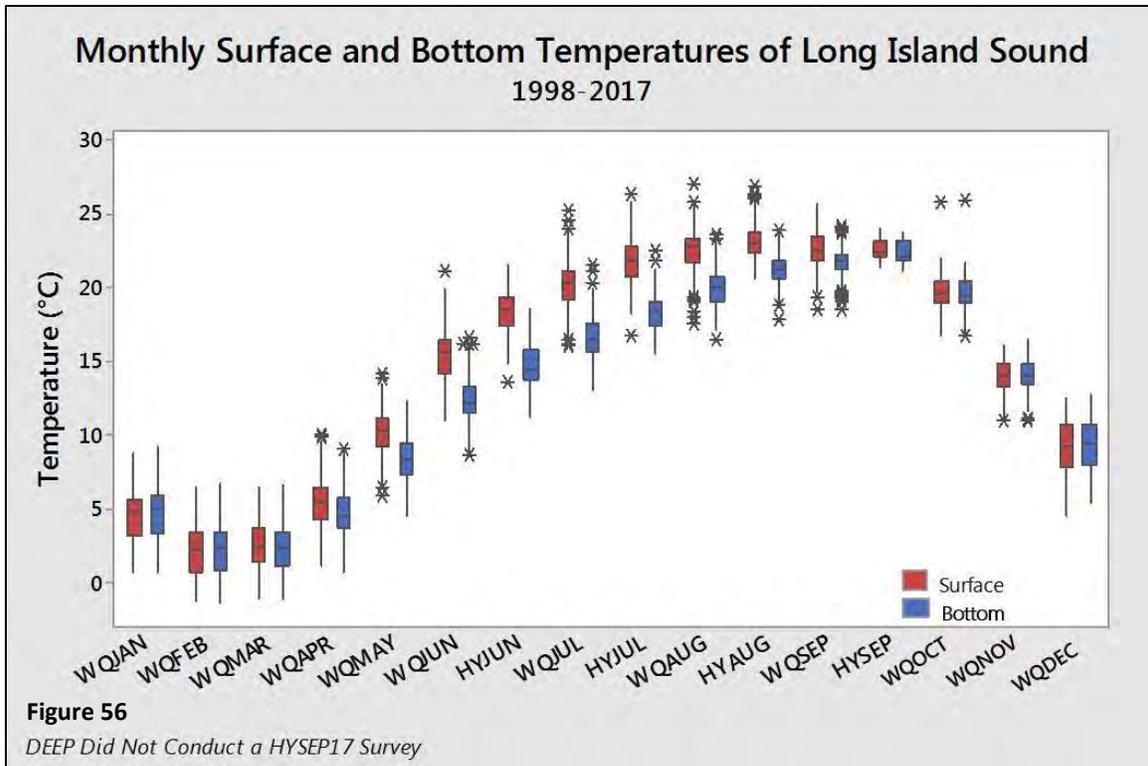


Figure 53

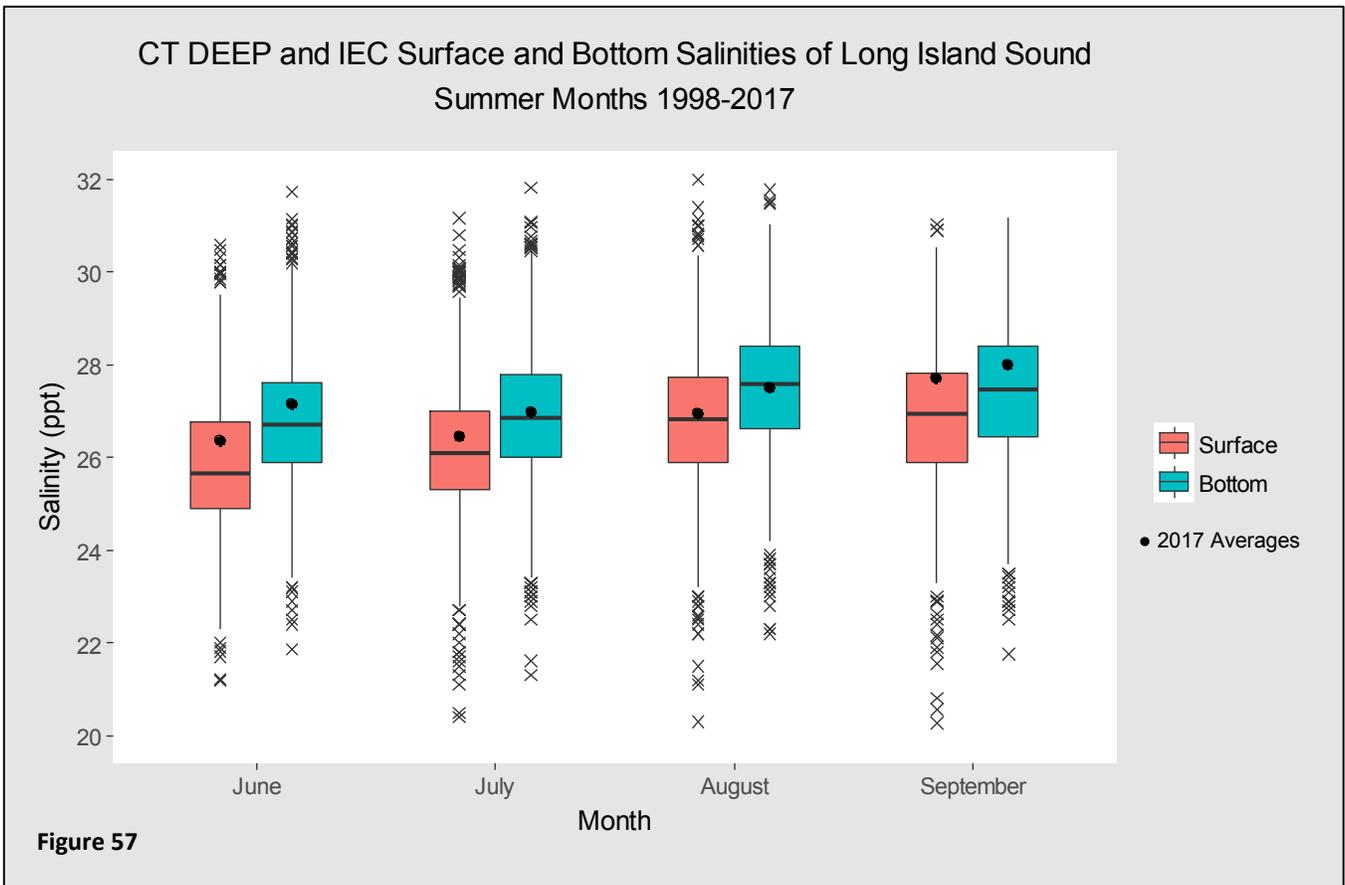


CTDEEP data collected between 1998 and 2017 are utilized to illustrate the seasonal warming cycle of the Sound. The water column is well mixed during January, February, and March. In April, the surface water temperature begins to warm at a greater rate than the bottom water, leading to the development of the pycnocline and setting up stratification. In later August/early September, meteorological events (e.g., storms) often result in the dissolution of the pycnocline and the return to a well-mixed estuary.

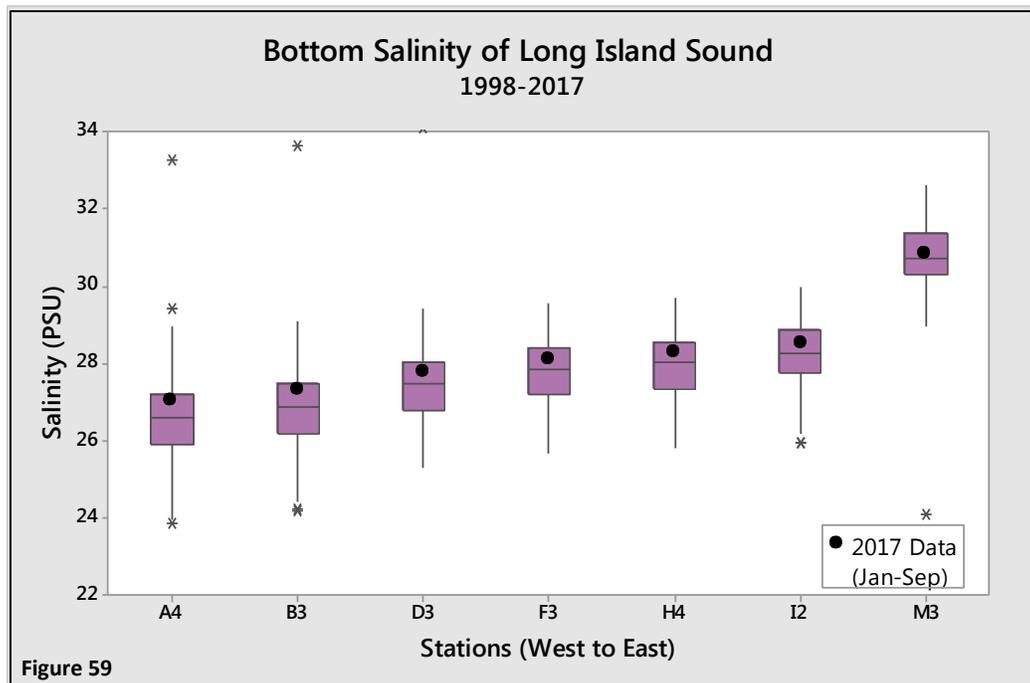
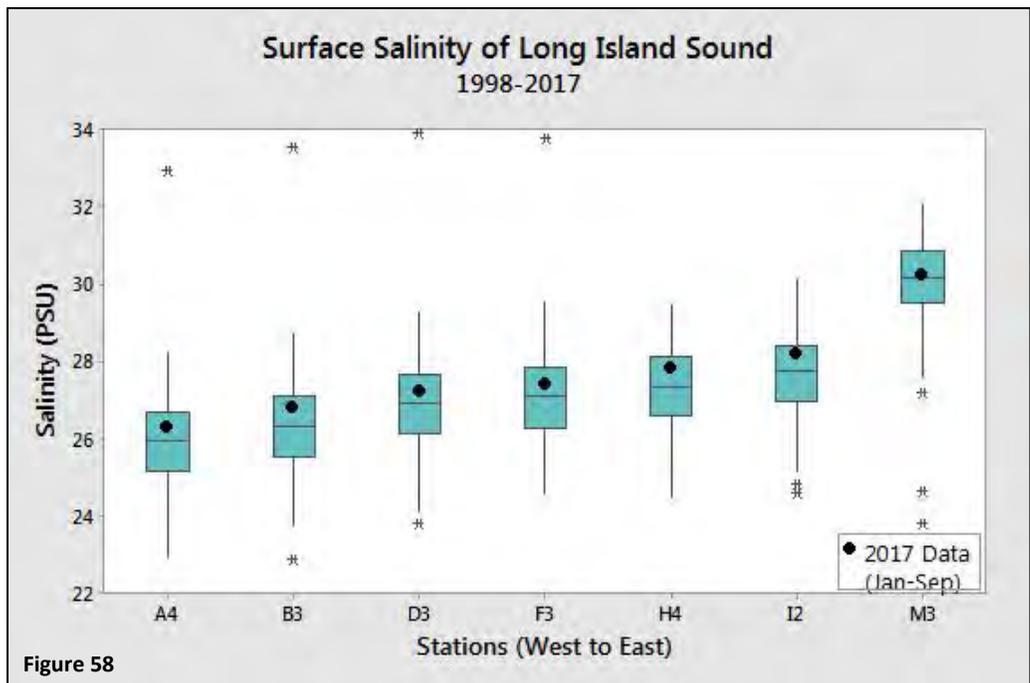


Salinity Data

Salinity is a measure of the concentration of dissolved salts in seawater. During the summer months, Long Island Sound waters stratify, and bottom waters become cool, dense, and more saline while surface waters are warmer, less dense, and have lower salinity. Stratification hinders the oxygenated surface waters from circulating downward and mixing with the oxygen starved bottom waters, exacerbating hypoxia. Salinity data collected by IEC and DEEP during the summer months are shown in Figure 57. The salinity (both surface and bottom) tends to drop from January until late June, then in early July the salinities start to increase again.



Salinity levels across Long Island Sound vary from 27 PSU in the Western Sound to 31 PSU in the Eastern Sound. The Thames, Connecticut, and Housatonic rivers are the major sources of freshwater entering the Sound.



Figures 58 and 59 are based upon data collected during CT DEEP surveys from January 1998 – September 2017 and show the median surface salinity, range, interquartile range, and outliers by station. Surface in this case refers to data collected two meters below the air/water interface. Bottom in this case refers to data collected five meters above the sediment/water interface. The bottom waters are generally saltier than the surface waters. Salinity increases from west to east across the Sound.

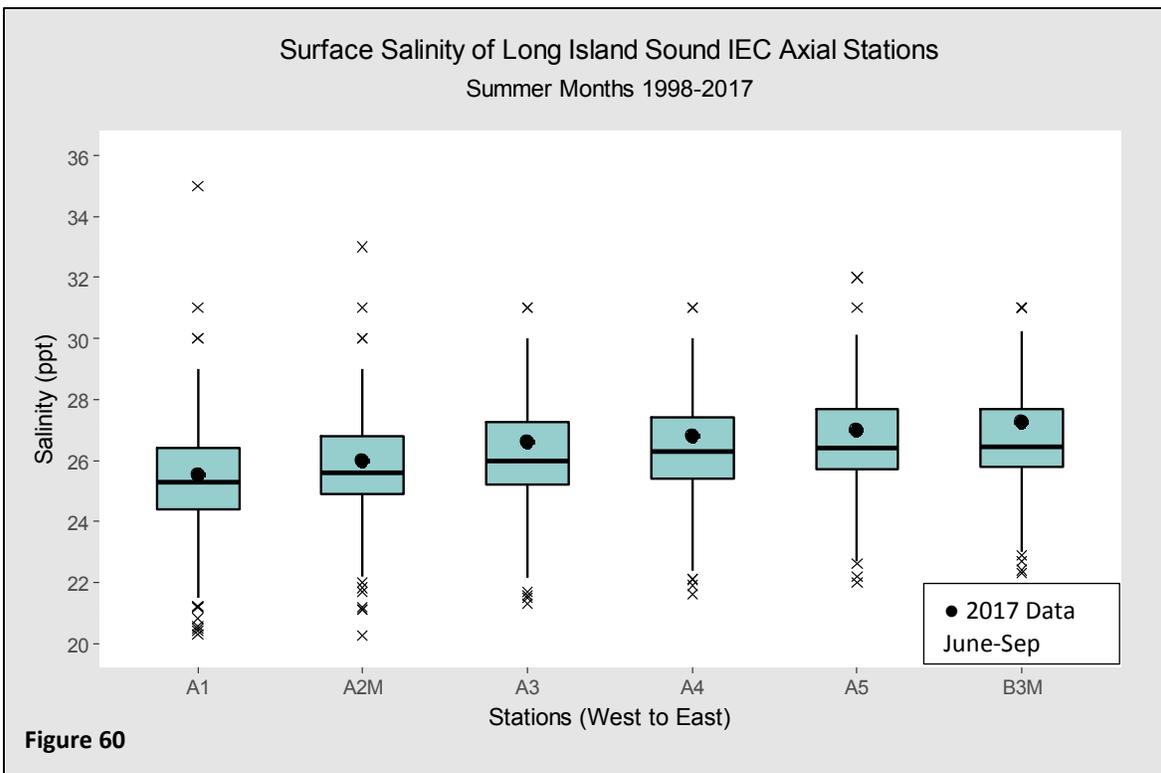


Figure 60

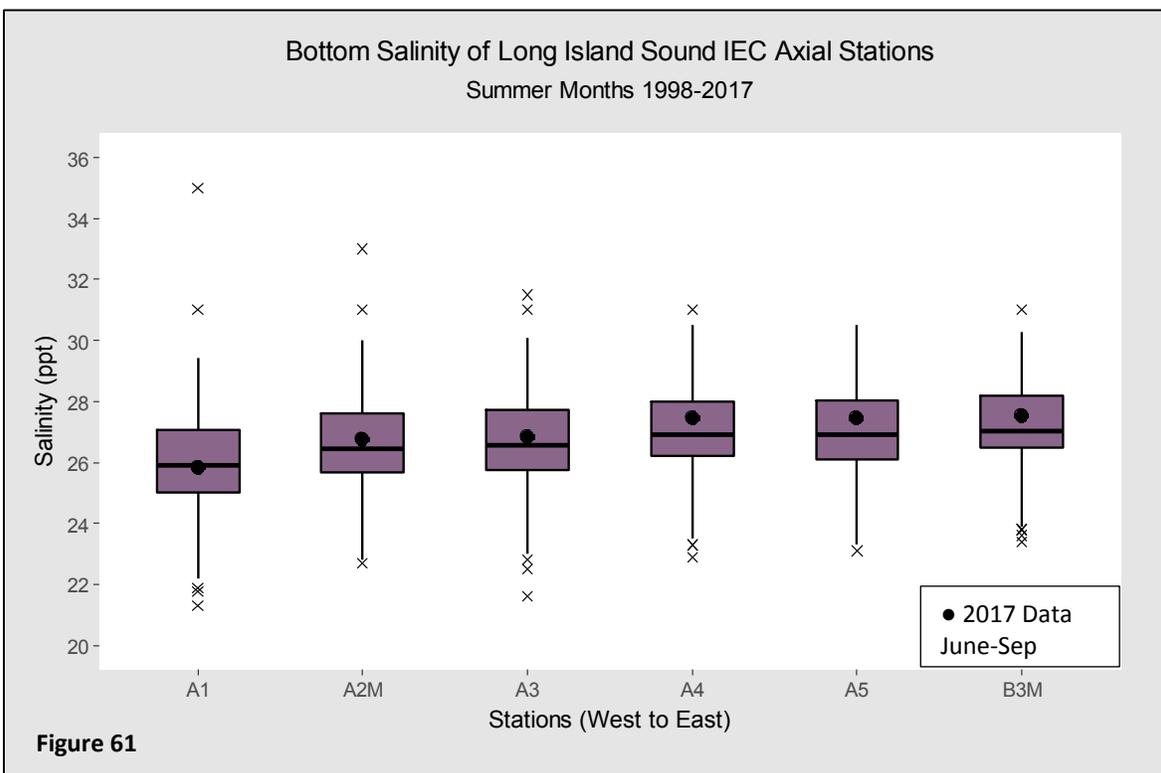


Figure 61

Figures 60 and 61 are based on data collected during IEC surveys from June – September between 1997 and 2017 and show the median surface salinity, range, interquartile range, and outliers by station. Surface in this case refers to data collected 0.5 meters below the air/water interface. Bottom in this case refers to data collected 0.5-1 meters above the sediment/water interface.

Water Clarity

Water clarity is measured by lowering a Secchi disk into LIS until it disappears. It is then raised until it reappears. The depth where the disk vanishes and reappears is the Secchi disk depth. The depth to disappearance is related to the transparency of the water. Water clarity in Long Island Sound follows a west to east gradient, with clarity improving as you move eastward. The graph below highlights this gradient present in Long Island Sound. In 2017, the Western-most axial station (A1 near the Whitestone Bridge) had an average summer Secchi disk depth of 1.5 meters, whereas the eastern-most axial station (M3 near Fisher’s Island) had an average summer Secchi disk depth of 3.8 meters. The eastern portion of Long Island Sound is a wide and deep channel with considerable influx from the Atlantic Ocean. This exchange of waters increases water clarity in the Eastern Sound. The Western Sound is more narrow and shallow compared to the Eastern Sound and its surrounding land is densely populated and developed. This results in less of an exchange of waters and also increases the concentrations of pollutants in the water that may affect water clarity.

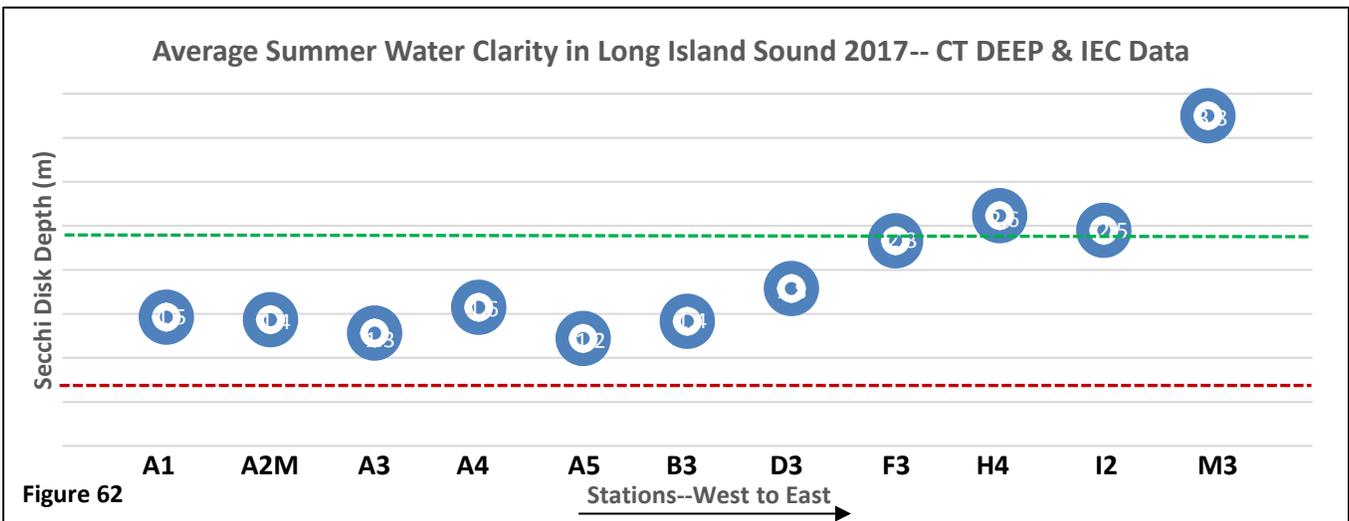


Figure 62

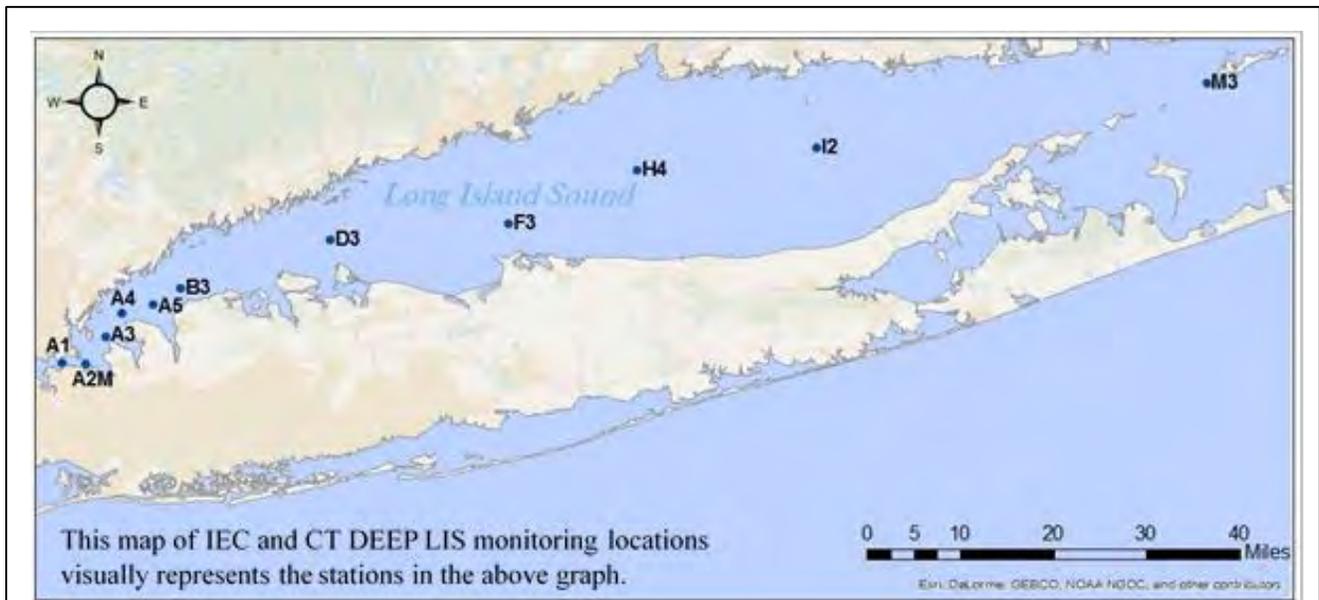
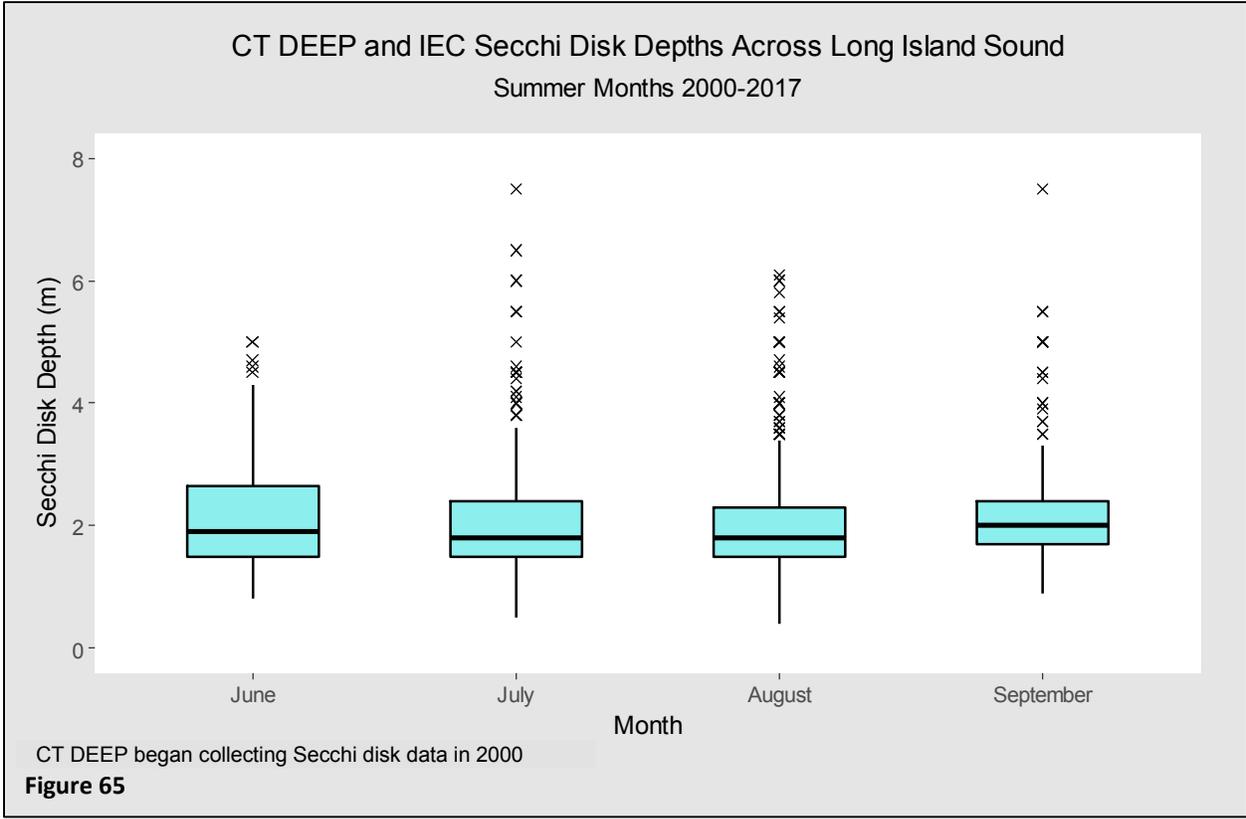
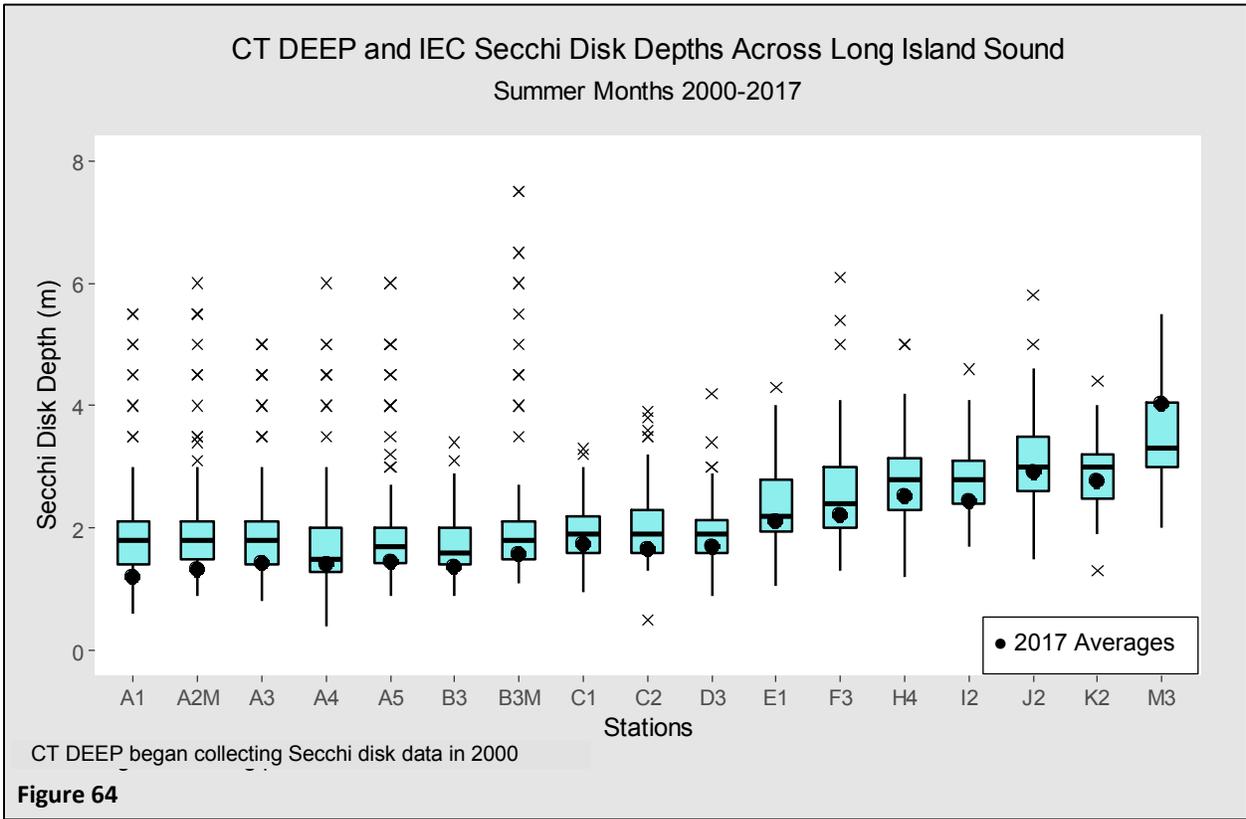
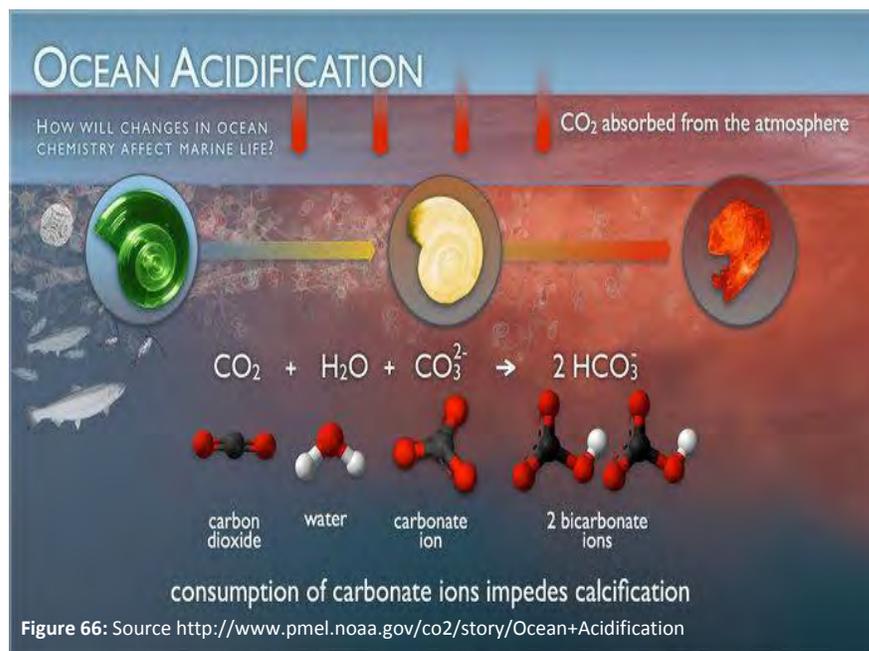


Figure 63



pH and Ocean Acidification

Human activities have resulted in increases in atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO₂). The ocean absorbs CO₂, greatly reducing greenhouse gas levels in the atmosphere and minimizing the impact on climate. When CO₂ dissolves in seawater, carbonic acid is formed. This acid formation reduces the pH of seawater and reduces the availability of carbonate ions. This process is depicted in the image below from NOAA. Carbonate ions are utilized by marine organisms in shell and skeletal formation. According to the NOAA Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory Ocean Acidification, the pH of the ocean surface waters has already decreased from an average of 8.21 Standard Units (SU) to 8.10 SU since the beginning of the industrial revolution. The Intergovernmental

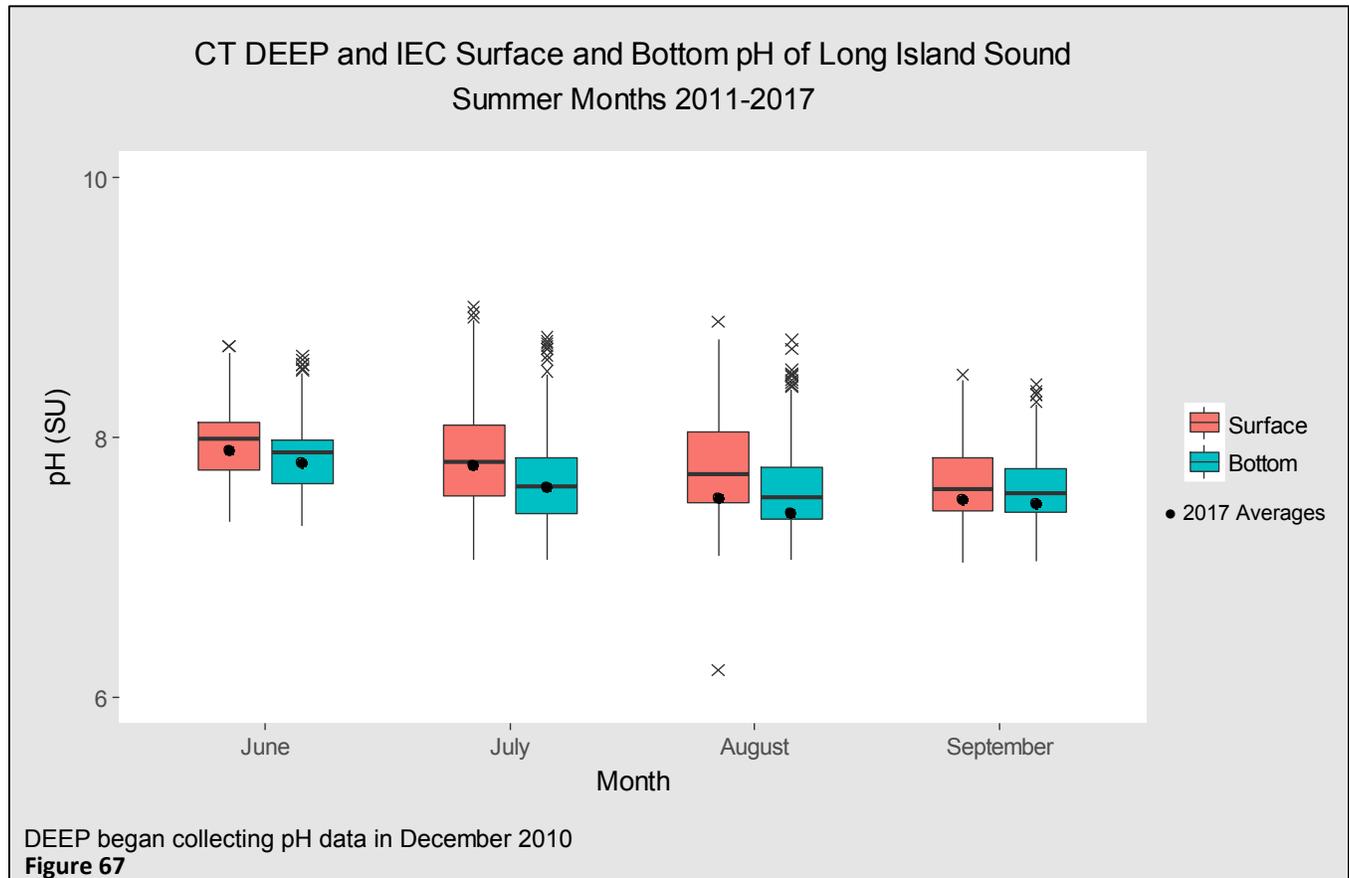


Panel on Climate Change predicts a decrease of an additional 0.3 SU by 2100. Additional information specific to the Northeast region is available on the North East Coastal Acidification Network's website (<http://www.necan.org/>).

Ocean acidification is further complicated by excessive nutrient loading (eutrophication) and wastewater outputs. While eutrophication of coastal zones has contributed to the spatial increase of hypoxic zones, it has also driven the increase of microbial degradation of organic matter and the consequent production of CO₂.

In Long Island Sound eutrophication can lead to coastal acidification (Wallace et. al., 2014). Excess nutrients fuel algae and phytoplankton growth. As the phytoplankton die and decay, carbon dioxide is released. This release has the same effect on pH as carbon dioxide from atmospheric deposition (NECAN undated). The Northeast Coastal Acidification Network website (NECAN undated) is a great resource for information and research on Coastal Acidification. EPA is still developing guidelines for measuring changes in pH and carbonate chemistry in eastern coastal waters. Two of four major directly measurable parameters are needed to describe the seawater carbonate system- pCO₂, DIC, alkalinity, and pH, along with temperature and salinity measurements. As of 2017, CT DEEP and IEC only collect one of the four needed parameters - pH.

Data from the 2011-2017 monitoring seasons, depicted in Figure 67, show that the pH of bottom waters is lower than the pH of surface waters. Surface and bottom waters followed a similar pattern in 2017 becoming increasingly less acidic at the end of the summer, when compared to the start of summer.



CT DEEP and IEC Surface pH Across Long Island Sound
Summer Months 2011-2017

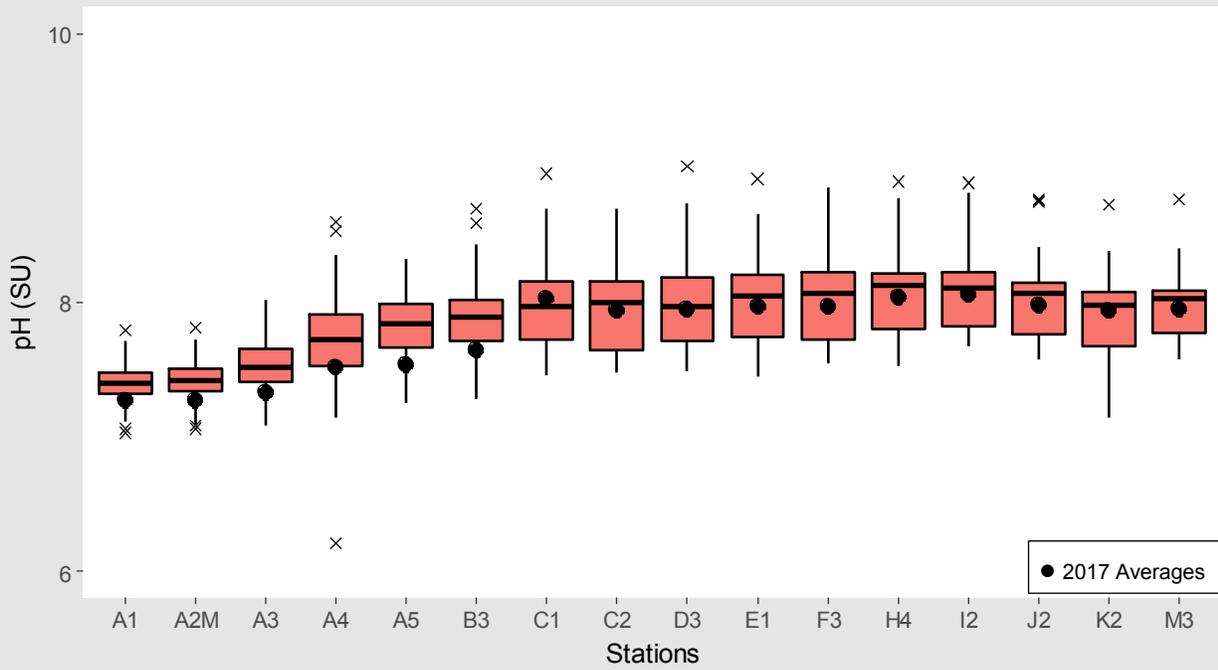


Figure 68

CT DEEP and IEC Bottom pH Across Long Island Sound
Summer Months 2011-2017

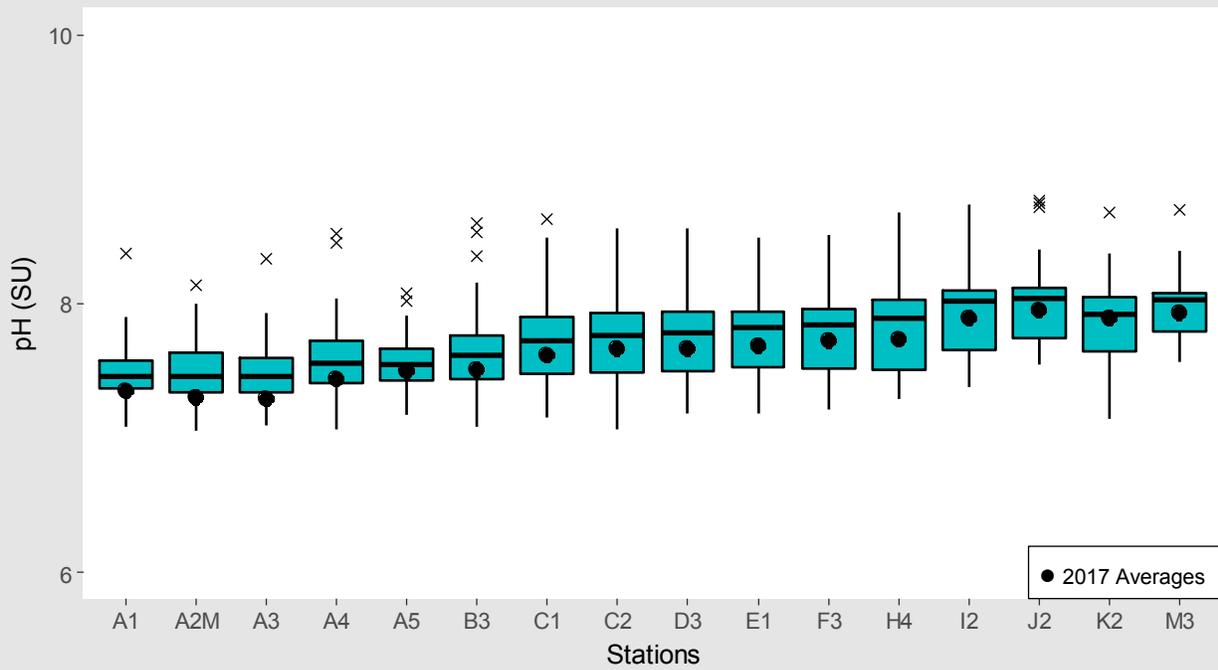


Figure 69

Chlorophyll-a

Chlorophyll is a pigment found in plants that gives them their green color. It allows plants to absorb light from the sun and convert it to chemical energy during photosynthesis. In photosynthesis, carbon dioxide and water are combined to produce sugar giving off oxygen as a byproduct. Microscopic plants, called phytoplankton, form the basis of the food web in Long Island Sound. Water temperature, nutrient concentrations, and light availability all factor into the amount of phytoplankton biomass found in the Sound.



The concentration of chlorophyll a is used as a measure to estimate the quantity of phytoplankton biomass suspended in the surface waters. It is most commonly used because it is easy to measure and because photosynthetic production is directly proportional to the amount of chlorophyll present.

Chlorophyll-a concentrations are measured year- round by CT DEEP using the CTD fluorometer for measurement as well as through the collection of grab samples using Niskin bottles. The grab samples are brought back into the onboard laboratory, filtered, and then sent to University of Connecticut for analysis. IEC collects grab samples during the summer months and analyzes them for chlorophyll a content in their laboratory.

The spring phytoplankton bloom occurs in Long Island Sound between February and April. Historically high levels of chlorophyll a in the Western Sound during this time have been linked to summertime hypoxia conditions.

The Integration and Application Network at the University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science released the first report card for Long Island Sound to the public in 2015. Chlorophyll-a thresholds were set at 5 ug/L and 20 ug/L. The National Coastal Condition Report also uses these thresholds and ranks data in three categories: poor, fair, and good. Chlorophyll a concentrations less than 5 ug/L are good; concentrations between 5 and 20 ug/L are fair; and concentrations greater than 20 ug/L are poor.

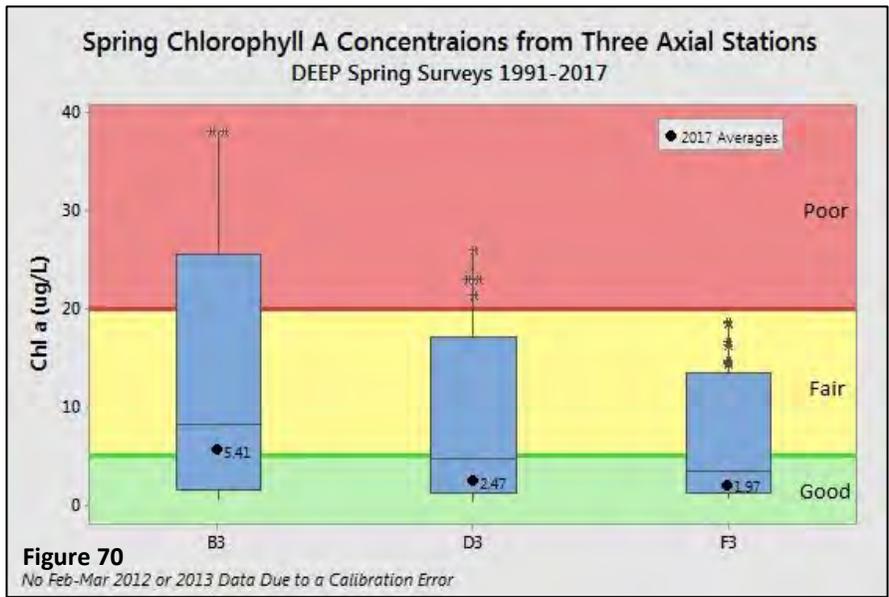
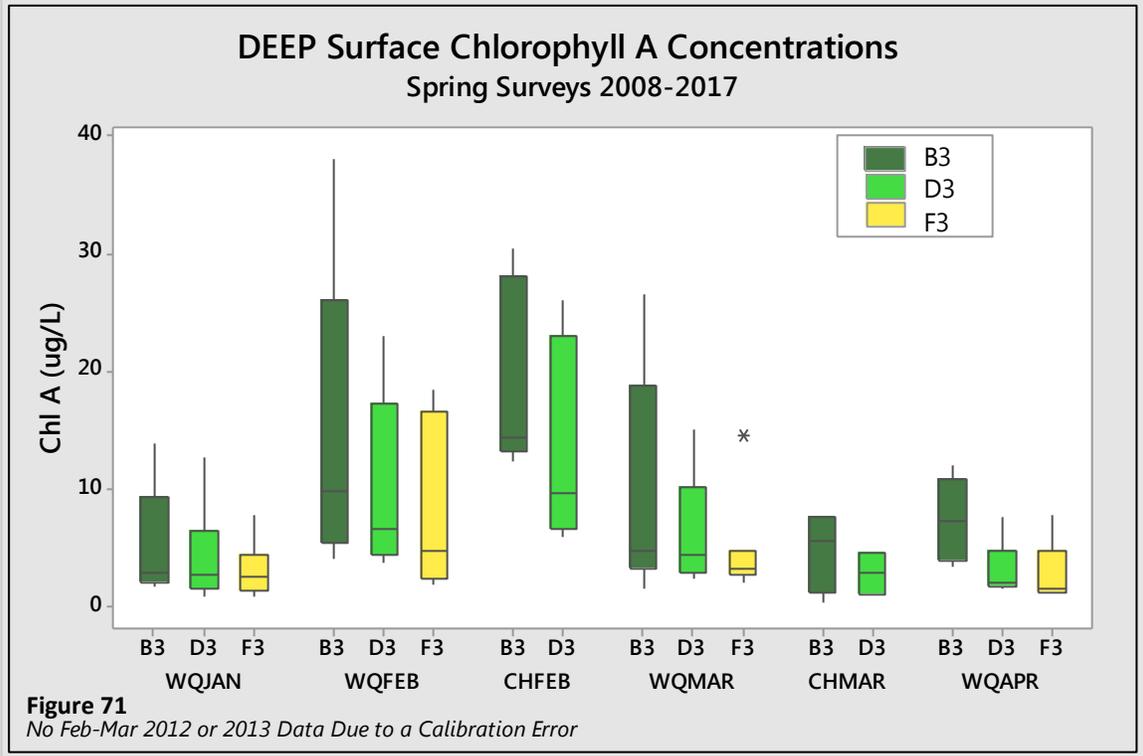


Figure 70 examines spring (February-April) surface chlorophyll-a data from three stations (B3, D3, and F3) in the Western/central portion of LIS from 1991 to 2017. Data from February, March, and April 2012 and 2013 are not included due to a lab calibration error.

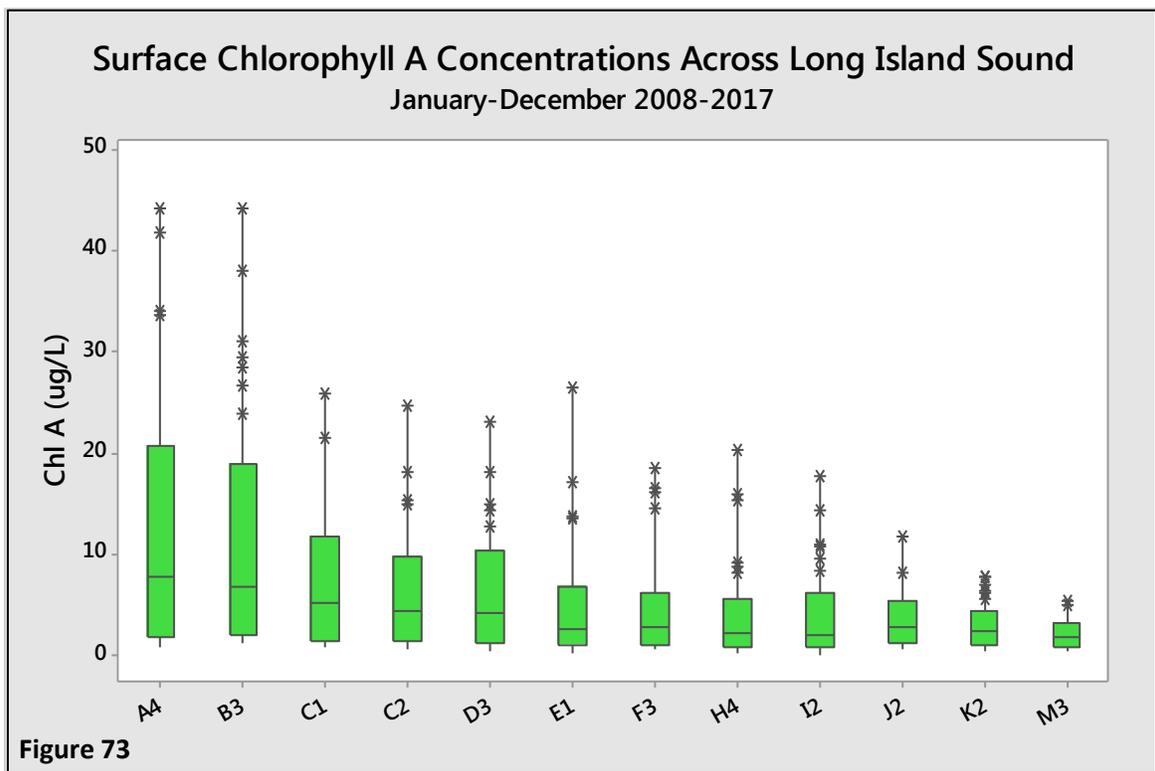
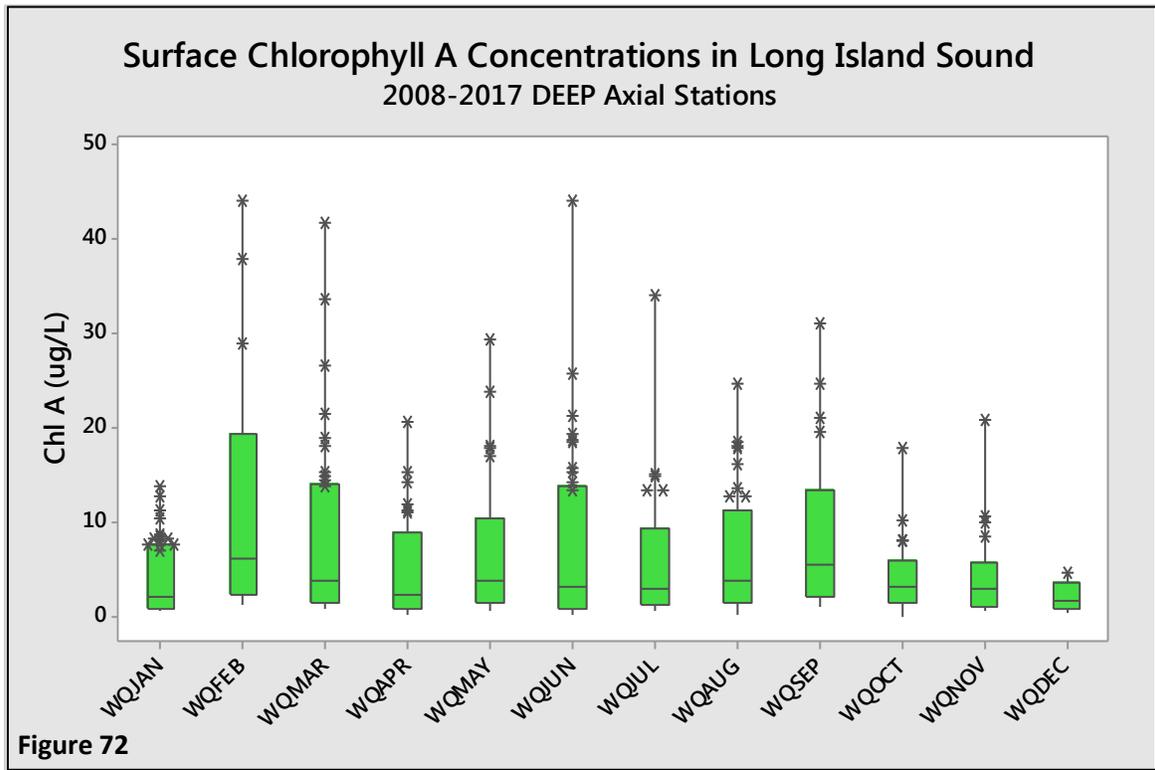
At stations D3 and F3, 90% of the individual data are less than 20 ug/L and 75% of the data at B3 are less than 20 ug/L. This would place these stations in the fair category. The average concentration at each station is less than 20 ug/L but about or above 5 ug/L.

	n	Min	th 10 %	th 25 %	Median	th 75 %	th 90	Maximum	Mean	St Dev
B	8	0.33	1.52	3.43	8.100	15.75	25.45	38.00	10.61	8.91
D	8	0.26	1.18	2.37	4.60	17.04	9.60	26.00	6.76	6.21
F	7	0.50	1.10	1.50	3.40	6.00	13.44	18.60	4.85	4.51

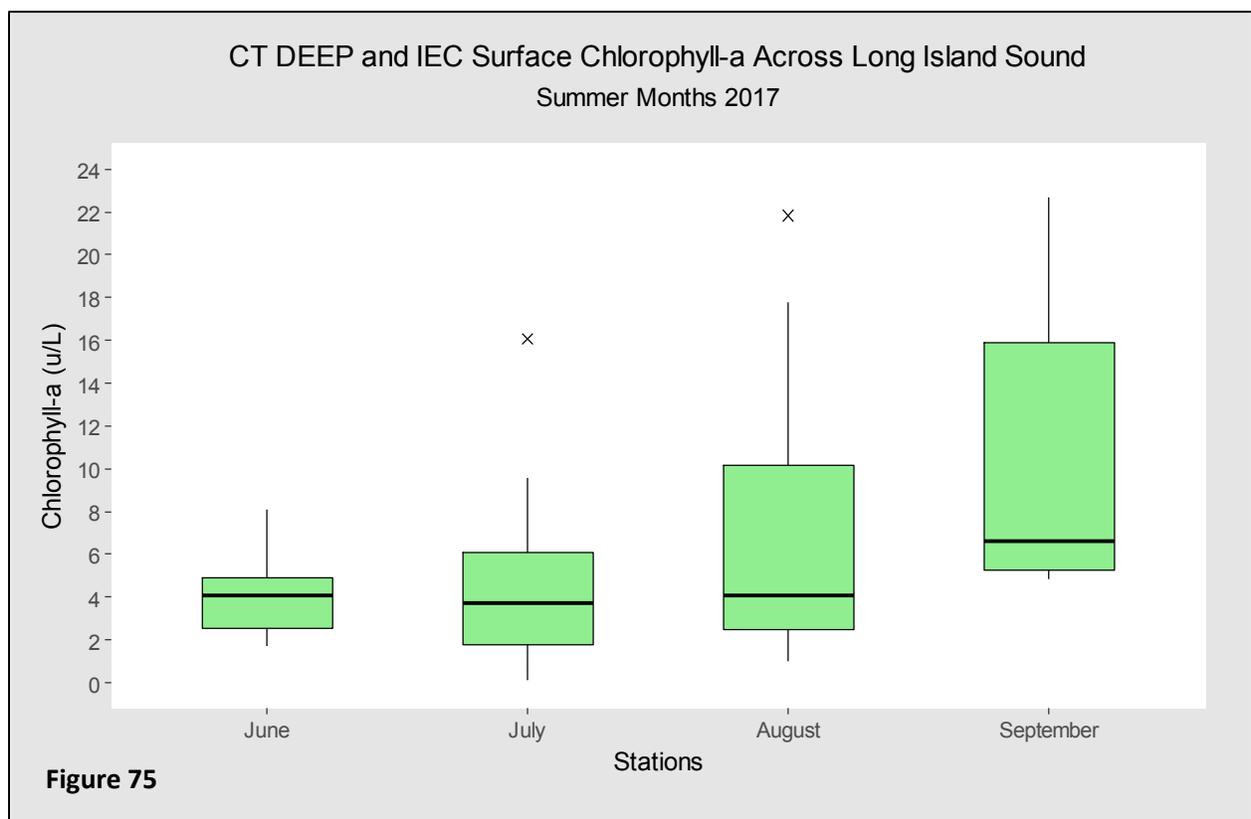
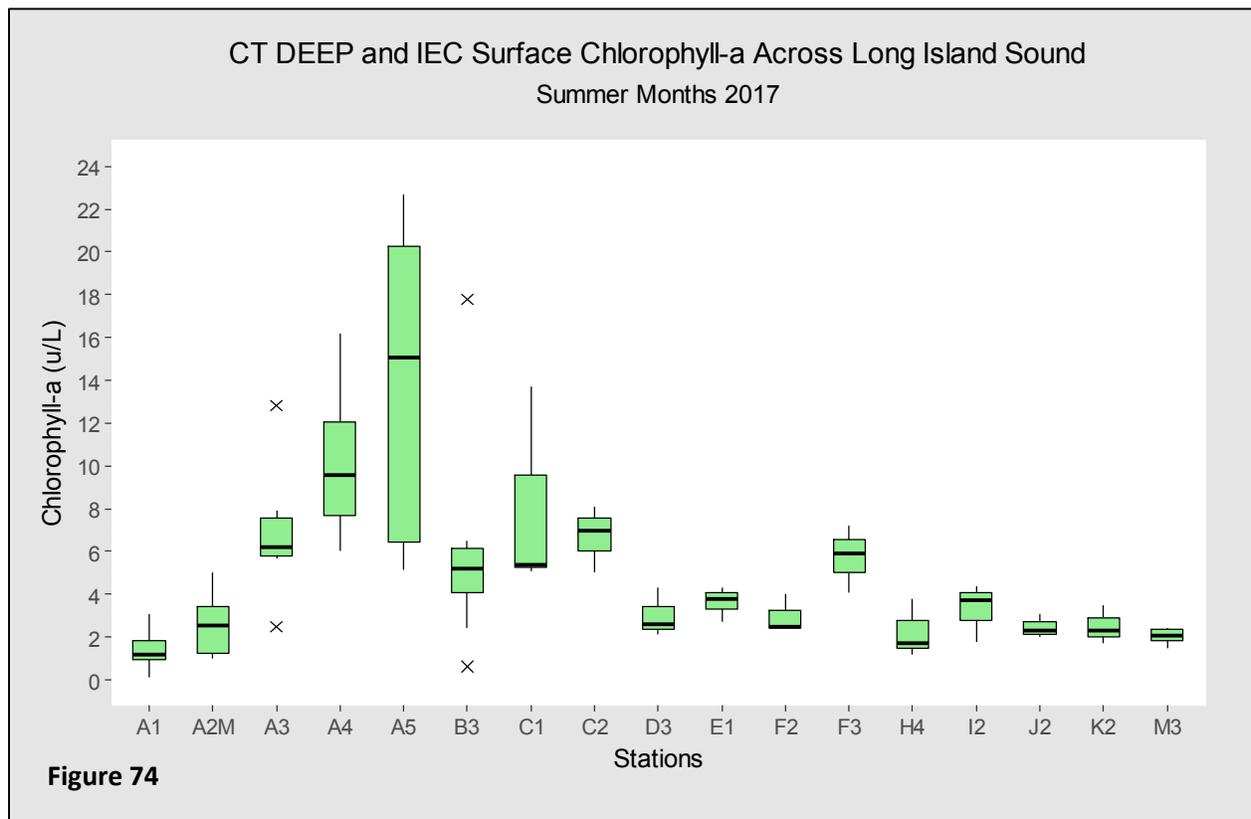
Figure 71 examines recent DEEP spring chl a data by survey.



Figures 72 and 73 depict the temporal and spatial distribution of CT DEEP chlorophyll-a values from 2008-2017 in Long Island sound.



Figures 74 and 75 depict combined CT DEEP and IEC 2017 surface summertime chlorophyll a data.



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Appendix A- IEC Embayment Monitoring

As a part of its ambient water quality monitoring program IEC has been monitoring three seven stations located in embayments located in the far western long Island sound. These stations are located in Little Neck Bay, Manhasset Bay, and Hempstead Harbor. Monitoring water quality in these embayments is important given the frequency and severity of hypoxia these locations exhibit. Figure # shows embayment locations and sampling stations.

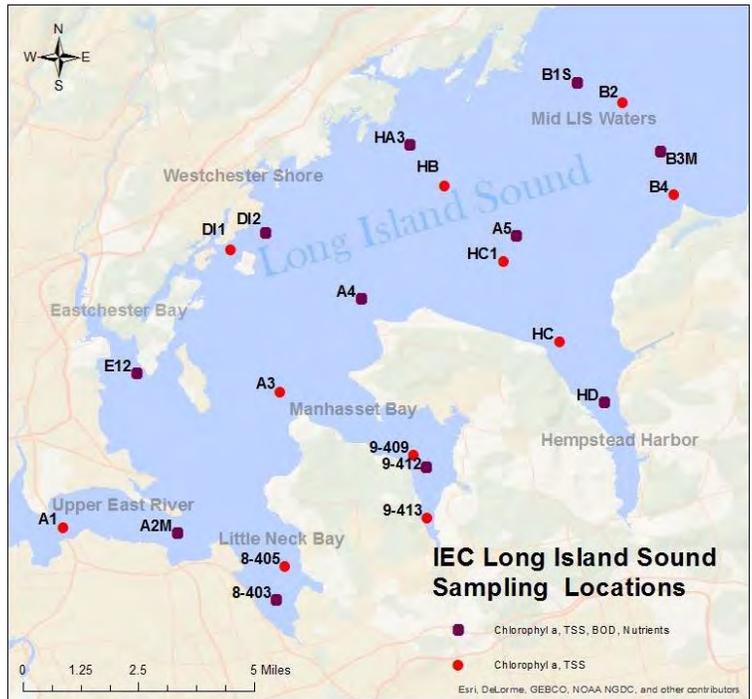


Figure 76 is based on data collected during IEC surveys from June – September between 1997 and 2017 and show the median surface and bottom DO, range, interquartile range, and outliers by station. Surface in this case refers to data collected 0.5 meters below the air/water interface. Bottom in this case refers to data collected 0.5-1 meters above the sediment/water interface.

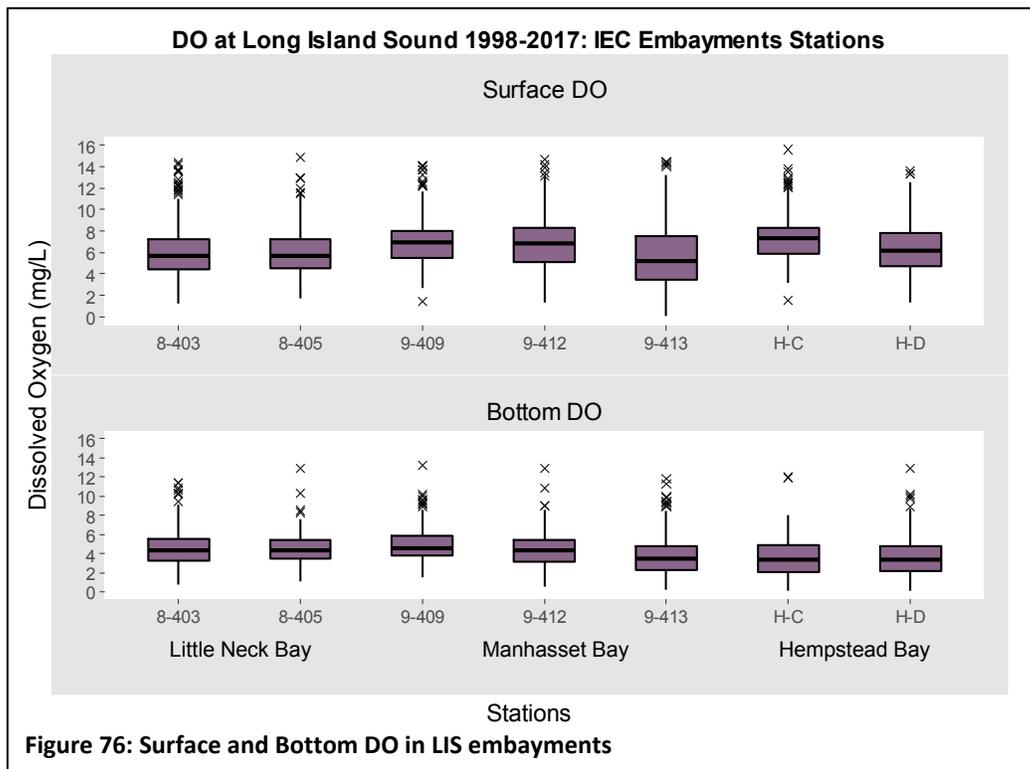


Figure 76: Surface and Bottom DO in LIS embayments

Figure 77 is based on data collected during IEC surveys from June – September between 1997 and 2017 and shows the median surface and bottom water temperature, range, interquartile range, and outliers by month. The range depicted in figure 48 is noticeably different indicating that embayment water temperatures differ from axial water temperatures.

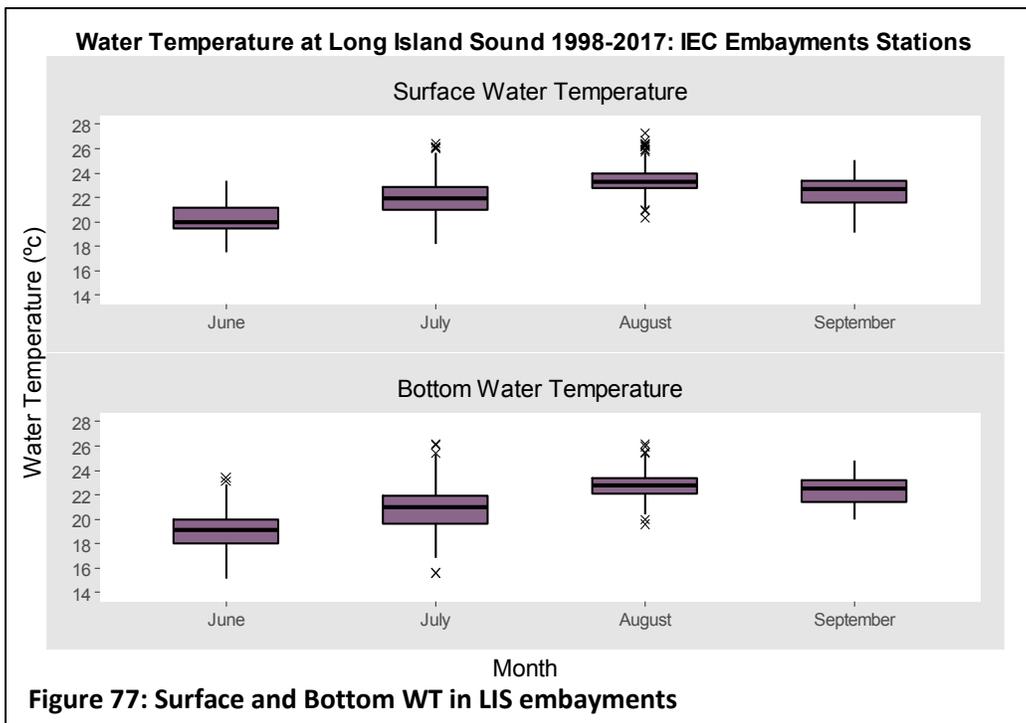
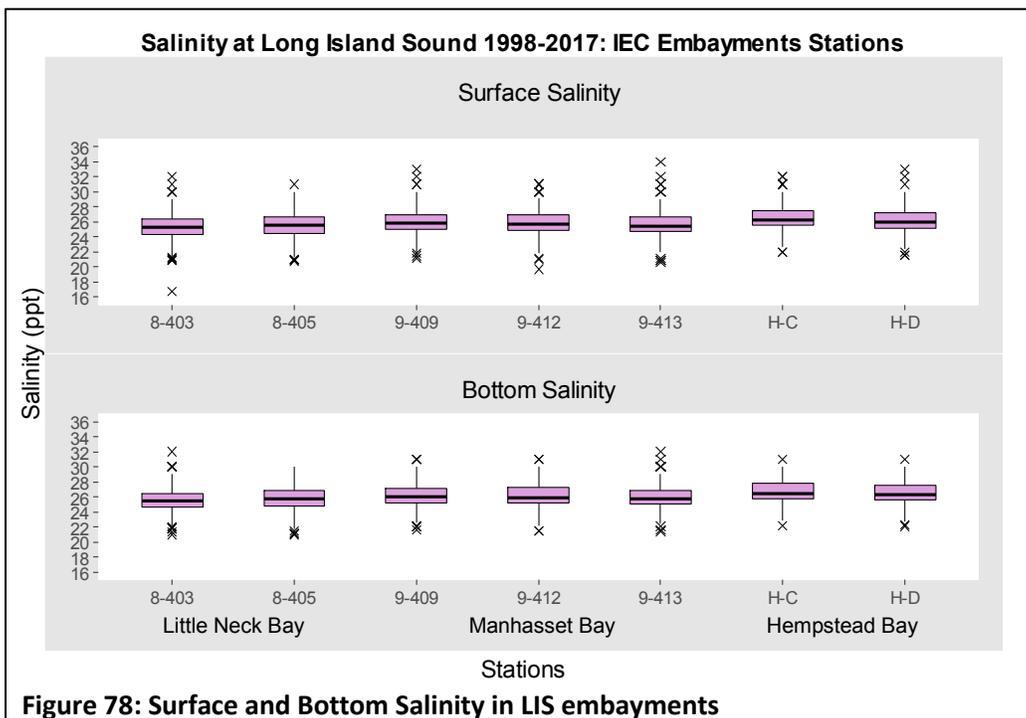


Figure 78 depicts the median surface and bottom salinity, range, interquartile range, and outliers by month.



Photos taken by Lloyd Langevin for CT DEEP, June 2007 and Jessica Haley, IEC, 2016 and 2017.



Acknowledgements

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Island Sound Water Quality through a grant from the EPA through the

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JOB 11: PUBLIC OUTREACH

JOB 11: PUBLIC OUTREACH

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JOB 11 PUBLIC OUTREACH

GOAL

To increase awareness among anglers and the general public of the information products provided by this project and how this information contributes to state and federal efforts to enhance, restore and protect marine habitat and recreational fish populations.

OBJECTIVES

1) Increase public awareness that research & monitoring are essential to good fisheries management and the majority of marine fisheries research & monitoring activities in Connecticut are funded through excise tax on fishing tackle and motorboat fuels.

SUMMARY

1. A total of 13,557 outdoor and environmental writers, marine anglers and boaters, marina operators, fishing tackle retailers, Fisheries Advisory Council (FAC) members, students, and members of the general public attended outreach events. The importance of research and monitoring to good fisheries management was incorporated into the programs (Table 11.2).
2. These same audiences also learned that good water quality and proper pollution prevention (non-fishing impacts) are essential to good fisheries habitat management.
3. Total attendance at five engagements with sportsmen clubs and other recreational environmental clubs was 146 (Table 11.2). The audience was encouraged to become actively involved in the fishery management process by attending public hearings and FAC meetings. Notices of public hearings were sent to tackle shops and various media outlets including the DEEP website (www.ct.gov/deep/fishing).
4. Total attendance at one career day event at Windemere Elementary School in Ellington was 55 (Table 11.2). The students were encouraged to become actively involved in fisheries conservation, biology and management.
5. The message that the majority of marine finfish research and monitoring are funded through Federal excise taxes on fishing and motorboat fuels was emphasized at major department outreach events (Table 11.2).

INTRODUCTION

Public outreach was formally incorporated into this project in 1997 (segment 17). An outreach plan was developed by project staff working closely with US Fish and Wildlife Service personnel. Six target audiences were identified in priority order (Table 11.1) in the outreach plan. This report summarizes F54R outreach activities conducted from March 2017 to February 2018 (segment 35).

Table 11.1:

Priority Audiences for Outreach Activities

1. Outdoor/environmental writers
2. Marine anglers
3. Marine boaters and Marina operators
4. Fishing tackle retailers
5. Fisheries Advisory Council (to CT DEEP)
6. General public

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Outdoor and Environmental Writers

DEEP press releases, project summaries, FAC quarterly reports and full annual reports were mailed and e-mailed out to several outdoor writers, members of the CT Outdoor Recreation Coalition (CORC) and Fisheries Advisory Council (FAC). Project staff were also interviewed concerning F54R activities in person, at public and regulatory hearings, and over the telephone by writers and reporters for the news media.

Marine Anglers and Marine Boaters

Project personnel organized and assisted in DEEP Inland Fisheries Division, and Marine Fisheries Program display at one statewide fishing/boating show. The show was sponsored by Northeast Expos, Channel 30 and Connecticut Outdoor Recreation Coalition and were held in April of 2017 at the Connecticut Convention Center. This show attracted 12,702 anglers, non-anglers, boaters, tackle retailers, legislators and general outdoor recreation enthusiasts. The theme for these show were "Enhanced Fishing Opportunities", "Trophy Fish Close to Home" and "Marine Fisheries Program Angler Surveys". F54R activities were highlighted at this show in displays entitled "Trophy Fish Award Program" and "Marine Angler Surveys, (a marine fisheries cooperative management program)". Audiences learned the importance of research and monitoring which are funded through excise taxes on fishing tackle and motorboat fuels. Colorful posters and pictures, brief project specific text and taxidermy reproductions helped draw attention to marine species monitored under F54R programs and solicit questions and discussion of those programs.

Several outreach displays were developed by project staff and mounted in the lobby and hallways at the Marine Headquarters in Ferry Point State Park. These displays highlighted unique characteristics of Long Island Sound, public access, species identification, the trophy fish award program, marine angler surveys and gave a brief description of current F54R programs designed to protect the Sound's resources. These fisheries displays can easily be viewed by anglers, boaters and their families at this popular fishing and picnic area.

The CT DEEP Marine Fisheries Trophy Fish Award Program had a successful year in angler participation. 52 marine angler's participated, by submitting 121 marine fisheries trophy fish award

affidavits in this outreach program, catching 20 different species. Four new state record holders and twelve trophy fish records were recognized. Marine anglers were presented with Trophy Fish Award Certificates of achievement and trophy fish lapel pin in either bronze, silver or gold color (depending on award type). Another four marine anglers (2 adult and 2 youth) were recognized as Angler of the Year for capturing the most and largest marine fish species. For a summary please see: [2017 Marine Fisheries Trophy Fish Award Program Summary](#)

Fishing Tackle Retailers

Fishing tackle retailers provide an important avenue for communication between the department and anglers. A complete list of [fishing tackle retailers](#) is maintained and updated yearly on the CT DEEP website. Timely DEEP press releases, species fact sheets, Connecticut Angler Guides and Marine Fisheries Brochure are mailed to tackle retailers to keep them informed. Correspondence between the Marine Fisheries office staff and retailers are ongoing.

Fisheries Advisory Council

The Fisheries Advisory Council, which represents a cross section of Connecticut residents with interests in fisheries issues, met quarterly to discuss statewide fisheries issues. For each quarterly meeting staff produce a report of recent project activities which is distributed to FAC members and posted on our web site. [Marine FAC Quarterly Report](#). After each meeting most Council members report Council discussions back to the fishing and environmental groups they represent. Council members also discussed monitoring and funding issues at meetings with state legislators. Many Council members visited Marine Fisheries displays at the CMTA Boating Show, Trophy Fish Award Program and other activities the Fisheries Division held during 2017-18. ‘A Study of Marine Recreational Fisheries in Connecticut’ was emailed to Fishery Advisory Council members to keep them informed.

General Public

Marine Headquarters is open daily Mon-Fri. attracting hundreds to the public outreach displays at the office. Display topics included all F54R projects. Activities funded under other Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration projects were also highlighted; including Connecticut Pumpout Stations and Waste Reception Facilities (V-4), Motorboat Access Renovation and Development (F60D), Motorboat Access Area Operation and Maintenance (F70D), and Habitat Conservation and Enhancement (F61T).

Three articles describing Sport Fish Restoration projects were published in the Department’s Wildlife Magazine. The first summarized the NEW Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps in CT. A second highlighted the Connecticut River, one of CT’s best kept secrets. The third article describes the benefits of selective harvest and how it relates to fisheries management. Some of these articles were based on data gathered in Jobs 1 & 2.

Sport Fish Restoration projects were also highlighted at public schools and universities throughout the year. Presentations titled “Marine Fisheries Management / Sportfish Restoration and Marine Resource Management” were provided to students. These outreach events highlighted the

importance of coastal resources and all facets of marine resource protection. Approximately 52 students attended Marine Fisheries Division presentations.

Finally, project staff led numerous workshops and speaking engagements throughout the state, as well as informational tours and talks at the Marine Fisheries office (Table 11.2). These talks and tours reached all target audiences, especially the business community, teachers and students. Audiences learned how to become active participants in the fisheries management process, through public informational hearings and FAC Meetings.

MODIFICATIONS

None.

Figure 11.1: 2017 CT DEEP Marine Trophy Fish Award Program Award being presented at the Northeast Fishing and Hunting Expo, Hartford CT.



Table 11.2: Summary of talks, tours, career days and workshops given by project staff highlighting F54R activities, March 2017 – February 2018 (segment 36).

DATE:	PRESENTATION TYPE:	ORGANIZATION	TITLE / TOPIC:	Target Audience	TOTAL #'S
3/30 - 04/02/2017	Outreach Display	Northeast Fish and Hunting Expo - CT Convention Center	Marine Fisheries Program	General Public	12,702
3/31/2017	Award Presentation	Northeast Fish and Hunting Expo	Trophy Fish Award Program Ceremony	Marine Anglers	189
3/31/2017	Career Day	Windemere Elemenatry School - Ellington	Marine Biology Careers	Students	55
4/21/2017	Talk	West Haven Yacht Club	Marine Fisheries Management in Long Island Sound	Marine Anglers	30
5/16/2017	Classroom	East Lyme and Salem Public Schools	Marine Ecosystems and Species	Students	300
5/31/2017	Talk	East End Yacht Club	Marine Fisheries Management in Long Island Sound	Marine Anglers	47
7/25/2017	Outreach Display	Channel 3 & CT Party & Charter Boat Association Fishing Charity	Marine Fisheries Management in Long Island Sound	Students/Marine Anglers	140
8/31/2017	Talk	DEEP New Professionals Networking Group	Life as a DEEP Fishery Biologist	DEEP Staff	25
1/7/2018	Talk	Fairfield County Anglers Association	Marine Fisheries Management	Marine Anglers	69



JOB 12: MARINE FISHERIES GIS

JOB 12: MARINE FISHERIES GIS

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JOB 12: MARINE FISHERIES GIS

GOAL

To maintain a geographic information system (GIS) of Project data to support map applications and geospatial analyses, assist with planning and executing Connecticut DEEP Marine Fisheries Program (MFP) surveys that support sport fish restoration goals, help people visualize the spatial extent of MFP project sampling efforts, assist in evaluating the effects of fishing and environmental conditions on the distribution and abundance of living resources in Long Island Sound, evaluate effects of marine spatial planning projects on living marine resources and fisheries in Long Island Sound, and improve coordination with other agencies.

OBJECTIVES

- 1) Provide GIS-compatible, or GIS-ready, datasets and geo-referenced layers of data collected through other Jobs of this Project that are sanctioned by the Marine Fisheries Program.*
- 2) Provide maps and geospatial analyses of Marine Fisheries Program data or other information relevant to managing living marine resources in Long Island Sound.*

INTRODUCTION

In recent years, there has been an increased need for staff to use geospatial technology to map and analyze marine environmental or fisheries related information. Project staff have also experienced an increasing number of requests to provide geospatial data to others (intra-agency, inter-agency, NGOs, academic institutions, etc) for use in, for example, fisheries stock assessments, habitat assessments, environmental sensitivity maps, and public outreach efforts. Therefore, in 2012, a new job was created within the project to support this need for geospatial datasets, data layers, analyses and products. This report includes results from the sixth year of the Job (2017).

METHODS

GIS work was accomplished using ESRI ArcMap software and extensions licensed by the Connecticut DEEP. Published layers comply with Department policy pertaining to GIS data. Custom scripts were developed using well established scripting utilities (e.g. Python, HTML, CSS, Javascript). Products designed for the Internet adhere to Agency requirements for Agency websites, pages and products. A number of the custom applications, scripts and tools created during earlier segments of the Job continued to be used as templates in subsequent years.

RESULTS

Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps: The online, interactive saltwater fishing resource map apps developed during previous project years and enhanced during this project segment were promoted through a report to CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council in June 2017 (Figure 12.1), an article in the May/June 2017 issue of CT DEEP's *Connecticut Wildlife* magazine (Figure 12.2), and postings on the Department's website and Facebook account in an effort to recruit marine recreational anglers to contribute their knowledge of popular places along the Connecticut shore, Long Island Sound and the immediate vicinity. Additionally, a presentation and live demonstration was given to those in attendance at the June meeting. After the meeting five (5) anglers 'signed up' to provide edits and comments to the map based on their fishing experience.

Popular Places to Fish app: A second report to the CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council was made in September 2017 (Figure 12.3) detailing a new participatory mapping application staff developed to collect anglers' input on popular places to fish. As described in previous years' reports, GIS staff used an earlier version of this app to solicit input from other staff members. Further development during this project segment led to an app that could be shared with anglers who agree to cooperate with CT DEEP Marine Fisheries staff to improve the information in the 'Popular Places to Fish' layer included in the Saltwater Fishing Resource Map. By using this app, anglers with minimal instructions were able to modify the spatial layer directly – without being trained in traditional desktop GIS software. Ultimately, the revised Popular Places to Fish layer will be incorporated into future versions of the online Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps.

Marine Spatial Planning efforts: Reports to the CT DEEP Fishery Advisory Council were also made in December 2017 (Figures 12.4 and 12.5) to provide updates on Marine Fisheries GIS staff involvement in the CT Blue Plan process, and how both *the Saltwater Fishing Resource* maps and *Popular Places to Fish* app will be instrumental in improving the information relevant to recreational fishing in Long Island Sound that are included in the CT Blue Plan.

MODIFICATIONS

None.



MARINE FISHERIES PROGRAM QUARTERLY REPORT

..... → June 2017

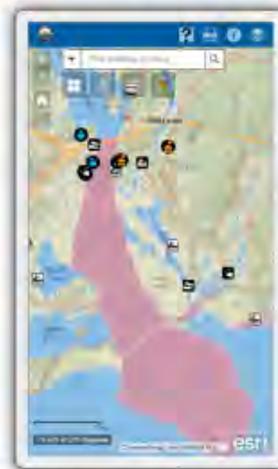
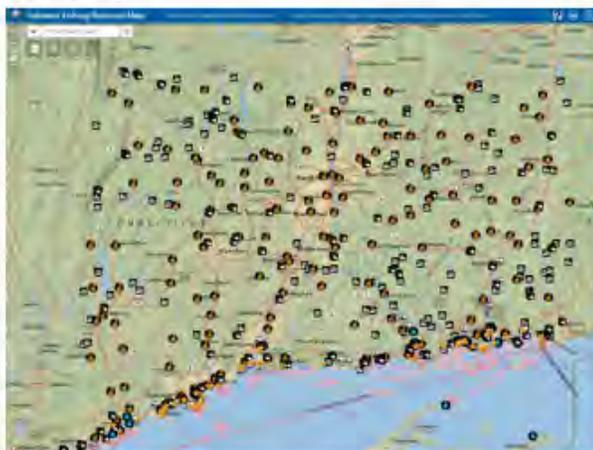


◆ **New Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps are now available.** The latest versions of the two new Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps are now available on the DEEP website: (www.ct.gov/deep/saltwaterfishingresourcemap)

These new maps, created by customizing ESRI ArcGIS Online web app templates, were created to update existing information on fishing resources available to the public, and also to be accessible on mobile devices. **Both maps (as seen in the image below) show sportsmen licensing agents, bait and tackle shops, boat launches, enhanced shore opportunity sites, crabbing sites and popular areas for fishing in the sound.** The first map, called the "All-in-one Map", shows all the data at once and is best viewed on a desktop or laptop. The second map, the "Storybook Map", breaks the information down into specific tabs and is easily viewed on a mobile device.

The Popular Places to Fish layer of the maps may be of particular interest to the anglers of Long Island Sound. **This layer shows areas along the Sound that are known as good fishing spots and clicking on the areas will also show what types of fish have historically been found there.** Development of these maps and the information within them is still ongoing. DEEP staff are making updates to the party/charter boat information for the map through an email survey that will be sent out to current charter boat license holders. Additionally, DEEP staff are looking to update the popular places to fish section of the map. This section was compiled using information from DEEP staff but needs input from anglers around the state, particularly those with local knowledge of the western end of the Sound.

If you are an avid angler and would like to contribute your fishing knowledge to the maps, please call 860-434-6043 or email <mailto:deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov> to find out how you can get involved.



Screen-shots of the new Saltwater Fishing Resource Map apps staff developed using ArcGIS Online. The "All-in-one" version on left is better suited to desktop browsers while the "Storybook" version on the right is designed to be more mobile device friendly.

Marine Report - JUNE 2017 - deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov - Fishing is Family Fun!

Figure 12.1. Report to the CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council, June 2017, promoting the new Saltwater Fishing Resource Map apps available online.

DEEP Launches New Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps

Written by Emma Heidtman and Deb Pacileo, DEEP Marine Fisheries Program

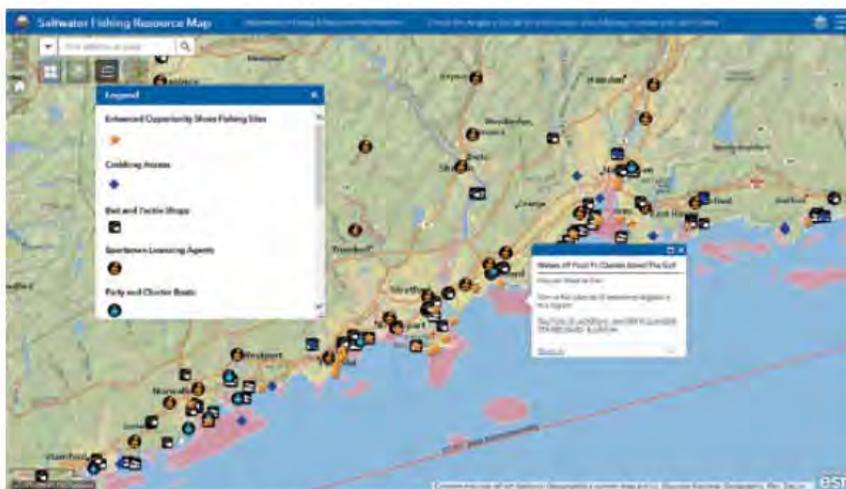
Recreational anglers of the Connecticut shoreline have a new resource to turn to when searching for a new spot to fish. Interactive resource maps using an online Geographic Information System (GIS) are now available on the DEEP website. These maps show useful information for recreational anglers, including locations of bait and tackle shops, places to get a fishing license, lists of captains or marinas where you can charter a boat, as well as boat launches with access to Long Island Sound. By selecting the icons on the map, users can find more information for specific places. For anglers searching for that perfect place to fish while on a fishing trip, the story map version of this resource is easily accessible on a mobile device's web browser. The map also includes a link to the Connecticut Angler's Guide, where information on fishing license requirements and catch limits are available, as well as a link to a summary of marine sport fishing regulations.

Perhaps the feature of most interest to recreational anglers is the "popular places to fish" section of the map (pink areas on the maps). These areas of the Sound are known as good fishing spots for Connecticut anglers. Selecting a pink-shaded area will show what types of fish have historically been found there. It

is important to emphasize that the goal was to provide Connecticut anglers with information on good places to go fishing. Consequently, very few areas in New York waters are identified, except those New York areas known to be popular with Connecticut anglers. To view the maps on a mobile device or web browser, go to www.ct.gov/deep/saltwaterfishingresourcemap.

Development of the information shown on these maps is an ongoing effort and we need your help to improve them! The Marine Fisheries Program is looking to update the map's popular places to

fish section. This section was compiled primarily from folks who fished mostly in the eastern portion of Long Island Sound. DEEP is interested in obtaining input from anglers throughout the Connecticut shoreline, particularly those with local knowledge of the western end of the Sound. If you are an avid angler and would like to contribute your fishing knowledge to the maps, please call 860-434-6043 or send an email to deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov to find out how you can help. Be sure to include "feedback on fishing app" in the subject line of your email.



Interactive resource maps using an online Geographic Information System (GIS) are now available on the DEEP website. These maps show useful information for recreational anglers.

Figure 12.2. Article in May/June 2017 issue of *Connecticut Wildlife*, promoting the new Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps and soliciting angler feedback.



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♦ Marine Fisheries GIS:

Using the online mapping application presented at the previous FAC meeting, five (5) anglers have provided input to the *Popular Places to Fish* map layer. Angler participation was crucial to ironing out some bugs early on and subsequent feedback on the ease of use of the app has been mostly positive. Three (3) anglers provided their feedback directly through the mapping application using their home computers. Two (2) of the anglers viewed the app then provided feedback to Fisheries staff who entered the information. Most of the angler knowledge pertained to the western portion of LIS which is very helpful since the layer previously didn't have much information for that area. **Hopefully, more anglers will be willing to provide their knowledge for inclusion in the *Popular Places to Fish* map layer.** Updates to this layer will be added to future versions of the interactive *Saltwater Fishing Resource Map* on the CT DEEP website. (www.ct.gov/deep/saltwaterfishingresourcemap). If you are an avid saltwater angler and would like to contribute your fishing knowledge to the map, please call 860-434-6043 or email <mailto:deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov> to find out how you can get involved.



Figure 12.3. Report to the CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council, September 2017, promoting the new Popular Places to Fish app.

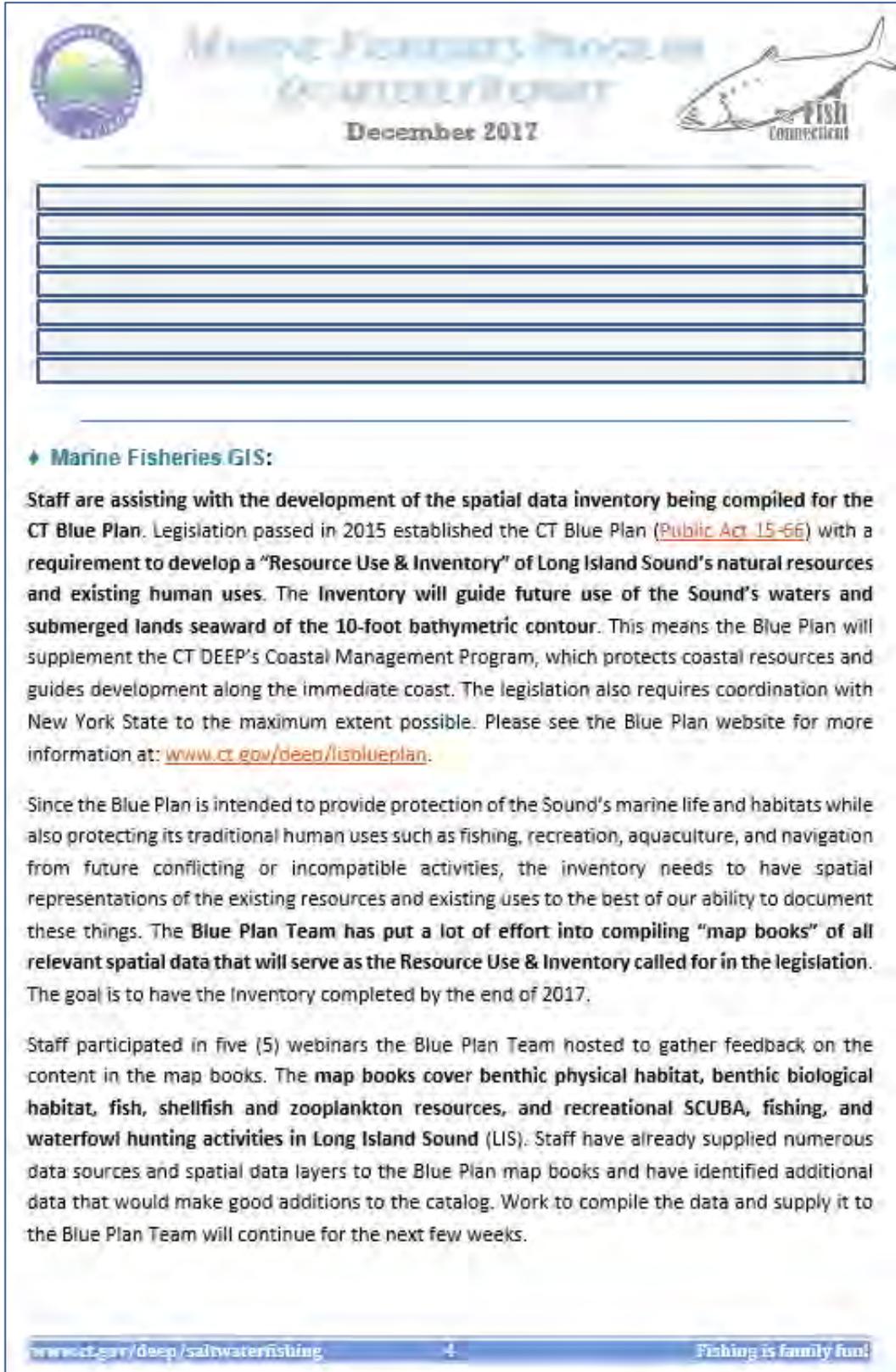


Figure 12.4. Report to the CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council, December 2017, detailing Marine Fisheries GIS staff participation in the CT Blue Plan process.



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In the effort to depict the extent of recreational fishing in Long Island Sound, staff at Marine Fisheries have been developing a map of areas important to recreational fishing for CT anglers. This "Popular Places to Fish" layer is already part of the on-line Saltwater Fishing Resource Maps (<http://www.ct.gov/deep/saltwaterfishingresourcemap>) and the Blue Plan spatial data inventory. Although this is the best map layer we currently have for this important recreational use of LIS, we know it is not complete and would greatly benefit from angler input.

During one of the recent webinars, a number of callers made good suggestions on how to improve the depiction of areas important to recreational fishing. In particular, some callers asked for a way to contribute their knowledge to the map. Although the Blue Plan Team does not currently have a mechanism for participatory mapping with individuals, Marine Fisheries staff would welcome the opportunity to work with any anglers interested in contributing their knowledge of recreational fishing in LIS.

**Popular Places to Fish Map:
Get Involved!**

If you would like to contribute your information to the map, please call 860-434-6043 or email deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov.

Anglers are encouraged to contact us at the CT DEEP.

Fisheries Division's Marine Fisheries Office (860-434-6043 or deep.marine.fisheries@ct.gov). More input into the map layers will not only help make the map more representative of recreational fishing activity in LIS but will, hopefully, also help the Blue Plan Team to develop recommendations to keep these areas accessible to recreational fishing activities when new projects request permits to be sited in LIS.



Figure 12.5. Report to the CT DEEP Fisheries Advisory Council, December 2017, describing how the Popular Places to Fish app will be used to improve information included in the CT Blue Plan.